## LEGISLATIVE COMMITTEE MINUTES

## **SB359**

# Bill as Introduced

#### SB 359-FN - AS INTRODUCED

#### 2022 SESSION

#### 22-3093 12/11

### SENATE BILL **359-FN**

5

- AN ACT requiring the commissioner of the department of administrative services to conduct an inventory of all state real estate.
- SPONSORS: Sen. Perkins Kwoka, Dist 21; Sen. Whitley, Dist 15; Sen. Rosenwald, Dist 13; Rep. DiLorenzo, Rock. 17; Rep. Porter, Hills. 1; Rep. Vann, Hills. 24

COMMITTEE: Executive Departments and Administration

#### ANALYSIS

This bill directs the commissioner of the department of administrative services to create an inventory of unused properties in the state and publish the inventory on the department's website.

............

Explanation: Matter added to current law appears in *bold italics.* Matter removed from current law appears [<del>in brackets and struckthrough.</del>] Matter which is either (a) all new or (b) repealed and reenacted appears in regular type.

#### SB 359-FN - AS INTRODUCED

1

#### STATE OF NEW HAMPSHIRE

#### In the Year of Our Lord Two Thousand Twenty Two

AN ACT

requiring the commissioner of the department of administrative services to conduct an inventory of all state real estate.

Be it Enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Court convened:

1 1 Purpose. The General Court finds that the deficit of supply of affordable and workforce 2 housing in New Hampshire has contributed to homelessness and housing instability for children, 3 adults, families, and businesses; driven up housing costs for everyone; impaired New Hampshire's 4 competitiveness; and harmed New Hampshire's ability to attract and retain a highly-qualified 5 workforce. It is therefore in the public interest to address New Hampshire's housing crisis by 6 making public unused state real estate.

2 New Section; Inventory of Public Lands. Amend RSA 21-I by inserting after section 111 the
following new section:

9 21-I:112 Inventory of Public Lands. On or before January 1, 2023, each commissioner of each state agency shall provide a report to the commissioner of the department of administrative services 10 designating the inventory of all state real estate and whether each parcel of real estate is "in active 11 12use," "not in active use," or "surplus." The commissioner shall publish the inventory on the 13department of administrative services website and update the inventory on an ongoing basis. The 14 commissioner shall also publish on the website any known hazards, environmental or otherwise, 15associated with said properties. For purposes of this section, "in active use" shall mean that there are daily operations of the agency on that real estate, and "surplus" shall mean real property that is 16 17no longer needed by the state.

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3 Effective Date. This act shall take effect 60 days after its passage.

LBA 22-3093 Redraft 12/15/21

### SB 359-FN- FISCAL NOTE AS INTRODUCED

AN ACT requiring the commissioner of the department of administrative services to conduct an inventory of all unused state real estate.

FISCAL IMPACT: [X] State [] County [] Local [] None

		Estimated Increase / (Decrease)			
STATE:	<b>FY</b> 2022		FY 2023	FY 2024	FY 2025
Appropriation		\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Revenue		\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Expenditures		\$0	Indeterminable	Indeterminable	Indeterminable
Funding Source:	[ X ] General Funds	•	[ ] Education	[X] Highway [X	] Other - Various

#### **METHODOLOGY:**

This bill requires the Department of Administrative Services to compile a list from each State agency on the inventory of all State real estate including whether each parcel of real estate is "in active use", "not in active use" or "surplus" and "also any known hazards associated with such properties."

The Department of Administrative Service states there will be an indeterminable fiscal impact on State expenditures. The Department assumes the term "real estate" refers to land and buildings only and excludes other types of real estate assets owned and held by the state. The Department states the expenditures are "likely" to increase but without further guidance on the frequency to which the new public listing must be updated it is indeterminable to what extent these new agency responsibilities will require additional staff. The Department also indicates that the new State agency obligations represent a substantial increase in staff time and for most agencies an increase in existing staff qualifications to be able to properly evaluate and classify agency uses of land assets and to properly characterize, disclose, and monitor "hazards" associated with such assets on an on going basis.

It is assumed the fiscal impact will not occur until FY 2023.

#### AGENCIES CONTACTED:

Department of Administrative Services

## Amendments

Sen. Perkins Kwoka, Dist 21 February 9, 2022 2022-0607s 12/04

#### Amendment to SB 359-FN

1 Amend the title of the bill by replacing it with the following:

- AN ACT requiring state agencies owning property to classify and report the inventory of all
   state real estate.
- 6 Amend the bill by replacing all after the enacting clause with the following N
- 7

2

8 1 Legislative Purpose. The general court finds that the deficit of supply of affordable and 9 workforce housing in New Hampshire has contributed to homelessness and housing instability for 10 children, adults, families, and businesses; driven up housing costs for everyone; impaired New 11 Hampshire's competitiveness; and harmed New Hampshire's ability to attract and retain a highly-12 qualified workforce. It is therefore in the public interest to address New Hampshire's housing crisis 13 by making public unused state real estate.

