LEGISLATIVE COMMITTEE MINUTES

SB162

Bill as Introduced

SB 162-FN - AS INTRODUCED

2021 SESSION

21-0464 04/10

SENATE BILL

162-FN

AN ACT

relative to the department of health and human services, the New Hampshire

granite advantage health care trust fund, and health facility licensure.

SPONSORS:

Sen. Bradley, Dist 3

COMMITTEE:

Health and Human Services

ANALYSIS

This bill makes numerous revisions to funds, positions, and programs within the department of health and human services, including the therapeutic cannabis program; community mental health and behavioral health programs; youth tobacco use; the interstate compact for the placement of children; residential care and child placement licensing procedures; availability of epinephrine autoinjectors and asthma inhalers at recreation camps; the developmentally disabled wait list; the New Hampshire granite workforce program; and child protection investigations. The bill also establishes a public health services special fund and directs certain fees to that fund to be used by the department for program oversight.

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Explanation:

Matter added to current law appears in bold italics.

Matter removed from current law appears [in brackets-and-struckthrough-]

Matter which is either (a) all new or (b) repealed and reenacted appears in regular type.

STATE OF NEW HAMPSHIRE

In the Year of Our Lord Two Thousand Twenty One

AN ACT

relative to the department of health and human services, the New Hampshire granite advantage health care trust fund, and health facility licensure.

Be it Enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Court convened:

1	1 Application of Receipts; Fund for Domestic Violence Grant Program. Amend RSA 6:12,
2	I(b)(12) to read as follows:
3	(12) Moneys received under RSA 457:29, 457:32-b, and 631:2-b, V which shall be
4	credited to the special fund for domestic violence programs established in RSA 173-B:15.
5	2 Application of Receipts; Public Health Services Special Fund. Amend RSA 6:12, I(b)(15) to
6	read as follows:
7	(15) Money received under RSA 125-F:22, 143:11, 143:22-a, 143-A:6, and 184:85,
8	which shall be credited to the public health services special fund established in RSA 143:11, III.
9	3 Compensation of Certain State Officers; Health and Human Services Positions Amended.
10	Amend the following position in RSA 94:1-a, I(b), grade GG to read as follows:
11	GG Department of health and human services director of [program planning and
12	integrity] Medicaid enterprise development
13	4 Compensation of Certain State Officers; Health and Human Services Positions Amended.
14	Amend the following positions in RSA 94:1-a, I(b), grade JJ to read as follows:
15	JJ Department of health and human services associate commissioner [of human
16	services and behavioral health]
17	JJ Department of health and human services associate commissioner [ef
18	operations]
19	JJ Department of health and human services associate commissioner [for
20	population-health]
21	[JJ Department of health and human-services associate commissioner,
22	operations
23	JJ-Department of health and human services associate commissioner, population
24	health]
25	5 Residential Care and Health Facility Licensing; Emergency Services. Amend RSA 151:2-g to
26	read as follows:
27	151:2-g Emergency Services. Every facility licensed as a hospital under RSA 151:2, I(a) shall
28	operate an emergency department offering emergency services to all individuals regardless of ability
29	to pay 24 hours every day, 7 days a week. This requirement shall not apply to any hospital licensed
30	and operating prior to July 1, 2016, which does not operate an emergency department or to any new

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psychiatric or substance abuse treatment hospital. For the purposes of this section, emergency services shall include the emergency medical treatment of both physical and behavioral health.

- 6 New Subparagraph; New Hampshire Retirement System; Definitions. Amend RSA 100-A:1, VIII by inserting after subparagraph (b) the following new subparagraph:
- (c) The bureau chief for emergency preparedness and response with the department of health and human services, division of health public services who:
- (1) Has the authority and responsibility to engage in the prevention and control of public health incidents or emergencies;
 - (2) As a job requirement is fully certified as an emergency preparedness official qualified to administer emergency planning, response and recovery activities in the event of natural disasters, public health crises or similar incidents; and
 - (3) As a job requirement shall meet all physical, mental, educational, and other qualifications for continuing certification as an emergency preparedness official that may be established by the certifying authority.
 - 7 Radiological Health Programs; Civil Penalties. Amend RSA 125-F:22, IV to read as follows:
 - IV. Upon request of the department of health and human services, the department of justice is authorized to institute civil action to collect a penalty imposed pursuant to this section. The attorney general shall have the exclusive power to compromise, mitigate, or remit such civil penalties as are referred to [him] the attorney general for collection. All civil penalties collected under this section shall be forwarded to the state treasurer. The state treasurer shall deposit all moneys received under this section, and interest received on such money, to the public health services special fund, [which shall be nonlapsing], established in RSA 143:11, from which the department of health and human services shall pay expenses incident to the administration of this chapter.
 - 8 Department of Health and Human Services; Office of the Ombudsman. Amend RSA 126-A:4, III to read as follows:
 - III. The department shall establish an office of the ombudsman to provide assistance to clients [and employees] of the department by investigating and resolving complaints regarding any matter within the jurisdiction of the department including services or assistance provided by the department or its contractors. The ombudsman's office may provide mediation or other means for informally resolving complaints. The records of the ombudsman's office shall be confidential and shall not be disclosed without the consent of the client [or employee] on whose behalf the complaint is made, except as may be necessary to assist the service provider [or the employee's supervisor] to resolve the complaint, or as required by law.
- 9 Repeal. RSA 126-A:5, II-a, relative to an annual report of an aggregate schedule of payables for class 90 grant lines, is repealed.

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- 1 10 New Section; Department of Health and Human Services; Status in Retirement System. 2 Amend RSA 126-A by inserting after section 5-e the following new section:
- 3 126-A:5-f Status in Retirement System. For purposes of classification under RSA 100-A, any 4 person who is or becomes the bureau chief for emergency preparedness with the department's
- 5 division of health public services, shall be included in the definition of group II under RSA 100-A:1,
- 6 VII(h) and VIII(c) under the retirement system, provided that, notwithstanding RSA 100-A:1, VII(h)
- 7 or VIII(c), any person not already a group II member for at least 10 years during or prior to his or
- 8 her appointment shall be eligible for or remain as a group I member for the duration of service as the
- 9 bureau chief for emergency preparedness.

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- 10 11 Repeal. The following are repealed:
- I. RSA 126-A:50 through RSA 126-A:59, RSA 126-A:61, and RSA 126-A:63, relative to the housing security guarantee program.
- II. RSA 6:12, I(b)(255), relative to moneys deposited in the homeless housing and access revolving loan fund, established in RSA 126-A:63.
- 15 12 State Health Plan; State Health Assessment and State Health Improvement Plan Advisory 16 Council. Amend RSA 126-A:88, I(a) to read as follows:
 - (a) [Two] Three members of the house of representatives, one of whom shall be appointed by the speaker of the house of representatives and one of whom shall be appointed by the minority leader.
 - 13 New Subparagraphs; State Health Plan; State Health Assessment and State Health Improvement Plan Advisory Council. Amend RSA 126-A:88, I by inserting after subparagraph (dd) the following new subparagraphs:
 - (ee) A health officer, appointed by the New Hampshire Health Officers Association.
 - (ff) A representative from Community Support Network, Inc. (CSNI) appointed by CSNI.
- (gg) A representative from New Hampshire Community Behavioral Health Association
 appointed by association.
 - (hh) The director of the office of health equity, department of health and human services, or designee.
 - (ii) A representative from a large hospital system appointed by the New Hampshire Hospital Association.
 - 14 State Health Plan; State Health Assessment and State Health Improvement Plan Advisory Council. Amend RSA 126-A:88, III to read as follows:
 - III. Members of the council appointed under subparagraphs II(a) through (j) in this section shall serve a term coterminous with their term in office. The members appointed pursuant to subparagraphs [H(k) through (dd)] I(k) through (hh) in this section shall serve 6-year terms provided that initial appointments shall be for staggered terms of one to 6 years. Legislative members shall receive mileage at the legislative rate when attending to the duties of the council.

