SB 255-FN - AS AMENDED BY THE SENATE

03/16/2023 0935s

2023 SESSION

 $\begin{array}{c} 23\text{-}0857 \\ 06/04 \end{array}$

SENATE BILL **255-FN**

AN ACT relative to the expectation of privacy.

SPONSORS: Sen. Carson, Dist 14; Sen. Innis, Dist 7; Sen. Soucy, Dist 18; Sen. Rosenwald, Dist 13; Sen. Chandley, Dist 11; Sen. Ricciardi, Dist 9; Rep. Edwards, Rock. 31; Rep. Filiault, Ches. 7; Rep. McGough, Hills. 12; Rep. Luneau, Merr. 9

COMMITTEE: Judiciary

ANALYSIS

This bill creates a new chapter detailing a consumer expectation of privacy.

Explanation:Matter added to current law appears in **bold italics.**Matter removed from current law appears [in brackets and struckthrough.]Matter which is either (a) all new or (b) repealed and reenacted appears in regular type.

STATE OF NEW HAMPSHIRE

In the Year of Our Lord Two Thousand Twenty Three

AN ACT relative to the expectation of privacy.

Be it Enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Court convened:

1 1 New Chapter; Expectation of Privacy. Amend RSA by inserting after chapter 507-G the $\mathbf{2}$ following new chapter:

3 CHAPTER 507-H 4 EXPECTATION OF PRIVACY 507-H:1 Definitions. In this chapter: $\mathbf{5}$ 6 I. "Affiliate" means a legal entity that shares common branding with another legal entity, or 7is controlled by, or is under common control with, another legal entity. 8 II. "Control" or "Controlled" means ownership of, or the power to vote, more than 50 percent 9 of the outstanding shares of any class of voting security of a company; control in any manner over 10 the election of a majority of the directors or of individuals exercising similar functions; or, the power 11 to exercise controlling influence over the management of a company. 12III. "Authenticate" means to use reasonable means to determine that a request to exercise 13any of the rights afforded under section 507-H:4, I(a)-(d) of this chapter is being made by, or on 14behalf of, the consumer who is entitled to exercise such consumer rights with respect to the personal 15data at issue. 16IV. "Biometric data" means data generated by automatic measurements of an individual's 17biological characteristics, such as a fingerprint, a voiceprint, eye retinas, irises or other unique 18biological patterns, or characteristics that are used to identify a specific individual. "Biometric data" 19does not include a digital or physical photograph, an audio or video recording, or any data generated

20from a digital or physical photograph, or an audio or video recording, unless such data is generated 21to identify a specific individual.

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V. "Business associate" has the same meaning as provided in the Health Insurance 23Portability and Accountability Act (HIPAA).

24VI. "Child" has the same meaning as provided in the Children's Online Privacy Protection 25Act (COPPA).

26VII. "Consent" means a clear affirmative act signifying a consumer's freely given, specific, 27informed and unambiguous agreement to allow the processing of personal data relating to the 28consumer. "Consent" may include a written statement, including by electronic means, or any other 29unambiguous affirmative action. "Consent" does not include acceptance of a general or broad terms 30 of use or similar document that contains descriptions of personal data processing along with other,

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unrelated information; hovering over, muting, pausing or closing a given piece of content; or, an
agreement obtained through the use of deceptive design patterns (also known as "dark patterns").

VIII. "Consumer" means an individual who is a resident of this state. "Consumer" does not include an individual acting in a commercial or employment context or as an employee, owner, director, officer or contractor of a company, partnership, sole proprietorship, nonprofit or government agency whose communications or transactions with the controller occur solely within the context of that individual's role with the company, partnership, sole proprietorship, nonprofit or government agency.

9 IX. "Controller" means an individual who, or legal entity that, alone or jointly with others 10 determines the purpose and means of processing personal data.

11 X. "COPPA" means the Children's Online Privacy Protection Act of 1998, 15 U.S.C. 6501, et. 12 seq., and any amendments, regulations, rules, guidance and exemptions adopted under that act.

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XI. "Covered entity" has the same meaning as provided in HIPAA.

14 XII. "Dark pattern" or "deceptive design pattern" means a user interface designed or 15 manipulated with the substantial effect of subverting or impairing user autonomy, decision-making 16 or choice, and includes, but is not limited to, any practice the Federal Trade Commission refers to as 17 a "dark pattern".

18 XIII. "Decisions that produce legal or similarly significant effects concerning the consumer" 19 means decisions made by the controller that result in the provision or denial by the controller of 20 financial or lending services, housing, insurance, education enrollment or opportunity, criminal 21 justice, employment opportunities, health care services or access to essential goods or services.

22 XIV. "De-identified data" means data that cannot reasonably be used to infer information 23 about, or otherwise be linked to, an identified or identifiable individual, or a device linked to such 24 individual, if the controller that possesses such data takes reasonable measures to ensure that such 25 data cannot be associated with an individual; publicly commits to process such data only in a de-26 identified way and not attempt to re-identify such data; and, contractually obligates any recipients of 27 such data to satisfy the criteria under this paragraph.

28 XV. "HIPAA" means the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996, 42
29 USC 1320d et. seq., as amended.

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USC 1320d et. seq., as amended. XVI. "Identified or identifiable individual" means an individual who can be readily

31 identified, directly or indirectly.

32 XVII. "Institution of higher education" means any individual who, or school, board, 33 association, limited liability company or corporation that, is licensed or accredited to offer one or 34 more programs of higher learning leading to one or more degrees.