14 2 Real Property Owned by State Agencies; Reporting Requirement. Amend RSA 4:39-e, I to 15 read as follows:

I. On or before July 1, 2013, and biennially thereafter, each state agency, as defined in RSA 16 21-G:5, III, shall make a report identifying all real property owned by the agency. For each parcel of 17 land owned by the agency, the report shall include any reversionary provisions or other deed 18 restrictions, conservation or other easements, lease arrangements with third-party tenants, and any 19 other agreement or encumbrance that may affect the future sale of the property, but only to the 20 21 extent known by the agency or as may be determined through reasonable efforts. For each parcel of land or building owned by the agency, the report shall include one of the following asset 22 statûs classifications as determined by the agency: "active," "inactive," or "surplus." For 23 each building or parcel of land leased to a third party by the agency, the report shall include the 24 lease term. This section shall not apply to infrastructure properties used as the public rights-of-way  $25^{2}$ for roads, highways, bridges, railroads, rail trails, rest areas, park and rides, or turnpike toll 26 27 operations. For purposes of this section, "active" shall mean that the corresponding land or  $\mathbf{28}$ building asset is used in daily state government operations, or that it is held, managed, or 29 used in furtherance of one or more of the responsible agency's statutory purposes or 30 functions. For purposes of this section, "surplus" shall mean that the responsible agency 31 has determined that it no longer has any need or use for the corresponding real property 32asset.

#### Amendment to SB 359-FN - Page 2 -

3 New Paragraph; Real Property Owned by State Agencies; Status Classification. Amend RSA
 4:39-e by inserting after paragraph I the following new paragraph:

3 IV. For the status classification requirement described in paragraph I, the department of transportation obligations shall only include properties in required municipalities designated 4 5 "potentially marketable" internally by the department. For the purposes of this section, "required 6 municipalities" shall mean the cities of Concord, Dover, Manchester, Nashua, Somersworth and 7 Rochester, and the towns of Atkinson, Auburn, Barrington, Bedford, Boscawen, Bow, Canterbury, 8 Chester, Derry, Durham, Farmington, Goffstown, Hampstead, Hollis, Hooksett, Hopkinton, Hudson, Litchfield, Londonderry, Loudon, Madbury, Merrimack, Milton, Newington, Pembroke, Rochester, 9 10 Rollinsford, Salem, Sandown, Strafford, Webster, and Windham.

11 4 Effective Date. This act shall take effect 60 days after its passage

#### Amendment to SB 359-FN - Page 3 -

#### 2022-0607s

#### AMENDED ANALYSIS

This bill requires each state agency to classify all real estate parcels in their required biennial real estate report, with exceptions for certain state agencies.

## Committee Minutes

## SENATE CALENDAR NOTICE Executive Departments and Administration

Sen Sharon Carson, Chair Sen John Reagan, Vice Chair Sen Denise Ricciardi, Member Sen Kevin Cavanaugh, Member Sen Suzanne Prentiss, Member

Date: December 21, 2021

## HEARINGS

Wednesday	01/12/2022
(Day)	(Date)

1

Executive Departments and Administration	State House 103	9:00 a.m.
(Name of Committee)	(Place)	(Time)

9:00 a.m.	SB 223	relative to requirements for recovery houses.	
9:15 a.m.	SB 226-FN	establishing a recruitment and retention program for state employment.	
9:30 a.m.	SB 356-FN	relative to medical benefits payments by state retirees.	
9:50 a.m.	SB 363-FN	relative to service credit for certain group II retirement eligibility.	
10:10 a.m.	SB 218	declaring October 13 as Metastatic Breast Cancer Awareness Day.	
10:25 a.m.	SB 219	declaring the month of September as kinship care awareness month.	

requiring the commissioner of the department of administrative services to conduct an inventory of all state real estate.

#### EXECUTIVE SESSION MAY FOLLOW

Sponsors: SB 223 Sen. D'Allesandro **SB 226-FN** Sen. D'Allesandro Sen. Perkins Kwoka Sen. Reagan Sen. Prentiss **SB 356-FN** Sen. D'Allesandro Sen. Rosenwald Sen. Carson Sen. Soucy **SB 363-FN** Sen. D'Allesandro Rep. Umberger SB 218 Sen. Perkins Kwoka Sen. Gannon Sen. Hennessey Sen. Soucy Sen. Prentiss SB 219 Sen. Perkins Kwoka Sen. Whitley Sen. Cavanaugh **SB 359-FN** Sen. Perkins Kwoka Rep. Porter

Sen. Watters Sen. Hennessey Sen. Gray Sen. Cavanaugh Sen. Birdsell Sen. Bradley Sen. Watters Sen. Gannon Sen. Kahn Sen. Bradley Rep. Wall Sen. Avard Sen. Watters Sen. Whitley Sen. Ricciardi Sen. Carsòn Sen. Prentiss