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- The first-named senate member shall convene the organizational meeting of the council within 45 days of the effective date of this section for the purpose of electing officers. The chairperson shall be elected upon a majority vote of the council. [Seventeen] Twenty members shall constitute a quorum.
 - 15 Youth Access to and Use of Tobacco Products. Amend RSA 126-K:1 to read as follows:

- 126-K:1 Purpose. The purpose of this chapter is to protect the citizens of New Hampshire from the possibility of addiction, disability, and death resulting from the use of tobacco products by ensuring that tobacco products will not be supplied to persons under the age of 21. This chapter shall not apply to individuals who have been issued a registry identification card under RSA 126-X:4 or alternative treatment centers registered under RSA 126-X:7 with respect to the therapeutic use of cannabis.
- 11 16 Youth Access to and Use of Tobacco Products; Possession and Use. Amend RSA 126-K:6, I to 12 read as follows:
 - I. No person under 21 years of age shall purchase, attempt to purchase, possess, or use any tobacco product, e-cigarette, device, or e-liquid [except individuals who have been issued a registry identification card under RSA 126 X:4 may purchase, possess and use e-liquids containing cannabis and applicable devices as allowed under RSA 126 X].
 - 17 Use of Cannabis for Therapeutic Purposes; Definitions. Amend RSA 126-X:1, VII(b) to read as follows:
 - (b) For a visiting qualifying patient, "provider" means an individual licensed to prescribe drugs to humans in the state of the patient's residence and who possesses an active registration from the United States Drug Enforcement Administration to prescribe controlled substances. [Such visiting patient shall not be eligible to purchase or transfer cannabis from an eligible New Hampshire-patient.]
 - 18 Use of Cannabis for Therapeutic Purposes; Definitions. Amend RSA 126-X:1, XI to read as follows:
 - XI. "Registry identification card" means a document indicating the date issued, *effective* date, and expiration date by the department pursuant to RSA 126-X:4 that identifies an individual as a qualifying patient or a designated caregiver.
 - 19 Use of Cannabis for Therapeutic Purposes; Definitions. Amend RSA 126-X:1, XVII to read as follows:
 - XVII. "Written certification" means documentation of a qualifying medical condition by a provider pursuant to rules adopted by the department pursuant to RSA 541-A for the purpose of issuing registry identification cards, after having completed a full assessment of the patient's medical history and current medical condition made in the course of a provider-patient relationship. [The date of issuance and the patient's qualifying medical condition, symptoms or side effects, the certifying provider's name, medical specialty, and signature shall be specified on the written certification.]

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20 New Paragraph; Use of Cannabis for Therapeutic Purposes; Protections. Amend RSA 126-1 2 X:2 by inserting after paragraph XVI the following new paragraph: 3 XVII. Authorized employees of the department shall not be subject to arrest by state or local 4 law enforcement, prosecution, or penalty under state or municipal law, or search, when possessing, 5 transporting, delivering, or transferring cannabis and cannabis infused products for the purposes of 6 regulatory oversight related to this chapter. 7 21 Use of Cannabis for Therapeutic Purposes; Protections. Amend RSA 126-X;2, IX(c) to read as 8 follows: 9 Deliver, transfer, supply, sell, or dispense cannabis and related supplies and 10 educational materials to qualifying patients [who have designated the alternative treatment center 11 to provide for them], to designated caregivers on behalf of the qualifying patients [who have 12 designated the alternative treatment center], or to other alternative treatment centers. 13 22 Use of Cannabis for Therapeutic Purposes; Prohibitions and Limitations on the Therapeutic 14 Use of Cannabis. Amend RSA 126-X:3, VII-VIII to read as follows: 15 VII. The department may revoke the registry identification card of a qualifying patient or designated caregiver for violation of rules adopted by the department or for violation of any other 16 17 provision of this chapter, including for obtaining more than 2 ounces of cannabis in any 10-18 day period in violation of RSA 126-X:8, XIII(b), and the qualifying patient or designated 19 caregiver shall be subject to any other penalties established in law for the violation. 20 VIII. A facility caregiver shall treat cannabis in a manner similar to [medications] other 21 narcotics with respect to its storage, security, and administration when assisting qualifying 22 patients with the therapeutic use of cannabis. 23 23 Use of Cannabis for Therapeutic Purposes; Registry Identification Cards. Amend RSA 126-24 X:4, I(e) and the introductory paragraph of I(f) to read as follows: 25 (e) Name[, address, and telephone number] of the applicant's provider. 26 (f) Name [, address,] and date of birth of the applicant's designated caregiver, if any. A 27 qualifying patient shall have only one designated caregiver, except as follows: 28 24 Use of Cannabis for Therapeutic Purposes; Registry Identification Cards. Amend RSA 126-29 X:4, II(d) to read as follows: 30 (d) Name, residential and mailing address, and date of birth of each qualifying patient 31 for whom the applicant will act as designated caregiver, except that if the qualifying patient is 32 homeless, no residential address is required. [An applicant shall not act as a designated caregiver 33 for more than 5 qualifying patients.] 34 Use of Cannabis for Therapeutic Purposes; Registry Identification Cards. Amend the 35 introductory paragraph in RSA 126-X:4, IV and RSA 126-X:4, IV(a)-(b) to read as follows:

IV. The department shall create and issue a registry identification card to a person applying

as a qualifying patient or designated caregiver within 5 days of approving an application or renewal.

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- Each registry identification card shall expire one year after the [date of issuance] effective date of 1 2 the card, unless the provider states in the written certification that the certification should expire 3 at an earlier [specified date] or later effective date, not to exceed 3 years, then the registry 4 identification card shall expire on that date. Registry identification cards shall contain all of the 5 following: 6 (a) Name, mailing address, and date of birth of the qualifying patient or designated 7 caregiver. 8 (b) The date of issuance, effective date, and expiration date of the registry 9 identification card. 10 26 Use of Cannabis for Therapeutic Purposes; Registry Identification Cards. Amend RSA 126-11 X:4, VII(a) to read as follows: 12 VII.(a) The department shall track the number of qualifying patients [who have designated 13 each alternative treatment center and issue a weekly written statement to the alternative treatment center identifying the number of qualifying patients [who have designated that 14 15 alternative treatment center] along with the registry identification numbers of each qualifying 16 patient and each qualifying patient's designated caregiver. 17 27 Use of Cannabis for Therapeutic Purposes; Registry Identification Cards. Amend RSA 126-18 X:4. VIII to read as follows: 19 VIII. In addition to the weekly reports, the department shall also provide written notice to 20 an alternative treatment center which identifies the names and registration identification numbers 21 of a qualifying patient and his or her designated caregiver whenever [any] either of the following 22 events occur: 23 (a) A qualifying patient [designates the alternative treatment center to serve his or her 24needs] is registered as a participating patient under this chapter; or 25 (b) [A qualifying patient revokes the designation of the alternative treatment center; or 26 (e) A qualifying patient [who has designated the alternative treatment center] loses his 27 or her status as a qualifying patient under this chapter. 28 28 Use of Cannabis for Therapeutic Purposes; Registry Identification Cards. Amend RSA 126-29 X:4, IX(a) to read as follows:
 - XI.(a) The department shall create and maintain a confidential registry of each individual who has applied for and received a registry identification card as a qualifying patient or a designated caregiver in accordance with the provisions of this chapter. Each entry in the registry shall contain the qualifying patient's or designated caregiver's name, mailing address, date of birth, date of

IX.(a) A qualifying patient shall notify the department before changing his or her designated

29 Use of Cannabis for Therapeutic Purposes; Registry Identification Cards. Amend RSA 126-

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caregiver [or-alternative treatment center].

X:4, XI(a) to read as follows:

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1	registry identification card issuance, effective date of registry identification, date of registry
2	identification card expiration, and random 10-digit identification number[, and registry
3	identification number of the qualifying patient's designated alternative treatment center, if any].
4	The confidential registry and the information contained in it shall be exempt from disclosure under
5	RSA 91-A.
6	30 Use of Cannabis for Therapeutic Purposes; Registry Identification Cards. Amend RSA 126-
7	X:4, XI(b)(5) to read as follows:
8	(5) Counsel for the department may notify law enforcement officials about falsified
9	or fraudulent information submitted to the department where counsel has [made a legal
10	determination that there is probable cause] reason to believe the information is false or falsified.
11	31 Use of Cannabis for Therapeutic Purposes; Departmental Rules. Amend RSA 126-X:6, I(b) to
12	read as follows:
13	(b) The form and content of providers' written certifications, including the
14	administrative process for tracking extensions pursuant to RSA 126-X:4, I.
15	32 Use of Cannabis for Therapeutic Purposes; Alternative Treatment Centers. Amend RSA 126-
16	X:8, VII(a) to read as follows:
17	(a) Records of the disposal of cannabis that is not distributed by the alternative
18	treatment center to qualifying patients [who have designated-the alternative-treatment-center to
19	eultivate for them].
20	33 Use of Cannabis for Therapeutic Purposes; Alternative Treatment Centers. Amend RSA 126-
21	X:8, XV(a)-(b) to read as follows:
22	XV.(a) An alternative treatment center shall not possess or cultivate cannabis in excess of
23	the following quantities:
24	(1) Eighty cannabis plants, 160 seedlings, and 80 ounces of usable cannabis, or 6
25	ounces of usable cannabis per qualifying patient; and
26	(2) Three mature cannabis plants, 12 seedlings, and 6 ounces for each qualifying
27	patient [who has designated the alternative treatment center to provide him or her with cannabis for
28	therapeutic use] registered as a qualifying patient under this chapter.
29	(b) An alternative treatment center or alternative treatment center agent shall not
30	dispense, deliver, or otherwise transfer cannabis to any person or entity other than:
31	(1) A qualifying patient [who has designated the relevant alternative treatment
32	eenter]; or
33	(2) Such patient's designated caregiver; or

I. RSA 126-X:4, I(g), relative to patients designating an alternative treatment center.

II. RSA 126-X:4, II(e), relative to street address of the alternative treatment center.

(3) Another alternative treatment center.