XVIII. "Nonprofit organization" means any organization that is exempt from taxation under
 Section 501(c)(3), 501(c)(4), 501(c)(6) or 501(c)(12) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, or any
 subsequent corresponding internal revenue code of the United States, as amended.

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1 XIX. "Personal data" means any information that is linked or reasonably linkable to an 2 identified or identifiable individual. "Personal data" does not include de-identified data or publicly 3 available information.

4 XX. "Precise geolocation data" means information derived from technology, including, but 5 not limited to, global positioning system level latitude and longitude coordinates or other 6 mechanisms, that directly identifies the specific location of an individual with precision and accuracy 7 within a radius of 1,750 feet. "Precise geolocation data" does not include the content of 8 communications or any data generated by or connected to advanced utility metering infrastructure 9 systems or equipment for use by a utility.

10 XXI. "Process" or "processing" means any operation or set of operations performed, whether 11 by manual or automated means, on personal data or on sets of personal data, such as the collection, 12 use, storage, disclosure, analysis, deletion or modification of personal data.

13 XXII. "Processor" means an individual who, or legal entity that, processes personal data on
 14 behalf of a controller.

15 XXIII. "Profiling" means any form of automated processing performed on personal data to 16 evaluate, analyze, or predict personal aspects related to an identified or identifiable individual's 17 economic situation, health, personal preferences, interests, reliability, behavior, location or 18 movements.

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XXIV. "Protected health information" has the same meaning as provided in HIPAA.

20 XXV. "Pseudonymous data" means personal data that cannot be attributed to a specific 21 individual without the use of additional information, provided such additional information is kept 22 separately and is subject to appropriate technical and organizational measures to ensure that the 23 personal data is not attributed to an identified or identifiable individual.

XXVI. "Publicly available information" means information that is lawfully made available
through federal, state, municipal government records, or widely distributed media, and a controller
has a reasonable basis to believe a consumer has lawfully made available to the general public.

XXVII. "Sale of personal data" means the exchange of personal data for monetary or other
valuable consideration by the controller to a third party. "Sale of personal data" does not include:

(a) The disclosure of personal data to a processor that processes the personal data onbehalf of the controller;

31 (b) The disclosure of personal data to a third party for purposes of providing a product or
 32 service requested by the consumer;

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(c) The disclosure or transfer of personal data to an affiliate of the controller;

34 (d) The disclosure of personal data where the consumer directs the controller to disclose
35 the personal data or intentionally uses the controller to interact with a third party;

(e) The disclosure of personal data that the consumer intentionally made available to the
 general public via a channel of mass media, and did not restrict to a specific audience; or,

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1 (f) The disclosure or transfer of personal data to a third party as an asset that is part of 2 a merger, acquisition, bankruptcy or other transaction, or a proposed merger, acquisition, 3 bankruptcy or other transaction, in which the third party assumes control of all or part of the 4 controller's assets.

5 XXVIII. "Sensitive data" means personal data that includes data revealing racial or ethnic 6 origin, religious beliefs, mental or physical health condition or diagnosis, sex life, sexual orientation 7 or citizenship or immigration status; the processing of genetic or biometric data for the purpose of 8 uniquely identifying an individual; personal data collected from a known child; or, precise 9 geolocation data.

10 XXIX. "Targeted advertising" means displaying advertisements to a consumer where the 11 advertisement is selected based on personal data obtained or inferred from that consumer's activities 12 over time and across nonaffiliated Internet web sites or online applications to predict such 13 consumer's preferences or interests. "Targeted advertising" does not include:

14 (a) Advertisements based on activities within a controller's own Internet web sites or15 online applications;

16 (b) Advertisements based on the context of a consumer's current search query, visit to an17 Internet web site, or online application;

18 (c) Advertisements directed to a consumer in response to the consumer's request for19 information or feedback; or,

20 (d) Processing personal data solely to measure or report advertising frequency,21 performance, or reach.

22 XXX. "Third party" means an individual or legal entity, such as a public authority, agency or 23 body, other than the consumer, controller or processor or an affiliate of the processor or the 24 controller.

507-H:2 Application. This chapter applies to persons that conduct business in this state or persons that produce products or services that are targeted to residents of this state that (a) controlled or processed the personal data of not less than 100,000 consumers, excluding personal data controlled or processed solely for the purpose of completing a payment transaction; or (b) controlled or processed the personal data of not less than 25,000 consumers and derived more than 25 percent of their gross revenue from the sale of personal data.

31 507-H:3 Exclusions.

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I. This chapter shall not apply to any:

(a) Body, authority, board, bureau, commission, district or agency of this state or of any
 political subdivision of this state;

- 35 (b) Nonprofit organization;
- 36 (c) Institution of higher education;

