## LEGISLATIVE COMMITTEE MINUTES

# **HB503**

# Bill as Introduced

#### HB 503 - AS AMENDED BY THE HOUSE

8Apr2021... 0678h

#### 2021 SESSION

21-0659 05/10

HOUSE BILL

503

AN ACT

codifying the council on housing stability.

SPONSORS:

Rep. Long, Hills. 10; Rep. Wilhelm, Hills. 42

COMMITTEE:

Health, Human Services and Elderly Affairs

#### AMENDED ANALYSIS

This bill codifies the council on housing stability initially established by the governor in Executive Order 2020-22.

Explanation:

Matter added to current law appears in bold italics.

Matter removed from current law appears [in-brackets-and-struckthrough.]

Matter which is either (a) all new or (b) repealed and reenacted appears in regular type.

21-0659 05/10

#### STATE OF NEW HAMPSHIRE

#### In the Year of Our Lord Two Thousand Twenty One

AN ACT

codifying the council on housing stability.

Be it Enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Court convened:

1	1 Statement of Intent. The intent of the general court is to codify the council on housing
2	stability established by the governor in Executive Order 2020-22, to add additional members, and to
3	expand upon its existing duties to further address homelessness in New Hampshire.
4	2 New Chapter; Council on Housing Stability. Amend RSA by inserting after chapter 4-G the
5	following new chapter:
6	CHAPTER 4-H
7	COUNCIL ON HOUSING STABILITY
8	4-H:1 Council on Housing Stability Established. There is hereby established the council on
9	housing stability for the purpose of creating and implementing a plan to create housing stability for
10	all citizens of the state of New Hampshire.
11	4-H:2 Membership.
12	I. The initial members of the council on housing stability shall be those appointed by
13	Executive Order 2020-22 and shall serve at the pleasure of the governor as follows:
14	(a) Two individuals, one of whom shall be a parent and one of whom shall be a young
15	adult, who have current and/or recent lived experience with housing instability.
16	(b) Commissioners or executive directors, or their designees, of the following agencies:
17	(1) Department of health and human services.
18	(2) Department of education.
19	(3) Department of safety.
20	(4) Department of transportation.
21	(5) Department of business and economic affairs.
22	(6) Department of corrections.
23	(7) Department of employment security.
24	(8) Department of military affairs and veterans services.
25	(9) New Hampshire housing finance authority.
26	(10) Community development finance authority.
27	(c) The bureau chief of the bureau of housing supports.
28	(d) The director of the division of behavioral health services, or designee.
29	(e) The director of the division of economic and housing stability, or designee.
30	(f) The director of the division for children, youth and families, or designee.

## HB 503 - AS AMENDED BY THE HOUSE - Page 2 -

1	(g) One representative of each of New Hampshire's Continuum of Care, appointed by
2	each continuum.
3	(h) A representative of the New Hampshire Municipal Association.
4	(i) A representatives of a local educational agency.
5	(j) A representative of the department of education responsible for programs for children
6	experiencing homelessness.
7	(k) A representative of the NH Landlord Association.
8	(l) A representative of NH Builder's Association.
9	(m) A representative of local providers of housing services.
10	(n) A representative of Housing Action New Hampshire.
11	(o) A representative of a county economic development council.
12	(p) A representative of the Community Behavioral Health Association, appointed by the
13	association.
14	(q) A representative of the faith based community.
15	(r) A representative of a member agency of the NH Coalition Against Domestic and
16	Sexual Violence, nominated by the coalition.
17	(s) Two representatives of the philanthropic community with expertise in housing
18	instability.
19	(t) A representative of the business community with an interest in affordable housing.
20	(u) Three legislators, one appointed by the governor, one appointed by the senate
21	president, and one appointed by the speaker of the house of representatives.
22	(v) Any other individual or representative of an organization or entity that the governor
23	deems appropriate to support the work of the council.
24	(w) Three mayors, or their designees, representing different regions of New Hampshire.
25	(x) A representative from a law enforcement agency.
26	II. Additional members are appointed as follows:
27	(a) One representative of Waypoint, appointed by that organization.
28	(b) One representative of NAMI NH, appointed by that organization.
29	(c) One municipal welfare director, appointed by the New Hampshire Welfare
30	Association.
31	(d) One representative of Families in Transition, appointed by that organization.
32	(e) One representative of the Nashua Soup Kitchen and Shelter, appointed by that
33	organization.
34	(f) One representative of Harbor Homes, Inc., appointed by that organization.
35	(g) One representative of the New Hampshire Coalition to End Homelessness, appointed
36	by the coalition.
37	(h) One representative of the NH Providers Association, appointed by that organization.

(h) One representative of the NH Providers Association, appointed by that organization.

## HB 503 - AS AMENDED BY THE HOUSE - Page 3 -

1	(i) One representative of the New Hampshire Psychological Association, appointed by
<b>2</b>	the association.
3	III. The council is authorized to perform its work virtually. If physical meeting is necessary,
4	legislative members of the council shall receive mileage at the legislative rate when attending to the
5	duties of the council. The council may form subcommittees as necessary in the course of its work.
6	4-H:3 Duties; Quorum; Authority to Accept Grants.
7	I. The council on housing stability shall develop and monitor a plan which makes
8	recommendations to address and/or undertake the following:
9	(a) Necessary measures to strengthen New Hampshire's housing market and to create
10	housing stability for all citizens.
11	, (b) Conduct an affordable housing needs assessment in each county to determine the
12	housing deficit.
13	(c) The barriers to affordable housing and what can be done to remove such barriers.
14	(d) The necessary system of care to support individuals and families to obtain and
15	maintain stable housing.
16	(e) Integrate and coordinate a housing stability governance structure across state
17	government and connect to local communities by conducting ongoing needs assessment and strategic
18	planning.
19	(f) Enhance the interoperability of data systems within and across government agencies
20	to inform and monitor program and service access, equity, and quality.
21	(g) Have housing options available throughout citizens' lifespans, based on the needs
22	and desire people have at different times of their life.
23	(h) Develop a comprehensive update to the state's plan on homelessness which shall
24	include, but not be limited to:
25	(1) Reviewing the coordinated services currently administered in New Hampshire,
26	including outreach, treatment, and transitional to independence services.
27	(2) Reviewing housing availability for unsheltered individuals.
28	(3) Identifying the number of children experiencing homelessness, the adequacy of
29	available services, and shelter options.
30	(4) Identifying the number of veterans experiencing homelessness, the adequacy of
31	available services, and shelter options.
32	(5) Reviewing non-government service agencies and their involvement in their
33	communities.
34	(6) Identifying public and private programs that effectively address and prevent
35	homelessness, the ability of those programs to meet the need for assistance, and potential funding
36	sources for expansion, if appropriate

## HB 503 - AS AMENDED BY THE HOUSE - Page 4 -

(7) Reviewing the state of New Hampshire's regional capacity in shelters and

1

21

22

clerk, the governor, and the state library.

3 Effective Date. This act shall take effect upon its passage.

2 programs in addressing homelessness. 3 (8) Exploring national models that successfully address and mitigate homelessness. 4 II. The council on housing stability shall be led by the department of health and human 5 services, the department of business and economic affairs, and the New Hampshire community 6 development finance authority. 7 III. A majority of the appointed council members shall constitute a quorum and all official 8 actions of the council shall require a majority vote of those present and voting. 9 IV. The council may accept grants and other assistance to support its work, contingent upon 10 the approval of the governor and executive council. Such items may be brought forward by any state 11 agency that is represented on the council. 12 4-H:4 Reporting Requirement. 13 I. The council on housing stability shall submit its initial report and action plan, dated 14 December 14, 2020, to the speaker of the house of representatives, the president of the senate, the 15 house clerk, the senate clerk, and the state library. The council shall report its final plan to the 16 speaker of the house of representatives, the president of the senate, the house clerk, the senate 17 clerk, the governor, and the state library at its earliest convenience. 18 II. Thereafter, on or before November 1, the council shall provide an annual report of its 19 activities and the status of the plan to create housing stability for all citizens of the state to the 20 speaker of the house of representatives, the president of the senate, the house clerk, the senate

#### HB 503 - AS AMENDED BY THE SENATE

8Apr2021... 0678h 01/05/2022 2219s

#### 2021 SESSION

21-0659 05/10

HOUSE BILL

503

AN ACT ·

codifying the council on housing stability and relative to telehealth and medically

assisted treatment for substance use disorder.

SPONSORS:

Rep. Long, Hills. 10; Rep. Wilhelm, Hills. 42

COMMITTEE:

Health, Human Services and Elderly Affairs

#### AMENDED ANALYSIS

This bill:

I. Codifies the council on housing stability initially established by the governor in Executive Order 2020-22.

II. Removes certain in-person and physical location requirements for Medicaid reimbursement and under the controlled drug act, the nurse practice act and the physicians and surgeons act to allow for medically assisted treatment for substance use disorder through telemedicine.

\_\_\_\_\_

Explanation:

Matter added to current law appears in bold italics.

Matter removed from current law appears [in brackets and struckthrough.]

Matter which is either (a) all new or (b) repealed and reenacted appears in regular type.

8Apr2021... 0678h 01/05/2022 2219s

21-0659 05/10

#### STATE OF NEW HAMPSHIRE

#### In the Year of Our Lord Two Thousand Twenty One

AN ACT

codifying the council on housing stability and relative to telehealth and medically assisted treatment for substance use disorder.

Be it Enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Court convened:

1	1 Statement of Intent. The intent of the general court is to recommend to the executive branch
2	to sunset the council on housing stability established by the governor in Executive Order 2020-22
3	and to have the state council on housing stability reconstituted by the legislature for the purpose of
4	addressing housing instability in New Hampshire. In addition, it is the intent of the general court
5	that current members serving on the governor's council shall continue their membership and be
6	appointed to serve on the state council on housing stability established in this act.
7	2 New Chapter; Council on Housing Stability. Amend RSA by inserting after chapter 4-G the
8	following new chapter:
9	CHAPTER 4-H
10	STATE COUNCIL ON HOUSING STABILITY
11	4-H:1 State Council on Housing Stability Established. There is hereby established the state
12	council on housing stability for the purpose of implementing the plan to create housing stability for
13	all citizens of the state of New Hampshire.
14	4-H:2 Membership.
15	I. The initial members of the state council on housing stability shall be those appointed by
16	Executive Order 2020-22. Any subsequent vacancy shall be filled by the appointing entity. The
17	council shall be comprised of the following members:
18	(a) Two individuals, one of whom shall be a young adult, who have current and/or recent
19	lived experience with housing instability, appointed by the governor.
20	(b) Commissioners or executive directors, or their designees, of the following agencies:
21	(1) Department of health and human services.
22	(2) Department of education.
23	(3) Department of safety.
24	(4) Department of transportation.
25	(5) Department of business and economic affairs.
26	(6) Department of corrections.
27	(7) Department of employment security.
28	(8) Department of military affairs and veterans services.
29	(9) New Hampshire housing finance authority.

## HB 503 - AS AMENDED BY THE SENATE - Page 2 -

1	(10) Community development finance authority.
2	(c) The bureau chief of the bureau of housing supports, department of health and human
3	services.
4	(d) The director of the division of behavioral health services, or designee, department of
5	health and human services.
6	(e) The director of the division for children, youth and families, or designee, department
7	of health and human services.
8	(f) One representative of each of New Hampshire's Continuum of Care, appointed by
9	each continuum.
10	(g) A representative of the New Hampshire Municipal Association, appointed by the
11	association.
12	(h) A representatives of a local educational agency, appointed by the governor.
13	(i) A landlord, appointed by the governor.
14	(j) A real estate developer, appointed by the governor.
15	(k) Two representatives of local providers of housing services, appointed by the
16	governor.
17	(l) A representative of Housing Action New Hampshire, appointed by the association.
18	(m) A representative of a county economic development council, appointed by the
19	council.
20	(n) A representative of a regional planning council, appointed by the council.
21	(o) A representative of the Community Behavioral Health Association, appointed by the
22	association.
23	(p) A representative of the faith based community, appointed by the governor.
24	(q) A representative of a member agency of the NH Coalition Against Domestic and
<b>25</b>	Sexual Violence, appointed by the coalition.
26	(r) Two representatives of the philanthropic community with expertise in housing
27	instability, appointed by the governor.
28	(s) A representative of the business community with an interest in affordable housing,
29	appointed by the governor.
30	(t) Three legislators, one appointed by the governor, one appointed by the senate
31	president, and one appointed by the speaker of the house of representatives.
32	(u) Three mayors, or their designees, representing different regions of New Hampshire,
33	appointed by the New Hampshire Municipal Association.
34	(v) A representative from a law enforcement agency, appointed by the New Hampshire
35	Chiefs of Police Association.
36	(w) A representative from NAMI New Hampshire, appointed by the alliance.

### HB 503 - AS AMENDED BY THE SENATE

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

28

29

30

31

32

33

34

35

36

- Page 3 -II. The council is authorized to perform its work virtually. If physical meeting is necessary, legislative members of the council shall receive mileage at the legislative rate when attending to the duties of the council. The council may form subcommittees as necessary in the course of its work. 4-H:3 Duties; Quorum; Authority to Accept Grants. I. The state council on housing stability shall monitor and update the plan which makes recommendations to address and/or undertake the following: (a) Necessary measures to strengthen New Hampshire's housing market and to create housing stability for all citizens. (b) Conduct an affordable housing needs assessment in each county to determine the housing deficit. (c) The barriers to affordable housing and what can be done to remove such barriers. (d) The necessary system of care to support individuals and families to obtain and maintain stable housing. (e) Integrate and coordinate a housing stability governance structure across state government and connect to local communities by conducting ongoing needs assessment and strategic planning. (f) Enhance the interoperability of data systems within and across government agencies to inform and monitor program and service access, equity, and quality. (g) Have housing options available throughout citizens' lifespans, based on the needs and desire people have at different times of their life. (h) Develop a comprehensive state plan on homelessness. II. The state council on housing stability shall be jointly facilitated by the department of health and human services, the department of business and economic affairs, and the New Hampshire community development finance authority. The first meeting of the council shall be called by the legislative member appointed by the speaker of the house of representatives pursuant to RSA 4-H:2, I(t) within 45 days of the effective date of this section. III. A majority of the appointed council members shall constitute a quorum. All official actions of the council shall require a majority vote of those present and voting. IV. The council may accept grants and other assistance to support its work, contingent upon the approval of the governor and executive council. Such items may be brought forward by any state agency that is represented on the council. 4-H:4 Reporting Requirement. On or before November 1, 2022, and annually thereafter, the council shall provide an a report of its activities and the status of the plan to create housing stability
  - 3 Medicaid Coverage of Telehealth Services. Amend RSA 167:4-d, III(a)(2) to read as follows:

the house clerk, the senate clerk, the governor, and the state library.

for all citizens of the state to the speaker of the house of representatives, the president of the senate,

## HB 503 - AS AMENDED BY THE SENATE - Page 4 -

(2) By which telemedicine services for primary care[7] and remote patient
monitoring[, and substance use disorder services] shall only be covered in the event that the patient
has already established care at an originating site via face-to-face in-person service. A provider shall
not be required to establish care via face-to-face in-person service when:
(a) The provider is a Department of Veteran Affairs (VA) practitioner or VA-contracted
practitioner not required to obtain a special registration pursuant to 21 U.S.C. section 831(h);
(b) The patient is being treated by, and is physically located in a correctional facility
administered by the state of New Hampshire or a New Hampshire county;
(c) The patient is being treated by, and is physically located in a doorway as defined in
RSA 167:4-d, Π(c);
(d) The patient is being treated by and is physically located in a state designated
community mental health center pursuant to RSA 135; or
(e) The patient is being treated by, and physically located in, a hospital or clinic
registered in a manner fully consistent with 21 U.S.C. section 823(f); and
4 Controlled Drug Act; Prohibited Acts. Amend RSA 318-B:2, XVI to read as follows:
XVI.(a)(1) The prescribing of a non-opioid controlled drug classified in schedule $\Pi$ through
IV by means of telemedicine shall be limited to prescribers as defined in RSA 329:1-d, I and RSA
326-B:2, XII(a)[, who are treating a patient with whom the prescriber has an in person practitioner-
patient relationship, for purposes of monitoring or follow-up care. A provider shall not be required to
establish care via face to face in person service when:
(A) The provider is a Department of Veteran Affairs (VA) practitioner or VA-
contracted practitioner not required to obtain a special-registration pursuant to 21 U.S.C. section
<del>831(h);</del>
(B) The patient is being treated by, and is physically located in a correctional
facility administered by the state of New Hampshire or a New Hampshire county;
(C) The patient is being treated by, and is physically located in a doorway as
defined in RSA 167:4 d, II(e);
(D) The patient is being treated by and is physically located in a state designated
community mental health center pursuant to RSA 135; or
(E) The patient is being treated by, and physically located in, a hospital or clinic
registered in a manner fully consistent with 21 U.S.C. section 823(f)].
(2) Subsequent in-person exams shall be by a practitioner licensed to prescribe the
drug at intervals appropriate for the patient, medical condition, and drug, but not less than
annually.
(b)(1) The prescribing of an opioid controlled drug classified in schedule II through IV by
means of telemedicine shall be limited to prescribers as defined in RSA 329:1-d, I and RSA 326-B:2,

## HB 503 - AS AMENDED BY THE SENATE - Page 5 -

1	XII(a). [A provider shall not be required to establish care via face to face in person service
2	when:
3	(A) The provider is a Department of Veteran Affairs (VA) practitioner or VA
4	contracted practitioner not required to obtain a special registration pursuant to 21 U.S.C. section
5	<del>831(h);</del>
6	(B) The patient is being treated by, and is physically located in a correctional
7	facility administered by the state of New Hampshire or a New Hampshire county;
8	(C) The patient is being treated by, and is physically located in a Doorway as
9	defined in RSA 167:4-d, II(c);
10	(D) The patient is being treated by and is physically located in a state designated
11	community mental health center pursuant to RSA 135; or
12	(E) The patient is being treated by, and physically located in, a hospital or clinic
13	registered in a manner fully consistent with 21 U.S.C. section 823(f).
14	(2) Subsequent in-person exams shall be by a practitioner licensed to prescribe the
15	drug at intervals appropriate for the patient, medical condition, and opioid, but not less than
16	annually.
17	(c) The prescription authority under this paragraph shall be limited to a practitioner
18	licensed to prescribe the drug and in compliance with all federal laws, including the United States
19	Drug Enforcement Agency registration or waiver when required. [An initial face to face in person
20	exam shall be required with the exception of the locations enumerated in this paragraph.]
21	5 Physicians and Surgeons; Telemedicine. Amend RSA 329:1-d, III and IV to read as follows:
22	III. It shall be unlawful for any person to prescribe by means of telemedicine a controlled
23	drug classified in schedule II through IV, except substance use disorder (SUD) treatment [as
24	permitted in locations enumerated in paragraph IV]. Methadone hydrochloride, as defined in RSA
<b>25</b>	318-B:10, VII(d)(2) shall not be included in the exemption.
26	IV.(a)(1) The prescribing of a non-opioid controlled drug classified in schedule II through IV
27	by means of telemedicine shall be limited to prescribers as defined in RSA 329:1-d, I and RSA 326-
28	B:2, XII(a)[, who are treating a patient with whom the prescriber has an in person practitioner-
29	patient relationship, for purposes of monitoring or follow-up care. A provider shall not be required to
30	establish care via face to face in person service when:
31	(A) The provider is a Department of Veteran Affairs (VA) practitioner or VA-
32	contracted practitioner not required to obtain a special registration-pursuant to 21-U.S.C. section
33	<del>831(h),</del>
34	(B) The patient is being treated by, and is physically located in a correctional
35	facility administered by the state of New Hampshire or a New Hampshire county;
36	(C) The patient is being treated by, and is physically located in a Doorway as
37	defined in RSA 167:4-d, II(e);