## Sen. Kahn Sen. Whitley Rep. Vann

Sen. Soucy

Sen. Rosenwald Sen. Bradley Sen. Carson Sen. Kahn

Sen. Sherman Sen. Whitley Sen. Cavanaugh

Sen, Cavanaugh

Sen. Carson Sen. Bradley Sen. Birdsell Sen. Kahn

Sen. Bradley Sen. D'Allesandro

Sen. Rosenwald

Rep. Goley

Sen. Watters Sen. Sherman Sen. Whitley

Sen. Hennessey Sen. Birdsell Sen. Prentiss

Rep. Goley

Sen. D'Allesandro Sen. Rosenwald Sen. Sherman Sen. Cavanaugh

Sen. Hennessey Sen. Watters

Rep. DiLorenzo

### Chantell Wheeler 271-1403

<u>Sharon M Carson</u> Chairman

## Senate Executive Departments and Administration Committee

Chantell Wheeler 271-1403

SB 359-FN, requiring the commissioner of the department of administrative services to conduct an inventory of all state real estate.

Hearing Date: January 13, 2022

**Time Opened**: 10:35 a.m.

**Time Closed:** / 11:00 a.m.

Members of the Committee Present: Senators Carson, Reagan, Ricciardi, Cavanaugh and Prentiss

Members of the Committee Absent : None

**Bill Analysis:** This bill directs the commissioner of the department of administrative services to create an inventory of unused properties in the state and publish the inventory on the department's website.

### Sponsors:

Sen. Perkins Kwoka Sen. Whitley Rep. DiLorenzo Rep. Porter

Sen. Rosenwald Rep. Vann

### Who supports the bill:

Senators Perkins Kwoka, Rosenwald and Whitley. Ellen Groh, Gregory Lessard, Jonathan Halle, Paul Hrycuna, Roseanne Haggerty, Joseph Tamposi, John Ebert, Tara Reardon, Kait Gallagher, Alexandria Panagiotakos (Concord Area Trust for Community Housing), Kelli Cicirelli, Mark Fagan, Michael Leuchtenberger, David Croft, Herbert Carpenter (Fellowship Housing Opportunities, Inc.), Ellen Fries, Jeanne Cusson, Meghan Farrell, David Fries, Stacey Brown, Frank Kenison, Caroline Corriveau, Connor Spern, Brenda Litchfield, Michael Simchik, Elissa Margolin (Housing Action NH), Jack Ruderman (NH Housing), Ellen Groh (Concord Coalition to End Homelessness)

Who opposes the bill: None

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### Who is neutral on the bill:

Department of Administrative Services (DAS), Department of Natural and Cultural Resources, Division of Forests and Lands

Summary of testimony presented in support: Senator Perkins Kwoka:

- SB 359 is intended to be a housing-related piece of legislation. This bill will state clearly that New Hampshire has a housing crisis and that that crisis is negatively impacting our state's livelihood and competitiveness, something we can easily see with the 1% vacancy rate and the skyrocketing costs of home ownership.
- This bill will require each state agency to specify to the Department of Administrative Services whether each parcel of real property it controls is in current daily use. A list of all real property exists for each agency, but the only options for designation are "surplus" and "non-surplus".
- Property designated as "surplus" by the agency, triggers processes under existing statute for disposal of state land. Thus, we want to provide a third designation "not in current use", which opens the door to a conversation.
- The hope is that in seeing a designation of "not in current use", members of the public who see opportunity can approach the agency controlling the property and ask them to consider if such parcels could be used to accomplish another priority state goal, housing.
- Commissioner Arlinghaus was involved with this process.

## Senator Whitley:

- Senator Whitley supports the bill and shared written testimony from her constituent, Concord Coalition to End Homelessness (CCEH).
- The state owns property that is not being used, especially in Concord. This property could present opportunity for affordable housing developers.

## Summary of testimony presented in opposition: None

## Neutral Information Presented: Steve LaBonte, Department of Transportation (DOT)

- Mr. LaBonte is the administrator of the Bureau Right of Way, which is the real estate section of DOT. Responsibilities include property survey, appraisal, purchase, and disposal.
- Mr. LaBonte stated that he respects the bill's intention but cautions that in the current form, the bill is overly burdensome.
- DOT has 724 properties that are outside of their active "right of way". These are categorized into 3 groups, 59 are "marketable", 185 are "less marketable", the remaining are "not marketable".
- It is unlikely that DOT can meet the January 2023 deadline as it would take years to inventory all the property.

Senator Prentiss: Asked for clarification regarding the 59 marketable properties.

• Mr. LaBonte explained that marketable properties have not necessarily been designated as surplus. Mr. LaBonte states that "in active daily use" is a narrow category as some property is only in use part of the year.