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1	(d) National securities association that is registered under 15 U.S.C. section 780-3 of the				
2	Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended;				
3	(e) Financial institution or data subject to Title V of the Gramm-Leach-Bliley Act, 15				
4	U.S.C. 6801 et seq.; or,				
5	(f) A covered entity or business associate, as defined in 45 C.F.R. 160.103.(b).				
6	II. The following information and data shall be exempt from this chapter:				
7	(a) Protected health information under HIPAA;				
8	(b) Patient-identifying information for purposes of 42 U.S.C. section 290dd-2;				
9	(c) Identifiable private information for purposes of the federal policy for the protection of				
10	human subjects under 45 C.F.R. 46;				
11	(d) Identifiable private information that is otherwise information collected as part of				
12	human subjects research pursuant to the good clinical practice guidelines issued by the				
13	International Council for Harmonization of Technical Requirements for Pharmaceuticals for Human				
14	Use;				
15	(e) The protection of human subjects under 21 C.F.R. Parts 6, 50, and 56, or personal				
16	data used or shared in research, as defined in 45 C.F.R. 164.501, that is conducted in accordance				
17	with the standards set forth in this chapter, or other research conducted in accordance with				
18	applicable law;				
19	(f) Information and documents created for purposes of the Health Care Quality				
20	Improvement Act of 1986, 42 U.S.C. 11101 et seq.;				
21	(g) Patient safety work product for purposes of the Patient Safety and Quality				
22	Improvement Act, 42 U.S.C. 299b-21 et seq., as amended;				
23	(h) Information derived from any of the health care related information listed in this				
24	subsection that is deidentified in accordance with the requirements for de-identification pursuant to				
25	HIPAA;				
26	(i) Information originating from and intermingled to be indistinguishable with, or				
27	information treated in the same manner as, information exempt under this section that is				
28	maintained by a covered entity or business associate, program or qualified service organization, as				
29	specified in 42 U.S.C. 290dd-2, as amended;				
30	(j) Information used for public health activities and purposes as authorized by HIPAA,				
31	community health activities and population health activities;				
32	(k) The collection, maintenance, disclosure, sale, communication or use of any personal				
33	information bearing on a consumer's credit worthiness, credit standing, credit capacity, character,				
34	general reputation, personal characteristics or mode of living by a consumer reporting agency,				
35	furnisher or user that provides information for use in a consumer report, and by a user of a				
36	consumer report, but only to the extent that such activity is regulated by and authorized under the				
37	Fair Credit Reporting Act, 15 U.S.C. 1681 et seq.;				

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(l) Personal data collected, processed, sold or disclosed in compliance with the Driver's
 Privacy Protection Act of 1994, 18 U.S.C. 2721 et seq., as amended;

3 (m) Personal data regulated by the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act, 20
4 U.S.C. 1232g et seq., as amended;

5 (n) Personal data collected, processed, sold or disclosed in compliance with the Farm 6 Credit Act, 12 U.S.C. 2001 et seq., as amended;

- 7 (o) Data processed or maintained in the course of an individual applying to, employed by 8 or acting as an agent or independent contractor of a controller, processor or third party, to the extent 9 that the data is collected and used within the context of that role; as the emergency contact 10 information of an individual under this chapter used for emergency contact purposes; or, that is 11 necessary to retain to administer benefits for another individual relating to the individual who is the 12 subject of the information under HIPPA and used for the purposes of administering such benefits; 13 and.
- (p) Personal data collected, processed, sold or disclosed in relation to price, route or
 service, as such terms are used in the Airline Deregulation Act, 49 U.S.C. 40101 et seq., as amended,
 by an air carrier subject to the act, to the extent this chapter is preempted by the Airline
 Deregulation Act, 49 U.S.C. 41713, as amended.
- 18 III. Controllers and processors that comply with the verifiable parental consent 19 requirements of COPPA shall be compliant with any obligation to obtain parental consent pursuant 20 to this chapter.
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- 507-H:4 Consumer Expectation of Privacy. I. A consumer shall have the right to:
- (a) Confirm whether or not a controller is processing the consumer's personal data and
 access such personal data, unless such confirmation or access would require the controller to reveal a
 trade secret;
- 26 (b) Correct inaccuracies in the consumer's personal data, taking into account the nature 27 of the personal data and the purposes of the processing of the consumer's personal data;
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(c) Delete personal data provided by, or obtained about, the consumer;

(d) Obtain a copy of the consumer's personal data processed by the controller, in a portable and, to the extent technically feasible, readily usable format that allows the consumer to transmit the data to another controller without hindrance, where the processing is carried out by automated means, provided such controller shall not be required to reveal any trade secret; and

- (e) Opt-out of the processing of the personal data for purposes of targeted advertising,
 the sale of personal data, except as provided in RSA 507-H:6, or profiling in furtherance of solely
 automated decisions that produce legal or similarly significant effects concerning the consumer.
- 36 II. A consumer may exercise rights under this section by a secure and reliable means 37 established by the controller and described to the consumer in the controller's privacy notice. A

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consumer may designate an authorized agent in accordance with RSA 507-H:5 to exercise the rights of such consumer to opt-out of the processing of such consumer's personal data for purposes of RSA 507-H:4, III(e) on behalf of the consumer. In the case of processing personal data of a known child, the parent or legal guardian may exercise such consumer rights on the child's behalf. In the case of processing personal data concerning a consumer subject to a guardianship, conservatorship, or other protective arrangement, the guardian or the conservator of the consumer may exercise such rights on the consumer's behalf.

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III. Except as otherwise provided in this chapter, a controller shall comply with a request by a consumer to exercise the consumer rights authorized pursuant to this chapter as follows:

10 (a) A controller shall respond to the consumer without undue delay, but not later than 11 45 days after receipt of the request. The controller may extend the response period by 45 additional 12 days when reasonably necessary, considering the complexity and number of the consumer's requests, 13 provided the controller informs the consumer of any such extension within the initial 45-day 14 response period and of the reason for the extension.

15 (b) If a controller declines to take action regarding the consumer's request, the controller 16 shall inform the consumer without undue delay, but not later than 45 days after receipt of the 17 request, of the justification for declining to take action and instructions for how to appeal the 18 decision.

19 (c) Information provided in response to a consumer request shall be provided by a 20 controller, free of charge, once per consumer during any twelve-month period. If requests from a 21 consumer are manifestly unfounded, excessive or repetitive, the controller may charge the consumer 22 a reasonable fee to cover the administrative costs of complying with the request or decline to act on 23 the request. The controller bears the burden of demonstrating the manifestly unfounded, excessive 24 or repetitive nature of the request.