## HB 503 - AS AMENDED BY THE SENATE - Page 6 -

1	(D) The patient is being treated by and is physically located in a state designated
2	community mental health center pursuant to RSA-135; or
3.	(E) The patient is being treated by, and physically located in, a hospital or clinic
4	registered in a manner fully consistent with 21 U.S.C. section-823(f)].
5	(2) Subsequent in-person exams shall be by a practitioner licensed to prescribe the
6	drug at intervals appropriate for the patient, medical condition, and drug, but not less than
7	annually.
8	(b)(1) The prescribing of an opioid controlled drug classified in schedule II through IV by
9	means of telemedicine shall be limited to prescribers as defined in RSA 329:1-d, I and RSA 326-B:2,
10	XII(a). [A provider shall not be required to establish care via face to face in-person-service when:
11	(A) The provider is a Department of Veteran Affairs (VA) practitioner or VA
12	contracted practitioner not required to obtain a special registration pursuant to 21 U.S.C. section
13	· <del>831(h);</del>
14	(B) The patient is being treated by, and is physically located in a correctional
15	facility administered by the state of New Hampshire or a New Hampshire county;
16	(C) The patient is being treated by, and is physically located in a doorway as
17	defined in RSA 167:4-d, II(e);
18	(D) The patient is being treated by and is physically located in a state designated
19	community mental health center pursuant to RSA 135; or
20	(E) The patient is being treated by, and physically located in, a hospital or clinic
21	registered in a manner fully consistent with 21 U.S.C. section 823(f).
22	(2) Subsequent in-person exams shall be by a practitioner licensed to prescribe the
23	drug at intervals appropriate for the patient, medical condition, and opioid, but not less than
24	annually.
25	(c) The prescription authority under this paragraph shall be limited to a practitioner
26	licensed to prescribe the drug and in compliance with all federal laws, including the United States
27	Drug Enforcement Agency registration or waiver when required. [An initial face to face in person
28	exam-shall be required with the exception of the locations enumerated in this paragraph.]
29	6 Nurse Practice Act. Amend RSA 326-B:2, XII(c) and (d) to read as follows:
30	(c) It shall be unlawful for any person to prescribe by means of telemedicine a controlled
31	drug classified in schedule II through IV except for use in substance use disorder treatment.
32	(d)(1) The prescribing of a non-opioid controlled drug classified in schedule II through IV
33	by means of telemedicine shall be limited to prescribers as defined in RSA 329:1-d, I and RSA 326-
34	B:2, XII(a)[, who are treating a patient with whom the prescriber has an in-person-practitioner
35	patient-relationship, for purposes of monitoring or follow-up care, or who are treating patients at a
36	state designated community-mental health center pursuant to RSA 135-C or at a Substance Abuse
07	and Mantal Harlth Commissa Administration (CAMUCA) contified state enjoid treatment program

## HB 503 - AS AMENDED BY THE SENATE - Page 7 -

1	and shall require an initial in person exam by a practitioner licensed to prescribe the drug
2	Subsequent in-person exams shall be by a practitioner licensed to prescribe the drug at intervals
3	appropriate for the patient, medical condition and drug, but not less than annually.
4	(2) The prescribing of an opioid controlled drug classified in schedule $\Pi$ through $\Pi$
5	by means of telemedicine shall be limited to prescribers as defined in RSA 329:1-d, I and RSA 326
6	B:2, XII(a)[, who are treating patients at a SAMHSA certified state opioid treatment program. Such
7	prescription authority shall require an initial in person exam by a practitioner licensed to prescribe
8	the drug and Subsequent in-person exams shall be by a practitioner licensed to prescribe the drug
9	at intervals appropriate for the patient, medical condition, and opioid, but not less than annually.
10	7 Effective Date. This act shall take effect upon its passage.

#### CHAPTER 251 HB 503 - FINAL VERSION

8Apr2021... 0678h 01/05/2022 2219s

#### 2022 SESSION

21-0659 05/10

HOUSE BILL

503

AN ACT

codifying the council on housing stability and relative to telehealth and medically

assisted treatment for substance use disorder.

SPONSORS:

Rep. Long, Hills. 10; Rep. Wilhelm, Hills. 42

COMMITTEE:

Health, Human Services and Elderly Affairs

#### **AMENDED ANALYSIS**

This bill:

I. Codifies the council on housing stability initially established by the governor in Executive Order 2020-22.

II. Removes certain in-person and physical location requirements for Medicaid reimbursement and under the controlled drug act, the nurse practice act and the physicians and surgeons act to allow for medically assisted treatment for substance use disorder through telemedicine.

\_\_\_\_\_\_

Explanation:

Matter added to current law appears in bold italics.

Matter removed from current law appears [in brackets and struckthrough.]

Matter which is either (a) all new or (b) repealed and reenacted appears in regular type.

#### CHAPTER 251 HB 503 - FINAL VERSION

8Apr2021... 0678h 01/05/2022 2219s

21-0659 05/10

#### STATE OF NEW HAMPSHIRE

#### In the Year of Our Lord Two Thousand Twenty Two

AN ACT

1

2

3 4

5

6

7 8

9

10

11

12 13

14

15

16 17

18 19

20 21

22

23

24

25

26

27 28

29

30

codifying the council on housing stability and relative to telehealth and medically assisted treatment for substance use disorder.

Be it Enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Court convened:

251:1 Statement of Intent. The intent of the general court is to recommend to the executive branch to sunset the council on housing stability established by the governor in Executive Order 2020-22 and to have the state council on housing stability reconstituted by the legislature for the purpose of addressing housing instability in New Hampshire. In addition, it is the intent of the general court that current members serving on the governor's council shall continue their membership and be appointed to serve on the state council on housing stability established in this act. 251:2 New Chapter; Council on Housing Stability. Amend RSA by inserting after chapter 4-G the following new chapter: **CHAPTER 4-H** STATE COUNCIL ON HOUSING STABILITY 4-H:1 State Council on Housing Stability Established. There is hereby established the state council on housing stability for the purpose of implementing the plan to create housing stability for all citizens of the state of New Hampshire. 4-H:2 Membership. I. The initial members of the state council on housing stability shall be those appointed by Executive Order 2020-22. Any subsequent vacancy shall be filled by the appointing entity. The council shall be comprised of the following members: (a) Two individuals, one of whom shall be a young adult, who have current and/or recent lived experience with housing instability, appointed by the governor. (b) Commissioners or executive directors, or their designees, of the following agencies: (1) Department of health and human services. (2) Department of education. (3) Department of safety. (4) Department of transportation. (5) Department of business and economic affairs. (6) Department of corrections. (7) Department of employment security.

(8) Department of military affairs and veterans services.

(9) New Hampshire housing finance authority.

(10) Community development finance authority.

#### CHAPTER 251 HB 503 - FINAL VERSION - Page 2 -

	· · •
1	(c) The bureau chief of the bureau of housing supports, department of health and human
2	services.
3	(d) The director of the division of behavioral health services, or designee, department of
4	health and human services.
5	(e) The director of the division for children, youth and families, or designee, department of
6	health and human services.
7	(f) One representative of each of New Hampshire's Continuum of Care, appointed by each
8	continuum.
9	(g) A representative of the New Hampshire Municipal Association, appointed by the
10	association.
11	(h) A representative of a local educational agency, appointed by the governor.
12	(i) A landlord, appointed by the governor.
13	(j) A real estate developer, appointed by the governor.
14	(k) Two representatives of local providers of housing services, appointed by the governor.
15	(I) A representative of Housing Action New Hampshire, appointed by the association.
16	(m) A representative of a county economic development council, appointed by the council.
17	(n) A representative of a regional planning council, appointed by the council.
18	(o) A representative of the Community Behavioral Health Association, appointed by the
19	association.
20	(p) A representative of the faith based community, appointed by the governor.
21	(q) A representative of a member agency of the NH Coalition Against Domestic and Sexual
22	Violence, appointed by the coalition.
23	(r) Two representatives of the philanthropic community with expertise in housing instability,
24	appointed by the governor.
25	(s) A representative of the business community with an interest in affordable housing,
26	appointed by the governor.
27	(t) Three legislators, one appointed by the governor, one appointed by the senate president,
28	and one appointed by the speaker of the house of representatives.
29	(u) Three mayors, or their designees, representing different regions of New Hampshire,
30	appointed by the New Hampshire Municipal Association.
31	(v) A representative from a law enforcement agency, appointed by the New Hampshire
32	Chiefs of Police Association.
33	(w) A representative from NAMI New Hampshire, appointed by the alliance.
34	II. The council is authorized to perform its work virtually. If a physical meeting is necessary,
35	legislative members of the council shall receive mileage at the legislative rate when attending to the duties
36	of the council. The council may form subcommittees as necessary in the course of its work.
37	4-H:3 Duties; Quorum; Authority to Accept Grants.
38	I. The state council on housing stability shall monitor and update the plan which makes

recommendations to address and/or undertake the following:

#### CHAPTER 251 **HB 503 - FINAL VERSION** - Page 3 -

- 1 (a) Necessary measures to strengthen New Hampshire's housing market and to create 2 housing stability for all citizens. (b) Conduct an affordable housing needs assessment in each county to determine the 3 4 housing deficit. (c) The barriers to affordable housing and what can be done to remove such barriers. 5 (d) The necessary system of care to support individuals and families to obtain and maintain 6 7 stable housing. Integrate and coordinate a housing stability governance structure across state 8 government and connect to local communities by conducting ongoing needs assessment and strategic 9 10 planning. (f) Enhance the interoperability of data systems within and across government agencies to 11 inform and monitor program and service access, equity, and quality. 12 (g) Have housing options available throughout citizens' lifespans, based on the needs and 13 14 desire people have at different times of their life. (h) Develop a comprehensive state plan on homelessness. 15 II. The state council on housing stability shall be jointly facilitated by the department of health and 16 human services, the department of business and economic affairs, and the New Hampshire community 17 18 development finance authority. The first meeting of the council shall be called by the legislative member 19 appointed by the speaker of the house of representatives pursuant to RSA 4-H:2, I(t) within 45 days of the 20 effective date of this section. III. A majority of the appointed council members shall constitute a quorum. All official actions of 21 22 the council shall require a majority vote of those present and voting. 23 IV. The council may accept grants and other assistance to support its work, contingent upon the 24

  - approval of the governor and executive council. Such items may be brought forward by any state agency that is represented on the council.

25

26

27

28

29

30

31

32

33 34

35

36

- 4-H:4 Reporting Requirement. On or before November 1, 2022, and annually thereafter, the council shall provide an a report of its activities and the status of the plan to create housing stability for all citizens of the state to the speaker of the house of representatives, the president of the senate, the house clerk, the senate clerk, the governor, and the state library.
  - 251:3 Medicaid Coverage of Telehealth Services. Amend RSA 167:4-d, III(a)(2) to read as follows:
- (2) By which telemedicine services for primary care[7] and remote patient monitoring[7] and substance use disorder services] shall only be covered in the event that the patient has already established care at an originating site via face-to-face in-person service. A provider shall not be required to establish care via face-to-face in-person service when:
- (a) The provider is a Department of Veteran Affairs (VA) practitioner or VA-contracted practitioner not required to obtain a special registration pursuant to 21 U.S.C. section 831(h);
- (b) The patient is being treated by, and is physically located in a correctional facility administered by the state of New Hampshire or a New Hampshire county;

#### CHAPTER 251 HB 503 - FINAL VERSION - Page 4 -

	30 .
1	(c) The patient is being treated by, and is physically located in a doorway as defined in RSA
2	167:4-d, II(c);
3	(d) The patient is being treated by and is physically located in a state designated community
4	mental health center pursuant to RSA 135; or
5	(e) The patient is being treated by, and physically located in, a hospital or clinic registered in
6	a manner fully consistent with 21 U.S.C. section 823(f); and
7	251:4 Controlled Drug Act; Prohibited Acts. Amend RSA 318-B:2, XVI to read as follows:
8	XVI.(a)(1) The prescribing of a non-opioid controlled drug classified in schedule II through IV by
9	means of telemedicine shall be limited to prescribers as defined in RSA 329:1-d, I and RSA 326-B:2,
10	XII(a)[, who are treating a patient with whom the prescriber has an in-person practitioner-patient
11	relationship, for purposes of monitoring or follow up care. A provider shall not be required to establish
12	care via face to face in-person service when:
13	(A) The provider is a Department of Veteran Affairs (VA) practitioner or VA-
14	contracted practitioner not required to obtain a special registration pursuant to 21 U.S.C. section 831(h);
15	(B) The patient is being treated by, and is physically located in a correctional facility
16	administered by the state of New Hampshire or a New Hampshire county;
17	(C) The patient is being treated by, and is physically located in a doorway as defined
18	in RSA 167:4-d, II(c);
19	(D) The patient is being treated by and is physically located in a state designated
20	community mental health center pursuant to RSA 135; or
21	(E) The patient is being treated by, and physically located in, a hospital or clinic
22	registered in a manner fully consistent with 21 U.S.C. section 823(f)].
23	(2) Subsequent in-person exams shall be by a practitioner licensed to prescribe the drug
24	at intervals appropriate for the patient, medical condition, and drug, but not less than annually.
25	(b)(1) The prescribing of an opioid controlled drug classified in schedule II through IV by
26	means of telemedicine shall be limited to prescribers as defined in RSA 329:1-d, I and RSA 326-B:2,
27	XII(a). [A provider shall not be required to establish care via face to face in-person service when:
28	(A) The provider is a Department of Veteran Affairs (VA) practitioner or VA-
29	contracted practitioner not required to obtain a special registration pursuant to 21 U.S.C. section 831(h);
30	(B) The patient is being treated by, and is physically located in a correctional facility
31	administered by the state of New Hampshire or a New Hampshire county;
32	(C) The patient is being treated by, and is physically located in a Doorway as defined
33	i <del>n RSA 167:4-d, II(c);</del>
34	(D) The patient is being treated by and is physically located in a state designated
35	community mental health center pursuant to RSA 135; or
36	(E) The patient is being treated by, and physically located in, a hospital or clinic
37	registered in a manner fully consistent with 21 U.S.C. section 823(f).]
38	(2) Subsequent in-person exams shall be by a practitioner licensed to prescribe the drug

at intervals appropriate for the patient, medical condition, and opioid, but not less than annually.

#### CHAPTER 251 HB 503 - FINAL VERSION - Page 5 -

(c) The prescription authority under this paragraph shall be limited to a practitioner licensed
to prescribe the drug and in compliance with all federal laws, including the United States Drug
Enforcement Agency registration or waiver when required. [An initial face to face in person exam-shall be
required with the exception of the locations enumerated in this paragraph.]
251:5 Physicians and Surgeons; Telemedicine. Amend RSA 329:1-d, III and IV to read as follows:
III. It shall be unlawful for any person to prescribe by means of telemedicine a controlled drug
classified in schedule II through IV, except substance use disorder (SUD) treatment [as permitted-in
locations enumerated in paragraph IV]. Methadone hydrochloride, as defined in RSA 318-B:10, VII(d)(2)
shall not be included in the exemption.
IV.(a)(1) The prescribing of a non-opioid controlled drug classified in schedule II through IV by
means of telemedicine shall be limited to prescribers as defined in RSA 329:1-d, I and RSA 326-B:2,
XII(a)[, who are treating a patient with whom the prescriber has an in-person-practitioner-patient
relationship, for purposes of monitoring or follow up-care. A provider shall not be required to establish
care via face to face in person service when:
(A) The provider is a Department of Veteran Affairs (VA) practitioner or VA-
contracted practitioner not required to obtain a special registration pursuant to 21 U.S.C. section 831(h);
(B) The patient is being treated by, and is physically located in a correctional facility
administered by the state of New Hampshire or a New Hampshire county;
(C) The patient is being treated by, and is physically located in a Doorway as defined
in RSA 167:4-d, II(c);
(D) The patient is being treated by and is physically located in a state designated
community mental health-center pursuant to RSA 135; or
(E) The patient is being treated by, and physically located in, a hospital or clinic
registered in a manner fully consistent with 21 U.S.C. section 823(f)].
(2) Subsequent in-person exams shall be by a practitioner licensed to prescribe the drug
at intervals appropriate for the patient, medical condition, and drug, but not less than annually.
(b)(1) The prescribing of an opioid controlled drug classified in schedule II through IV by
means of telemedicine shall be limited to prescribers as defined in RSA 329:1-d, I and RSA 326-B:2,
XII(a). [A provider-shall not be required to establish care via face to face in-person service when:
(A) The provider is a Department of Veteran Affairs (VA) practitioner or VA-
contracted practitioner not required to obtain a special registration pursuant to 21-U.S.C. section-831(h);
(B) The patient is being treated by, and is physically located in a correctional facility
administered by the state of New Hampshire or a New Hampshire county;
(C) The patient is being treated by, and is physically located in a doorway as defined
in RSA 167:4-d, II(c);
(D) The patient is being treated by and is physically located in a state designated
community-mental health center pursuant to RSA 135; or
(E) The patient is being treated by, and physically located in, a hospital or clinic
registered in a manner fully consistent with 21 U.S.C. section 823(f).]

#### CHAPTER 251 HB 503 - FINAL VERSION - Page 6 -

- (2) Subsequent in-person exams shall be by a practitioner licensed to prescribe the drug at intervals appropriate for the patient, medical condition, and opioid, but not less than annually.
- (c) The prescription authority under this paragraph shall be limited to a practitioner licensed to prescribe the drug and in compliance with all federal laws, including the United States Drug Enforcement Agency registration or waiver when required. [An initial face-to-face in person exam shall be required with the exception of the locations enumerated in this paragraph.]
  - 251:6 Nurse Practice Act. Amend RSA 326-B:2, XII(c) and (d) to read as follows:
- (c) It shall be unlawful for any person to prescribe by means of telemedicine a controlled drug classified in schedule II through IV *except for use in substance use disorder treatment*.
- (d)(1) The prescribing of a non-opioid controlled drug classified in schedule II through IV by means of telemedicine shall be limited to prescribers as defined in RSA 329:1-d, I and RSA 326-B:2, XII(a)[, who are treating a patient with whom the prescriber has an in-person-practitioner-patient relationship, for purposes of monitoring or follow-up care, or who are treating patients at a state designated community-mental health center pursuant to RSA 135-C or at a Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration (SAMHSA) certified state-opioid treatment program, and shall require an initial in-person exam by a practitioner licensed to prescribe the drug]. Subsequent in-person exams shall be by a practitioner licensed to prescribe the drug at intervals appropriate for the patient, medical condition and drug, but not less than annually.
- (2) The prescribing of an opioid controlled drug classified in schedule II through IV by means of telemedicine shall be limited to prescribers as defined in RSA 329:1-d, I and RSA 326-B:2, XII(a)[, who are treating patients at a SAMHSA-certified state opioid treatment program. Such prescription authority shall require an initial in-person exam by a practitioner licensed to prescribe the drug and] Subsequent in-person exams shall be by a practitioner licensed to prescribe the drug at intervals appropriate for the patient, medical condition, and opioid, but not less than annually.