- Senator Prentiss asked if there is willingness to work with the prime sponsor. Mr. LaBonte is willing.
- Senator Prentiss stated that not every municipality has an inventory.
- Mr. LaBonte understands that municipalities are required to maintain a list of properties owned by the State of NH.
- Mr. LaBonte described the process used to designate a property as surplus. After an interested party asks about a property, and internal department review is conducted to determine if the property is surplus. From the time of inquiry to property closing can take 12-18 months.
- Senator Reagan asked if a developer is interested in a property if they could find out who owned it and then try and make a deal. Mr. LaBonte confirmed this is correct.
- Senator Carson asked if a pilot program might be more appropriate given the vast number of properties owned by the state. Senator Carson suggested that Concord might be a good location for a pilot program considering the number of state-owned properties located there. Mr. LaBonte agreed that a pilot program is a good idea, whether in Concord, or another city.

## Neutral:

## Patrick Hackley, NH Division of Forests and Lands (NHDFL)

- Mr. Hackley agrees with the intent of the bill and wants to work with DAS and the bill sponsors.
- NHDFL manages 218 state reservations totaling 170,000 acres. All acreage under the management of NHDFL is considered to be "in active use".
- NHDFL has an internal process in place to identify surplus land involves the Council on Resources and Development (CORD). Additionally, this process also requires that the NH Housing Finance Authority is given the opportunity to purchase the property. Counties and municipalities are also given the opportunity to purchase the land for public benefit.

Senator Cavanaugh described his involvement with a committee tasked to look at the closing of the Sununu Center and during this process he was amazed at how many properties were available.

• Mr. Hackley described a vacant property in Manchester that is being used by un-housed people.

## Jared Nyland (DAS)

• DAS is neutral on the bill but does have concerns which are outlined in the written testimony that will be provided to the committee members.

# Speakers

	/12/2022	<u>Time: 10:40 a.m.</u>	Public Hearing on: SB359-FN
Please check b SPEAKING FA	ox(es) that apply. VOR <i>O</i> PPOSED	NAME (Please p	rint) REPRESENTING
		Sen. Becky Whitley	SD 15
		PATRICK HACKLEY	NH Div. OF FORESTS & G
		Steve LaBort	e NHDOT
		Sen. Perkis - X	woka
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## Senate Executive Departments and Administration Committee

Date: 01/12/2022	<u>Time: 10:40 a.m.</u>	Public Hearing on:	<u>SB359-FN</u>
Please check box(es) that apply. SPEAKING FAVOR OPPOSED	NAME (Please	e print) R	EPRESENTING
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## Senate Remote Testify

## Executive Departments and Administration Committee Testify List for Bill SB359 on 2022-01-12 Support: 27 Oppose: 0

Name	<u>Title</u>	Representing	<u>Position</u>
Rosenwald, Cindy	An Elected Official	SD 13	Support
Groh, Ellen	A Member of the Public	Myself	Support
Lessard, Gregory	A Member of the Public	Myself	Support
Halle, Jonathan	A Member of the Public	Myself	Support
Hrycuna, Paul	A Member of the Public	Myself	Support
Haggerty, Rosanne	A Member of the Public	Myself	Support
Tamposi, Joseph	A Member of the Public	Myself	Support
Eberth, John	A Member of the Public	Myself	Support
Reardon, Tara	A Member of the Public	Myself	Support
Gallagher, Kait	A Member of the Public	Myself	Support
Panagiotakos, Alexandria	A Member of the Public	Concord Area Trust for Community Housing	Support
Cicirelli, Kelli	A Member of the Public	Myself	Support
Fagan, Mark	A Member of the Public	Myself	Support
Leuchtenberger, Michael	A Member of the Public	- Myself	Support
Croft, David	A Member of the Public	Myself	Support
Carpenter, Herbert	A Member of the Public	Fellowship Housing Opportunities, Inc.	Support
Fries, Ellen	A Member of the Public	Myseif	Support
Cusson, Jeanne	A Member of the Public	Myself	Support
Farrell, Meghan	A Member of the Public	Myself	Support
Fries, David	A Member of the Public	Myself	Support
Brown, Stacey	An Elected Official	Myself	Support
Kenison, Frank	A Member of the Public	Myself	Support
Corriveau, Caroline	A Member of the Public	Myself	Support
Spern, Connor	A Member of the Public	Myself	Support
Litchfield, Brenda	A Member of the Public	Myself	Support
simchik, Michael	A Member of the Public	Myself	Support
Margolin, Elissa	A Lobbyist	Housing Action NH	Support

## Testimony

## New Hampshire Council on Resources and Development

NH Office of Strategic Initiatives 107 Pleasant Street, Johnson Hall Concord, NH 03301 Phone: 603-271-2155 Fax: 603-271-2615



TDD Access: Relay NH 1-800-735-2964

## New Hampshire Surplus Land Review Process

Before a state agency may dispose of state owned real estate, the proposal must undergo a review process beginning with the Council on Resources and Development (CORD). <u>RSA 4:40</u> requires CORD to advise the Long Range Capital Planning and Utilization Committee on any state agency request to dispose of a state owned property interest (with the exception of real estate purchased with state or federal highway funds or turnpike funds as outlined in <u>RSA 4:39-c</u> and <u>RSA 228:31-b</u>). Such property interests range from complete ownership (a so-called "fee simple" interest) to leases of space in a state-owned office building.