34 Repeal. The following are repealed:

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- III. RSA 126-X:4, IX(e), relative to failure of a qualifying patient or designated caregiver for providing changes to name, address or designated caregiver.
 - IV. RSA 126-X:6, I(e), relative to departmental rules regarding certain fines.

- 35 New Hampshire Granite Advantage Health Care Trust Fund. Amend RSA 126-AA;3, I(e)-(f) to read as follows:
 - (e) Funds received from the assessment under RSA 404-G; [and]
- (f) Revenue from the Medicaid enhancement tax to meet the requirements provided in RSA 167:64(f); and
- (g) Funds recovered or returnable to the fund that were originally spent on the cost of coverage of the granite advantage health care program.
 - 36 Community Mental Health Programs. Amend RSA 135-C:7 to read as follows:
- 135-C:7 Community Mental Health Programs. Any city, county, town, or nonprofit corporation may establish and administer a community mental health program for the purpose of providing mental health services to individuals and organizations in the area. Every program shall, at a minimum, provide emergency, medical or psychiatric screening and evaluation, case management, [and] psychotherapy services, housing, and other supports in the continuum of care as necessary to meet the needs of each patient in the state mental health services system. The department may contract with a community mental health program, pursuant to RSA 135-C:3, for the operation and administration of any services which are part of the state mental health services system, including housing and other supports within the continuum of care. In the event that the commissioner decides to enter into a contract for the operation and administration of any services which are part of the state mental health services system, the contract shall contain standards designed to measure the performance of the contractor in achieving positive consumer outcomes, maintaining fiscal integrity, and providing quality services.
 - 37 Communicable Disease; Mosquito Control Fund. Amend RSA 141-C:25, I to read as follows:
- I. There is hereby established a nonlapsing and continually appropriated mosquito control fund to assist cities, towns, and mosquito control districts by providing funding for the purpose of offsetting the cost of mosquito control activities including, but not limited to, the purchase and application of chemical pesticides. The purpose of the fund is to provide financial assistance, when needed, to cities, towns, and mosquito control districts engaging in mosquito control and abatement activities in response to a declared threat to the public health. [Any balance remaining in the mosquito control fund at the close of the fiscal year ending June 30, 2009 shall lapse to the general fund.]
- 38 Sanitary Production and Distribution of Food; Shellfish Certificate Fees. Amend RSA 143:11, III to read as follows:
- III. There is hereby established in the state treasury the public health services special fund, which shall be kept separate and distinct from all other funds. The fund

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shall be nonlapsing and continually appropriated to the department of health and human services. All fees collected under this subdivision shall be forwarded to the state treasurer. The state treasurer who shall credit all [moneys received under this subdivision,] such moneys and interest received on such money, to [a-special] the fund from which [he] the department of health and human services shall pay all the expenses of the department incident to the administration of this subdivision. [This fund shall not lapse.]

39 Sanitary Production and Distribution of Food; Shellfish Certificate Fees. Amend RSA 143:22-a to read as follows:

 143:22-a Shellfish Certificate Fees. The commissioner of the department of health and human services shall prescribe and collect fees for certificates for establishments which process or pack shellfish. Such fees shall be in accordance with rules adopted under RSA 541-A. All fees collected under this subdivision shall be forwarded to the state treasurer to be deposited in the [general-fund] public health services special fund established in RSA 143:11. The department of health and human services shall use such funds to pay expenses of the department incident to the administration of this subdivision.

40 Food Service Licensure; Application. Amend RSA 143-A:6, VI to read as follows:

VI. From the amounts collected by the commissioner under paragraph V, up to \$300,000 each fiscal year may be included in the state biennial operating budget as restricted revenue to support the activities required in this chapter. The state treasurer shall credit all moneys received under this paragraph, and interest received on such money, to the public health services special fund, established under RSA 143:11, from which the department shall pay expenses incident to the administration of this chapter.

41 Nursing Home Administrators; Patient Accounts. Amend RSA 151-A:15, I to read as follows:

I. If within 30 days after the date of a testate or intestate patient's death in any nursing home no petition for probate has been filed under any section of RSA 553 and the gross value of the personal property remaining at the nursing home belonging to the deceased, including any amount left in a patient account, is no more than [\$5,000] \$10,000, the nursing home administrator shall file in the probate court in the county where the nursing home is located an affidavit for the purpose of disposing of such deceased patient's estate. The form of the affidavit, and the rules governing proceedings under this section, shall be provided by the probate court pursuant to RSA 547:33. The nursing home administrator shall not file a death certificate with the probate court, but shall attest to the death in the affidavit. If the nursing home patient died testate and if the nursing home administrator has the will or a copy of the will, the nursing home administrator shall file the same in the probate court in the county where the nursing home is located. The probate court shall waive all filing fees.

42 Applicability. Section 41 of this act shall apply to affidavits filed on or after the effective date of this section.

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- 1 43 Repeal. RSA 151-E:11, II, relative to an annual report on the utilization of non-nursing home services, is repealed.
- 44 Protective Services to Adults; Reports of Adult Abuse. Amend the introductory paragraph of
 RSA 161-F:46 to read as follows:
- Any person, including, but not limited to, physicians, other health care professionals, social workers, clergy, and law enforcement officials, suspecting or believing in good faith that any adult who is or who is suspected to be vulnerable, at the time of the incident, has been subjected to abuse, neglect, self-neglect, or exploitation or is, or was living in hazardous conditions shall report or cause a report to be made as follows:
- 10 45 Repeal. The following are repealed:

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- I. RSA 161-F:64, relative to an annual report on review of homemaker services.
- II. RSA 161-I:4, IV, relative to reports regarding the home and community-based care waiver for the elderly and chronically ill.
- 14 III. RSA 165:20-c, relative to liability for support and reimbursement from the state.
- 15 IV. RSA 165:35, relative to rulemaking for forms and claims for reimbursement from the state.
- V. RSA 167:3-j, III, relative to semi-annual reports on net savings realized for aid to the permanently and totally disabled grants.
- 19 46 Aid to Assisted Persons; Expense of General Assistance. Amend RSA 165:2-a to read as 20 follows:
- 21 165:2-a Expense of General Assistance. The financial responsibility for general assistance for 22 assisted persons shall be the responsibility of the town or city in which the person making 23 application resides, except as otherwise provided in RSA 165:1-c [and 165:20-c].
 - 47 Public Assistance; Financial Disclosure by Applicants and Recipients. Amend RSA 167:4-a, VI to read as follows:
- 26 VI. The department, in coordination with financial institutions doing business in the state, may develop and operate a data match system, using automated data exchanges to the maximum 27 extent feasible, in which each financial institution is required to provide, when requested by the 28 29 department and subject to reasonable reimbursement as set forth in Public Law 110-252, up to 5 years of information regarding the name, record address, social security number or other taxpayer 30 31 identification number, monthly account balance, and other identifying information for each applicant 32 or recipient who maintains an account at the financial institution, as identified by the department by name and social security number or other taxpayer identification number. The system shall be 33 based on a cost-effective search algorithm and shall include means to assure compliance with the 34 35 provisions of this section. The department shall provide a status report regarding the implementation of the data match system to the oversight committee on health and human services, 36 established in RSA 126 A:13, on or before November 1, 2010, and annually thereafter, until 37

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implementation has been fully completed. The report shall summarize the department's findings and recommendations to date, including savings generated by both incremental asset identification and the time and labor associated with the process, the feedback and reactions of applicants and recipients, any barriers to implementation, anticipated future actions, and the department's assessment of the relative success of the project.

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48 Public Assistance; Unauthorized Payments. Amend RSA 167:17-a is repealed and reenacted to read as follows:

167:17-a Unauthorized Payments; Recovery by State. Any sums paid to or on behalf of any individual for any public assistance program under the provisions of RSA 167 or RSA 161 as a result of any failure to report collateral resources as described in RSA 167:17, false statement, misrepresentation or concealment of or failure to disclose the receipt of property, wages, income or resources by the individual or by any person legally liable for the individual's support, or with regard to supplemental nutrition assistance program (SNAP) benefits such assistance overpaid without regard to the reason for such overpayment including, but not limited to, errors committed by the department of health and human services, its employees, agents or contractors, may be recovered through administrative or judicial process, in an action brought by the state or the commissioner of the department of health and human services or his or her designee against such individual. This recovery shall be limited by the provisions of RSA 161:10. The commissioner of the department of health and human services shall recover any unauthorized payments by reasonably adjusting current and future grant amounts received by the individual violating the provisions of this section, or through the return of the overpayment through repayment to the department. A person who knowingly, and with malfeasance, assists a recipient or other person in obtaining an overpayment is jointly and severally liable for the overpayment.

49 New Section; Child Protection Act; Investigatory Interviews and Evaluations. Amend RSA 169-C by inserting after section 12-f the following new section:

169-C:12-g Investigatory Interviews and Evaluations. The court may order a parent, guardian, custodian, or other caregiver to produce a child for the purpose of an investigatory interview, including a multidisciplinary team interview in accordance with RSA 169-C:34-a or an interview or evaluation by any other expert necessary for the purpose of the investigation of suspected abuse or neglect.