251:7 Effective Date. This act shall take effect upon its passage.

Approved: June 24, 2022 Effective Date: June 24, 2022

## Amendments

Sen. Sherman, Dist 24 October 21, 2021 2021-2204s 05/10

#### Amendment to HB 503

1	Amend the title of the bill by replacing it with the following:
2	
3 4 5	AN ACT codifying the council on housing stability and relative to telehealth and medically assisted treatment for substance use disorder.
6	Amend the bill by replacing all after section 2 with the following:
7	
8	3 Medicaid Coverage of Telehealth Services. Amend RSA 167:4-d, III(a)(2) to read as follows:
9	(2) By which telemedicine services for primary care[,] and remote patient
10	monitoring[, and substance-use disorder-services] shall only be covered in the event that the patient
11	has already established care at an originating site via face-to-face in-person service. A provider shall
12	not be required to establish care via face-to-face in-person service when:
13	(a) The provider is a Department of Veteran Affairs (VA) practitioner or VA-contracted
14	practitioner not required to obtain a special registration pursuant to 21 U.S.C. section 831(h);
15	(b) The patient is being treated by, and is physically located in a correctional facility
16	administered by the state of New Hampshire or a New Hampshire county;
17	(c) The patient is being treated by, and is physically located in a doorway as defined in
18	RSA 167:4-d, II(c);
19	(d) The patient is being treated by and is physically located in a state designated
20	community mental health center pursuant to RSA 135; or
21	(e) The patient is being treated by, and physically located in, a hospital or clinic
22	registered in a manner fully consistent with 21 U.S.C. section 823(f); and
23	4 Controlled Drug Act; Prohibited Acts. Amend RSA 318-B:2, XVI to read as follows:
24	XVI.(a)(1) The prescribing of a non-opioid controlled drug classified in schedule II through
25	IV by means of telemedicine shall be limited to prescribers as defined in RSA 329:1-d, I and RSA
26	326-B:2, XII(a)[, who are treating a patient with whom the prescriber has an in person practitioner
27	patient relationship, for purposes of monitoring or follow-up care. A provider shall not be required to
28	establish care via face to face in person service-when:
29	(A) The provider is a Department of Veteran Affairs (VA) practitioner or VA
30	contracted practitioner not required to obtain a special registration pursuant to 21 U.S.C. section
31	<del>831(h);</del> -

## Amendment to HB 503 - Page 2 -

1	(B) The patient is being treated by, and is physically located in a correctional
2	facility administered by the state of New Hampshire or a New Hampshire county;
3	(C) The patient is being treated by, and is physically located in a doorway as
4	defined in RSA 167:4 d, II(e);
5	(D) The patient is being treated by and is physically located in a state designated
6	community mental health center pursuant to RSA 135; or
7	(E) The patient is being treated by, and physically located in, a hospital or clinic
8	registered in a manner fully consistent with 21 U.S.C. section 823(f)].
9	(2) Subsequent in-person exams shall be by a practitioner licensed to prescribe the
10	drug at intervals appropriate for the patient, medical condition, and drug, but not less than
11	annually.
12	(b)(1) The prescribing of an opioid controlled drug classified in schedule II through IV by
13	means of telemedicine shall be limited to prescribers as defined in RSA 329:1-d, I and RSA 326-B:2,
14	XII(a). [A provider shall not be required to establish care via face to face in person service
15	when:
16	(A) The provider is a Department of Veteran Affairs (VA) practitioner or VA
17	contracted practitioner not required to obtain a special registration pursuant to 21 U.S.C. section
18	<del>831(h);</del>
19	(B) The patient is being treated by, and is physically located in a correctional
20	facility administered by the state of New Hampshire or a New Hampshire county;
21	(C) The patient-is being treated by, and is physically located in a Doorway as
22	defined in RSA 167:4 d, II(e);
23	(D) The patient is being treated by and is physically located in a state designated
24	community mental health center pursuant to RSA 135; or
25	(E) The patient is being treated by, and physically located in, a hospital or clinic
26	registered in a manner fully consistent with 21 U.S.C. section 823(f).
27	(2) Subsequent in-person exams shall be by a practitioner licensed to prescribe the
28	drug at intervals appropriate for the patient, medical condition, and opioid, but not less than
29	annually.
30	(c) The prescription authority under this paragraph shall be limited to a practitioner
31	licensed to prescribe the drug and in compliance with all federal laws, including the United States
32	Drug Enforcement Agency registration or waiver when required. [An initial face to face in person
33	exam shall be required with the exception of the locations enumerated in this paragraph.]
34	5 Physicians and Surgeons; Telemedicine. Amend RSA 329:1-d, III and IV to read as follows:
35	III. It shall be unlawful for any person to prescribe by means of telemedicine a controlled

drug classified in schedule II through IV, except substance use disorder (SUD) treatment [es

#### Amendment to HB 503 - Page 3 -

1	permitted in locations enumerated in paragraph-IV]. Methadone hydrochloride, as defined in RSA
2	318-B:10, VII(d)(2) shall not be included in the exemption.
3	IV.(a)(1) The prescribing of a non-opioid controlled drug classified in schedule II through IV
4	by means of telemedicine shall be limited to prescribers as defined in RSA 329:1-d, I and RSA 326-
5	B:2, XII(a)[, who are treating a patient with whom the prescriber has an in person practitioner
6	patient relationship, for purposes of monitoring or follow up care. A provider shall not be required to
7	establish care via face to face in person service when:
8	(A) The provider is a Department of Veteran Affairs (VA) practitioner or VA-
9	contracted practitioner not required to obtain a special registration pursuant to 21 U.S.C. section
10	<del>831(h);</del>
11	(B) The patient is being treated by, and is physically located in a correctional
12	facility administered by the state of New Hampshire or a New Hampshire county;
13	(C) The patient is being treated by, and is physically located in a Doorway as
14	defined in RSA 167:4-d, H(e);
15	(D)-The patient is being treated by and is physically located in a state designated
16	community-mental-health-center pursuant to RSA 135; or
17	(E) The patient is being treated by, and physically located in, a hospital or clinic
18	registered in a manner fully consistent with 21 U.S.C. section 823(f)].
19	(2) Subsequent in-person exams shall be by a practitioner licensed to prescribe the
20	drug at intervals appropriate for the patient, medical condition, and drug, but not less than
21	annually.
22	(b)(1) The prescribing of an opioid controlled drug classified in schedule II through IV by
23	means of telemedicine shall be limited to prescribers as defined in RSA 329:1-d, I and RSA 326-B:2
24	XII(a). [A-provider shall not be required to establish care via face to face in person service when:
25	(A) The provider is a Department of Veteran Affairs (VA) practitioner or VA
26	contracted practitioner not required to obtain a special registration pursuant to 21 U.S.C. section
27	<del>831(h);</del>
28	(B) The patient is being treated by, and is physically located in a correctional
29	facility administered by the state of New Hampshire or a New Hampshire county;
30	(C) The patient is being treated by, and is physically located in a doorway as
31	defined in RSA 167:4-d, H(e);
3 <b>2</b>	(D) The patient is being treated by and is physically located in a state designated
33	community mental health center pursuant to RSA 135; or
34	(E) The patient is being treated by, and physically located in, a hospital or clinic
35	registered in a manner fully consistent with 21-U.S.C. section 823(f).

## Amendment to HB 503 - Page 4 -

(2) Subsequent in page of every shall be by a mostific of the state of
(2) Subsequent in-person exams shall be by a practitioner licensed to prescribe the
drug at intervals appropriate for the patient, medical condition, and opioid, but not less than
annually.
(c) The prescription authority under this paragraph shall be limited to a practitioner
licensed to prescribe the drug and in compliance with all federal laws, including the United States
Drug Enforcement Agency registration or waiver when required. [An initial face to face in person
exam shall be required with the exception of the locations enumerated in this paragraph.]
6 Nurse Practice Act. Amend RSA 326-B:2, XII(c) and (d) to read as follows:
(c) It shall be unlawful for any person to prescribe by means of telemedicine a controlled
drug classified in schedule II through IV except for use in substance use disorder treatment.
(d)(1) The prescribing of a non-opioid controlled drug classified in schedule II through IV
by means of telemedicine shall be limited to prescribers as defined in RSA 329:1-d, I and RSA 326-
B:2, XII(a)[, who are treating a patient with whom the prescriber has an in-person-practitioner-
patient relationship, for purposes of monitoring or follow up care, or who are treating patients at a
state designated community mental health center pursuant to RSA 135-C or at a Substance Abuse
and Mental Health-Services Administration (SAMHSA) certified state opioid treatment program,
and shall require an initial in person exam by a practitioner licensed to prescribe the drug].
Subsequent in-person exams shall be by a practitioner licensed to prescribe the drug at intervals
appropriate for the patient, medical condition and drug, but not less than annually.
(2) The prescribing of an opioid controlled drug classified in schedule II through IV
by means of telemedicine shall be limited to prescribers as defined in RSA 329:1-d, I and RSA 326-
B:2, XII(a)[, who are treating-patients at a SAMHSA certified-state opioid treatment program. Such
prescription authority shall-require an initial in person-exam by a practitioner licensed to prescribe
the drug and Subsequent in-person exams shall be by a practitioner licensed to prescribe the drug

at intervals appropriate for the patient, medical condition, and opioid, but not less than annually.

7 Effective Date. This act shall take effect upon its passage.

25

## Amendment to HB 503 - Page 5 -

2021-2204s

#### AMENDED ANALYSIS

This bill:

- I. Codifies the council on housing stability initially established by the governor in Executive Order 2020-22.
- II. Removes certain in-person and physical location requirements for Medicaid reimbursement and under the controlled drug act, the nurse practice act and the physicians and surgeons act to allow for medically assisted treatment for substance use disorder through telemedicine.

Sen. Gray, Dist 6 Sen. Sherman, Dist 24 October 22, 2021 2021-2206s 05/11



#### Amendment to HB 503

1	Amend the title of the bill by replacing it with the following:
2	
3 4	AN ACT codifying the state council on housing stability.
5 6	Amend the bill by replacing all after the enacting clause with the following:
7	1 Statement of Intent. The intent of the general court is to recommend to the executive branch
8	to sunset the council on housing stability established by the governor in Executive Order 2020-2.
9	and to have the state council on housing stability reconstituted by the legislature for the purpose of
10	addressing housing instability in New Hampshire. In addition, it is the intent of the general cour
11	that current members serving on the governor's council shall continue their membership and b
12	appointed to serve on the state council on housing stability established in this act.
13	2 New Chapter; Council on Housing Stability. Amend RSA by inserting after chapter 4-G th
14	following new chapter:
15	CHAPTER 4-H
16	STATE COUNCIL ON HOUSING STABILITY
17	4-H:1 State Council on Housing Stability Established. There is hereby established the stat
18	council on housing stability for the purpose of implementing the plan to create housing stability fo
19	all citizens of the state of New Hampshire.
20	4-H:2 Membership
21	T. The initial members of the state council on housing stability shall be those appointed b
22	Executive Order 2020-22. Any subsequent vacancy shall be filled by the appointing entity. The
23	council shall be comprised of the following members:
24	(a) Two individuals, one of whom shall be a young adult, who have current and/or recen
25	lived experience with housing instability, appointed by the governor.
26	(b) Commissioners or executive directors, or their designees, of the following agencies:
27	(1) Department of health and human services.
28	(2) Department of education.
29	(3) Department of safety.
30	(4) Department of transportation.
31	(5) Department of business and economic affairs.

## Amendment to HB 503 - Page 2 -

1	(6) Department of corrections.
2	(7) Department of employment security.
3	(8) Department of military affairs and veterans services.
4	(9) New Hampshire housing finance authority.
5	(10) Community development finance authority.
6	(c) The bureau chief of the bureau of housing supports, department of health and human
7	services.
8	(d) The director of the division of behavioral health services, or designee, department of
9	health and human services.
10	(e) The director of the division for children, youth and families, or designee, department
11	of health and human services.
12	(f) One representative of each of New Hampshire's Continuum of Care, appointed by
13	each continuum.
14	(g) A representative of the New Hampshire Municipal Association, appointed by the
15	association.
16	(h) A representatives of a local educational agency, appointed by the governor.
17	(i) A landlord, appointed by the governor.
18	(j) A real estate developer, appointed by the governor.
19	(k) Two representatives of local providers of housing services, appointed by the
20	governor.
21	(l) A representative of Housing Action New Hampshire, appointed by the association.
22	(m) A representative of a county economic development council, appointed by the
23	council.
24	(n) A representative of a regional planning council, appointed by the council.
25	(e) A representative of the Community Behavioral Health Association, appointed by the
26	association.
27	(p) A representative of the faith based community, appointed by the governor.
28	(a) A representative of a member agency of the NH Coalition Against Domestic and
29	Sexual Violence, appointed by the coalition.
30	(r) Two representatives of the philanthropic community with expertise in housing
31	instability, appointed by the governor.
32	(s) A representative of the business community with an interest in affordable housing
33	appointed by the governor.
34	(t) Three legislators, one appointed by the governor, one appointed by the senate
35	president, and one appointed by the speaker of the house of representatives.
36	(u) Three mayors, or their designees, representing different regions of New Hampshire

appointed by the New Hampshire Municipal Association.

#### Amendment to HB 503 - Page 3 -

1	(v) A representative from a law enforcement agency, appointed by the New Hampshire
2	Chiefs of Police Association.
3	(w) A representative from NAMI New Hampshire, appointed by the alliance.
4	II. The council is authorized to perform its work virtually. If physical meeting is necessary,
5	legislative members of the council shall receive mileage at the legislative rate when attending to the
6	duties of the council. The council may form subcommittees as necessary in the course of its work.
7	4-H:3 Duties; Quorum; Authority to Accept Grants.
8	I. The state council on housing stability shall monitor and update the plan which makes
9	recommendations to address and/or undertake the following:
ĺ0	(a) Necessary measures to strengthen New Hampshire's housing market and to create
l1	housing stability for all citizens.
12	(b) Conduct an affordable housing needs assessment in each county to determine the
13	housing deficit.
<b>l</b> 4	(c) The barriers to affordable housing and what can be done to remove such barriers.
ι5	(d) The necessary system of care to support individuals and families to obtain and
16	maintain stable housing.
17	(e) Integrate and coordinate a housing stability governance structure across state
18	government and connect to local communities by conducting ongoing needs assessment and strategic
19	planning.
20	(f) Enhance the interoperability of data systems within and across government agencies
21	to inform and monitor program and service access, equity, and quality.
22	(g) Have hoúsing options available throughout citizens' lifespans, based on the needs
23 _	and desire people have at different times of their life.
24	(h) Develop a comprehensive state plan on homelessness.
25	II. The state council on housing stability shall be jointly facilitated by the department of
26	health and human services, the department of business and economic affairs, and the New
27	Hampshire community development finance authority. The first meeting of the council shall be
28	called by the legislative member appointed by the speaker of the house of representatives pursuant
29	to RSA $4$ :H:2, $1$ (t) within 45 days of the effective date of this section.
30	III! A majority of the appointed council members shall constitute a quorum. All official
31	actions of the council shall require a majority vote of those present and voting.
32	IV. The council may accept grants and other assistance to support its work, contingent upon
33	the approval of the governor and executive council. Such items may be brought forward by any state
34	agency that is represented on the council.
35	4-H:4 Reporting Requirement. On or before November 1, 2022, and annually thereafter, the

council shall provide an a report of its activities and the status of the plan to create housing stability

#### Amendment to HB 503 - Page 4 -

- 1 for all citizens of the state to the speaker of the house of representatives, the president of the senate,
- 2 the house clerk, the senate clerk, the governor, and the state library.
- 3 3 Effective Date. This act shall take effect upon its passage.



Health and Human Services October 26, 2021 2021-2219s 05/11

#### Amendment to HB 503

1	Amend the title of the bill by replacing it with the following:
2	
3 4 5	AN ACT codifying the council on housing stability and relative to telehealth and medically assisted treatment for substance use disorder.
6	Amend the bill by replacing all after the enacting clause with the following:
7	imona the am of reputating an area the character and an area that the result in the re
8	1 Statement of Intent. The intent of the general court is to recommend to the executive branch
9	to sunset the council on housing stability established by the governor in Executive Order 2020-22
10	and to have the state council on housing stability reconstituted by the legislature for the purpose of
11	addressing housing instability in New Hampshire. In addition, it is the intent of the general court
12	that current members serving on the governor's council shall continue their membership and be
13	appointed to serve on the state council on housing stability established in this act.
14	2 New Chapter; Council on Housing Stability. Amend RSA by inserting after chapter 4-G the
15	following new chapter:
16	CHAPTER 4-H
17	STATE COUNCIL ON HOUSING STABILITY
18	4-H:1 State Council on Housing Stability Established. There is hereby established the state
19	council on housing stability for the purpose of implementing the plan to create housing stability for
20	all citizens of the state of New Hampshire.
21	4-H:2 Membership.
22	I. The initial members of the state council on housing stability shall be those appointed by
23	Executive Order 2020-22. Any subsequent vacancy shall be filled by the appointing entity. The
24	council shall be comprised of the following members:
25	(a) Two individuals, one of whom shall be a young adult, who have current and/or recent
26	lived experience with housing instability, appointed by the governor.
27	(b) Commissioners or executive directors, or their designees, of the following agencies:
28	(1) Department of health and human services.
29	(2) Department of education.
30	(3) Department of safety.
31	(4) Department of transportation.
32	(5) Department of business and economic affairs.

## Amendment to HB 503 - Page 2 -

1	(6) Department of corrections.
2	(7) Department of employment security.
3	(8) Department of military affairs and veterans services.
4	(9) New Hampshire housing finance authority.
5	(10) Community development finance authority.
6	(c) The bureau chief of the bureau of housing supports, department of health and human
7	services.
8	(d) The director of the division of behavioral health services, or designee, department of
9	health and human services.
10	(e) The director of the division for children, youth and families, or designee, department
11 _	of health and human services.
12	(f) One representative of each of New Hampshire's Continuum of Care, appointed by
13	each continuum.
14	(g) A representative of the New Hampshire Municipal Association, appointed by the
15	association.
16	(h) A representatives of a local educational agency, appointed by the governor.
17	(i) A landlord, appointed by the governor.
18	(j) A real estate developer, appointed by the governor.
19	(k) Two representatives of local providers of housing services, appointed by the
20	governor.
21	(l) A representative of Housing Action New Hampshire, appointed by the association.
22	(m) A representative of a county economic development council, appointed by the
23	council.
24	(n) A representative of a regional planning council, appointed by the council.
25	(o) A representative of the Community Behavioral Health Association, appointed by the
26	association.
27	(p) A representative of the faith based community, appointed by the governor.
28	(q) A representative of a member agency of the NH Coalition Against Domestic and
29	Sexual Violence, appointed by the coalition.
30	(r) Two representatives of the philanthropic community with expertise in housing
31	instability, appointed by the governor.
32	(s) A representative of the business community with an interest in affordable housing,
33	appointed by the governor.
34	(t) Three legislators, one appointed by the governor, one appointed by the senate
35	president, and one appointed by the speaker of the house of representatives.
36	(u) Three mayors, or their designees, representing different regions of New Hampshire,

appointed by the New Hampshire Municipal Association.