CORD is composed of the heads of twelve agency members, as identified in <u>RSA 162-C:1</u> (and listed below). CORD is chaired by the Director of the Office of Strategic Initiates (OSI) (formerly the Office of Energy and Planning) and OSI staff provides CORD's administrative support. CORD is required to meet at least quarterly, but generally meets every other month.

An agency request to dispose of state owned property is first circulated to CORD members in advance of CORD meetings for the purpose of allowing full and timely review of the disposal request. As a matter of standing CORD policy, members are provided with at least thirty days to review applications prior to CORD review.

Because RSA 4:40, I provides an option for acquisition of the property by the municipality or county in which the property is situated, both the municipality and the county are also notified of the CORD review process at the time materials are distributed to CORD members. In addition, the relevant regional planning commission is notified; this is not a statutory requirement, but is done to afford the opportunity to comment.

Three additional bodies are provided with the opportunity to comment on the land disposal process. Before state land may be recommended for disposal by CORD, the Rivers Management Advisory Committee (pursuant to RSA 483:14) and the Lakes Management Advisory Committee (pursuant to RSA 483:14) and the Lakes Management Advisory Committee (pursuant to RSA 483-A:5, II) both must review and make a recommendation on the proposal. The Public Water Access Advisory Board is also asked to review and comment upon proposals to dispose state property, as it serves as an advisory committee to CORD per RSA 233-A:2, II(c).

After CORD makes a recommendation, the proposal is submitted to the Legislative Long Range Capital Planning and Utilization Committee for its review and ultimate recommendation. Assuming that body's review and approval, the proposal is then submitted to the Governor and Executive Council.

In all instances, the New Hampshire Housing Finance Authority arguably has preemptive authority under <u>RSA</u> <u>204-D:2</u> to acquire state property, irrespective of RSA 4:40 and the CORD review process.

Regardless of the statutory route through which the state ultimately surpluses property, in all circumstances the decision to initiate the process lies with the agency controlling that property.

If you have any questions about CORD's role in the surplus land process, feel free to contact Michael Klass at 271-6651 or <u>michael.klass@osi.nh.gov</u>.



Senator Sharon Carson, Chair Senate Executive Departments and Administrative Affairs Committee State House 107 N. Main Street Concord, NH 03301

RE: SUPPORT for SB 359

Madame Chair and Members of the Committee:

Housing Action NH is a statewide coalition of 80 organizations united around affordable housing policy and ending homelessness in New Hampshire. Our members include those who develop, manage, own and finance affordable housing, public housing agencies, supportive housing agencies and homeless service providers. They are key partners in the work to address the housing crisis in New Hampshire.

Housing Action NH supports Senate Bill 359. As you know, New Hampshire is currently experiencing a severe housing shortage. Our statewide vacancy rate in below 1% and New Hampshire Housing estimates that we lack 20,000 overall units to address the needs of our economy. The good news is that there is growing political will and popular support for the development of more housing.

SB 359 would provide an important tool for those who are seeking available property for development. As we come together as a state to address the housing crisis, we should use every tool available to help address the short supply that is driving up housing costs.

Thank you for your serious consideration and ongoing service. We urge the Committee to find SB 359 *ought to pass.* 

Elissa Margolin Director <u>elissa@housingactionnh.org</u>

## **Chantell Wheeler**

From:Herb Carpenter <hcarpenter@fellowshiphousing.org>Sent:Wednesday, January 12, 2022 9:55 AMTo:Chantell WheelerCc:Herb CarpenterSubject:SB 359 Support - Written Testimony

As a resident of NH and the Executive Director of an local non-profit whose primary function is to provide housing to individuals living with severe and persistent mental illness I can say that this bill would be of tremendous help in efforts to locate available property quickly and efficiently in order to provide and support a "housing first" effort so that all the other factors impacting a person's well-being can be treated as well.

It seems that with very little lift both the State and the Community can benefit as a result of this initiative and so I encourage fellow associates, moreover our Legislators to support this important bill. Thank you for your work on this issue.

Herbert S Carpenter Executive Director Fellowship Housing Opportunities, Inc. 36 Pleasant St Concord, NH 03301

(603) 225-1767 X203 hcarpenter@fellowshiphousing.org



January 7, 2022

To the Honorable Members of the New Hampshire State Senate Executive Departments and Administration Committee

Re: SB 359-FN (Inventory of State Real Estate)

The Concord Coalition to End Homelessness (CCEH) supports SB 359-FN because it helps to address a significant hurdle that thwarts the development of new affordable housing units: identifying suitable, available property for development.