25(d) If a controller is unable to authenticate a request to exercise any of the rights 26afforded under sections I (a)-(d) of this section using commercially reasonable efforts, the controller 27shall not be required to comply with a request to initiate an action pursuant to this section and shall 28provide notice to the consumer that the controller is unable to authenticate the request to exercise 29such right or rights until such consumer provides additional information reasonably necessary to 30 authenticate such consumer and such consumer's request to exercise such right or rights. A 31controller shall not be required to authenticate an opt-out request, but a controller may deny an optout request if the controller has a good faith, reasonable and documented belief that such request is 3233fraudulent. If a controller denies an opt-out request because the controller believes such request is 34fraudulent, the controller shall send a notice to the person who made such request disclosing that 35such controller believes such request is fraudulent, why such controller believes such request is fraudulent and that such controller shall not comply with such request. 36

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1 (e) A controller that has obtained personal data about a consumer from a source other $\mathbf{2}$ than the consumer shall be deemed in compliance with a consumer's request to delete such data 3 pursuant to RSA 507-H:4, I(c) by retaining a record of the deletion request and the minimum data necessary for the purpose of ensuring the consumer's personal data remains deleted from the 4 $\mathbf{5}$ controller's records and not using such retained data for any other purpose pursuant to this chapter, 6 or opting the consumer out of the processing of such personal data for any purpose except for those $\mathbf{7}$ exempted pursuant this chapter.

8 IV. A controller shall establish a process for a consumer to appeal the controller's refusal to 9 take action on a request within a reasonable period of time after the consumer's receipt of the 10 The appeal process shall be conspicuously available and similar to the process for decision. 11 submitting requests to initiate action pursuant to this section. Not later than 60 days after receipt 12of an appeal, a controller shall inform the consumer in writing of any action taken or not taken in 13response to the appeal, including a written explanation of the reasons for the decisions. If the appeal 14is denied, the controller shall also provide the consumer with an online mechanism, if available, or 15other method through which the consumer may contact the attorney general to submit a complaint.

16507-H:5 Consumer Agents. A consumer may designate another person to serve as the 17consumer's authorized agent, and act on such consumer's behalf, to opt-out of the processing of such 18consumer's personal data for one or more of the purposes specified in RSA 507-H:4, I(e). The 19consumer may designate such authorized agent by way of, among other things, a technology, 20including, but not limited to, an Internet link or a browser setting, browser extension or global 21device setting, indicating such consumer's intent to opt-out of such processing. A controller shall 22comply with an opt-out request received from an authorized agent if the controller is able to verify, 23with commercially reasonable effort, the identity of the consumer and the authorized agent's 24authority to act on such consumer's behalf.

- 25507-H:6 Controller Responsibilities.
- 26I. A controller shall:
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(a) Limit the collection of personal data to what is adequate, relevant and reasonably 28necessary in relation to the purposes for which such data is processed, as disclosed to the consumer;

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(b) Except as otherwise provided in this chapter, not process personal data for purposes 30 that are neither reasonably necessary to, nor compatible with, the disclosed purposes for which such 31personal data is processed, as disclosed to the consumer, unless the controller obtains the consumer's 32consent;

33Establish, implement and maintain reasonable administrative, technical and (c) 34physical data security practices to protect the confidentiality, integrity and accessibility of personal 35data appropriate to the volume and nature of the personal data at issue;

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1 (d) Not process sensitive data concerning a consumer without obtaining the consumer's $\mathbf{2}$ consent, or, in the case of the processing of sensitive data concerning a known child, without 3 processing such data in accordance with COPPA;

(e) Not process personal data in violation of the laws of this state and federal laws that 4 $\mathbf{5}$ prohibit unlawful discrimination against consumers;

6 (f) Provide an effective mechanism for a consumer to revoke the consumer's consent 7under this section that is at least as easy as the mechanism by which the consumer provided the 8 consumer's consent and, upon revocation of such consent, cease to process the data as soon as 9 practicable, but not later than fifteen days after the receipt of such request; and

10 (g) Not process the personal data of a consumer for purposes of targeted advertising, or 11 sell the consumer's personal data without the consumer's consent, under circumstances where a 12controller has actual knowledge, and wilfully disregards, that the consumer is at least thirteen years 13of age but younger than sixteen years of age. A controller shall not discriminate against a consumer 14for exercising any of the consumer rights contained in this chapter, including denying goods or 15services, charging different prices or rates for goods or services or providing a different level of quality of goods or services to the consumer. 16

17II. Nothing in this section shall be construed to require a controller to provide a product or 18service that requires the personal data of a consumer which the controller does not collect or 19maintain, or prohibit a controller from offering a different price, rate, level, quality or selection of 20goods or services to a consumer, including offering goods or services for no fee, if the offering is in 21connection with a consumer's voluntary participation in a bona fide loyalty, rewards, premium 22features, discounts or club card program.

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III. A controller shall provide consumers with a reasonably accessible, clear and meaningful 24privacy notice that includes:

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(a) The categories of personal data processed by the controller;

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(b) The purpose for processing personal data;

27(c) How consumers may exercise their consumer rights, including how a consumer may 28appeal a controller's decision with regard to the consumer's request;

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(d) The categories of personal data that the controller shares with third parties, if any;

30 (e) The categories of third parties, if any, with which the controller shares personal data; 31and

32(f) An active electronic mail address or other online mechanism that the consumer may 33use to contact the controller.