#### Amendment to HB 503 - Page 3 -

1 (v) A representative from a law enforcement agency, appointed by the New Hampshire  $^{2}$ Chiefs of Police Association. 3 (w) A representative from NAMI New Hampshire, appointed by the alliance. II. The council is authorized to perform its work virtually. If physical meeting is necessary, 4 5 legislative members of the council shall receive mileage at the legislative rate when attending to the 6 duties of the council. The council may form subcommittees as necessary in the course of its work. 4-H:3 Duties; Quorum; Authority to Accept Grants. 7 8 I. The state council on housing stability shall monitor and update the plan which makes 9 recommendations to address and/or undertake the following: 10 (a) Necessary measures to strengthen New Hampshire's housing market and to create 11 housing stability for all citizens. (b) Conduct an affordable housing needs assessment in each county to determine the 12 housing deficit. 13 14 (c) The barriers to affordable housing and what can be done to remove such barriers. (d) The necessary system of care to support individuals and families to obtain and 15 16 maintain stable housing. 17 (e) Integrate and coordinate a housing stability governance structure across state government and connect to local communities by conducting ongoing needs assessment and strategic 18 19 planning. 20 (f) Enhance the interoperability of data systems within and across government agencies 21 to inform and monitor program and service access, equity, and quality. 22 (g) Have housing options available throughout citizens' lifespans, based on the needs 23 and desire people have at different times of their life. 24 (h) Develop a comprehensive state plan on homelessness. 25 II. The state council on housing stability shall be jointly facilitated by the department of 26 health and human services, the department of business and economic affairs, and the New 27 Hampshire community development finance authority. The first meeting of the council shall be 28 called by the legislative member appointed by the speaker of the house of representatives pursuant 29 to RSA 4-H:2, I(t) within 45 days of the effective date of this section. 30 III. A majority of the appointed council members shall constitute a quorum. All official 31 actions of the council shall require a majority vote of those present and voting. 32 IV. The council may accept grants and other assistance to support its work, contingent upon 33 the approval of the governor and executive council. Such items may be brought forward by any state 34 agency that is represented on the council. 35 4-H:4 Reporting Requirement. On or before November 1, 2022, and annually thereafter, the

council shall provide an a report of its activities and the status of the plan to create housing stability

## Amendment to HB 503 - Page 4 -

1	for all citizens of the state to the speaker of the house of representatives, the president of the senate,
2	the house clerk, the senate clerk, the governor, and the state library.
3	3 Medicaid Coverage of Telehealth Services. Amend RSA 167:4-d, III(a)(2) to read as follows:
4	(2) By which telemedicine services for primary care[7] and remote patient
5	monitoring[, and substance use disorder services] shall only be covered in the event that the patient
6	has already established care at an originating site via face-to-face in-person service. A provider shall
7	not be required to establish care via face-to-face in-person service when:
8	(a) The provider is a Department of Veteran Affairs (VA) practitioner or VA-contracted
9	practitioner not required to obtain a special registration pursuant to 21 U.S.C. section 831(h);
10	(b) The patient is being treated by, and is physically located in a correctional facility
11	administered by the state of New Hampshire or a New Hampshire county;
12	(c) The patient is being treated by, and is physically located in a doorway as defined in
13	RSA 167:4-d, II(c);
14	(d) The patient is being treated by and is physically located in a state designated
15	community mental health center pursuant to RSA 135; or
16	(e) The patient is being treated by, and physically located in, a hospital or clinic
17	registered in a manner fully consistent with 21 U.S.C. section 823(f); and
18	4 Controlled Drug Act; Prohibited Acts. Amend RSA 318-B:2, XVI to read as follows:
19	XVI.(a)(1) The prescribing of a non-opioid controlled drug classified in schedule II through
20	IV by means of telemedicine shall be limited to prescribers as defined in RSA 329:1-d, I and RSA
21	326-B:2, XII(a)[, who are treating a patient with whom the prescriber has an in-person practitioner-
<b>22</b> .	patient relationship, for purposes of monitoring or follow up care. A provider-shall not be required to
23	establish care via face to face in person service when:
24	(A) The provider is a Department of Veteran Affairs (VA) practitioner or VA
25	contracted practitioner-not-required to obtain-a-special registration pursuant to 21 U.S.C. section
.26	<del>831(h);</del>
27	(B) The patient is being treated by, and is physically located in a correctional
28	facility administered by the state of New Hampshire or a New Hampshire county;
29	(C) The patient is being treated by, and is physically located in a doorway as
30	defined in RSA 167:4 d, II(e);
31	(D) The patient is being treated by and is physically located in a state designated
32	community mental health center pursuant to RSA-135; or
33	(E) The patient is being treated by, and physically located in, a hospital or clinic
34	registered in a manner fully consistent with 21 U.S.C. section 823(f)].
35 -	(2) Subsequent in-person exams shall be by a practitioner licensed to prescribe the
36	drug at intervals appropriate for the patient, medical condition, and drug, but not less than

37

annually.

### Amendment to HB 503 - Page 5 -

1	(b)(1) The prescribing of an opioid controlled drug classified in schedule II through IV by
2 `	means of telemedicine shall be limited to prescribers as defined in RSA 329:1-d, I and RSA 326-B:2,
3	XII(a). [A provider shall not be required to establish care via face to face in person service
4	when:
5	(A) The provider is a Department of Veteran Affairs (VA) practitioner or VA
6	contracted practitioner not required to obtain a special registration pursuant to 21 U.S.C. section
7	<del>831(h);</del>
8	(B) The patient is being treated by, and is physically located in a correctional
9	facility administered by the state of New Hampshire or a New Hampshire county;
10	(C) The patient is being treated by, and is physically located in a Doorway as
11	defined in RSA 167:4 d, II(e);
12	(D) The patient is being treated by and is physically located in a state designated
13	community mental health center pursuant to RSA 135; or
14	(E) The patient is being treated by, and physically located in, a hospital or clinic
15	registered in a manner fully consistent with 21 U.S.C. section 823(f).
16	(2) Subsequent in-person exams shall be by a practitioner licensed to prescribe the
17	drug at intervals appropriate for the patient, medical condition, and opioid, but not less than
18	annually.
19	(c) The prescription authority under this paragraph shall be limited to a practitioner
20	licensed to prescribe the drug and in compliance with all federal laws, including the United States
21	Drug Enforcement Agency registration or waiver when required. [An initial face to face in person
22	exam shall be required with the exception of the locations enumerated in this paragraph.]
23	5 Physicians and Surgeons; Telemedicine. Amend RSA 329:1-d, III and IV to read as follows:
24	III. It shall be unlawful for any person to prescribe by means of telemedicine a controlled
25	drug classified in schedule II through IV, except substance use disorder (SUD) treatment [as
26	permitted in locations enumerated in paragraph IV]. Methadone hydrochloride, as defined in RSA
27	318-B:10, VII(d)(2) shall not be included in the exemption.
28	IV.(a)(1) The prescribing of a non-opioid controlled drug classified in schedule II through IV
29 ′	by means of telemedicine shall be limited to prescribers as defined in RSA 329:1-d, I and RSA 326-
30	B:2, XII(a)[, who are treating a patient with whom the prescriber has an in person practitioner
31	patient relationship, for purposes of monitoring or follow-up care. A provider shall not be required to
32	establish care via face to face in person service when:
33	(A) The provider is a Department of Veteran Affairs (VA) practitioner or VA-
34	contracted practitioner not required to obtain a special registration pursuant to 21 U.S.C. section
35	<del>831(h);</del>
36	(B) The patient is being treated by, and is physically located in a correctional
37	facility administered by the state of New Hampshire or a New Hampshire county;

### Amendment to HB 503 - Page 6 -

1	(C) The patient is being treated by, and is physically located in a Deorway as
2	defined in RSA 167:4 d, H(e);
3	(D) The patient is being treated by and is physically located in a state designated
4	community mental health center pursuant to RSA 135; or
5	(E) The patient is being treated by, and physically located in, a hospital or clinic
6	registered in a manner-fully consistent with 21 U.S.C. section 823(f)].
. 7	(2) Subsequent in-person exams shall be by a practitioner licensed to prescribe the
8	drug at intervals appropriate for the patient, medical condition, and drug, but not less than
9	annually.
10	(b)(1) The prescribing of an opioid controlled drug classified in schedule II through IV by
11	means of telemedicine shall be limited to prescribers as defined in RSA 329:1-d, I and RSA 326-B:2,
12	XII(a). [A provider shall not be required to establish care via face to face in person service when:
13	(A) The provider is a Department of Veteran Affairs (VA) practitioner or VA
14	contracted practitioner not required to obtain a special-registration pursuant to 21 U.S.C. section
15	<del>831(h);</del>
16	(B) The patient is being treated by, and is physically located in a correctional
17	facility administered by the state of New Hampshire or a New Hampshire county;
18	(C) The patient is being treated by, and is physically located in a doorway as
19	defined in RSA 167:4-d, H(e);
20	(D) The patient is being treated by and is physically located in a state designated
21	community mental health center pursuant to RSA 135; or
22	(E) The patient is being treated by, and physically located in, a hospital or clinic
23	registered in a manner fully consistent with 21 U.S.C. section 823(f).]
24	(2) Subsequent in-person exams shall be by a practitioner licensed to prescribe the
25	drug at intervals appropriate for the patient, medical condition, and opioid, but not less than
26	annually.
27	(c) The prescription authority under this paragraph shall be limited to a practitioner
28	licensed to prescribe the drug and in compliance with all federal laws, including the United States
29	Drug Enforcement Agency registration or waiver when required. [An initial face to face in person
30	exam shall be required with the exception of the locations enumerated in this paragraph.
31	6 Nurse Practice Act. Amend RSA 326-B:2, XII(c) and (d) to read as follows:
32	(c) It shall be unlawful for any person to prescribe by means of telemedicine a controlled
33	drug classified in schedule II through IV except for use in substance use disorder treatment.
34	(d)(1) The prescribing of a non-opioid controlled drug classified in schedule II through IV
35	by means of telemedicine shall be limited to prescribers as defined in RSA 329:1-d, I and RSA 326-
36	B:2, XII(a)[, who are treating a patient with whom the prescriber has an in person practitioner-
37	nationt relationship for numacos of manitaring or follow up care or who are treating nationts at a

### Amendment to HB 503 - Page 7 -

state designated community mental health center pursuant to RSA 135-C or at a Substance Abuse
and Mental Health Services Administration (SAMHSA) certified state opioid treatment program
and shall require an initial in-person exam by a practitioner licensed to prescribe the drug]
Subsequent in-person exams shall be by a practitioner licensed to prescribe the drug at intervals
appropriate for the patient, medical condition and drug, but not less than annually.

(2) The prescribing of an opioid controlled drug classified in schedule II through IV by means of telemedicine shall be limited to prescribers as defined in RSA 329:1-d, I and RSA 326-B:2, XII(a)[, who are treating patients at a SAMHSA certified state opioid treatment program. Such prescription authority shall require an initial in person exam by a practitioner licensed to prescribe the drug and Subsequent in-person exams shall be by a practitioner licensed to prescribe the drug at intervals appropriate for the patient, medical condition, and opioid, but not less than annually.

7 Effective Date. This act shall take effect upon its passage.

### Amendment to HB 503 - Page 8 -

2021-2219s

#### AMENDED ANALYSIS

This bill:

- I. Codifies the council on housing stability initially established by the governor in Executive Order 2020-22.
- II. Removes certain in-person and physical location requirements for Medicaid reimbursement and under the controlled drug act, the nurse practice act and the physicians and surgeons act to allow for medically assisted treatment for substance use disorder through telemedicine.

# Committee Minutes

### SENATE CALENDAR NOTICE Health and Human Services

Sen Jeb Bradley, Chair Sen James Gray, Vice Chair Sen Kevin Avard, Member Sen Tom Sherman, Member Sen Rebecca Whitley, Member

Date: April 21, 2021

### **HEARINGS**

	Wednesday	04/28/2021				
	(Day)	(Date)				
Health and Human Services		REMOTE 000	9:00 a.m.			
(Name of	Committee)	(Place)	(Time)			
9:00 a.m.	HB 146	requiring health care providers to furnish upon ingredients contained in an injectable medicat recommended or administered.				
9:15 a.m.	HB 572	relative to pharmacist administration of vaccines and allowing a licensed advanced pharmacy technician to administer vaccines.				
9:30 a.m.	HB 131	relative to reporting of health care associated i	infections.			
9:45 a.m.	HB 503	codifying the council on housing stability.				

Committee members will receive secure Zoom invitations via email.

Members of the public may attend using the following links:

- 1. Link to Zoom Webinar: https://www.zoom.us/j/97247944129
- 2. To listen via telephone: Dial(for higher quality, dial a number based on your current location):

1-301-715-8592, or 1-312-626-6799 or 1-929-205-6099, or 1-253-215-8782, or 1-346-248-7799, or 1-669-900-6833

- 3. Or iPhone one-tap: 16465588656,,97247944129# or 13017158592,,97247944129#
- 4. Webinar ID: 972 4794 4129
- 5. To view/listen to this hearing on YouTube, use this link:

https://www.youtube.com/channel/UCjBZdtrjRnQdmg-2MPMiWrA

6. To sign in to speak, register your position on a bill and/or submit testimony, use this link: <a href="http://gencourt.state.nh.us/remotecommittee/senate.aspx">http://gencourt.state.nh.us/remotecommittee/senate.aspx</a>

The following email will be monitored throughout the meeting by someone who can assist with and alert the committee to any technical issues: <a href="mailto:remotesenate@leg.state.nh.us">remotesenate@leg.state.nh.us</a> or call (603-271-6931).

#### EXECUTIVE SESSION MAY FOLLOW

Sponsors:

HB 146

Rep. Comtois

Rep. Aron

Rep. Cushman

HB 572

Rep. Merchant

Sen. Prentiss

HB 131 Rep. Woods

HB 503

Rep. Long

Rep. Wilhelm

Kirsten Koch 271-3266

<u>Jeb Bradley</u> Chairman

### Senate Health and Human Services Committee

Kirsten Koch 271-3266

HB 503, codifying the council on housing stability.

**Hearing Date:** 

April 28, 2021

Time Opened:

9:53 a.m.

Time Closed:

10:14 a.m.

Members of the Committee Present: Senators Bradley, Gray, Avard, Sherman and Whitley

Members of the Committee Absent: None

Bill Analysis: This bill codifies the council on housing stability initially established by the governor in Executive Order 2020-22.

**Sponsors:** 

Rep. Long

Rep. Wilhelm

Who supports the bill: Rep. Pat Long, Hillsborough 10; Rep. Amanda Toll, Chesire 16; Rep. Safiya Wazir, Merrimack 17; David Tille, Harbor Care, Inc.; Karen Dewey; JB Bracket, NAMI-NH; Karen Guggisberg; Elizabeth Fenner-Lukaitis, David Bates; Matthew Richards; Susan Bruce; Eric Pospychala; Janet Lucas; Sara Johnson.

Who opposes the bill: Christine Santaniello, NH DHHS.

Who is neutral on the bill: Elissa Margolin, Housing Action NH.

**Summary of Testimony Presented:** 

### Representative Pat Long, Hillsborough 10

- Rep. Long said he represents Manchester in his district.
- Rep. Long said this bill improves the governor's council on housing stability
- Rep. Long said he defines homelessness in two categories:
  - o (1) Those living in the state with nowhere to call home. They live temporarily with friends and family.
  - o (2) Those living in encampments, tents, shelters, and in other areas across the state.
- Rep. Long said, people need a warm spot for when winter hits. The homeless population has increased during the pandemic. People did not want to take friends and family into their homes because of COVID-19.
- Rep. Long said, the state was granted \$40 million to be used on the homeless (\$10 million per year for four years). This bill ensures that public dollars spent at highest level and best use.

- Rep. Long, a state study alarms tidal waves of homelessness. No more studies need to be done on this.
- Rep. Long said, council meetings lean towards affordable housing options. I am of the opinion that affordable housing would not address the unsheltered. They have underlying mental health service needs and underlying substance use disorders.
- Rep. Long said, we have implemented tools for mental health and substance use disorder
  with the ten-year mental health plan. Now, we need affordable housing options. This bill
  adds more components.
- Sen. Avard asked, what is "the doorway?"
  - Rep. Long said, it is a 8:00am-5:00pm place for people with substance use disorder to get help.

### Christine Santaniello, DHHS

- Ms. Santaniello said, I appreciate the focus on housing stability and homelessness in the state, but the department respectfully opposes HB 503.
- Ms. Santaniello said, when this bill was first introduced there was a need to focus on homelessness, but since then, further efforts have gone into this. In November Governor Sununu created the council on housing stability.
- Ms. Santaniello said, there are a few problems. This is why we oppose:
  - o This bill is duplicative of the governor's executive order.
  - o This bill adds more people to the council. We already have 41 members. The proposed members to add are already duplicative of representatives we already have.
  - o Changes will slow down our plan. It is supposed to be completed in June 2021. Any midstream changes will hinder this plan.
  - o This bill will strain staff resources.
  - o There are already four primary work groups working to increase housing and decrease homeless. We are looking at plan and case management.
  - Outside of the members, there are also 80 people actively contributing to related work groups.
  - We have already spent countless hours on this plan. Members will be presenting the framework plan next week.
  - o We already have consultants and the board of housing involved. The council will then be looking at what was achieved, how to increase hosing, making a plan for the homeless, and what else needs to be done going forward.
- Ms. Santaniello said, each November the council will review the plan. There is no end date for the executive order or for the work of the council.
- Ms. Santaniello said, if anything, we recommend that you allow for the council to complete their next stage of work. Then they will put in legislation later, if needed.
- Sen. Gray asked, are you talking about Executive Order 2020-22?
  - o Ms. Santaniello said, yes.
- Sen. Avard asked, you said the council has 41 members and this bill would add duplicative members. Could you provide examples of duplicative members?

- o Ms. Santaniello said, the bill recommends someone from NAMI-NH but we have a community mental health center director. The bill also lists someone from Fit New Horizons, but we already have someone from that organization.
- Sen. Avard said, but NAMI-NH is in support of this bill though?
  - o Ms. Santaniello said, they may be, and that is fine. But adding more people to the 41 members we already have at this time is a lot. The council will look at membership and structure after the initial plan is done. We will review who is needed to help us carry out future work.