CCEH's mission is to work with community partners to:

- eliminate chronic homelessness;
- support and quickly re-house people who have recently become homeless; and
- build a system that effectively responds to the diverse needs of people experiencing homelessness.

Affordable housing developers are extremely important partners in CCEH's mission. In addition to creating new units to relieve the pressure on the rental housing market, they are also able to set aside units of new housing specifically for people experiencing homelessness.

In 2020, CCEH met with five affordable housing developers to discuss their partnership in this mission. (Concord Housing & Redevelopment, Families in Transition, the Caleb Group, CATCH Housing and Community Housing of Maine). When we asked them what would be the most effective role for CCEH to play, all of the affordable housing developers attending the meeting said one thing, "find the available land".

There are several factors that make it very difficult for affordable housing developers to secure property. Affordable housing projects should ideally be close to services and/or public transportation, and property in or around a city's core is extremely limited. When suitable land is available, market rate developers typically have far greater ability to absorb high land acquisition costs into the project. Finally, affordable housing developers often need a patient seller who is willing to delay closing while the developer goes through the protracted process of obtaining the subsidized financing. Conversely, many alternative project developers have immediate access to capital and are therefore a more attractive buyer to a seller.

The Concord Coalition to End Homelessness is a 501(c)(3) charitable organization. Donations are tax deductible to the extent allowed by law. No goods or services were provided in exchange for your donation.

If this legislation is enacted and the State of New Hampshire identifies surplus property, it will open opportunities for affordable housing developers to use these properties and have a meaningful impact on the housing and homelessness crisis in New Hampshire.

Respectfully submitted by,

Ellen Srol

Ellen Groh Executive Director



## STATE OF NEW HAMPSHIRE DEPARTMENT of NATURAL and CULTURAL RESOURCES DIVISION of FORESTS and LANDS

172 PEMBROKE ROAD CONCORD, NEW HAMPSHIRE 03301 PHONE: (603) 271-2214 FAX: (603) 271-6488 WWW.NH.GOV/NHDFL

January 12, 2022

The Honorable Sharon Carson, Chair New Hampshire State Senate Executive Departments & Administration Committee State House, Room 103 Concord, NH 03302

Re: SB 359 – An act requiring the commissioner of the department of administrative services to conduct an inventory of all state real estate.

Dear Chair Carson and Members of the Committee:

Thank you for the opportunity to testify on SB 359, an act requiring DAS to conduct an inventory of all state real estate. The Department of Natural and Cultural Resources, Division of Forests and Lands takes *no position* on this bill but offers the following comments.

The Division of Forests and Lands is the state agency charged with the execution of "all matters pertaining to forestry, forest management, and forestlands within the jurisdiction of the state. Our agency manages 218 state reservations (designated as either state forests, parks and natural areas) totaling approximately 170,000 acres.

Should SB 359 or some version of it become law, we wish to emphasize that ALL of the acreage currently under management by our agency is considered "in active use." The following statutes provide greater detail as to the public uses for which we manage:

Under **RSA Chapter 227-H:1 Declaration of Purpose** - It is hereby recognized and declared that stateowned reservations contribute to the conservation of natural resources and distinctive quality of life in the state. The public welfare of this state is served by the prudent acquisition and management of reservations to provide forest benefits and for the purposes of demonstrating sound forestry principles, protecting habitat for plants, animals, and other organisms, conserving forested watersheds, preserving areas of rare and exemplary natural beauty and ecological value, and providing for perpetual public access and use.

The aforementioned "forest benefits" are further defined in RSA 227-G:2:

"Forest benefits" include, but are not limited to, forest products, a viable forest-based economy, recreation opportunities, scenic values, healthful surroundings, climate mitigation, clean water, and biologically diverse populations of plants and animals.

Thank you for the opportunity to provide these comments. If I can provide additional information, please don't hesitate to contact me.