50 Child Protection Act; Central Registry. Amend RSA 169-C:35, II to read as follows:

II. Upon receipt by the department of a written request and verified proof of identity, an individual shall be informed by the department whether that individual's name is listed in the founded reports maintained in the central registry. It shall be unlawful for any employer other than those providing services pursuant to RSA 169-B, RSA 169-C, RSA 169-D, and RSA 135-C, and those specified in RSA 170-E [and], RSA 170-G:8-c, and RSA 171-A to require as a condition of employment that the employee submit his or her name for review against the central registry of

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1	founded reports of abuse and neglect. Any violation of this provision shall be punishable as a
2	violation.
3	51 Interstate Compact for the Placement of Children. RSA 170-A is repealed and reenacted to
4	read as follows:
5	CHAPTER 170-A
6	INTERSTATE COMPACT
7	FOR THE PLACEMENT OF CHILDREN
8	170-A:1 Interstate Compact for the Placement of Children. On the effective date of this chapter,
9	based upon the enactment of the Interstate Compact for the Placement of Children into law by the
10	thirty-fifth compacting state, the governor is authorized and directed to execute a compact on behalf
11	of this state with any other state or states legally joining therein in the form substantially as follows:
12	ARTICLE I
13	Purpose
14	The purpose of this Interstate Compact for the Placement of Children is to:
15	I. Provide a process through which children subject to this compact are placed in safe and
16	suitable homes in a timely manner.
17	II. Facilitate ongoing supervision of a placement, the delivery of services, and
18	communication between the states.
19	III. Provide operating procedures that will ensure that children are placed in safe and
20	suitable homes in a timely manner.
21	IV. Provide for the promulgation and enforcement of administrative rules implementing the
22	provisions of this compact and regulating the covered activities of the member states.
23	V. Provide for uniform data collection and information sharing between member states
24	under this compact.
25	VI. Promote coordination between this compact, the Interstate Compact for Juveniles, the
26	Interstate Compact on Adoption and Medical Assistance, and other compacts affecting the placement
27	of and which provide services to children otherwise subject to this compact.
28	VII. Provide for a state's continuing legal jurisdiction and responsibility for placement and
29	care of a child that it would have had if the placement were intrastate.
30	VIII. Provide for the promulgation of guidelines, in collaboration with Indian tribes, for
31	interstate cases involving Indian children as is or may be permitted by federal law.
32	ARTICLE II
33	Definitions
34	As used in this compact:
35	I. "Approved placement" means the public child-placing agency in the receiving state has

I. "Approved placement" means the public child-placing agency in the receiving state has determined that the placement is both safe and suitable for the child.

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- II. "Assessment" means an evaluation of a prospective placement by a public child-placing agency in the receiving state to determine if the placement meets the individualized needs of the child, including, but not limited to, the child's safety and stability, health and well-being, and mental, emotional, and physical development. An assessment is only applicable to a placement by a public child-placing agency.
 - III. "Child" means an individual who has not attained the age of 18.

- IV. "Certification" means to attest, declare, or swear to before a judge or notary public.
- V. "Default" means the failure of a member state to perform the obligations or responsibilities imposed upon it by this compact or the bylaws or rules of the Interstate Commission.
- VI. "Home study" means an evaluation of a home environment conducted in accordance with the applicable requirements of the state in which the home is located and that documents the preparation and the suitability of the placement resource for placement of a child in accordance with the laws and requirements of the state in which the home is located.
- VII. "Indian tribe" means any Indian tribe, band, nation, or other organized group or community of Indians recognized as eligible for services provided to Indians by the Secretary of the Interior because of their status as Indians, including any Alaskan native village as defined in section 3(c) of the Alaska Native Claims Settlement Act, 43 U.S.C. section 1602(c).
- VIII. "Interstate Commission for the Placement of Children" means the commission that is created under Article VIII of this compact and which is generally referred to as the "Interstate Commission."
 - IX. "Jurisdiction" means the power and authority of a court to hear and decide matters.
- X. "Legal risk placement" or "legal risk adoption" means a placement made preliminary to an adoption where the prospective adoptive parents acknowledge in writing that a child can be ordered returned to the sending state or the birth mother's state of residence, if different from the sending state, and a final decree of adoption shall not be entered in any jurisdiction until all required consents are obtained or are dispensed with in accordance with applicable law.
 - XI. "Member state" means a state that has enacted this compact.
- XII. "Noncustodial parent" means a person who, at the time of the commencement of court proceedings in the sending state, does not have sole legal custody of the child or has joint legal custody of a child, and who is not the subject of allegations or findings of child abuse or neglect.
 - XIII. "Nonmember state" means a state which has not enacted this compact.
- XIV. "Notice of residential placement" means information regarding a placement into a residential facility provided to the receiving state, including, but not limited to, the name, date, and place of birth of the child, the identity and address of the parent or legal guardian, evidence of authority to make the placement, and the name and address of the facility in which the child will be placed. Notice of residential placement shall also include information regarding a discharge and any unauthorized absence from the facility.

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1 XV. "Placement" means the act by a public or private child-placing agency intended to arrange for the care or custody of a child in another state.

- XVI. "Private child-placing agency" means any private corporation, agency, foundation, institution, or charitable organization, or any private person or attorney, that facilitates, causes, or is involved in the placement of a child from one state to another and that is not an instrumentality of the state or acting under color of state law.
- XVII. "Provisional placement" means a determination made by the public child-placing agency in the receiving state that the proposed placement is safe and suitable, and, to the extent allowable, the receiving state has temporarily waived its standards or requirements otherwise applicable to prospective foster or adoptive parents so as to not delay the placement. Completion of the receiving state requirements regarding training for prospective foster or adoptive parents shall not delay an otherwise safe and suitable placement.
- XVIII. "Public child-placing agency" means any government child welfare agency or child protection agency or a private entity under contract with such an agency, regardless of whether the entity acts on behalf of a state, a county, a municipality, or another governmental unit, and which facilitates, causes, or is involved in the placement of a child from one state to another.
- XIX. "Receiving state" means the state to which a child is sent, brought, or caused to be sent or brought.
- XX. "Relative" means someone who is related to the child as a parent, stepparent, sibling by half or whole blood or by adoption, grandparent, aunt, uncle, or first cousin or a nonrelative with such significant ties to the child that the nonrelative may be regarded as a relative as determined by the court in the sending state.
- XXI. "Residential facility" means a facility providing a level of care that is sufficient to substitute for parental responsibility or foster care and that is beyond what is needed for assessment or treatment of an acute condition. For purposes of the compact, the term "residential facility" does not include institutions primarily educational in character, hospitals, or other medical facilities.
- XXII. "Rule" means a written directive, mandate, standard, or principle issued by the Interstate Commission promulgated pursuant to Article XI of this compact that is of general applicability and that implements, interprets, or prescribes a policy or provision of the compact. A rule has the force and effect of an administrative rule in a member state and includes the amendment, repeal, or suspension of an existing rule.
 - XXIII. "Sending state" means the state from which the placement of a child is initiated.
- XXIV. "Service member's permanent duty station" means the military installation where an active duty United States Armed Services member is currently assigned and is physically located under competent orders that do not specify the duty as temporary.
- 36 XXV. "Service member's state of legal residence" means the state in which the active duty
 37 United States Armed Services member is considered a resident for tax and voting purposes.

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1	XXVI. "State" means a state of the United States, the District of Columbia, the
2	Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, the United States Virgin Islands, Guam, American Samoa, the
3	Northern Mariana Islands, and any other territory of the United States.
4	XXVII. "State court" means a judicial body of a state that is vested by law with
5	responsibility for adjudicating cases involving abuse, neglect, deprivation, delinquency, or status
6	offenses of individuals who have not attained the age of 18.
7	XXVIII. "Supervision" means monitoring provided by the receiving state once a child has
8	been placed in a receiving state pursuant to this compact.
9	ARTICLE III
10	Applicability
11	I. Except as otherwise provided in paragraph II, this compact shall apply to:
12	(a) The interstate placement of a child subject to ongoing court jurisdiction in the
13	sending state, due to allegations or findings that the child has been abused, neglected, or deprived as
14	defined by the laws of the sending state; provided, however, that the placement of such a child into a
15	residential facility shall only require notice of residential placement to the receiving state prior to
16	placement.
17	(b) The interstate placement of a child adjudicated delinquent or unmanageable based
18	on the laws of the sending state and subject to ongoing court jurisdiction of the sending state if:
19	(1) The child is being placed in a residential facility in another member state and is
20	not covered under another compact; or
21	(2) The child is being placed in another member state and the determination of
22	safety and suitability of the placement and services required is not provided through another
23	compact.
24	(c) The interstate placement of any child by a public child-placing agency or private
25	child-placing agency as a preliminary step to a possible adoption.
26	II. The provisions of this compact shall not apply to:
27	(a) The interstate placement of a child in a custody proceeding in which a public child-
28	placing agency is not a party; provided, however, that the placement is not intended to effectuate an
29	adoption.
30	(b) The interstate placement of a child with a nonrelative in a receiving state by a parent
31	with the legal authority to make such a placement; provided, however, that the placement is not
32	intended to effectuate an adoption.
33	(c) The interstate placement of a child by one relative with the lawful authority to make
34	such a placement directly with a relative in a receiving state.
35	(d) The placement of a child, not subject to paragraph I, into a residential facility by his
36	or her parent.
37	(e) The placement of a child with a noncustodial parent, provided that:

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- (1) The noncustodial parent proves to the satisfaction of a court in the sending state 1 2 a substantial relationship with the child; 3 (2) The court in the sending state makes a written finding that placement with the 4 noncustodial parent is in the best interests of the child; and (3) The court in the sending state dismisses its jurisdiction in interstate placements 5 6 in which the public child-placing agency is a party to the proceeding. 7 (f) A child entering the United States from a foreign country for the purpose of adoption 8 or leaving the United States to go to a foreign country for the purpose of adoption in that country. 9 (g) Cases in which a child who is a United States citizen living overseas with his or her 10 family, at least one of whom is in the United States Armed Services and stationed overseas, is 11 removed and placed in a state. 12 (h) The sending of a child by a public child-placing agency or a private child-placing 13 agency for a visit as defined by the rules of the Interstate Commission. 14 III. For purposes of determining the applicability of this compact to the placement of a child with a family member in the United States Armed Services, the public child-placing agency or 15 private child-placing agency may choose the state of the service member's permanent duty station or 16 17 the service member's declared legal residence. IV. Nothing in this compact shall be construed to prohibit the concurrent application of the 18 provisions of this compact with other applicable interstate compacts, including the Interstate 19 20 Compact for Juveniles and the Interstate Compact on Adoption and Medical Assistance. The 21 Interstate Commission may, in cooperation with other interstate compact commissions having responsibility for the interstate movement, placement, or transfer of children, promulgate similar 22rules to ensure the coordination of services, timely placement of children, and reduction of 23 24 unnecessary or duplicative administrative or procedural requirements. ARTICLE IV 25 26 Jurisdiction I. Except as provided in Article IV, paragraph VIII, and Article V, subparagraph II(b) and 27 (c), concerning private and independent adoptions, and in interstate placements in which the public 28 29 child-placing agency is not a party to a custody proceeding, the sending state shall retain jurisdiction over a child with respect to all matters of custody and disposition of the child which it would have 30 31 had if the child had remained in the sending state. Such jurisdiction shall also include the power to 32 order the return of the child to the sending state. II. When an issue of child protection or custody is brought before a court in the receiving 33 state, such court shall confer with the court of the sending state to determine the most appropriate 34 35 forum for adjudication. III. In cases that are before courts and subject to this compact, the taking of testimony for 36
 - hearings before any judicial officer may occur in person or by telephone, audio-video conference, or

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such other means as approved by the rules of the Interstate Commission, and judicial officers may 1 2 communicate with other judicial officers and persons involved in the interstate process as may be 3 permitted by their code of judicial conduct and any rules promulgated by the Interstate Commission. 4 IV. In accordance with its own laws, the court in the sending state shall have authority to 5 terminate its jurisdiction if: 6 (a) The child is reunified with the parent in the receiving state who is the subject of 7 allegations or findings of abuse or neglect, only with the concurrence of the public child-placing 8 agency in the receiving state; 9 (b) The child is adopted; 10 (c) The child reaches the age of majority under the laws of the sending state; (d) The child achieves legal independence pursuant to the laws of the sending state; 11 12 (e) A guardianship is created by a court in the receiving state with the concurrence of 13 the court in the sending state; 14 (f) An Indian tribe has petitioned for and received jurisdiction from the court in the 15 sending state; or 16 (g) The public child-placing agency of the sending state requests termination and has 17 obtained the concurrence of the public child-placing agency in the receiving state. 18 V. When a sending state court terminates its jurisdiction, the receiving state child-placing 19 agency shall be notified. 20 VI. Nothing in this article shall defeat a claim of jurisdiction by a receiving state court 21 sufficient to deal with an act of truancy, delinquency, crime, or behavior involving a child as defined 22 by the laws of the receiving state committed by the child in the receiving state which would be a 23 violation of its laws. 24 VII. Nothing in this article shall limit the receiving state's ability to take emergency 25 jurisdiction for the protection of the child. 26 VIII. The substantive laws of the state in which an adoption will be finalized shall solely 27 govern all issues relating to the adoption of the child, and the court in which the adoption proceeding 28 is filed shall have subject matter jurisdiction regarding all substantive issues relating to the 29 adoption, except: 30 (a) When the child is a ward of another court that established jurisdiction over the child 31 prior to the placement; 32 (b) When the child is in the legal custody of a public agency in the sending state; or 33 (c) When a court in the sending state has otherwise appropriately assumed jurisdiction over the child prior to the submission of the request for approval of placement. 34 35 IX. A final decree of adoption shall not be entered in any jurisdiction until the placement is

authorized as an "approved placement" by the public child-placing agency in the receiving state.

37 ARTICLE V

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Placement Evaluation

- I. Prior to sending, bringing, or causing a child to be sent or brought into a receiving state, the public child-placing agency shall provide a written request for assessment to the receiving state.
- II. For placements by a private child-placing agency, a child may be sent or brought, or caused to be sent or brought, into a receiving state upon receipt and immediate review of the required content in a request for approval of a placement in both the sending and receiving state public child-placing agencies. The required content to accompany a request for approval shall include all of the following:
- (a) A request for approval identifying the child, the birth parents, the prospective adoptive parents, and the supervising agency, signed by the person requesting approval.
- (b) The appropriate consents or relinquishments signed by the birth parents in accordance with the laws of the sending state or, where permitted, the laws of the state where the adoption will be finalized.
- (c) Certification by a licensed attorney or authorized agent of a private adoption agency that the consent or relinquishment is in compliance with the applicable laws of the sending state or, where permitted, the laws of the state where finalization of the adoption will occur.
 - (d) A home study.
 - (e) An acknowledgment of legal risk signed by the prospective adoptive parents.
- III. The sending state and the receiving state may request additional information or documents prior to finalization of an approved placement, but they may not delay travel by the prospective adoptive parents with the child if the required content for approval has been submitted, received, and reviewed by the public child-placing agency in both the sending state and the receiving state.
- IV. Approval from the public child-placing agency in the receiving state for a provisional or approved placement is required as provided for in the rules of the Interstate Commission.
- V. The procedures for making the request for an assessment shall contain all information and be in such form as provided for in the rules of the Interstate Commission.
- VI. Upon receipt of a request from the public child-placing agency of the sending state, the receiving state shall initiate an assessment of the proposed placement to determine its safety and suitability. If the proposed placement is a placement with a relative, the public child-placing agency of the sending state may request a determination for a provisional placement.
- VII. The public child-placing agency in the receiving state may request from the public childplacing agency or the private child-placing agency in the sending state, and shall be entitled to receive, supporting or additional information necessary to complete the assessment or approve the placement.

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1	VIII. The public child-placing agency in the receiving state shall approve a provisional
2	placement and complete or arrange for the completion of the assessment within the timeframes
3	established by the rules of the Interstate Commission.
4	IX. For a placement by a private child-placing agency, the sending state shall not impose
5	any additional requirements to complete the home study that are not required by the receiving state,
6	unless the adoption is finalized in the sending state.
7	X. The Interstate Commission may develop uniform standards for the assessment of the
8	safety and suitability of interstate placements.
9	ARTICLE VI
10	Placement Authority
11	I. Except as otherwise provided in this compact, no child subject to this compact shall be
12	placed in a receiving state until approval for such placement is obtained.
13	II. If the public child-placing agency in the receiving state does not approve the proposed
14	placement, then the child shall not be placed. The receiving state shall provide written
15	documentation of any such determination in accordance with the rules promulgated by the
16	Interstate Commission. Such determination is not subject to judicial review in the sending state.
17	III. If the proposed placement is not approved, any interested party shall have standing to
18	seek an administrative review of the receiving state's determination.
19	(a) The administrative review and any further judicial review associated with the
20	determination shall be conducted in the receiving state pursuant to its applicable administrative
21	procedures act.
22	(b) If a determination not to approve the placement of the child in the receiving state is
23	overturned upon review, the placement shall be deemed approved; provided, however, that all
24	administrative or judicial remedies have been exhausted or the time for such remedies has passed.
25	ARTICLE VII
26	Placing Agency Responsibility
27	I. For the interstate placement of a child made by a public child-placing agency or state
28	court:
29	(a) The public child-placing agency in the sending state shall have financial
30	responsibility for:
31	(1) The ongoing support and maintenance for the child during the period of the
32	placement, unless otherwise provided for in the receiving state; and
33	(2) As determined by the public child-placing agency in the sending state, services
34	for the child beyond the public services for which the child is eligible in the receiving state.
35	(b) The receiving state shall only have financial responsibility for:
36	(1) Any assessment conducted by the receiving state; and