### Elissa Margolin, Director of Housing Action NH

- Ms. Margolin testified as neutral on this bill.
- Ms. Margolin said her testimony will provide context for this bill.
- Ms. Margolin said, when the pandemic hit it was scary for the homeless. Daily life became difficult. They could not seek out public bathroom facilities.
- Ms. Margolin said, there was courageous leadership and work at every level.
- We were able to implement a shelter modification program, decompression sites, and address operational needs. The department secured additional relief resources to allow for quarantine and isolation in the case of infections.
- Ms. Margolin said, NH did pretty well compared to other states, but we did see an increased number of the unsheltered.
- Ms. Margolin said, at the LSR deadline, we saw a flurry of legislation proposals to study this problem happening simultaneously. We are retrofitting initial proposals with this bill.

### David Tille, Veteran's Services, Harbor Care, Inc.

- Mr. Tille testified in support of the bill.
- Mr. Tille said, Harbor care is a designated member of the council of housing stability.
- Mr. Tille said, there needs to be a correction to Section 4-H(2) Membership. It now reads "one representative of Harbor Homes Inc." and it should read "one representative of Harbor Care, Inc."
- Mr. Tille said, Harbor Care is working on the forefront to end veterans' homelessness. We are very close to ending chronic homelessness in the greater Nashua area. We have resources but need assistance with landlords and securing handicap accessible housing for veterans.
- Mr. Tille said, we never closed during the pandemic. We had no serious outbreaks in our facilities.
- Sen. Avard said, you strongly support this, but DHHS says this is "overkill." Why do you think this bill is so important?
  - o Mr. Tille said, we are very pleased to see the state and governor putting such a high priority around homelessness and housing stability. Whether it is through this council, or through other entities that we serve on, we are pleased to see this effort being made.

### Senate Health and Human Services Committee

Kirsten Koch 271-4151

Amendment # 2021-2204s to HB 503, codifying the council on housing stability and relative to telehealth and medically assisted treatment for substance use disorder.

Hearing Date: October 26, 2021

Time Opened: 11:02 a.m. Time Closed: 11:16 a.m.

Members of the Committee Present: Senators Bradley, Gray, Sherman and Whitley

Members of the Committee Absent: Senator Avard

Bill Analysis: This bill codifies the council on housing stability initially established by the governor in Executive Order 2020-22.

**Sponsors**:

Rep. Long Rep. Wilhelm

Who supports the bill: John Williams, Department of Health and Human Services; Dr. David Gijsel, Better Life Partners; Steven Kelly, Better Life Partners; Jake Berry, New Futures; Lissa Mascio, Department of Corrections; Katie Mosh, Sulloway & Hollis

Who opposes the bill: None

Who is neutral on the bill: Lynne Sullivan, Groups Recover Together; Heather Prebish, Groups Recover Together

Summary of testimony presented:

### Senator Tom Sherman, District 24

- Introduced Amendment # 2021-2204s to HB 503.
- This amendment supports medication-assisted treatment, especially using Suboxone, for substance use disorder.
- During COVID, in person requirements for seeing providers and receiving coverage were suspended. Telehealth was an incredible success for people with substance use disorder. It provided access to effective treatment.
- When the emergency order was lifted, we lost that capacity. There was a significant drop off with access to MAT.
- This amendment drops the in-person visit requirement for Medicaid coverage.
- This amendment allows, under the Controlled Drug Act, for MAT to be initiated without a first-time face-to-face visit.
- This amendment has a very limited change requested by providers that are concerned about the drop-off in patient access for substance use disorder treatment.

### Dr. David de Gijsel, Better Life Partners

- Change is difficult. We have to be ready for when people need change. Telemedicine provides access for folks in rural areas of NH.
- During the pandemic when folks were able to engage with us by phone, we were able to get them on a lifesaving medication within hours and a majority of them are still with us recovering.
- At best we are only able to help people who reached out connect with a provider 70% of the time with in-person appointments.
- Please consider this amendment so we can provide timely care to those who need it.

### Steve Kelly, Chief Operating Officer, Better Life Partners

- This amendment will support recovery centers and providers around the state.
- Mr. Kelly shared an anecdote about a gentleman who had to drive from North Conway to Dover for substance use disorder treatment in-person. He ultimately had to wait several days to see a physician.
- This waiting time-period can be a matter of life and death.

### Heather Prebish, Licensed Clinical Health, Groups Recover Together

- Groups Recover Together is focused on providing high quality treatment in a timely manner for those in rural areas.
- A few years ago, NH ranked 49/50 in the United States for access to care. When someone wants treatment, they should be able to get it.
- We treat 10,000 people every week. We do drug screening, therapy, and other treatments.
- COVID brought uncertainty. The federal decision to expand access to care allowed
  providers to treat individuals for substance use disorder more easily. With telehealth we
  can reach many more individuals that need our services. We can resolve long existing
  disparities in access to care.
- Some providers preferred to work from home during the COVID pandemic.
- Telehealth allows individuals to get treatment in 24-48 hours as opposed to experiencing the 7 day wait time for in-person treatment in some places.
- Other states are doing this without concerns of quality of safety.

### Jake Berry, VP of Policy, New Futures

- We have seen first-hand how medications have successfully treated those with substance use disorders.
- NH was one of the only states to reduce overdoses during COVID 19.
- Since the emergency order has been lifted, we have seen increased burden and time constraints on those who are seeking and providing treatment.
- Telehealth access saves lives. Please pass this amendment.

Νίκ

Date Hearing Report completed: October 26, 2021

# Speakers

### **Senate Remote Testify**

### Health and Human Services Committee Testify List for Bill HB503 on 2021-04-Support: 14 Oppose: 1 Neutral: 0 Total to Testify: 3

<u>Name</u>	Email Address	Phone	<u>Title</u>	Representing	<u>Position</u>	Testifing
Long, Pat	Long55@comcast.net	603 668- 1037	An Elected Official	Hillsborough District 10	Support	Yes
Santaniello, Christine	CHRISTINE.SANTANIELLO@DHHS.NH.GOV	(603) 271-50	State Agency Staff	NH DHHS	Oppose	Yes
Tille, David	davidtillenh@gmail.com	603-496- 0987	A Member of the Public	Harbor Care	Support	Yes
Wazir, Safiya	Not Given	Not Given	An Elected Official	My Constituents	Support	No
Toll, Amanda	electamandanh@gmail.com	603,860,1994	An Elected Official	Myself	Support	No
Dewey, Karen	pkdewey@comcast.net	603.504.2813	A Member of the Public	Myself	Support	No
Brackett, JB	jbrackett@naminh.org	Not Given	A Member of the Public	NAMI New Hampshire	Support	No
Guggisberg, Karen	Not Given	Not Given	A Member of the Public	Myself	Support	No
Fenner-Lukaitis, Elizabeth	glukaitis@mcttelecom.com	Not Given	A Member of the Public	Myself	Support	No ,
Bates, David	debates70@gmail.com	603.456.2578	A Member of the Public	Myself	Support	No
Richards, Matthew	mricha711@gmail.com	603.854.3953	A Member of the Public	Myself	Support	No
Bruce, Susan	susanb.red@mac.com	Not Given	A Member of the Public	Myself	Support	No
Pospychala, Erin	erinmvp@gmail.com	603.526.7616	A Member of the Public	Myself	Support	No
Lucas, Janet	janluca1953@gmail.com	16037267614	A Member of the Public	Myself	Support	No
Johnson, Sara	Not Given	Not Given	A Member of the Public	Myself	Support	No

### Senate Health and Human Services Committee SIGN-IN SHEET

**Date:** 10/26/2021

**Time:** 11:00 AM

### HB 503 Amendment # 2021-2204s

	Name & Representing (please print neatly)					•
V	John Williams (For Dr. Bullard) DHHS	Support	Oppose	Speaking?	Yes	No.
	Lynne Sullivan - Groups Rec. Together	Support	Oppose	Speaking?	Yes	No □
V	Heather Probish Comps Rieson	¥Support	Oppose	Speaking?	Yes	N₀
V	Howher Probish Comps Resorted  David de Cijsel, Better Like Roofed  Steve Ckery, Bester Life Passure  Jake Berg, New Farms  Koketh. MOD, Sudany & HILD	Support	Oppose	Speaking?	Yes	No □
10	/ STEVE CKLLY BETTER / FE PALTURE	Support	Oppose	Speaking?	Yes	No
v	Jake Berry, New Eters	Support	Oppose	Speaking?	Yes	No □
	Koket. Mar, Suday & HID	Support	Oppose	Speaking?	Yes	No U
		Support	Oppose	Speaking?	Yes	No
		Support	Oppose	Speaking?	Yes	No
		Support	Oppose	Speaking?	Yes	No
		Support	Oppose	Speaking?	Yes	No
		Support	Oppose	Speaking?	Yes	No
		Support	Oppose	Speaking?	Yes	No
		Support	Oppose	Speaking?	Yes	No □
		Support	Oppose	Speaking?	Yes	No
		Support	Oppose	Speaking?	Yes	No □
		Support	Oppose	Speaking?	Yes	No
		Support	Oppose	Speaking?	Yes	No □
		Support	Oppose	Speaking?	Yes	No

### Senate Health and Human Services Committee SIGN-IN SHEET

Date: 10/26/2021

Time: 11:00 AM

### HB 503 Amendment # 2021-2204s

Name & Representing (please print neatly) Support Oppose Yes No Lissa Masois, Dept of Corrections Speaking? × Support Oppose Yes No Speaking? Support Oppose Yes No Speaking? Support Oppose Yes Νo Speaking? Support Oppose Yes No Speaking? Oppose Support No Yes Speaking? Support Oppose Yes No Speaking? Support Oppose No YesSpeaking? Support Oppose Yes No Speaking? Support Oppose YesNo Speaking? Support Oppose Yes No Speaking? Support Oppose Yes No Speaking?

# Testimony



Lori A. Shibinette Commissioner

Christine L. Santaniello Director

### STATE OF NEW HAMPSHIRE

### DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

### **DIVISION OF ECONOMIC & HOUSING STABILITY**

129 PLEASANT STREET, CONCORD, NH 03301 603-271-9404 1-800-852-3345 Ext. 9404 Fax: 603-271-4230 TDD Access: 1-800-735-2964 www.dhhs.nh.gov

April 28, 2021

Dear Senator Bradley and Senators of the Senate Health and Human Services Committee,

I appreciate the focus on homelessness and housing instability. However, the Department respectfully opposes HB 503. I believe this original bill was submitted when there was a need to focus on individuals experiencing homeless and those facing housing instability. There is still a need to focus on this population; yet since then, a significant amount of work and focus has gone to further efforts in the state. In November 2020, Governor Sununu signed Executive Order 2020-22, creating the Council on Housing Stability. HB 503 as presented, codifies the Executive Order, expands membership, and adds to the scope of the plan on homelessness. The problem with this and why we at the Department oppose HB 503 because at this time:

- o It is duplicative of the Executive Order and not necessary;
- It adds more people to the council. The current structure of the council has 41
  members and the additional recommended appointees are duplicative of current
  council representation;
- o It will slow down our very important work. We have already begun work on a comprehensive plan to address homelessness. This is due to be completed in June.
- There are 4 workgroups working towards a goal to increase housing stability and decrease homelessness. There are an additional 80 people active on workgroups (most are not Council members, but committed to the work).
- o The workgroup that is tasked with this has put in countless hours on this plan and is presenting the framework next month to the full Council. Changing mid-stream will delay the completion of this important plan. It is not necessary.

The Council, with philanthropic support, has the support of consultants, Corporation for Supportive Housing (CSH) to assist in the development of a plan. This plan will be submitted by the end of June and outline: what the Council has achieved, what needs to still be a focus, recommendations to increase housing stability, and a plan for homelessness. Each November, the Council is required to review the plan: the work being done to increase housing stability and decrease homelessness. There is no end to the Executive Order or the work of the Council. Changing the Council at this time is not necessary; this will strain staff resources, which will not help to solve the problem. I ask that the Council be allowed to complete the next stage of its work as planned.

The Council is co-led by DHHS, CDFA, and The Department of Business & Economic Affairs. The Council has established a website, <a href="https://nhchs.org/">https://nhchs.org/</a> where you can find the work thus far.

Thank you for your time. Please do not hesitate to reach out to me with any questions or concerns. I am happy to discuss this matter further.

Sincerely,

Christine L. Santaniello Director 603.271.5023- direct line 603.931.0344- cell



Representing
Alcohol & Other Drug Service Providers
in New Hampshire

Senator Jeb Bradley, Chair Senate Health & Human Services Committee Room 100, State House Concord NH 03301

April 27, 2021

Dear Senator Bradley and members of the Committee:

The NH Providers Association is writing to urge you to support HB 503, codifying the council on housing stability. We also want to briefly address the background of the council, because there was some confusion in the House when HB 503 went to the floor earlier this month and assertions were made that the council originated from Governor Sununu's emergency actions under Covid. As you know, some see those executive and emergency actions as over-reaching.

In fact, this council was originally the Interagency Council on Homelessness, established in a 2006 executive order issued by Governor Lynch. In November 2020, in response to a letter from New Hampshire's 13 mayors, Governor Sununu signed an executive order to expand the scope and membership of the council and rename it the Council on Housing Stability. Governor Sununu's action was in direct response to a problem that did not come about because of Covid but that has been exacerbated by it and become a crisis. We have all read about waitlists reported at homeless shelters over the past year and the number of available beds that have been reduced because of Covid. Added to this is the lack of affordable housing across the state of which we are all aware.

Our Association requested to be added as a member to the council in a House amendment because we recognize that homelessness is one of the largest determinants of successful recovery for people experiencing substance misuse and related health and behavioral health problems. Addressing homelessness with a renewed mission for the council and broadening its membership with additional health care, social service, municipal and State partners is critical, and needs to be advanced sooner rather than later. We support codifying the council, as set forward in HB 503, and look forward to working with members to develop solutions and recommendations for the Legislature to consider. Thank you for your consideration.

Sincerely,

Kerran Vigroux, Executive Director

In addition to the Providers Association, these organizations also urge your support of HB 503: NH Community Behavioral Health Association Waypoint NAMI-NH

### Kirsten Koch

From: Sent:

David Tille <d.tille@harborcarenh.org> Wednesday, April 28, 2021 8:31 AM

To:

Kirsten Koch

Subject:

HB 503: Testimony from David Tille, Director of Veteran Services, Harbor Care Testimony

in Support of HB 503

Good morning Chairman Bradley and Members of the Committee,

I am David Tille, Director of Veteran Services at Harbor Care testifying in support of HB 503 codifying the council on housing stability established by the governor in Executive Order 2020-22, to add additional members, and to expand upon its existing duties to further address homelessness in New Hampshire.

Harbor Care serves as a designated member on the council on housing stability. First, I would like to note a small modification/correction to Section 4-H:2 membership, Section II Additional members are appointed as follows (f) to read: "One representative of Harbor Homes, Inc. appointed by that organization" to be replace by "One representative of Harbor Care, Inc."

Harbor Care is the new shared name of Harbor Homes, Keystone Hall, Healthy at Home, the Harbor Care Health and Wellness Center, and the Southern NH HIV/AIDS Task Force. The name of Harbor Care more accurately reflects the scope of our high-quality services including: supportive housing, healthcare, mental healthcare, substance use treatment, veteran services, home care, and HIV/AIDS services.

Harbor Care is at the forefront in our efforts the end homelessness and providing stable housing and supportive services in the Granite State helping our neighbors most in need. Harbor Care strongly supports HB 503 codifying the council on housing stability for the purpose of creating and implementing a plan to create housing stability for all citizens of the state of New Hampshire.

Thank you for your time and consideration.

David Tille Director of Veteran Services Harbor Care, Inc.

The Partnership for Successful Living is now Harbor Care, the new shared name and brand of Harbor Homes, Keystone Hall, Harbor Care Health and Wellness Center, Healthy at Home and Southern NH HIV/AIDS Task Force. We have built success through innovation, collaboration and an unwavering commitment to our most vulnerable community members. Over the next months, we will continue our journey and become Harbor Care, a recognition of our roots, and a glimpse of where we are heading. Learn more at harborcarenh.org.

CONFIDENTIALITY NOTICE: This message is protected under the Federal regulations governing Confidentiality of Alcohol and Drug Abuse Patient Records, 42 C.F.R. Part 2, and the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996 ("HIPAA"), 45 C.F.R. Pts. 160 & 164 and cannot be disclosed without written consent unless otherwise provided for in the regulations. The Federal rules prohibit any further disclosure of this information unless a written consent is obtained from the person to whom it pertains. The Federal rules restrict any use of this information to criminally investigate or prosecute any alcohol or drug abuse patient. If you are not the intended recipient, please contact the sender by reply email and destroy all copies of the original message. All information contained herein is to be considered confidential and proprietary to Harbor Care. Any copying, forwarding, sharing or use of this information in any manner without written permission from an authorized Harbor Care representative is strictly prohibited.

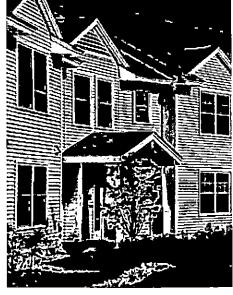


Ending Homelessness. Transforming Lives.









2020 Annual Report

# Our Impact

In 2020 Harbor Care supported more than 5,000 individuals and families in New Hampshire to access safe housing, medical and mental health care, substance misuse treatment, employment services, food, transportation and other critical supports.

1,000+

individuals and families at-risk of or experiencing homelessness accessed or maintained safe housing.

**57** 

people who were chronically homeless accessed permanent housing.

3,200

individuals, including **387 children**, received medical, mental health, and dental care.

206

individuals received home health care, allowing people to age in place and avoid hospitalization or institution.

**223** 

individuals living with HIV/AIDS accessed critical care and supports.

444

veterans and their families accessed secure housing, medical and mental health care, substance misuse treatment, employment services and other vital supports.

\$2,203,541

of free medical and home care provided to our most vulnerable community members.

625

community members entered substance misuse treatment services, including at our Cynthia Day Family Center for pregnant and parenting women.

13

substance misuse Recovery Center Organizations across NH received training and capacity-building, enrolling 1,682 individuals in recovery care.

### Major Outcomes in Greater Nashua:

43%

reduction in annual opioid overdoses and 50% reduction in overdose deaths since 2016.

11

years with no individuals living with HIV/AIDS in long-term, unsheltered homelessness.

85%

decrease in chronic homelessness over the past decade.

4

years of effectively ending veteran homelessness.

# Modeino for a Driebtor D

### Working for a Brighter Future

### Mike moved into his own apartment just before last Thanksgiving.

He had spent the past two years living under the Pine St. Extension Bridge in Nashua. Mike knew he couldn't survive another winter there, so he reached out for help.

Every day, individuals like Mike walk through our doors in crisis. It's community support and collaboration that help create stability and opportunity. Together, we offer hope that a brighter future is within reach.

While no one is immune to the challenges and tragedy of this pandemic, our most vulnerable community members are significantly impacted.

Thanks to community support, we are able to respond to these challenges. This includes helping more than 1,000 people at-risk of or experiencing homelessness to access safe housing. Delivering primary, mental health and home care to more than 3,400 individuals and families; and providing substance misuse treatment and recovery services to nearly 700 individuals.

At Harbor Care, we've developed a successful model of care, integrating stable housing with vital supports, that creates a foundation for lasting change in people's lives. It starts with the dignity of a home.

As we move forth in 2021, we will build off of the resilience, innovation and success of 2020, with focus on three key initiatives: (1) continued vigilance and response to the evolving pandemic, including administering the COVID-19 vaccine; (2) ending chronic homelessness in Nashua; and (3) ending veteran homelessness across New Hampshire.