Respectfully,

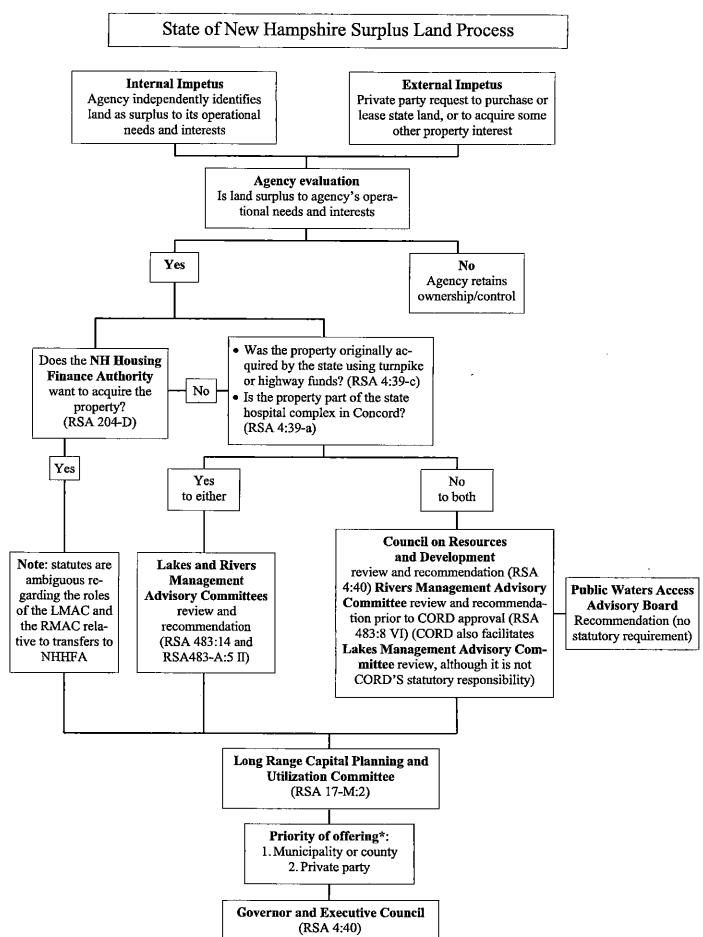
Fahich D. Hackley

Patrick D. Hackley Director, NH Division of Forests & Lands

cc: Sarah Stewart, Commissioner, DNCR

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Sec. 201



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#### TESTIMONY OF THE DEPARTMENT OF ADMINISTRATIVE SERVICES

#### SB 359 (2022)

DAS neither supports nor is opposed to the proposed legislation, but it has several concerns about its language and structure.

SB 359 includes a "purpose" section which suggests (without explanation) that the state's affordable workforce housing shortage can be addressed by publishing and maintaining an inventory of all State real property, which inventory requires for each individual real property asset a determination of whether "there are daily operations of the agency on that real estate" or whether it is "no longer needed by the state"—with no available middle ground except "not in active use." This will require active re-evaluation of each asset by the responsible agency on a regular basis, given that for some properties status will change over time. There also appear to be a lot of State real property assets that will fall into the "not in active use" category simply because there are not "daily operations" of an agency on the property. Most of the State highway rights-of-way would fall into that category, as would most State Forests, conservation easement properties, wildlife management areas, storage facilities, brownfields properties, and some State Parks. DAS suggests expanding the definition of "in active use" to include "held, managed, or used in furtherance of one or more of the responsible State agency's statutory purposes or functions."

DAS believes that other statutory and procedural mechanisms already exist to identify surplus State real property suitable for low and moderate income housing projects to the New Hampshire Housing Finance Authority, which has the power to request that the Governor and Executive Council transfer such property to it without charge and to make such property available for such housing projects. *See* RSA Chapter 204-D. DAS also notes that it already maintains the most comprehensive inventory available of all State real property assets in the form of the DAS Real Property Database, which is publicly accessible online and updated at least biennially by all State agencies having management responsibility for any State real property assets. The Database is used to comply with the mandatory reporting requirements of RSA 4:39-e, but it also includes other data fields in addition to those required by the statute—not all of which are currently populated for all asset records. One of those data fields that is not currently required by RSA 4:39-e is the "asset status" field, which includes among the available value options "active," "inactive," "surplus," and "disposed." At present these terms are not strictly defined for Database purposes and are therefore subject to the interpretation of each user agency. However, depending on the final purpose of the proposed legislation, population of the asset status field could be made mandatory and the values and definitions could be adjusted as appropriate.

DAS is opposed to the requirement contained in the bill to publish information on "known hazards, environmental or otherwise" associated with State real property assets. Such information is not currently collected or maintained. The bill seems to presume that such information is known to or easily discoverable by the agency responsible for a given property. However, the nature of such information tends to be fairly technical, such that even if "known" a particular hazard may not be so easy to accurately characterize or assess—especially by an untrained State employee. Environmental hazards also tend to change in character, degree, and sometimes location over time, and they can be expensive to assess. In fact, typically such hazards are only identified and assessed (and sometimes mitigated) in the context of a sale of the associated real property, and it is usually the buyer who is responsible for investigating potential environmental issues or hazards as part of its pre-purchase due diligence. Often a buyer will hire a professional environmental consultant or engineer to identify, characterize, assess, and sometimes mitigate a particular hazard. Assuming that there will not be sufficient funding appropriated to hire qualified environmental professionals to assess all "known" hazards associated with State real property on a regular basis, DAS does not believe that the State should be publishing information on such hazards due to the resulting implication that certain (professional) assessments have been made or analyses done, when they have not.