34IV. If a controller sells personal data to third parties or processes personal data for targeted 35advertising, the controller shall clearly and conspicuously disclose such processing, as well as the manner in which a consumer may exercise the right to opt-out of such processing. 36

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1	V.(a) A controller shall establish, and shall describe in a privacy notice, one or more secure
2	and reliable means for consumers to submit a request to exercise their consumer rights pursuant to
3	this chapter. Such means shall take into account the ways in which consumers normally interact
4	with the controller, the need for secure and reliable communication of such requests and the ability
5	of the controller to verify the identity of the consumer making the request. A controller shall not
6	require a consumer to create a new account in order to exercise consumer rights, but may require a
7	consumer to use an existing account. Any such means shall include:
8	(1)(A) Providing a clear and conspicuous link on the controller's Internet web site to
9	an Internet web page that enables a consumer, or an agent of the consumer, to opt-out of the
10	targeted advertising or sale of the consumer's personal data; and
11	(B) Not later than January 1, 2025, allowing a consumer to opt-out of any
12	processing of the consumer's personal data for the purposes of targeted advertising, or any sale of
13	such personal data, through an opt-out preference signal sent, with such consumer's consent, by a
14	platform, technology or mechanism to the controller indicating such consumer's intent to opt-out of
15	any such processing or sale. Such platform, technology or mechanism shall:
16	(i) Not unfairly disadvantage another controller;
17	(ii) Not make use of a default setting, but, rather, require the consumer to
18	make an affirmative, freely given and unambiguous choice to opt-out of any processing of such
19	consumer's personal data pursuant to this chapter;
20	(iii) Be consumer-friendly and easy to use by the average consumer;
21	(iv) Be as consistent as possible with any other similar platform, technology
22	or mechanism required by any federal or state law or regulation; and
23	
	(v) Enable the controller to accurately determine whether the consumer is a
24	(v) Enable the controller to accurately determine whether the consumer is a resident of this state and whether the consumer has made a legitimate request to opt-out of any sale
24	resident of this state and whether the consumer has made a legitimate request to opt-out of any sale
$\frac{24}{25}$	resident of this state and whether the consumer has made a legitimate request to opt-out of any sale of such consumer's personal data or targeted advertising.
24 25 26	resident of this state and whether the consumer has made a legitimate request to opt-out of any sale of such consumer's personal data or targeted advertising. (2) If a consumer's decision to opt-out of any processing of the consumer's personal
24 25 26 27	resident of this state and whether the consumer has made a legitimate request to opt-out of any sale of such consumer's personal data or targeted advertising. (2) If a consumer's decision to opt-out of any processing of the consumer's personal data for the purposes of targeted advertising, or any sale of such personal data, through an opt-out
24 25 26 27 28	resident of this state and whether the consumer has made a legitimate request to opt-out of any sale of such consumer's personal data or targeted advertising. (2) If a consumer's decision to opt-out of any processing of the consumer's personal data for the purposes of targeted advertising, or any sale of such personal data, through an opt-out preference signal sent in accordance with RSA 507-H:6, V(a)(1)(A) conflicts with the consumer's
24 25 26 27 28 29	resident of this state and whether the consumer has made a legitimate request to opt-out of any sale of such consumer's personal data or targeted advertising. (2) If a consumer's decision to opt-out of any processing of the consumer's personal data for the purposes of targeted advertising, or any sale of such personal data, through an opt-out preference signal sent in accordance with RSA 507-H:6, V(a)(1)(A) conflicts with the consumer's existing controller-specific privacy setting or voluntary participation in a controller's bona fide
24 25 26 27 28 29 30	resident of this state and whether the consumer has made a legitimate request to opt-out of any sale of such consumer's personal data or targeted advertising. (2) If a consumer's decision to opt-out of any processing of the consumer's personal data for the purposes of targeted advertising, or any sale of such personal data, through an opt-out preference signal sent in accordance with RSA 507-H:6, V(a)(1)(A) conflicts with the consumer's existing controller-specific privacy setting or voluntary participation in a controller's bona fide loyalty, rewards, premium features, discounts or club card program, the controller shall comply with
24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31	resident of this state and whether the consumer has made a legitimate request to opt-out of any sale of such consumer's personal data or targeted advertising. (2) If a consumer's decision to opt-out of any processing of the consumer's personal data for the purposes of targeted advertising, or any sale of such personal data, through an opt-out preference signal sent in accordance with RSA 507-H:6, V(a)(1)(A) conflicts with the consumer's existing controller-specific privacy setting or voluntary participation in a controller's bona fide loyalty, rewards, premium features, discounts or club card program, the controller shall comply with such consumer's opt-out preference signal but may notify such consumer of such conflict and provide
24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32	resident of this state and whether the consumer has made a legitimate request to opt-out of any sale of such consumer's personal data or targeted advertising. (2) If a consumer's decision to opt-out of any processing of the consumer's personal data for the purposes of targeted advertising, or any sale of such personal data, through an opt-out preference signal sent in accordance with RSA 507-H:6, V(a)(1)(A) conflicts with the consumer's existing controller-specific privacy setting or voluntary participation in a controller's bona fide loyalty, rewards, premium features, discounts or club card program, the controller shall comply with such consumer's opt-out preference signal but may notify such consumer of such conflict and provide to such consumer the choice to confirm such controller-specific privacy setting or participation in
24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33	resident of this state and whether the consumer has made a legitimate request to opt-out of any sale of such consumer's personal data or targeted advertising. (2) If a consumer's decision to opt-out of any processing of the consumer's personal data for the purposes of targeted advertising, or any sale of such personal data, through an opt-out preference signal sent in accordance with RSA 507-H:6, V(a)(1)(A) conflicts with the consumer's existing controller-specific privacy setting or voluntary participation in a controller's bona fide loyalty, rewards, premium features, discounts or club card program, the controller shall comply with such consumer's opt-out preference signal but may notify such consumer of such conflict and provide to such consumer the choice to confirm such controller-specific privacy setting or participation in such program.
24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34	resident of this state and whether the consumer has made a legitimate request to opt-out of any sale of such consumer's personal data or targeted advertising. (2) If a consumer's decision to opt-out of any processing of the consumer's personal data for the purposes of targeted advertising, or any sale of such personal data, through an opt-out preference signal sent in accordance with RSA 507-H:6, V(a)(1)(A) conflicts with the consumer's existing controller-specific privacy setting or voluntary participation in a controller's bona fide loyalty, rewards, premium features, discounts or club card program, the controller shall comply with such consumer's opt-out preference signal but may notify such consumer of such conflict and provide to such consumer the choice to confirm such controller-specific privacy setting or participation in such program.