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1	(2) Supervision conducted by the receiving state at the level necessary to support the
2	placement as agreed upon by the public child-placing agencies of the receiving and sending states.
3	(c) Nothing in this section shall prohibit public child-placing agencies in the sending
4	state from entering into agreements with licensed agencies or persons in the receiving state to
5	conduct assessments and provide supervision.
6	II. For the placement of a child by a private child-placing agency preliminary to a possible
7	adoption, the private child-placing agency shall be:
8	(a) Legally responsible for the child during the period of placement as provided for in the
9	law of the sending state until the finalization of the adoption.
10	(b) Financially responsible for the child absent a contractual agreement to the contrary.
11	III. The public child-placing agency in the receiving state shall provide timely assessments,
12	as provided for in the rules of the Interstate Commission.
13	IV. The public child-placing agency in the receiving state shall provide, or arrange for the
14	provision of, supervision and services for the child, including timely reports, during the period of the
15	placement.
16	V. Nothing in this compact shall be construed to limit the authority of the public child-
17	placing agency in the receiving state from contracting with a licensed agency or person in the
18	receiving state for an assessment or the provision of supervision or services for the child or otherwise
19	authorizing the provision of supervision or services by a licensed agency during the period of
20	placement.
21	VI. Each member state shall provide for coordination among its branches of government
22	concerning the state's participation in and compliance with the compact and Interstate Commission
23	activities through the creation of an advisory council or use of an existing body or board.
24	VII. Each member state shall establish a central state compact office which shall be
25	responsible for state compliance with the compact and the rules of the Interstate Commission.
26	VIII. The public child-placing agency in the sending state shall oversee compliance with the
27	provisions of the Indian Child Welfare Act, 25 U.S.C. section 1901 et seq., for placements subject to
28	the provisions of this compact, prior to placement.
29	IX. With the consent of the Interstate Commission, states may enter into limited
30	agreements that facilitate the timely assessment and provision of services and supervision of
31	placements under this compact.
32	ARTICLE VIII
33	Interstate Commission for the Placement of Children
34	The member states hereby establish, by way of this compact, a commission known as the "Interstate
35	Commission for the Placement of Children." The activities of the Interstate Commission are the
36	formation of public policy and are a discretionary state function. The Interstate Commission shall:

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- Page 21 -1 I. Be a joint commission of the member states and shall have the responsibilities, powers, 2 and duties set forth herein and such additional powers as may be conferred upon it by subsequent 3 concurrent action of the respective legislatures of the member states. 4 II. Consist of one commissioner from each member state who shall be appointed by the 5 executive head of the state human services administration with ultimate responsibility for the child 6 welfare program. The appointed commissioner shall have the legal authority to vote on policy-7 related matters governed by this compact binding the state. 8 (a) Each member state represented at a meeting of the Interstate Commission is entitled 9 to one vote. 10 (b) A majority of the member states shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of 11 business, unless a larger quorum is required by the bylaws of the Interstate Commission. 12 (c) A representative shall not delegate a vote to another member state. 13 (d) A representative may delegate voting authority to another person from that state for 14 a specified meeting. 15 III. Include, in addition to the commissioners of each member state, persons who are 16 members of interested organizations as defined in the bylaws or rules of the Interstate Commission. Such members shall be ex officio and shall not be entitled to vote on any matter before the Interstate 17 18 Commission. 19 IV. Establish an executive committee which shall have the authority to administer the day-20 to-day operations and administration of the Interstate Commission. The executive committee shall 21 not have the power to engage in rulemaking. 22 ARTICLE IX 23 Powers and Duties of the Interstate Commission 24 The Interstate Commission shall have the following powers: 25 I. To promulgate rules and take all necessary actions to effect the goals, purposes, and 26 obligations as enumerated in this compact. 27 II. To provide for dispute resolution among member states. 28 III. To issue, upon request of a member state, advisory opinions concerning the meaning or 29 interpretation of the interstate compact, its bylaws, rules, or actions. 30 IV. To enforce compliance with this compact or the bylaws or rules of the Interstate Commission pursuant to Article XII. 31 32 V. Collect standardized data concerning the interstate placement of children subject to this 33 compact as directed through its rules, which shall specify the data to be collected, the means of 34 collection and data exchange, and reporting requirements.

VI. To establish and maintain offices as may be necessary for the transacting of its business.

VII. To purchase and maintain insurance and bonds.

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1	VIII. To hire or contract for services of personnel or consultants as necessary to carry out its
2	functions under the compact and establish personnel qualification policies and rates of
3	compensation.
4	IX. To establish and appoint committees and officers, including, but not limited to, an
5	executive committee as required by Article X.
6	X. To accept any and all donations and grants of money, equipment, supplies, materials, and
7	services, and to receive, utilize, and dispose thereof.
8	XI. To lease, purchase, accept contributions or donations of, or otherwise to own, hold,
9	improve, or use any property, real, personal, or mixed.
10	XII. To sell, convey, mortgage, pledge, lease, exchange, abandon, or otherwise dispose of any
11	property, real, personal, or mixed.
12	XIII. To establish a budget and make expenditures.
13	XIV. To adopt a seal and bylaws governing the management and operation of the Interstate
14	Commission.
15	XV. To report annually to the legislatures, the governors, the judiciary, and the state
16	advisory councils of the member states concerning the activities of the Interstate Commission during
17	the preceding year. Such reports shall also include any recommendations that may have been
18	adopted by the Interstate Commission.
19	XVI. To coordinate and provide education, training, and public awareness regarding the
20	interstate movement of children for officials involved in such activity.
21	XVII. To maintain books and records in accordance with the bylaws of the Interstate
22	Commission.
23	XVIII. To perform such functions as may be necessary or appropriate to achieve the
24	purposes of this compact.
25	ARTICLE X
26	Organization and Operation of the Interstate Commission
27	I. Organization.
28	(a) Within 12 months after the first Interstate Commission meeting, the Interstate
29	Commission shall adopt rules to govern its conduct as may be necessary or appropriate to carry out
30	the purposes of the compact.
31	(b) The Interstate Commission's rules shall establish conditions and procedures under
32	which the Interstate Commission shall make its information and official records available to the
33	public for inspection or copying.
34	II. Meetings.
35	(a) The Interstate Commission shall meet at least once each calendar year. The
36	chairperson may call additional meetings and, upon the request of a simple majority of the member

states, shall call additional meetings.

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- (b) Public notice shall be given by the Interstate Commission of all meetings, and all meetings shall be open to the public.
 - (c) The bylaws may provide for meetings of the Interstate Commission to be conducted by telecommunication or other electronic communication.

III. Officers and staff.

- (a) The Interstate Commission may, through its executive committee, appoint or retain a staff director for such period, upon such terms and conditions, and for such compensation as the Interstate Commission may deem appropriate. The staff director shall serve as secretary to the Interstate Commission but shall not have a vote. The staff director may hire and supervise such other staff as may be authorized by the Interstate Commission.
- (b) The Interstate Commission shall elect, from among its members, a chairperson and a vice chairperson of the executive committee, and other necessary officers, each of whom shall have such authority and duties as may be specified in the bylaws.
 - IV. Qualified immunity, defense, and indemnification.
- (a) The Interstate Commission's staff director and its employees shall be immune from suit and liability, either personally or in their official capacity, for a claim for damage to or loss of property or personal injury or other civil liability caused or arising out of or relating to an actual or alleged act, error, or omission that occurred or that such person had a reasonable basis for believing occurred within the scope of Interstate Commission employment, duties, or responsibilities; provided, however, that such person shall not be protected from suit or liability for damage, loss, injury, or liability caused by a criminal act or the intentional or willful and wanton misconduct of such person.
- (b)(1) The liability of the Interstate Commission's staff director and employees or Interstate Commission representatives, acting within the scope of such person's employment or duties, for acts, errors, or omissions occurring within such person's state may not exceed the limits of liability set forth under the Constitution and laws of that state for state officials, employees, and agents. The Interstate Commission is considered to be an instrumentality of the states for the purposes of any such action. Nothing in this subsection shall be construed to protect such person from suit or liability for damage, loss, injury, or liability caused by a criminal act or the intentional or willful and wanton misconduct of such person.
- (2) The Interstate Commission shall defend the staff director and its employees and, subject to the approval of the attorney general or other appropriate legal counsel of the member state, shall defend the commissioner of a member state in a civil action seeking to impose liability arising out of an actual or alleged act, error, or omission that occurred within the scope of Interstate Commission employment, duties, or responsibilities, or that the defendant had a reasonable basis for believing occurred within the scope of Interstate Commission employment, duties, or responsibilities;

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provided, however, that the actual or alleged act, error, or omission did not result from intentional or willful and wanton misconduct on the part of such person.