We are proud of how the organization, our donors, and our staff have responded to COVID-19. Even more so, we're inspired by the perseverance of individuals, like Mike, whom we serve.

As you read through this report, please take pride in the impact your support has had. Thanks to your commitment, for individuals like Mike, a brighter future is within reach.

Warm Regards,

Peter Kelleher
President and CEO

Kelleher

Dan Sallet
Board Chair

WSallit



### Milestones: 2020



### From PSL to Harbor Care

In 2020, the agencies of the Partnership for Successful Living – Harbor Homes, Keystone Hall, Southern NH HIV/AIDS Task Force, and Healthy at Home – became Harbor Care. Through unification, we share the strengths of our respective initiatives while enhancing the effectiveness of service integration to provide a whole-person approach to the people we serve.



### **Envision Center**

Harbor Care became the first agency in New Hampshire designated an EnVision Center by the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development. Envision Centers are service hubs that bring community supports together to create greater access, continuity and integration to support four key pillars: economic empowerment; educational advancement; health and wellness; self-advocacy and leadership.



### Increased Access to Care

To rapidly respond to COVID-19, we quickly implemented telehealth to remain safely connected to clients and patients. Telehealth – once a dream of the organization to overcome service barriers like transportation and child care among those we serve – became a primary method of care, with great success!



### Housing Expansion

Harbor Care secured 124 federal housing vouchers, and increased temporary housing supports for at-risk and homeless veteran households. Fifteen apartments were purchased or repurposed to meet the incredible demand for Permanent Supportive Housing, including a 9-unit apartment building in Nashua, supporting our efforts to end chronic homelessness in the city.



### Critical Care for Rural Veterans

Boulder Point, our veteran housing complex in Plymouth added critical capacity in response to COVID-19. With support from Swim with a Mission, we built an annex for safe service delivery for 30 veterans and their families. Residents accessed mental health services, substance misuse treatment, financial counseling and assistance, and employment services.



### Dignity of Home

Harbor Care launched *Dignity of Home*, a fundraising initiative in collaboration with a local community group, the Ending Homelessness Committee, to support ending chronic homelessness in Nashua. Thanks to generous community support, the campaign raised more than \$100,000.

# Her Last Winter in a Tent: Ending Chronic Homelessness in Greater Nashua

Last winter Maria was living in a tent, struggling with chronic homelessness while trying to manage her recovery from substance misuse. Hope was hard to come by. Reuniting with her daughter, Isabella, is what pushed her forward.

That's when Karen, a Harbor Care outreach team member, connected with Maria. After building trust over a few visits, they worked out a plan. Soon, Maria had a housing voucher, and was ready to access safe, stable housing. With a commitment to sobriety, she was finally on a path to reuniting with Isabella.

Then COVID-19 disrupted everything. Getting access to an apartment was tough amidst a state shutdown, but, with Karen's persistent help, they found a way. In May, Maria moved into her own place.

In 2020, amidst a pandemic, our frontline housing team helped move 57 individuals who were chronically homeless, including Maria, into permanent housing. By year's end there were only about 12 individuals who remained chronically homeless in Nashua and the goal of ending chronic homelessness very much in sight.



85% decrease in chronic homelessness in Nashua in the past decade



I have an absolutely amazing case worker that pulled things together when it seemed impossible. She went above and beyond to get me out of that tent and cold and into a warm home. The one thing that kept me hanging on was my precious daughter and the thought of never cooking her a meal or tucking her in at night again.



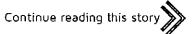


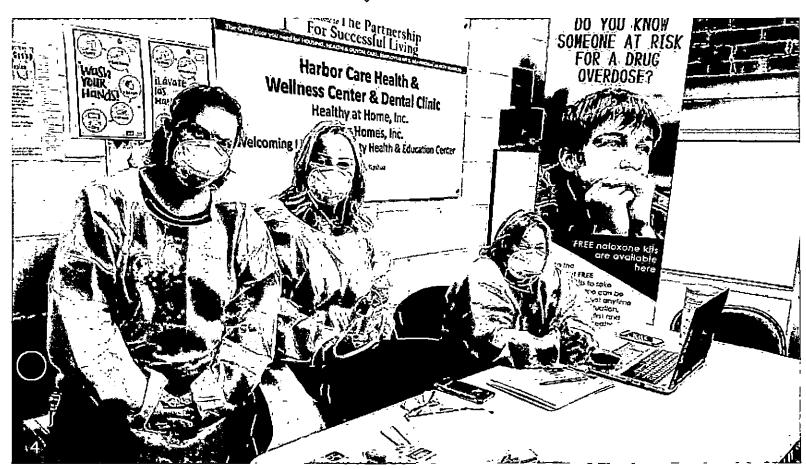
### COVID-19: Response and Resilience

Harbor Care has been at the forefront of many of the most pressing public health challenges over the last four decades, addressing chronic homelessness, HIV/AIDS, mental illness, and substance misuse.

COVID-19 presented an extraordinary challenge. Our staff rose to the occasion to fulfill our mission and to keep our clients and community safe. Thanks to the outpouring of community and funder support, our services remained open as we adapted and innovated programs.







- Harbor Care Health & Wellness
   Center the only stand-alone
   Federally Qualified Health Center
   for the Homeless in New Hampshire
   and its team of nurses, doctors,
   clinicians and dentist delivered critical
   primary, behavioral and dental care.
- Our mobile clinic van was repurposed for safe COVID-19 testing, supporting our ability to provide 1,170 tests.
- Our home healthcare workers ensured vulnerable individuals could live at home, and avoid hospitalization, while still accessing care.
- We rapidly increased our capacity to provide telehealth services, delivering vital supports through remote therapy, coaching, and service coordination.

- Our four dedicated Veteran First housing complexes and six 24-hour residential care facilities worked tirelessly to deliver supports, while ensuring safety, including our substance misuse treatment at Keystone Hall and Cynthia Day Family Center for mothers and their young children.
- Our housing supports and homelessness prevention teams ensured community members had safe, secure housing. This included moving 57 individuals who were chronically homeless into permanent housing.
- We established an assistance fund to help clients with minutes and phones to maintain telehealth visits, and secure food, medication, and transportation.









# A Continued Commitment to Serve: Veterans Helping Veterans

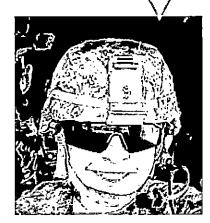
Katie Paciulan and
Oswaldo Pereira are case
managers with Harbor Care's
Veterans FIRST program. They
are also U.S. Army veterans
themselves, both having served
in Iraq. Katie served in the
military police with the 630th
MP Co & 793rd MP BN. Oswaldo
served as a combat medic,
serving in both the 7th Calvary
and 6th Infantry Regiments.

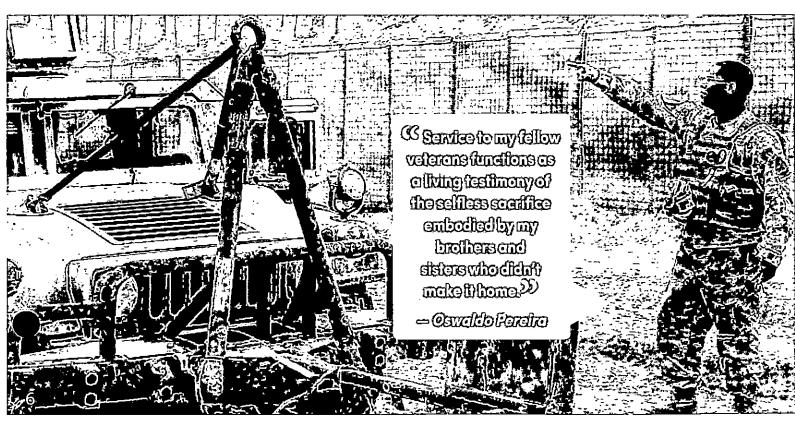
Today they help fellow veterans to access safe and affordable housing and connect them to additional services and supports. Katie and Oswaldo are two of more than twenty Harbor Care staff who are veterans, committed to serving their fellow

servicepersons, and those in need.

Harbor Care is a leading provider of support services for veterans in New Hampshire, serving about 450 veterans and their families throughout the state each year. Last year, we helped 261 veterans who were homeless access stable housing. In Greater Nashua, where our programming began, veteran homelessness was effectively ended in 2017. This means over the last four years our integrated supports have helped veteran households who became homeless to quickly move into housing and achieve stability.

bnodosieudi Descriticación en descriticación de la contraction de







### Core Services

### Healthy at Home

Everyday, our home healthcare staff ensure the health, wellbeing and independence of hundreds of vulnerable individuals in our community who are homebound, low-income and underinsured. In 2020, Healthy at Home delivered home health care, companionship and dignity to 206 individuals, including more than \$325,000 in free care, allowing individuals to age safely in place. The individuals we serve cannot afford to pay out-of-pocket or for add-on insurance to receive this care. Without Healthy at Home, many would be forced into long-term care facilities, where some of the most devastating impacts of COVID-19 have occurred.



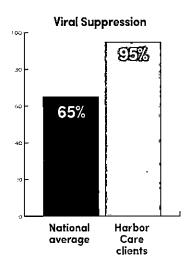


### Addressing HIV/AIDS in our Community Starts with a Home

Our HIV/AIDS Task Force plays a leading role in the state's effort to end the spread of HIV/AIDS. The Task Force supports extremely at-risk individuals living with HIV/AIDS, who also experience poverty, struggle with addiction, and manage mental illness. Daily medication treatment is vital to viral suppression and stopping the spread of the disease.

Having a home and supports are critical to ensure individuals access care and realize stability. Last year we worked with 223 individuals living with HIV/AIDS to access housing, medical and mental health care, transportation, food, and peer supports.

Ninety-five percent (95%) of clients we served achieved viral suppression, compared to about 65% national average.





# Housing and Integrated Care Equal Success: Tanya's Recovery Journey

We first met Tanya in a moment of crisis. She was sitting on the sidewalk outside Hillsborough Superior Court in Nashua. Struggling with alcohol and substance misuse, Tanya spent time in jail and a psychiatric unit after an attempted overdose. She was living in her car, emaciated and desperate for support.

"I was on a mission to kill myself, and it wasn't working," recalls Tanya.

Like so many people we serve, Tanya's case was complicated. She was in need of multiple services to address the underlying challenges that brought her to homelessness.

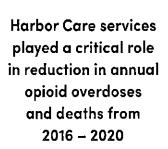
Tanya began by accessing our temporary crisis housing and then Keystone Hall, our substance misuse treatment and recovery services. Working with her support team, she accessed additional supports, including mental health care. After successfully completing the program, Tanya moved into our transitional housing, where she stayed sober, got her driver's license back, and earned her GED and LNA license. Then Tanya moved into permanent housing.

Tanya's path to sobriety and a new life, like so many, had moments where she thought about returning to drug misuse.

"I honestly don't think I would have gotten through that time without the staff and fellow clients. I really wanted to leave." Yet Tanya persevered.

Tanya is now on her way to obtaining her associate degree in human services. Her goal is to become a social worker and Licensed Alcohol and Drug Counselor.







Reduction in overdoses



### Corporate, Foundation, and Public Support

We deeply appreciate the distinguished support of our public, private foundation, and corporate partners in 2020.

Agnes M Lindsay Trust

AmeriHealth Caritas NH

Arthur J.R. & Olive G. Dobles Foundation

**BAE Systems** 

Bank of America Charitable Foundation

Bank of New Hampshire

Bishop's Charitable Assistance Fund

Bi-State Primary Care Association

Boston Public Health Commission Ryan

White Services Division

Broadway Cares/Equity Fights AIDS

**CGI Business Solutions** 

City of Keene

City of Nashua Citizens Advisory

Commission

Cogswell Benevolent Trust

Corporation for National and Community Service: AmeriCorps

DAPR Engineering, LLC

DCU for Kids

Devine, Millimet & Branch P.A.

Digital Federal Credit Union

Eaton & Berube Insurance Agency, LLC

Ella Anderson Trust

Enterprise Bank

Granite State Poker Alliance, LLC.

Hamblett & Kerrigan, P.A.

Harvard Pilgrim Health Care

Foundation Inc

Hillsborough County Department of Corrections

Horne Family Foundation

Impact Fire Services, LLC

James F Kelly and Fernande Kelly

Charitable Trust

Kaley Foundation

Leone, McDonnell & Roberts, PA

Lowell Five Bank

MDRC

Melanson Heath & Company PC

Merrimack County Savings Bank

Nashua Rotary West

Nashua Wallpaper & Paint Co. Inc.

New Hampshire Charitable Foundation

NH Department of Health and Human

Service:

Norcal Group Foundation

Nordson Corporation Foundation

Northeast Delta Dental Foundation Inc

Pennichuck Corporation

Robin Colson Memorial Foundation

Saab Family Foundation

Sheehan Phinney

Small Business Administration

State of New Hampshire

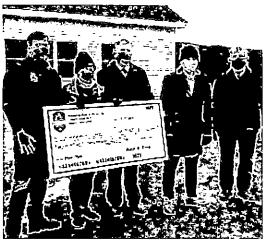
St. Mary's Bank

Swim With A Mission

TD Charitable Foundation

The Law Family Companies, Inc.

The River Casino & Sports Bar



Town of Amherst

Town of Brookline

Town of Hollis

Town of Hudson

Town of Londonderry

Town of Merrimack

Town of Milford

Trust U/W Oleonda Jameson

US Department of Housing and Urban

Development

US Department of Labor

US Department of Substance Abuse and

Mental Health Services

**US Department of Veterans Affairs** 

US Federal Emergency Management

Agency

**US Health Resources and Services** 

Administration

Winer and Bennett, LLP

#### Revenue

■ Federal & State Grants and Funding \$20,870,006
 Philanthropy \$485,333
 ☑ Patient Services \$13,694,896
 ■ Rent and Service Charges \$3,191,501
 Other \$622,817

Subtotal \$38,864,553

■ CARES Act - One-time Funds\* \$2,538,232

Boulder Point Capital\*

Total \$44,101,910

\$2,699,125



### Expenses

Total

■ Programs \$32,520,642
 ☑ Administrative \$5,543,811
 ■ Fundraising \$246,891



The above numbers reflect the audited 2020 fiscal year (July 1, 2019, to June 30, 2020).

\* This includes a total of \$5.2 million of one-time, pandemicrelated CARES funding, and completion of capital project.

\$38,311,344

### **Board of Directors**

EXECUTIVE 1

Dan Sallet

Chair

Rick Plante

Vice Chair

Jared Freilich

Treasurer

Joel Jaffe

Secretary

Laurie Goguen Assistant Secretary

**MEMBERS** 

Thomas Arnold

Jack Balcom -

Vijay Bhatt

Richard Carvalho

Vincent Chamberlain

Lanna Martin

Ed McDonough

#### harborcarenh.org

Sign up for the Harbor Care newsletter

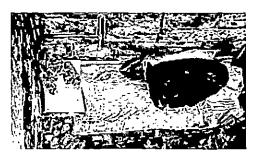






For two-and-a-half years Mike lived under a bridge in Nashua. Today, he has his own place, a fresh start, and the opportunity to change his life.

Harbor Care has created a successful model - integrating stable housing with vital supports - that creates a foundation for lasting change in people's lives. It starts with the dignity of a home.





### You can help change and save lives.

Donate Now

Sen. Bradley, Dist 3 September 14, 2021 2021-2114s 10/05

### Amendment to HB 381-FN

Amend RSA 151:12-c as inserted by section 1 of the bill by inserting after paragraph VII the following new RSA paragraph:

3 4

VIII. A person under the care and custody of a New Hampshire county jail or department of corrections facility shall be excluded from the provisions of this section.

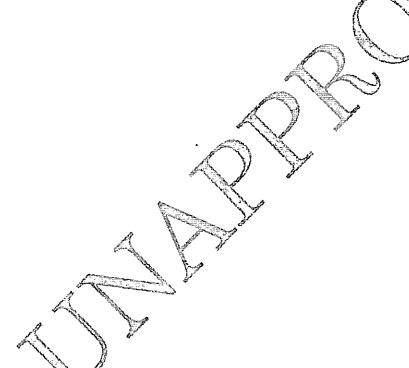
6 7

5

Amend the bill by replacing section 3 with the following:

8 9

3 Effective Date. This act shall take effect January 1, 2023.





Representing Alcohol & Other Drug Service Providers in New Hampshire

Senator Jeb Bradley, Chair Senate Health & Human Services Committee Room 100, State House Concord NH 03301

September 22, 2021

Dear Senator Bradley and members of the Committee:

The NH Providers Association is writing to reiterate its support for HB 503, codifying the council on housing stability, as amended by the House, and to ask your Committee to recommend that the bill Ought to pass. We support codifying the council as a natural progression for the Council on Housing Stability that is currently in place and staffed by the Department of Health and Human Services.

We also want to briefly address the background of the council, because there was some confusion in the House when HB 503 went to the floor in April and assertions were made that it had originated from Governor Sununu's emergency actions under Covid. In fact, this council was originally the Interagency Council on Homelessness, established in a 2006 executive order issued by Governor Lynch. In November 2020, in response to a letter from New Hampshire's 13 mayors, Governor Sununu signed an executive order to expand the scope and membership of the council and rename it the Council on Housing Stability. Governor Sununu's action was in direct response to a problem that did not come about because of Covid but that has been exacerbated by it and become a crisis.

We have all read about waitlists reported at homeless shelters over the past year and the number of available beds that have been reduced because of Covid. Added to this is the lack of affordable housing across the state, of which we are all aware. Our Association requested to be added as a member to the council in a House amendment because we recognize that homelessness is one of the largest determinants of successful recovery for people experiencing substance misuse and related health and behavioral health problems. Addressing homelessness with a renewed mission for the council and broadening its membership with additional health care, social service, municipal and State partners is critical, and needs to be advanced sooner rather than later.

Thank you for your consideration.

Sincerely,

Kerran Vigroux, Executive Director

### Kirsten Koch

.⊀om:

Don N Donna Bouchard <bouchardfamily153@comcast.net>

Sent:

Saturday, October 23, 2021 1:54 PM

To:

Jeb Bradley; Aaron Jones; Becky Whitley; Tom Sherman; James Gray; Kirsten Koch

Subject:

I vote Yes to amend HB-503

Follow Up Flag:

Follow up

Flag Status:

Flagged

#### **Dear Committee Members:**

Please consider this my written testimony in the matter of MAT. I believe that the state of NH should amend HB 503 to reflect access to Medication-Assisted Treatment (MAT) over telemedicine. This amendment, proposed to HB 503, would increase access by allowing for the prescription of MAT over telehealth without first requiring an in-person consultation, as was the case earlier in the COVID-19 pandemic. We believe this amendment will remove an important barrier to this critical treatment for individuals and families all across New Hampshire.