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- 1 507-H:7 Processor Responsibilities. $\mathbf{2}$ I. A processor shall adhere to the instructions of a controller and shall assist the controller 3 in meeting the controller's obligations under this chapter. Such assistance shall include: (a) Taking into account the nature of processing and the information available to the 4 $\mathbf{5}$ processor, by appropriate technical and organizational measures, insofar as is reasonably 6 practicable, to fulfill the controller's obligation to respond to consumer rights requests; 7(b) Taking into account the nature of processing and the information available to the 8 processor, by assisting the controller in meeting the controller's obligations in relation to the security 9 of processing the personal data and in relation to the notification of a breach of security or of the 10 system of the processor, in order to meet the controller's obligations; and 11 (c) Providing necessary information to enable the controller to conduct and document 12data protection assessments.
- 13 II. A contract between a controller and a processor shall govern the processor's data 14 processing procedures with respect to processing performed on behalf of the controller. The contract 15 shall be binding and clearly set forth instructions for processing data, the nature and purpose of 16 processing, the type of data subject to processing, the duration of processing and the rights and 17 obligations of both parties. The contract shall also require that the processor:
- 18 (a) Ensure that each person processing personal data is subject to a duty of19 confidentiality with respect to the data;
- 20 (b) At the controller's direction, delete or return all personal data to the controller as 21 requested at the end of the provision of services, unless retention of the personal data is required by 22 law;
- (c) Upon the reasonable request of the controller, make available to the controller all
 information in its possession necessary to demonstrate the processor's compliance with the
 obligations in this chapter;
- 26 (d) After providing the controller an opportunity to object, engage any subcontractor
 27 pursuant to a written contract that requires the subcontractor to meet the obligations of the
 28 processor with respect to the personal data; and
- (e) Allow, and cooperate with, reasonable assessments by the controller or the controller's designated assessor, or the processor may arrange for a qualified and independent assessor to conduct an assessment of the processor's policies and technical and organizational measures in support of the obligations under this chapter, using an appropriate and accepted control standard or framework and assessment procedure for such assessments. The processor shall provide a report of such assessment to the controller upon request.
- 35 III. Nothing in this section shall be construed to relieve a controller or processor from the 36 liabilities imposed on the controller or processor by virtue of such controller's or processor's role in 37 the processing relationship, as described in this chapter.

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1 IV. Determining whether a person is acting as a controller or processor with respect to a $\mathbf{2}$ specific processing of data is a fact-based determination that depends upon the context in which 3 personal data is to be processed. A person who is not limited in such person's processing of personal data pursuant to a controller's instructions, or who fails to adhere to such instructions, is a controller 4 $\mathbf{5}$ and not a processor with respect to a specific processing of data. A processor that continues to 6 adhere to a controller's instructions with respect to a specific processing of personal data remains a $\mathbf{7}$ processor. If a processor begins, alone or jointly with others, determining the purposes and means of 8 the processing of personal data, the processor is a controller with respect to such processing and may 9 be subject to an enforcement action under RSA 507-H:11.

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507-H:8 Heightened Risk of Harm.

I. A controller shall conduct and document a data protection assessment for each of the controller's processing activities that presents a heightened risk of harm to a consumer. For the purposes of this section, processing that presents a heightened risk of harm to a consumer includes:

 $14\\15$

(a) The processing of personal data for the purposes of targeted advertising;

(b) The sale of personal data;

16 (c) The processing of personal data for the purposes of profiling, where such profiling 17 presents a reasonably foreseeable risk of unfair or deceptive treatment of, or unlawful disparate 18 impact on, consumers, financial, physical or reputational injury to consumers, a physical or other 19 intrusion upon the solitude or seclusion, or the private affairs or concerns, of consumers, where such 20 intrusion would be offensive to a reasonable person, or other substantial injury to consumers; and

21

(d) The processing of sensitive data.

22II. Data protection assessments conducted pursuant to RSA 507-H:8, I shall identify and 23weigh the benefits that may flow, directly and indirectly, from the processing to the controller, the 24consumer, other stakeholders and the public against the potential risks to the rights of the consumer 25associated with such processing, as mitigated by safeguards that can be employed by the controller 26to reduce such risks. The controller shall factor into any such data protection assessment the use of 27de-identified data and the reasonable expectations of consumers, as well as the context of the 28processing and the relationship between the controller and the consumer whose personal data will be 29processed.