(3) To the extent not covered by the state involved, a member state, or the Interstate Commission, the representatives or employees of the Interstate Commission shall be held harmless in the amount of a settlement or judgment, including attorney's fees and costs, obtained against such persons arising out of an actual or alleged act, error, or omission that occurred within the scope of Interstate Commission employment, duties, or responsibilities, or that such persons had a reasonable basis for believing occurred within the scope of Interstate Commission employment, duties, or responsibilities; provided, however, that the actual or alleged act, error, or omission did not result from intentional or willful and wanton misconduct on the part of such persons.

11 ARTICLE XI

Rulemaking Functions of the Interstate Commission

- I. The Interstate Commission shall promulgate and publish rules in order to effectively and efficiently achieve the purposes of the compact.
- II. Rulemaking shall occur pursuant to the criteria set forth in this article and the bylaws and rules adopted pursuant thereto. Such rulemaking shall substantially conform to the principles of the "Model State Administrative Procedures Act," 1981 Act, Uniform Laws Annotated, Vol. 15, p. 1 (2000), or such other administrative procedure acts as the Interstate Commission deems appropriate, consistent with due process requirements under the United States Constitution as now or hereafter interpreted by the United States Supreme Court. All rules and amendments shall become binding as of the date specified, as published with the final version of the rule as approved by the Interstate Commission.
 - III. When promulgating a rule, the Interstate Commission shall, at a minimum:
 - (a) Publish the proposed rule's entire text stating the reasons for that proposed rule;
- (b) Allow and invite any and all persons to submit written data, facts, opinions, and arguments, which information shall be added to the record and made publicly available; and
- (c) Promulgate a final rule and its effective date, if appropriate, based on input from state or local officials or interested parties.
- IV. Rules promulgated by the Interstate Commission shall have the force and effect of administrative rules and shall be binding in the compacting states to the extent and in the manner provided for in this compact.
- V. Not later than 60 days after a rule is promulgated, an interested person may file a petition in the United States District Court for the District of Columbia or in the federal district court where the Interstate Commission's principal office is located for judicial review of such rule. If the court finds that the Interstate Commission's action is not supported by substantial evidence in the rulemaking record, the court shall hold the rule unlawful and set it aside.

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1	VI. If a majority of the legislatures of the member states rejects a rule, those states may by
2	enactment of a statute or resolution in the same manner used to adopt the compact cause that such
3	rule shall have no further force and effect in any member state.
4	VII. The existing rules governing the operation of the Interstate Compact on the Placement
5	of Children superseded by this act shall be null and void no less than 12 months but no more than 24
6	months after the first meeting of the Interstate Commission created hereunder, as determined by
7	the members during the first meeting.
8	VIII. Within the first 12 months of operation, the Interstate Commission shall promulgate
9	rules addressing the following:
10	(a) Transition rules.
11	(b) Forms and procedures.
12	(c) Timelines.
13	(d) Data collection and reporting.
14	(e) Rulemaking.
15	(f) Visitation.
16	(g) Progress reports and supervision.
17	(h) Sharing of information and confidentiality.
18	(i) Financing of the Interstate Commission.
19	(j) Mediation, arbitration, and dispute resolution.
20	(k) Education, training, and technical assistance.
21	(l) Enforcement.
22	(m) Coordination with other interstate compacts.
23	IX. Upon determination by a majority of the members of the Interstate Commission that an
24	emergency exists:
25	(a) The Interstate Commission may promulgate an emergency rule only if it is required
26	to:
27	(1) Protect the children covered by this compact from an imminent threat to their
28	health, safety, and well-being;
29	(2) Prevent loss of federal or state funds; or
30	(3) Meet a deadline for the promulgation of an administrative rule required by
31	federal law.
32	(b) An emergency rule shall become effective immediately upon adoption, provided that
33	the usual rulemaking procedures provided hereunder shall be retroactively applied to the emergency
34	rule as soon as reasonably possible, but no later than 90 days after the effective date of the
35	emergency rule.
36	(c) An emergency rule shall be promulgated as provided for in the rules of the Interstate
37	Commission.

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1 ARTICLE XII 2 Oversight, Dispute Resolution, and Enforcement 3 I. Oversight. 4 (a) The Interstate Commission shall oversee the administration and operation of the 5 compact. 6 (b) The executive, legislative, and judicial branches of state government in each member 7 state shall enforce this compact and the rules of the Interstate Commission and shall take all actions 8 necessary and appropriate to effectuate the compact's purposes and intent. The compact and its 9 rules shall be binding in the compacting states to the extent and in the manner provided for in this 10 compact. (c) All courts shall take judicial notice of the compact and the rules in any judicial or 11 12 administrative proceeding in a member state pertaining to the subject matter of this compact. 13 (d) The Interstate Commission shall be entitled to receive service of process in any 14 action in which the validity of a compact provision or rule is the issue for which a judicial 15 determination has been sought and shall have standing to intervene in any proceedings. Failure to provide service of process to the Interstate Commission shall render any judgment, order, or other 16 17 determination, however so captioned or classified, void as to this compact, its bylaws, or rules of the 18 Interstate Commission. 19 II. Dispute resolution. 20 (a) The Interstate Commission shall attempt, upon the request of a member state, to 21 resolve disputes which are subject to the compact and which may arise among member states and 22 between member and nonmember states. 23 (b) The Interstate Commission shall promulgate a rule providing for both mediation and 24binding dispute resolution for disputes among compacting states. The costs of such mediation or 25 dispute resolution shall be the responsibility of the parties to the dispute. 26 III. Enforcement. If the Interstate Commission determines that a member state has 27 defaulted in the performance of its obligations or responsibilities under this compact, its bylaws, or 28 rules of the Interstate Commission, the Interstate Commission may: 29 (a) Provide remedial training and specific technical assistance; (b) Provide written notice to the defaulting state and other member states of the nature 30 of the default and the means of curing the default. The Interstate Commission shall specify the 31 32 conditions by which the defaulting state must cure its default; 33 (c) By majority vote of the members, initiate against a defaulting member state legal action in the United States District Court for the District of Columbia or, at the discretion of the 34 35 Interstate Commission, in the federal district where the Interstate Commission has its principal 36 office, to enforce compliance with the provisions of the compact, its bylaws, or rules of the Interstate

Commission. The relief sought may include both injunctive relief and damages. In the event judicial

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enforcement is necessary, the prevailing party shall be awarded all costs of such litigation including 1 2 reasonable attorney's fees; or (d) Avail itself of any other remedies available under state law or the regulation of 3 4 official or professional conduct. 5 ARTICLE XIII Financing of the Commission 6 7 I. The Interstate Commission shall pay, or provide for the payment of, the reasonable 8 expenses of its establishment, organization, and ongoing activities. 9 II. The Interstate Commission may levy on and collect an annual assessment from each 10 member state to cover the cost of the operations and activities of the Interstate Commission and its 11 staff, which must be in a total amount sufficient to cover the Interstate Commission's annual budget 12 as approved by its members each year. The aggregate annual assessment amount shall be allocated based upon a formula to be determined by the Interstate Commission, which shall promulgate a rule 13 14 binding upon all member states. 15 III. The Interstate Commission shall not incur obligations of any kind prior to securing the 16 funds adequate to meet those obligations, nor shall the Interstate Commission pledge the credit of any of the member states, except by and with the authority of the member state. 17 18 IV. The Interstate Commission shall keep accurate accounts of all receipts and 19 disbursements. The receipts and disbursements of the Interstate Commission shall be subject to the 20 audit and accounting procedures established under its bylaws. However, all receipts and 21disbursements of funds handled by the Interstate Commission shall be audited yearly by a certified 22 or licensed public accountant, and the report of the audit shall be included in and become part of the 23 annual report of the Interstate Commission. 24 ARTICLE XIV 25 Member States, Effective Date, and Amendment I. Any state is eligible to become a member state. 26 27 II. The compact shall become effective and binding upon legislative enactment of the 28 compact into law by no less than 35 states. The effective date shall be the later of July 1, 2007, or upon enactment of the compact into law by the thirty-fifth state. Thereafter, it shall become 29 30 effective and binding as to any other member state upon enactment of the compact into law by that state. The executive heads of the state human services administration with ultimate responsibility 31 32 for the child welfare program of nonmember states or their designees shall be invited to participate 33 in the activities of the Interstate Commission on a nonvoting basis prior to adoption of the compact 34 by all states. 35 III. The Interstate Commission may propose amendments to the compact for enactment by the member states. No amendment shall become effective and binding on the member states unless 36

and until it is enacted into law by unanimous consent of the member states.