Sincerely, Donna Bouchard Manchester NH - Resident

- - . om:

Richard Abel

Sent:

Saturday, October 23, 2021 4:19 PM

To:

Jeb Bradley; James Gray; Tom Sherman; Becky Whitley; Kevin Avard; Kirsten Koch

Subject:

Amendment to HB 503

Follow Up Flag:

Follow up

Flag Status:

Flagged

Dear Honorable Committee Members,

I write to indicate my strong support for the amendment to add individual access over telemedicine to HB 503, under consideration by your committee. The proposed amendment will benefit a great many New Hampshire citizens to enjoy a healthy life.

Thank you.

Representative Richard Abel Grafton District 13, Lebanon New Hampshire House of Representatives

Sent from my iPhone

Basile, luvina <ibasile@lrmhc.org>

Sent: Saturday, October 23, 2021 4:49 PM

To: Jeb Bradley; James Gray; Tom Sherman; Becky Whitley; Kevin Avard; Kirsten Koch

Subject: HB 503

Follow Up Flag: Follow up Flag Status: Flagged

## Hello Senate members,

My name is Iuvina Basile, I currently live in Wolfeboro and work in the Mental Health Field, I am also a drug addict in recovery. My clean date is 12/28/2015, I have been abstinent from ALL mind mood altering substances to include alcohol since that date. I was recently made aware of HB 503 and from my understanding (please correct me if I am wrong), the bill is trying to make the prescription of MAT (Medication-Assisted Treatment) available via Telehealth. I can only assume that this bill came from a positive place, where congress is just trying to ensure that everyone receives the help they need. I have seen firsthand how addiction has destroyed communities all over the country. I have also seen firsthand how MAT has made this battle worse for many addicts and their communities. I am not here to dispute MAT, I am here to address my concerns about HB 503. Please do not vote for the approval of this bill. An in-person consultation is needed when it comes to prescribing any form of MAT. These forms of treatment are being misused, abused, and prescribed wrongly all over our nation and in this state. I see it with the patients I currently serve. Prescribing a drug which is what treatments such as methadone and suboxone are, should never be done virtually. I understand COVID is real, angerous and scary but so is addiction. Please do not approve this bill, its not the right step for addicts seeking recovery. If anything, MAT should be even more supervised in every step. I hope that when making a decision, you would keep my plea for this bill not to pass in mind. Thank you so much for your time.

#### Iuvina Basile

Residential TSS

#### **Lakes Regional Mental Health Center**

40 Beacon Street East, Laconia, NH 03246 603.524.1100 x752 ibasile@lrmhc.org www.lrmhc.org

... ب**m:** 

Stanciu, Corneliu < Corneliu.N.Stanciu@dhhs.nh.gov>

Sent:

Monday, October 25, 2021 10:09 AM

To:

Jeb Bradley; James Gray; Tom Sherman; Becky Whitley; Kevin Avard; Kirsten Koch

Subject:

HB503 amendment

Dear NH Senate HHS committee,

I am writing with regards to tomorrow's discussion on amending HB503, and hence modifying the state laws governing the practice of telemedicine as it pertains to MAT for treatment of Opioid Use Disorder (OUD).

I am an addiction psychiatrist, quadruple boarded, with addictive disorders as my primary specialty. I have treated thousands of patients with OUD as well as other co-morbid addictive, psychiatric, or medical conditions. I have been awarded the prestigious Fellow status by the American Psychiatric Association as well the American Society of Addiction Medicine (ASAM). I have also received connotations by the Government Institute on Substance Abuse as well as ASAM where I was designated a Ruth Fox scholar. I have provided SUD training to physicians and other disciplines through SAMHSA's PCSS program. Specifically to treatment of OUD, I received training and certification to serve as a national instructor for physicians training in the requirement to receive their X-waiver for office based Buprenorphine treatment. I have published numerous papers on SUD related topics and my research has been presented at many national and international addictive disorder conferences. Currently I serve as an ad hoc editor on the board of several journals and I am the associate editor for the national addiction psychiatry's association newsletter. I served as a consultant for the DEA several cases related to controlled substances. In New Hampshire, based on my expertise, the state Commissioner appointment me to serve on the Therapeutic Cannabis Medical Overview Board.

I am providing this descriptive version of my biography for the sole purpose of establishing my level of expertise, as I am expressing my full support in amending HB503 to remove the physical, in person, limitation restriction to treatment of OUD via telemedicine.

My arguments in support of this are as follows:

- 0. There is supporting evidence for equal, if not greater, efficacy compared to in-person evaluations. Ongoing opioid addiction carries significant mobility and mortality, and drug overdose deaths have been responsible for the suddenly diminished life expectancy in the US. Overdose deaths are the number one cause of death in Americans under 55 years of age. This is an epidemic we should not be taking lightly, and we need to leverage telemedicine to its full potential.
- 0. The reduction in deaths, and added safety, when Buprenorphine is instituted to the right OUD sufferer is unmatched. Treatment enhances sobriety from 5 or less, to 70-90 percent at one year post treatment initiation. Identifying the right candidate is the primary challenge, where experts from the field of addictive disorders are able to input. Simply "prescribing" Buprenorphine to all OUD sufferers via in person only is dangerous, and a deviation from best practices. Telemedicine identification and treatment by addiction experts carries tremendously more value to population health.
- 0. Expanded access to treatment is congruent with the mission of all national and international medical associations. Most US counties lack OUD-treating physicians. Furthermore there are only a handful of addiction psychiatry trained and boarded physicians, according to the national database. The latest statistic in fact showed that 92.8% of the US counties do not have any addiction psychiatry trained and certified psychiatrists. Rural counties is a

composition representing most of NH. Telemedicine would allow for expanded access to treatment in rural areas, but most importantly expanded access to experts who can determine the most appropriate treatment modalities - whether via Buprenorphine or other modalities, which is the most important part of OUD treatment.

- 0. Fight against sigma. Buprenorphine is held to an unnecessary high standard. It is regarded as such a high profile medication, yet at the same time it is less dangerous than a pharmaceutical such as insulin which is commonly used for management of diabetes. Yet the latter has no restrictions, there are no gatekeepers to its endorsement and prescribing, and access is allowed via any modality.
- 0. Telemedicine enhances our ability to draw on expertise by potentially employing addiction psychiatrists for widespread care. As mentioned previously the most important aspect of OUD treatment is identification of who is a good candidate for Buprenorphine, Methadone, Naltrexone, or none/other psychosocial intervention. Having addiction psychiatrists widely involved via telemedicine is the only way to provide population based care.
- 0. Overdue move aligning to national and international missions. By denying and restricting telemedicine access to treatment we are withholding access to evidence based medicine treatment.

In addition, there are several other points to consider.

- 0. Such amendment would represent a progressive move from a historic law hindering OUD treatment. The Harrison Act of 1914 restricted prescribing of opioids for treatment of opioid addiction. I believe we made significant progress in the last 100 years and given what we are learning about neurobiology our intellectual capacity should evolve in parallel to legislature.
- 0. I believe that HB1623, as it currently stands, could be interpreted as a potential Stark Law conflict. Referrals are geared and restricted to a handful of centers, where addiction expertise does not exist. Most patients with OUD do not qualify for treatment at these sites, or are hesitant / do not have access to them, creating a system of exclusion for treatment.
- 0. The DEA failed to act in extending guidance for telemedicine MAT implementation. The mandate via the SUPPORT for Communities Act required the enactment of one of the 7 provisions of the Ryan Height Act, which federally restricts provision of Buprenorphine via telemedicine without a special license. The DEA failed to provide such guidance by the required deadline. Multiple states have created and crafted their own state specific laws which pre-empt federal law. Being in one of the traditional hotspots for opioid related deaths, New Hampshire needs to catch up.

During the 14 months that the Emergency Order was in effect, we were able to witness the full potential of telemedicine. More OUD sufferers were granted access to effective treatment. Physicians with expertise in treating addictive disorders were operating at the top of their license. I hope we are able to employ a view that is forward thinking and progressive rather than backwards. The current restrictions are an injustice to the population of NH and require this amendment - an action which I am in full support of. I believe addiction trained physicians, who are able to perform evaluation as well as extend recommendations for most adequate treatment options for all OUD sufferers, should be able to do so and implement treatment to sufferers via telemedicine.

Please do not hesitate to contact me if I may be of assistance.

Respectfully,

Director of Addiction Services at New Hampshire Hospital Assistant Professor of Psychiatry at Dartmouth's Geisel School of Medicine

Address: 36 Clinton Street, Concord, New Hampshire, 03301

Phone: (603)-271-5265 Pager: (603)-564-0420

E-mail: corneliu.stanciu@dhhs.nh.gov<mailto:corneliu.stanciu@dhhs.nh.gov>

m:

Mascio, Lissa < Lissa.D.Mascio@doc.nh.gov>

Sent:

Monday, October 25, 2021 4:02 PM

To:

Jeb Bradley; James Gray; Tom Sherman; Becky Whitley; Kevin Avard; Kirsten Koch

Cc:

Patrick Long; Matt Wilhelm; Hanks, Helen; Mattis, Paula

Subject:

HB 503 hearing on amendment 10/26/21

Attachments:

NHDOC testimony re HB 503 amendment October 26 2021.pdf

Dear Chairman Bradley, esteemed Senator members of the Health & Human Services Committee, and Representative sponsors,

The Department of Corrections is in support of Amendment 2021-2204S to HB 503, as it advances access to these services for those transitioning to community based care; and, wanted to relay the attached testimony for tomorrow's hearing on the matter. Unfortunately, no one is available to attend in person, but if you have any questions or concerns about the department's position, please feel free to reach out to me and Director Paula Mattis, at <a href="mailto:PaulaL.Mattis@doc.nh.gov">Paula.L.Mattis@doc.nh.gov</a>.

Thank you for your time and your service to the State of New Hampshire, and have a nice day.

Lissa Mascio, Esq.
Attorney, Division of Professional Standards
NH Department of Corrections
105 Pleasant St.
,ncord, NH 03301
- El: 603-271-5612

CONFIDENTIALITY NOTICE: This e-mail message, including any attachments, is for the sole use of the intended recipient (s) and may contain confidential information. Any unauthorized review, use, disclosure or distribution is prohibited. If you are not the intended recipient, please contact the sender by reply e-mail and destroy all copies of the message.

#### STATE OF NEW HAMPSHIRE

#### DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS

## DIVISION OF MEDICAL & FORENSIC SERVICES

Helen Hanks, MM Commissioner

Paula Mattis, MSW, FACHE Director

PO Box 1806, Rm. 328A Concord, NH 03302-1806 608-271-3707 FAX: 603-223-2333 TDD Access: 1-800-735-2964 paula,mattis@doc.nh.gov

To: The Honorable Members of the Senate Health and Human Services Committee

From: Paula Mattis, Director, Medical and Forensic Services

New Hampshire Department of Corrections

Date: October 26, 2021

Re: Amendment to HB 503, Title: #2021-2204s

The New Hampshire Department of Corrections (NHDOC) is submitting this testimony in support of this amendment to HB 503.

The NHDOC is not directly affected by this potential change in law, as we do not bill Medicaid for services. However, our interest lies in the possible impact that these proposed changes will have on those individuals released from our care.

The time of release from incarceration is stressful for people. They are transitioning from a highly structured environment to one where they must assume all responsibility for decision-making in their daily lives. Eliminating the requirements for face-to-face, inperson contacts has the potential for enhanced provider access through the use of telemedicine. This could be incredibly helpful for people as they are learning to juggle the demands of community life and working to establish ongoing treatment for a substance use disorder. We also believe that eliminating these requirements will reduce delays in care as getting to a physical appointment can be more challenging than gaining provider access through a telemedicine platform.

We are requesting that you vote in favor of this amendment. If you have questions, please feel free to call me at 603-271-5563 or to e-mail me at Paula.L.Mattis@doc.nh.gov.

Thank you for considering this written testimony.



Representing Alcohol & Other Drug Service Providers in New Hampshire

Senator Jeb Bradley, Chair Senate Health & Human Services Committee State House Room 100 Concord NH 03301

Via email: Jeb.Bradley@leg.state.nh.us
James.Gray@leg.state.nh.us
kevin.avard@leg.state.nh.us
tom.sherman@leg.state.nh.us
becky.whitley@leg.state.nh.us
kirsten.koch@leg.state.nh.us

October 25, 2021

Dear Senator Bradley and members of the Committee:

The NH Providers Association - representing over 56 Substance Use Disorder (SUD) organizations and private practices with a network that advocates for and reaches thousands of individuals, including SUD professionals, SUD prevention programs, advocates, and treatment and recovery programs throughout the state - wishes to register its strong support for the amendment to HB 503 relative to telemedicine.

We hope that the amendment will allow providers in New Hampshire to initiate patients to medication-assisted treatment (MAT) via telehealth, without a required in-person visit. This is especially important for providers prescribing buprenorphine for the treatment of opioid use disorder. All data and evidence show that buprenorphine must be accessible with the lowest barriers possible to reduce overdose fatalities. The ability for providers to initiate buprenorphine remotely from March 2020, until the end of Executive Order #8 in June 2021, is likely why New Hampshire did not see an increase in fatal overdoses through the COVID-19 pandemic. Buprenorphine has a very low risk profile and many states are rescheduling it accordingly.

HB 1623, the telehealth law enacted in June of 2020, applied some limitations to MAT for substance use disorder. Under that law, MAT is not allowed via telehealth without an initial face-to-face encounter, except at 5 specified physical locations in the state: Department of Veterans Affairs facilities; State and county correctional facilities; the Doorways; Community Mental Health Centers; and hospital locations. However, when HB 1623 was enacted, the State was operating under both a public health Executive Order and a related telehealth Emergency

Order (#8) which did not include these restrictions on MAT. Those emergency orders were lifted in June of 2021, leading to the current situation.

For more than a year, MAT prescribed via telehealth was successful, but the new restrictions we have had since June have shown some very negative impacts. Research undertaken by Better Life Partners, a leading provider of MAT services in NH, reveals that as many as 90% of patients who sought treatment at the time telehealth care was allowed were successful in being treated and staying compliant with their care, but when the telehealth restrictions were imposed in June, that rate dropped to 70%. A more detailed review of this data will take place at the public hearing tomorrow. It should also be noted that the type of physical location restrictions on MAT in New Hampshire are not present in bordering New England states.

We hope you will consider our concerns and those of other providers and act favorably on the proposed amendment to HB 503. Thank you for your consideration.

Sincerely,

Ryan Fowler, Policy Chair

Kerran Vigroux, Executive Director

Kerran Vigroux



44 South Main Street, Suite 2 Hanover, NH 03755 Phone: 1-866-679-0831

Fax: 802-332-3117

October 24, 2021

New Hampshire Senate Committee on Health and Human Services Committee 107 North Main Street Concord, NH 03303

Dear Senators,

By now, you are all aware of the devastating effect the opioid epidemic has had on our state and country. We, at Better Life Partners, a Hanover, NH- founded organization have been working hard these last 4 years to address this crisis in our communities but there is still much more work to be done. While the COVID-19 pandemic has created many obstacles there have been some silver linings including the use of telehealth to treat substance use disorders (SUD).

During the pandemic Governor Sununu enacted Emergency Order 8 which allowed for medication-assisted treatment (MAT) with buprenorphine to be provided to individuals with opioid use disorder (OUD). During that time House Bill 1623 also was enacted which provided for telehealth MAT but only in certain locations. When EO 8 was rescinded, an initial in-person visit with a medical provider was now required outside of those locations. The overwhelming majority of these initial visits were done outside the locations permitted including in the individuals' homes via telehealth.

We have gathered the attached data (updated as of 10/23/2021) which demonstrates that our New Hampshire individuals with SUD were able to access services more rapidly which increased the likelihood of induction on this life-saving medication. Our neighbor states including Maine, Massachusetts, and Vermont have already passed legislation or do not have regulations which prohibit telehealth origination for MAT. Additionally, research and the Substance Abuse Mental Health Services Administration (SAMHSA) support the adoption of telehealth initiation.

We strongly recommend the amendments as suggested to allow medical providers to deliver care as quickly as possible to prevent relapse, overdose, and death of our most vulnerable citizens.

Sincerely,

Adam Groff, MD

Steven Kelly

David de Gijsel, MD

David de Gysel

**Chief Executive Officer** 

**Chief Operating Officer** 

Steven D felly Or

Chief Medical Officer



# NH Telehealth Requirements for OUD MAT



## Virtual Medical Evaluation attendance strongly outperforms in person attendance





Initial screening 10-15 mins.





In-person visit 20-30 mins.



If appropriate, medication presented and counselor visits scheduled

## **Telehealth**



**Initial** screening 10-15 mins.





Video chat with a provider 20-30 mins.



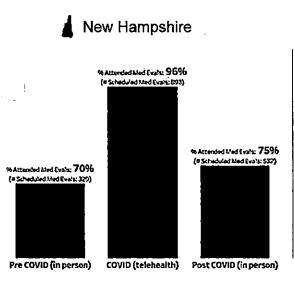


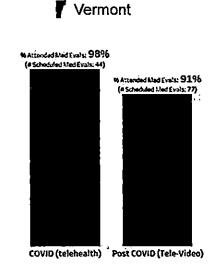


If appropriate, medication prescribed and counselor visits scheduled



# Virtual Medical Evaluation attendance strongly outperforms in person attendance (OUD)



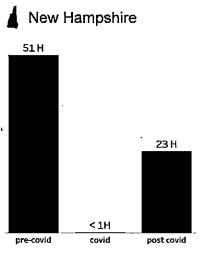


- Virtual Medical
   Evaluation attendance at BLP is above 95%, while in person attendance is 75% or less.
- In VT, where we have continued using telehealth to perform Medical Evaluations, we have seen no significant drop in the attendance rate.



# Individuals seeking care have longer wait times with in-person visits than telehealth

Median Time From Contact To Medical Evaluation

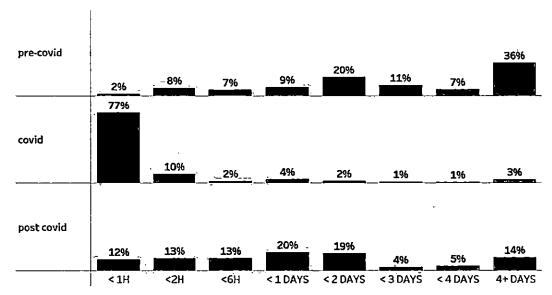




- Initiation of MAT for those seeking care is critical as the window before relapse is constantly shrinking
- Telehealth initial visits afford more rapid access to care



# NH: Time From Contact To Medical Evaluation Distribution





# Neighboring states permit initial medical evaluation for MAT via telehealth



- Massachusetts signed into law January 2021 An Act
   Promoting A Resilient Health Care System That Puts Patients
   First which permits initial medical evaluation and continued
   care for individuals with substance use disorders
- •Vermont law permits telehealth visits and does not expressly require an initial visit for MAT
- Maine law permits telehealth visits and does not expressly require an initial visit for MAT

## Removing barriers along the care cascade

THE AMERICAN JOURNAL OF DRUG AND ALCOHOL ABUSE 2019, VOL. 45, NO. 1, 1–10 https://doi.org/10.1080/00952990.2018.1546862

Taylor & Francis

Development of a Cascade of Care for responding to the opioid epidemic

Arthur Robin Williams, MD<sup>Lb</sup>, Edward V. Nunes, MD<sup>Lb</sup>, Adam Bisaga, MD<sup>Lb</sup>, Frances R. Levin, MD<sup>Lb</sup>, and Mark Olfson, MD MPH<sup>Lb</sup>

\*Department of Psychiatry, Columbia University, New York, USA; \*New York State Psychiatric Institute, New York, USA

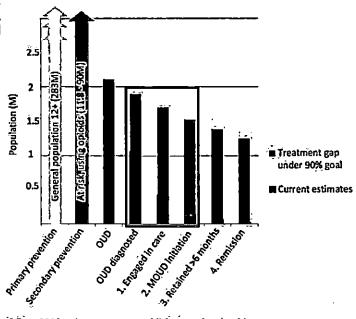




Figure 1. OUD Cascade of Care, 2016 estimates among publicly reporting providers.