30 III. The attorney general may require that a controller disclose any data protection 31assessment that is relevant to an investigation conducted by the attorney general, and the controller 32shall make the data protection assessment available to the attorney general. The attorney general 33may evaluate the data protection assessment for compliance with the responsibilities set forth in 34this chapter. Data protection assessments shall be confidential and shall be exempt from disclosure 35under RSA 91-A. To the extent any information contained in a data protection assessment disclosed 36 to the attorney general includes information subject to attorney-client privilege or work product 37 protection, such disclosure shall not constitute a waiver of such privilege or protection.

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1	IV. A single data protection assessment may address a comparable set of processing						
2	operations that include similar activities.						
3	V. If a controller conducts a data protection assessment for the purpose of complying with						
4	another applicable law or regulation, the data protection assessment shall be deemed to satisfy the						
5	requirements established in this section if such data protection assessment is reasonably similar in						
6	scope and effect to the data protection assessment that would otherwise be conducted pursuant to						
7	this section.						
8	VI. Data protection assessment requirements shall apply to processing activities created or						
9	generated after July 1, 2024, and are not retroactive.						
10	507-H:9 De-Identifed Data.						
11	I. Any controller in possession of de-identified data shall:						
12	(a) Take reasonable measures to ensure that the data cannot be associated with an						
13	individual;						
14	(b) Publicly commit to maintaining and using de-identified data without attempting to						
15	reidentify the data; and						
16	(c) Contractually obligate any recipients of the deidentified data to comply with all						
17	provisions of this chapter.						
18	II. Nothing in this chapter shall be construed to:						
19	(a) Require a controller or processor to re-identify de-identified data or pseudonymous						
20	data; or						
21	(b) Maintain data in identifiable form, or collect, obtain, retain or access any data or						
22	technology, in order to be capable of associating an authenticated consumer request with personal						
23	data.						
24	III. Nothing in this chapter shall be construed to require a controller or processor to comply						
25	with an authenticated consumer rights request if the controller:						
26	(a) Is not reasonably capable of associating the request with the personal data or it						
27	would be unreasonably burdensome for the controller to associate the request with the personal						
28	data;						
29	(b) Does not use the personal data to recognize or respond to the specific consumer who						
30	is the subject of the personal data, or associate the personal data with other personal data about the						
31	same specific consumer; and						
32	(c) Does not sell the personal data to any third party or otherwise voluntarily disclose						
33	the personal data to any third party other than a processor, except as otherwise permitted in this						
34	section.						
35	IV. The rights afforded under RSA 507-H:4, I(a)-(d) shall not apply to pseudonymized data						
36	in cases where the controller is able to demonstrate that any information necessary to identify the						

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1	consumer is kept separately and is subject to effective technical and organizational controls that						
2	prevent the controller from accessing such information.						
3	V. A controller that discloses pseudonymous data or de-identified data shall exercise						
4	reasonable oversight to monitor compliance with any contractual commitments to which the						
5	pseudonymous data or deidentified data is subject and shall take appropriate steps to address any						
6	breaches of those contractual commitments.						
7	507-H:10 Controller Responsibilities and Obligations.						
8	I. Nothing in this chapter shall be construed to restrict a controller's or processor's ability to:						
9	(a) Comply with federal, state or municipal ordinances or regulations;						
10	(b) Comply with a civil, criminal or regulatory inquiry, investigation, subpoena or						
11	summons by federal, state, municipal or other governmental authorities;						
12	(c) Cooperate with law enforcement agencies concerning conduct or activity that the						
13	controller or processor reasonably and in good faith believes may violate federal, state or municipal						
14	ordinances or regulations;						
15	(d) Investigate, establish, exercise, prepare for or defend legal claims;						
16	(e) Provide a product or service specifically requested by a consumer;						
17	(f) Perform under a contract to which a consumer is a party, including fulfilling the						
18	terms of a written warranty;						
19	(g) Take steps at the request of a consumer prior to entering into a contract;						
20	(h) Take immediate steps to protect an interest that is essential for the life or physical						
21	safety of the consumer or another individual, and where the processing cannot be manifestly based						
22	on another legal basis;						
23	(i) Prevent, detect, protect against or respond to security incidents, identity theft, fraud,						
24	harassment, malicious or deceptive activities or any illegal activity, preserve the integrity or security						
25	of systems or investigate, report or prosecute those responsible for any such action;						
26	(j) Engage in public or peer-reviewed scientific or statistical research in the public						
27	interest that adheres to all other applicable ethics and privacy laws and is approved, monitored and						
28	governed by an institutional review board that determines, or similar independent oversight entities						
29	that determine,						
30	(1) Whether the deletion of the information is likely to provide substantial benefits						
31	that do not exclusively accrue to the controller,						
32	(2) The expected benefits of the research outweigh the privacy risks, and						
33	(3) Whether the controller has implemented reasonable safeguards to mitigate						
34	privacy risks associated with research, including any risks associated with re-identification;						
35	(k) Assist another controller, processor or third party with any of the obligations under						
36	this chapter; or						

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1 (l) Process personal data for reasons of public interest in the area of public health, $\mathbf{2}$ community health or population health, but solely to the extent that such processing is 3 (1) Subject to suitable and specific measures to safeguard the rights of the consumer whose personal data is being processed, and 4 $\mathbf{5}$ (2) Under the responsibility of a professional subject to confidentiality obligations 6 under federal, state or local law. $\mathbf{7}$ II. The obligations imposed on controllers or processors under this chapter shall not restrict 8 a controller's or processor's ability to collect, use or retain data for internal use to: 9 Conduct internal research to develop, improve or repair products, services or (a) 10technology; 11 (b) Effectuate a product recall; 12(c) Identify and repair technical errors that impair existing or intended functionality; or 13(d) Perform internal operations that are reasonably aligned with the expectations of the 14consumer or reasonably anticipated based on the consumer's existing relationship with the 15controller, or are otherwise compatible with processing data in furtherance of the provision of a 16product or service specifically requested by a consumer or the performance of a contract to which the 17consumer is a party. 18III. The obligations imposed on controllers or processors under this chapter shall not apply 19where compliance by the controller or processor with said sections would violate an evidentiary 20privilege under the laws of this state. Nothing in this chapter shall be construed to prevent a