DAS notes that the use of the term "surplus" in the bill conflicts with existing statutes. The definition provided in the proposed legislation mirrors the language of RSA 4:40, which is the default surplus State real property disposal statute. However, the context is entirely different: the RSA 4:40 determination of whether a property is surplus is only made to commence the surplus real property disposal process. This bill would require State agencies to regularly evaluate every real property asset and make a determination of whether it is surplus outside of the context of the surplus real property disposal process. Because it would appear that most of such "surplus" properties are unlikely to be disposed of by the agency solely as a result of such classification, for most agencies and properties there remains the distinct possibility that the status could change again in the future along with the needs of the agency.

DAS notes that State agencies will only have less than 6 months after the legislation takes effect to evaluate all of their real property assets and make initial determinations about which are "surplus." This is a very short time horizon for any agency to complete such a new, introspective, and potentially consequential exercise—especially for an agency like DOT with over 1,000 real property assets or an agency like DAS which manages so many State buildings, not all of which are "in active use" at any given time.

Finally, the proposed legislation requires the inventory to be updated "on an ongoing basis." DAS suggests specifying a concrete time interval for regular updates, preferably biennially and not more often than annually given the current structure of the bill. Otherwise it will not be clear to agencies how often they need to evaluate and update all of their real property status classifications, and it may not be clear to persons accessing the data how current it is. Realistically, no State agency is currently equipped to update this data in real time, and it will be difficult under any circumstances to engage all agencies to update it more often than annually absent a compelling purpose.

If the intention is to compel agencies to publicly identify their "surplus" real property assets annually or biennially, then DAS suggests that the bill should narrow its focus accordingly. The other two status categories do not seem like they would be particularly meaningful as presently defined. If the intention is to create a public listing of State properties that are <u>available for sale</u> at any given time, then DAS suggests that the bill should focus on that even smaller subset of the overall State real property inventory. Currently such properties are only listed or advertised by the individual agency that is in the process of disposing of a State real property asset (or its broker), and most State agencies do not post such information on their web sites.

# Voting Sheets

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EXECUTI	VE SESSION RE	SCORD	
	2022 Session		
		Bill # 3335	G
Hearing date: $1/1/107$ Executive Session date: $1/7$	V		
Executive Session date: $\mathcal{V}2$	3/1012	-	~
Motion of: <u>JTL</u>		Vote: <u>3</u> -	2
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Motion of: <u>AMINAMEN</u>	t adots OTH	•	WB-2-3
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# Committee Report

### STATE OF NEW HAMPSHIRE

### SENATE

### **REPORT OF THE COMMITTEE**

## Wednesday, February 23, 2022

## THE COMMITTEE ON Executive Departments and Administration

to which was referred SB 359-FN

AN ACT requiring the commissioner of the department of administrative services to conduct an inventory of all state real estate.

Having considered the same, the committee recommends that the Bill

IS INEXPEDIENT TO LEGISLATE

BY A VOTE OF: 3-2

Senator John Reagan For the Committee

Chantell Wheeler 271-1403

## **Docket of SB359**

Docket Abbreviations

1

**Bill Title:** requiring the commissioner of the department of administrative services to conduct an inventory of all state real estate.

Official	Docket	of S	6B35	9.:

Date	Body	Description
12/17/2021	S	To Be <b>Introduced</b> 01/05/2022 and Referred to Executive Departments and Administration; <b>SJ 1</b>
12/21/2021	S	Hearing: 01/12/2022, Room 103, SH, 10:40 am; SC 50
3/9/2022	S	Committee Report: Inexpedient to Legislate, 03/17/2022; SC 11
3/17/2022	S	Inexpedient to Legislate, <b>RC</b> 13Y-11N, MA === BILL KILLED ===; 03/17/2022; <b>SJ 5</b>

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NH House	NK Senate
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## Other Referrals

Senate Inventory Checklist for Archives
Bill Number: SB 369 Senate Committee: FDA
Please include all documents in the order listed below and indicate the documents which have been included with an "X" beside
Final docket found on Bill Status
Bill Hearing Documents: {Legislative Aides}
Bill version as it came to the committee
All Calendar Notices
Hearing Sign-up sheet(s)
Prepared testimony, presentations, & other submissions handed in at the public hearing
/ Hearing Report
Revised/Amended Fiscal Notes provided by the Senate Clerk's Office
Committee Action Documents: {Legislative Aides}
All amendments considered in committee (including those not adopted):
<u></u>
- amendment # amendment #
Executive Session Sheet
Committee Report
Floor Action Documents: {Clerk's Office}
All floor amendments considered by the body during session (only if they are offered to the senate):
amendment # amendment #
• amendment # • amendment #
Post Floor Action: (if applicable) {Clerk's Office}
Committee of Conference Report (if signed off by all members. Include any new language proposed by the committee of conference):
Enrolled Bill Amendment(s)
Governor's Veto Message
All available versions of the bill: {Clerk's Office}
as amended by the senate as amended by the house
final version
Completed Committee Report File Delivered to the Senate Clerk's Office By:
(R/19) 31.122
Committee Aide Date
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Senate Clerk's Office

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