## Research supports that telehealth reduces barriers

EVIDENCE-BASED RESOURCE GUIDE SERIES

Telehealth for the
Treatment of Serious
Mental Illness and
Substance Use
Disorders

Telehealth is effective across the continuum of care for SMI and SUD, including screening and assessment, treatments, including pharmacotherapy, medication management, and behavioral therapies, case management, recovery supports, and crisis services.



# Research supports that telehealth reduces barriers

Journal of Substance Above Treatment 124 (2021) 108272



Contents lists available at ScienceDirect

Journal of Substance Abuse Treatment



emedicine increases access to buprenorphine initiation during the VID-19 pandemic ABSTRACT

will-19 pandemic

Linda Wang\*, Jeffrey Weiss\*, Elizabeth Bogel Ryan⁵, Justine Wa

Judy L. Griffin⁵

\* Regardful und Equitable Assess to Comprehensive Healthcure (EEACH) Program, Division of General Internal Machine at Eleme Simil, Kop York, NY, United States of Attention

Federal regulatory changes during the COVID-19 pandemic allow buprenorphine to be prescribed without an initial in-person evaluation. Prior to COVID-19, numerous barriers limited broad uptake of buprenorphine among people who use drugs at the system, provider, and patient levels, including lack of available DATA 2000 waivered clinicians to prescribe, stigma, and competing livelihood priorities. As two harm reduction primary care programs in New York State that care for people who use drugs and offer buprenorphine, one rural (Ithaca) and one urban (Manhattan), we have rapidly adopted telemedicine to initiate buprenorphine treatment. Our collective experience suggests that felemedicine for buprenorphine initiation is eliminating many traditionally barriers to treatment) in particular for individuals leaving incarceration, and people who use drugs and access syringe service programs. Future models of buprenorphine treatment should incorporate telemedicine for buprenorphine initiation, which can be done in collaboration with community based outreach and peer networks to engage people who use drugs. This regulatory change must be sustained beyond COVID-19, and is vital to increasing access to buprenorphine, closing the opioid use disorder treatment gap, and achieving greater health equity for people who use drugs.



## Research supports that telehealth reduces **barriers**



Contents lists available at Science Direct

Journal of Substance Abuse Treatment

journal homopage; www.elsevier.com/locate/jud



Medication treatment for opioid use disorder in the age of C new regulations modify the opioid cascade?

#### BSTRACT

The temporary loosening of regulations governing methadone and buprenorphine treatment for opioid use Edward V. Numes ". b.c.", Frances R. Levin ". be, Muredach P. Reilly b.c.d, Nabil: disorder (OUD) in the U.S., instituted to prevent the spread of COVID-19, has created an opportunity to explore the effectiveness of new models of care for people with OUD. The opioid cascade describes the current status of the treatment system, where only a fraction of people with OUD initiate effective medication treatment for OUD (MOUD), and of those only a fraction is retained in treatment Regulatory changes—such as availability of larger) take home supplies of methadone and buprenorphine initiated via telemedicine (e.g., no initial in person visit telemedicine buprenorphine permitted across state lines)—could modify the cascade) by reducing the burden and increasing the attractiveness, availability, and feasibility of MOUD both for people with OUD and for providers. We review examples of more liberal MOUD regimens, including the implementation of buprenorphine in France in the 1990s, primary care-based methadone in Canada, and low-threshold buprenorphine models. Research is needed to document whether new models implemented in the U.S. in the wake of COVID-19 are successful, and whether safety concerns, such as diversion and misuse, emerge. We discuss barriers to implementation, including racial and ethnic health disparities, and lack of knowledge and reluctance among potential providers of MOUD. We suggest that the urgency and public spiritedness of the response to COVID-19 be harnessed to make gains on the opioid cascade inspiring prescribers, health systems, and communities to embrace the delivery of MOUD to meet the needs of an increasingly vulnerable population.



# Research supports that telehealth reduces barriers

**HEALTH AFFAIRS BLOG** 

RELATED TOPICS:

ACCESS TO CARE | TELEHEALTH | OPIOID USE DISORDER | COVID-19 | PUBLIC HEALTH | HEALTH DISPARITIES

These Key Telehealth Policy Changes
'Vould Improve Buprenorphine Access
'Voile Advancing Health Equity

Utsha Khatri, Corey S. Davis, Noa Krawczyk, Michael Lync SEPTEMBER 11, 2020

The secretary of HHS should immediately waive the Ryan Haight Act's requirement for in-person evaluation for buprenorphine initiation for the duration of the opioid crisis public health emergency. He, with the concurrence of the US Attorney General, is authorized to waive the Ryan Haight Act's requirement that providers conduct an in-person evaluation before initially prescribing controlled substances during any public health emergency. He has used this authority during the COVID-19 emergency and should extend the waiver for the extent of the opioid emergency, which was first declared in October 2017, as well.



## newfutures\*

advocate • educate • collaborate to improve the health and wellness of all Granite Staters

October 26, 2021

The Honorable Jeb Bradley, Chair Senate Health and Human Services Committee State House, Room 100 107 North Main Street Concord, NH 03301

Re: New Futures' Support for Amendment 2204s to HB 503 (codifying the council on housing stability and relative to telehealth and medically assisted treatment for substance use disorder)

Dear Senator Bradley and Honorable Members of the Committee,

New Futures appreciates the opportunity to testify in support of Amendment 2204s to HB 503, codifying the council on housing stability and relative to telehealth and medically assisted treatment for substance use disorder. New Futures is a nonpartisan, nonprofit organization that advocates, educates and collaborates to improve the health and wellness of all New Hampshire residents. In this role, we work extensively with policy makers, health care providers and families afflicted by substance misuse and mental illness to prevent, reduce and address behavioral health issues in our state.

New Futures stands strongly in support Amendment 2204s, as it would increase access to medication-assisted treatment (MAT) for thousands of individuals experiencing Substance Use Disorder across the Granite State. As you know, medication-assisted treatment, including methadone, buprenorphine and naltrexone, is widely recognized as the gold standard for treating opioid addiction. Combined with counseling and behavioral therapies, these medications have been shown to reduce and prevent overdose by normalizing brain chemistry, relieving cravings, and stabilizing body functions without the negative and euphoric effects of illicit substances.

For years, the State of New Hampshire has worked tirelessly to increase access to these life-saving treatments in medical settings, houses of correction, and other locations, both virtually and in-person. Throughout the COVID-19 pandemic, the availability of MAT over telemedicine helped thousands of individuals in need access MAT quickly without having to attend an in-person medical appointment. This contributed strongly to New Hampshire's status as one of only two states to maintain or reduce its fatal overdose rate in 2020.

However, since the end of the Governor's Emergency Order in June 2021, the state law has gone back into effect requiring an in-person consultation prior to the prescription of MAT over telehealth. Treatment providers and patients alike report that, in the months since, this requirement has created unnecessary obstacles, often causing needless delays in initiating treatment and compounding workforce challenges already crippling the field. Many patients who do not have access to reliable transportation or have a fixed work schedule struggle to attend in-person medical appointments, and many understaffed providers are forced to schedule appointments days or weeks into the future, often missing the short but critical window in which individuals are ready to engage meaningfully in substance use treatment.

By eliminating the requirement for an in-person consultation, Amendment 2204s would go far to help individuals experiencing Substance Use Disorder to access medication-assisted treatment when and where

they need it, without unnecessary delay. Further, it will help provide needed relief to our treatment providers, freeing them up to see more patients in less time.

In short, Amendment 2204s will reinforce and strengthen the treatment delivery systems our state has worked so hard to develop. It will reduce overall healthcare costs, and it will meaningfully bolster our collective efforts to overcome the ongoing addiction epidemic.

For these and other reasons, New Futures respectfully requests that the Committee adopt Amendment 2204s and to vote HB 504 Ought to Pass as Amended. Please don't hesitate to contact me if you have further questions.

Respectfully submitted,

Jake Berry

Vice President of Policy

**New Futures** 

# Voting Sheets

## Senate Health and Human Services Committee

## EXECUTIVE SESSION RECORD

2021-2022 Session

1	111000	Bill # HB 503	
Hearing 1	Date: 4 28/2\		
Executivo	e Session Date: 5/12/2		
Motion:_	Re-refer to committee	Vote: 5-0	
	Committee Member  Sen. Bradley, Chair  Sen. Gray, Vice Chair  Sen. Avard  Sen. Sherman  Sen. Whitley	Made by Second Yes No	
Motion:_	Consent calendar	Vote: 5-0	
	Committee Member Present Sen. Bradley, Chair Sen. Gray, Vice Chair Sen. Avard Sen. Sherman Sen. Whitley	Made by Second Yes No	
Motion:_		Vote:	
Motion:_	Committee Member Present Sen. Bradley, Chair Sen. Gray, Vice Chair Sen. Avard Sen. Sherman Sen. Whitley	Made by Second Yes No	
Motion:_	Sen. Bradley, Chair Sen. Gray, Vice Chair Sen. Avard Sen. Sherman		
	Sen. Bradley, Chair Sen. Gray, Vice Chair Sen. Avard Sen. Sherman	Made by Second Yes No	
Motion:_	Sen. Bradley, Chair Sen. Gray, Vice Chair Sen. Avard Sen. Sherman Sen. Whitley  Committee Member Sen. Bradley, Chair Sen. Gray, Vice Chair Sen. Avard Sen. Sherman	Made by Second Yes No	
Motion:_	Sen. Bradley, Chair Sen. Gray, Vice Chair Sen. Avard Sen. Sherman Sen. Whitley  Committee Member Sen. Bradley, Chair Sen. Gray, Vice Chair Sen. Gray, Vice Chair Sen. Avard Sen. Sherman Sen. Whitley	Made by Second Yes No  Vote:  No  Vote:	

## Senate Health and Human Services Committee

## EXECUTIVE SESSION RECORD

2021-2022 Session

Executive Session Date: 10 26 2 1  Motion: AMENDAM A 2021-22045 OF Vote: Committee Member Present Made by Second Yes No Sen. Bradley, Chair Sen. Gray, Vice Chair Sen. Avard Sen. Sherman Sen. Whitley Vote: Committee Member Present Made by Second Yes No Committee Member Present Made by Second Yes No Sen. Sherman Sen. Whitley Second Yes No Sen. Sherman Sen. Whitley Second Yes No Sen. Sherman Sen. Whitley Second Yes No Sec
Committee Member Present Made by Second Yes No Sen. Bradley, Chair Sen. Gray, Vice Chair Sen. Avard Sen. Sherman Sen. Whitley  Motion: Amendment 12021-2260s  The second Yes No Second Y
Sen. Bradley, Chair  Sen. Gray, Vice Chair  Sen. Avard  Sen. Sherman  Sen. Whitley  Motion: Amendment #2021-2260s OTP  Vote:
Sen. Gray, Vice Chair  Sen. Avard  Sen. Sherman  Sen. Whitley  Motion: AMendment #2021-2260s OTP  Vote: 4-0
Sen. Sherman Sen. Whitley  Motion: Amendment #2021-2260s OTP  Vote: 4-0
Sen. Sherman  Sen. Whitley  Notion: Amendment #2021-2260s OTP  Vote: 4-0
Sen Whitley  Motion: Amendment #2021-2260s OTP Vote: 4-0
Motion: Amendment #2021-2260s OTP vote: 4-0
Committee Mamber Present Made by Second Ves No
Committee Member 1 lesent made by Second Res No
Sen Bradley, Chair
Sen. Gray, Vice Chair
Sen Avard
Sen. Sherman
Sen. Whitley
Motion: Vote: 4-0
Committee Member Present Made by Second Yes No
Sen. Bradley, Chair
Sen. Gray, Vice Chair 🗓 🔽 🔲 🔲
Sen. Avard
Sen. Sherman X X III
Sen Whitley
•
Motion:Vote:
Committee Member Present Made by Second Yes No
Sen Bradley, Chair
Sen. Gray, Vice Chair
on oray, vice chan
Sen. Avard
Sen. Avard Sen. Sherman
Sen. Avard
Sen. Avard Sen. Sherman

# Committee Report

## STATE OF NEW HAMPSHIRE

## SENATE

## REPORT OF THE COMMITTEE FOR THE CONSENT CALENDAR

Thursday, May 13, 2021

THE COMMITTEE ON Health and Human Services

to which was referred HB 503

AN ACT

codifying the council on housing stability.

Having considered the same, the committee recommends that the Bill

BE RE-REFERRED TO COMMITTEE

BY A VOTE OF: 5-0

Senator Rebecca Whitley For the Committee

This bill codifies the council on housing stability initially established by the governor in Executive Order 2020-22. The committee recommends a motion of re-refer to allow the Council to continue its work without delay. The committee members recognize the importance of a coordinated and collaborative effort to support individuals experiencing homelessness and to address the root causes. The committee members would like the ability to assess the success of the council on housing stability and use this bill make any necessary improvements.

Kirsten Koch 271-3266

#### FOR THE CONSENT CALENDAR

#### **HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES**

HB 503, codifying the council on housing stability. Re-refer to Committee, Vote 5-0. Senator Rebecca Whitley for the committee.

This bill codifies the council on housing stability initially established by the governor in Executive Order 2020-22. The committee recommends a motion of re-refer to allow the Council to continue its work without delay. The committee members recognize the importance of a coordinated and collaborative effort to support individuals experiencing homelessness and to address the root causes. The committee members would like the ability to assess the success of the council on housing stability and use this bill make any necessary improvements.

## STATE OF NEW HAMPSHIRE

## SENATE

## REPORT OF THE COMMITTEE

Wednesday, October 27, 2021

THE COMMITTEE ON Health and Human Services

to which was referred HB 503

AN ACT

codifying the council on housing stability.

Having considered the same, the committee recommends that the Bill

OUGHT TO PASS WITH AMENDMENT

BY A VOTE OF: 4-0

AMENDMENT # 2021-2219s

Senator Tom Sherman For the Committee

Kirsten Koch 271-4151

HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES
HB 503, codifying the council on housing stability. Ought to Pass with Amendment, Vote 4-0. Senator Tom Sherman for the committee.

## General Court of New Hampshire - Bill Status System

## **Docket of HB503**

**Docket Abbreviations** 

**Bill Title:** (Second New Title) codifying the council on housing stability and relative to telehealth and medically assisted treatment for substance use disorder.

## Official Docket of HB503.:

Date	Body	Description
1/11/2021	Н	Introduced (in recess of) 01/06/2021 and referred to Health, Human Services and Elderly Affairs HJ 2 P. 51
3/2/2021	Н	Public Hearing: 03/02/2021 11:15 am Members of the public may attend using the following links: 1. To join the webinar: https://www.zoom.us/j/99282187833 / Executive session on pending legislation may be held throughout the day (time permitting) from the time the committee is initially convened.
3/11/2021	Н	Majority Committee Report: Ought to Pass with Amendment #2021-0678h (Vote 19-2; RC) HC 18 P. 49
3/11/2021	Н	Minority Committee Report: Inexpedient to Legislate
4/8/2021	Н	Amendment #2021-0678h: AA VV 04/08/2021 HJ 6 P. 87
4/8/2021	Н	Lay on Table (Rep. Sylvia): MF DV 140-213 04/08/2021 HJ 6 P. 89
4/8/2021	Н	Ought to Pass with Amendment 2021-0678h: MA DV 210-115 04/08/2021 HJ 6 P. 89
4/8/2021	Н	Reconsider (Rep. Verville): MF RC 142-214 04/08/2021 HJ 6 P. 89
4/13/2021	S	Introduced 04/08/2021 and Referred to Health and Human Services; <b>SJ</b> 12
4/21/2021	S	Remote <b>Hearing:</b> 04/28/2021, 09:45 am; Links to join the hearing can be found in the Senate Calendar; <b>SC 21</b>
5/13/2021	S	Committee Report: Rereferred to Committee, 05/20/2021; Vote 5-0; CC; SC 24
5/20/2021	S	Rereferred to Committee, MA, VV; 05/20/2021; SJ 16
10/21/2021	S	<b>Hearing:</b> 10/26/2021, Room 100, SH, 11:00 am, on proposed amendment <b>#2021-2204s</b> ; <b>SC 42</b>
12/16/2021	S	Committee Report: Ought to Pass with Amendment #2021-2219s, 01/05/2022; SC 49
1/5/2022	S	Committee Amendment #2021-2219s, AA, VV; 01/05/2022; SJ 1
1/5/2022	S	Ought to Pass with Amendment 2021-2219s, MA, VV; OT3rdg; 01/05/2022; SJ 1
5/13/2022	Н	House Concurs with Senate Amendment (Rep. M. Pearson): MA DV 228-44 05/12/2022 HJ 13
6/14/2022	S	Enrolled Adopted, VV, (In recess 05/26/2022); SJ 13
6/14/2022	Н	Enrolled (in recess of) 05/26/2022 HJ 14
6/28/2022	Н	Signed by Governor Sununu 06/24/2022; Chapter 251; 06/24/2022 <b>HJ 14</b>

ADI III-usaa	NH Senate
NH House	NU Sellate
,,	

# Other Referrals

## Senate Inventory Checklist for Archives

Bill Number: +B 503	Senate Committee: HHS
Please include all documents in the order listed below a included with an "X" beside	nd indicate the documents which have been
X Final docket found on Bill Status	
Bill Hearing Documents: {Legislative Aides}	
Bill version as it came to the committee	
All Calendar Notices	
Hearing Sign-up sheet(s)  Prepared testimony, presentations, & other sub Hearing Report	
Prepared testimony, presentations, & other sub	missions handed in at the public hearing
Hearing Report	N.
Revised/Amended Fiscal Notes provided by the	Senate Clerk's Office
Committee Action Documents: {Legislative Aides}	
All amendments considered in committee (including the	ose not adopted): NONC
amendment# amendment	ment#
amendment # amend	ment#
Executive Session Sheet	
Committee Report	
Floor Action Documents: {Clerk's Office}	
All floor amendments considered by the body during sea	ssion (only if they are offered to the senate):
amendment # amend	nent#
amendment # amendment	ment#
Post Floor Action: (if applicable) {Clerk's Office}	
Committee of Conference Report (if signed off by by the committee of conference):	y all members. Include any new language proposed
Enrolled Bill Amendment(s)	
Governor's Veto Message	•
All available versions of the bill: {Clerk's Office}	
X as amended by the senate	as amended by the house
final version	
Completed Committee Report File Delivered to the	e Senate Clerk's Office By:
Kirsten Kach	THE 11/4/2021
Committee Aide	Date
Senate Clerk's Office	