20 privilege under the laws of this state. Nothing in this chapter shall be construed to prevent a 21 controller or processor from providing personal data concerning a consumer to a person covered by 22 an evidentiary privilege under the laws of the state as part of a privileged communication.

23IV. A controller or processor that discloses personal data to a processor or third-party 24controller in accordance with this chapter shall not be deemed to have violated said sections if the 25processor or third-party controller that receives and processes such personal data violates said 26sections, provided, at the time the disclosing controller or processor disclosed such personal data, the 27disclosing controller or processor did not have actual knowledge that the receiving processor or third-28party controller would violate said sections. A third-party controller or processor receiving personal 29data from a controller or processor in compliance with this chapter is likewise not in violation of said 30 sections for the transgressions of the controller or processor from which such third-party controller 31or processor receives such personal data.

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V. Nothing in this chapter shall be construed to:

(a) Impose any obligation on a controller or processor that adversely affects the rights or
 freedoms of any person, including, but not limited to, the rights of any person to freedom of speech or
 freedom of the press guaranteed in the First Amendment to the United States Constitution; or

36 (b) Apply to any person's processing of personal data in the course of such person's
 37 purely personal or household activities.

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1 VI. Personal data processed by a controller pursuant to this section may be processed to the $\mathbf{2}$ extent that such processing is: 3 (a) Reasonably necessary and proportionate to the purposes listed in this section; and $\mathbf{4}$ (b) Adequate, relevant and limited to what is necessary in relation to the specific purposes listed in this section. Personal data collected, used or retained under RSA 507-H:10, I(b), $\mathbf{5}$ 6 where applicable, take into account the nature and purpose or purposes of such collection, use or $\mathbf{7}$ retention. Such data shall be subject to reasonable administrative, technical and physical measures 8 to protect the confidentiality, integrity and accessibility of the personal data and to reduce 9 reasonably foreseeable risks of harm to consumers relating to such collection, use or retention of 10 personal data. 11 VII. If a controller processes personal data pursuant to an exemption in this section, the 12controller bears the burden of demonstrating that such processing qualifies for the exemption and 13complies with the requirements in RSA 507-H:10, VI. 14VIII. Processing personal data for the purposes expressly identified in this section shall not 15solely make a legal entity a controller with respect to such processing. 16507-H:11 Notice; Enforcement. 17I. The attorney general shall have exclusive authority to enforce violations under this 18chapter. 19II. The attorney general shall, prior to initiating any action for a violation under this chapter, issue a notice of violation to the controller if the attorney general determines that a cure is 2021possible. If the controller fails to cure such violation within 60 days of receipt of the notice of 22violation, the attorney general may bring an action pursuant to this section. 23III. In determining whether to grant a controller or processor the opportunity to cure an 24alleged violation described under this chapter, the attorney general may consider: 25(1) The number of violations; 26(2) The size and complexity of the controller or processor; (3) The nature and extent of the controller's or processor's processing activities; 2728(4) The substantial likelihood of injury to the public; 29(5) The safety of persons or property; and 30 (6) Whether such alleged violation was likely caused by human or technical error. 31IV. Nothing in this chapter shall be construed as providing the basis for, or be subject to, a 32private right of action for violations under this chapter. 33V. A violation under this chapter shall constitute an unfair method of competition or any 34unfair or deceptive act or practice in the conduct of any trade or commerce within this state under 35RSA 358-A:2 and shall be enforced by the attorney general. 2 Effective Date. This act shall take effect January 1, 2025. 36

LBA 23-0857 Amended 3/20/23

SB 255-FN- FISCAL NOTE AS AMENDED BY THE SENATE (AMENDMENT #2023-0935s)

AN ACT relative to the expectation of privacy.

FISCAL IMPACT: [X] State [] County [] Local [] None

	Estimated Increase / (Decrease)			
STATE:	FY 2023	FY 2024	FY 2025	FY 2026
Appropriation	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Revenue	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Expenditures	\$0	\$0	Indeterminable	Indeterminable
-			Increase	Increase
Funding Source:	[X] General	[] Education	[] Highway	[] Other

METHODOLOGY:

This bill creates a new chapter detailing a consumer expectation of privacy. The Department of Justice indicates a violation of this chapter shall be deemed a violation of New Hampshire Consumer Protection Act, RSA 358-A. The Attorney General has the exclusive authority to enforce violations of this chapter. Prior to any enforcement action, the Attorney General shall issue a notice of violation and a right to cure the violation within 60 days. The Department states the proposed statute would increase the number of investigations, prosecutions and litigation matters handled by the Department. However, because the degree of increase cannot be estimated, the fiscal impact is indeterminable. The Department assumes, due to the complexity of the review, it would likely require significant additional resources.

The Judicial Branch states the fiscal impact on the Branch is indeterminable as it is unable to make any assumptions as to the number of new cases would be filed as a result of the bill or the level of complexity of such litigation.

AGENCIES CONTACTED:

Department of Justice and Judicial Branch