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1	ARTICLE XV
2	Withdrawal and Dissolution
3	I. Withdrawal.
4	(a) Once effective, the compact shall continue in force and remain binding upon each and
5	every member state, provided that a member state may withdraw from the compact by specifically
6	repealing the statute which enacted the compact into law.
7	(b) Withdrawal from this compact shall be by the enactment of a statute repealing the
8	compact. The effective date of withdrawal shall be the effective date of the repeal of the statute.
9	(c) The withdrawing state shall immediately notify the president of the Interstate
10	Commission in writing upon the introduction of legislation repealing this compact in the
11	withdrawing state. The Interstate Commission shall then notify the other member states of the
12	withdrawing state's intent to withdraw.
13	(d) The withdrawing state is responsible for all assessments, obligations, and liabilities
14	incurred through the effective date of withdrawal.
15	(e) Reinstatement following withdrawal of a member state shall occur upon the
16	withdrawing state reenacting the compact or upon such later date as determined by the members of
17	the Interstate Commission.
18	II. Dissolution of compact.
19	(a) This compact shall dissolve effective upon the date of the withdrawal or default of the
20	member state which reduces the membership in the compact to one member state.
21	(b) Upon the dissolution of this compact, the compact becomes null and void and shall be
22	of no further force or effect, and the business and affairs of the Interstate Commission shall be
23	concluded and surplus funds shall be distributed in accordance with the bylaws.
24	ARTICLE XVI
25	Severability and Construction
26	I. The provisions of this compact shall be severable, and, if any phrase, clause, sentence, or
27	provision is deemed unenforceable, the remaining provisions of the compact shall be enforceable.
28	II. The provisions of this compact shall be liberally construed to effectuate its purposes.
29	III. Nothing in this compact shall be construed to prohibit the concurrent applicability of
30	other interstate compacts to which the states are members.
31	ARTICLE XVII
32	Binding Effect of Compact and Other Laws
33	I. Other laws. Nothing in this compact prevents the enforcement of any other law of a
34	member state that is not inconsistent with this compact.
35	II. Binding effect of the compact.
36	(a) All lawful actions of the Interstate Commission are binding upon the member states.

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1	(b) All agreements between the Interstate Commission and the member states are
2	binding in accordance with their terms.
3	(c) In the event any provision of this compact exceeds the constitutional limits imposed
4	on the legislature or executive branch of any member state, such provision shall be ineffective to the
5	extent of the conflict with the constitutional provision in question in that member state.
6	ARTICLE XVIII
7	Indian Tribes
8	Notwithstanding any other provision in this compact, the Interstate Commission may promulgate
9	guidelines to permit Indian tribes to utilize the compact to achieve any or all of the purposes of the
10	compact as specified in Article I. The Interstate Commission shall make reasonable efforts to
11	consult with Indian tribes in promulgating guidelines to reflect the diverse circumstances of the
12	various Indian tribes.
13	52 Adoption; Assessment. Amend RSA 170-B:18, IV to read as follows:
14	IV. The department or a licensed child-placing agency making the required assessment may
15	request other departments or licensed child-placing agencies within or outside this state to make the
16	assessment or designated portions thereof as may be appropriate. Where such written assessments
17	are made, a written report shall be filed with the court; provided, however, said report shall not
18	violate RSA 170-A, the interstate compact [en] for the placement of children.
19	53 Applicability Sections 51-52 of this act, relative to the 2009 edition of the Interstate Compact
20	for the Placement of Children, shall take effect on the date that the commissioner of the department
21	of health and human services certifies to the director of the office of legislative services and the
22	secretary of state that 35 compacting states, including New Hampshire, have enacted the 2009
23	edition of the Interstate Compact for the Placement of Children.
24	54 Child Day Care Licensing; Definitions RSA 170-E:2, IV(g) is repealed and reenacted to read
25	as follows:
26	(g) "School-age program" means a child day care agency providing child day care before
27	or after, or before and after, regular school hours, and all day any time school is not in session, for 6
28	or more children enrolled in school, who are 4 years and 11 months of age or older, and which is not
29	licensed under RSA 170-E:56. The number of children shall include all children present during the
30	period of the program, including those children related to the caregiver.
31	55 New Section; Residential Care and Child-Placing Agency Licensing; Deemed Licensed.
32	Amend RSA 170-E by inserting after section 31 the following new section:
33	170-E:31-a Deemed Licensed. Any qualified residential treatment program accredited by
34	organizations as specified in Title 42 of the Social Security Act, 42 U.S.C. section 672(k)(4)(G), as
35	amended, shall submit a completed license application or renewal application. Such child care
36	institutions and child care agencies defined as group homes, specialized care, or homeless youth
37	programs, shall be deemed licensed under this subdivision and shall be exempt from inspections

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- carried out under RSA 170-E:31, IV. This section shall only apply to the activities or portions of the facility or agency accredited under Title 42 of the Social Security Act, 42 U.S.C. section 672(k)(4)(G), as amended.

 56 Recreation Camp Licensing: Availability of Epinephrine Auto-Injector. Amend RSA 170-E:61
 - 56 Recreation Camp Licensing; Availability of Epinephrine Auto-Injector. Amend RSA 170-E:61 to read as follows:
 - 170-E:61 Availability of Epinephrine Auto-Injector. The recreational camp nurse or, if a nurse is not assigned to the camp, the recreational camp administrator shall maintain for the use of a child with severe allergies at least one epinephrine auto-injector, provided by the child or the child's parent or guardian, [in the nurse's office or in a similarly accessible location] which shall be immediately accessible to the recreational camp staff caring for children requiring such medications.
 - 57 New Section; Recreation Camp Licensing; Availability of Asthma Inhalers. Amend RSA 170-E by inserting after section 63 the following new section:
 - 170-E:63-a Availability of Asthma Inhalers. The recreational camp nurse or, if a nurse is not assigned to the camp, the recreational camp administrator shall maintain for the use of a child with asthma at least one metered dose inhaler or a dry powder inhaler, provided by the child or the child's parent or guardian, which shall be immediately accessible to the recreational camp staff caring for children requiring such medications.
 - 58 New Paragraph; Services for Children, Youth, and Families; Peer Support Program. Amend RSA 170-G:3 by inserting after paragraph VII the following new paragraph:
 - VIII. The commissioner may establish a confidential peer support program for the purpose of providing critical incident stress management and crisis intervention services for staff exposed to critical incidents and trauma through the course of their employment.
 - (a) In this section:

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- (1) "Critical incident" means any incident that has a high emotional impact on the responders, or is beyond the realm of a person's usual experience that overwhelms his or her sense of vulnerability and/or lack of control over the situation.
- (2) "Critical incident stress" means a normal reaction to an abnormal event that has the potential to interfere with normal functioning and that results from the response to a critical incident or long-term occupational exposure to a series of critical incident responses over a period of time that are believed to be causing debilitating stress that is affecting an emergency service provider and his or her work performance or family situation. This may include, but is not limited to, physical and emotional illness, failure of usual coping mechanisms, loss of interest in the job, personality changes, or loss of ability to function.
- (3) "Critical incident stress management" means a process of crisis intervention designed to assist employees in coping with the psychological trauma resulting from response to a critical incident.

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- Page 31 -(4) "Critical incident stress management and crisis intervention services" means 1 consultation, counseling, debriefing, defusing, intervention services, management, prevention, and 2 3 referral provided by a critical incident stress management team member. (5) "Critical incident stress management team" or "team" means the group of one or 4 more trained volunteers, including members of peer support groups who offer critical incident stress 5 management and crisis intervention services following a critical incident or long term or continued, 6 debilitating stress being experienced by employees and affecting them or their family situation. 7 (6) "Critical incident stress management team member" or "team member" means an 8 employee, including any specially trained to provide critical incident stress management and crisis 9 intervention services as a member of an organized team. 10 (7) "Debriefing" means a closed, confidential discussion of a critical incident relating 11 to the feelings and perceptions of those directly involved prior to, during, and after a stressful event. 12 It is intended to provide support, education, and an outlet for associated views and feelings. 13 Debriefings do not provide counseling or an operational critique of the incident. 14 (b)(1) Any information divulged to the team or a team member during the provision of 15 critical incident stress management and crisis intervention services shall be kept confidential and 16 shall not be disclosed to a third party or in a criminal, civil, or administrative proceeding. Records 17 kept by critical incident stress management team members are not subject to subpoena, discovery, or 18 introduction into evidence in a criminal, civil, or administrative action. Except as provided in 19 subparagraph (c), no person, whether critical incident stress management team member or team 20 leader providing or receiving critical incident stress management and crisis intervention services, 21 22 shall be required to testify or divulge any information obtained solely through such crisis 23 intervention. (2) In any civil action against any individual, or the department, including the state 24 of New Hampshire, arising out of the conduct of a member of such team, this section is not intended 25 and shall not be admissible to establish negligence in any instance where requirements herein are 26 higher than the standard of care that would otherwise have been applicable in such action under 27 28 state law. (c) A communication shall not be deemed confidential pursuant to this section if: 2930 (1) The communication indicates the existence of a danger to the individual who receives critical incident stress management and crisis intervention services or to any other person 31 32 or persons; 33
 - (2) The communication indicates the existence of past child abuse or neglect of the individual, abuse of an adult as defined by law, or family violence as defined by law; or

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36 37 (3) The communication indicates the existence of a danger to the individual who receives critical incident stress management and crisis intervention services or to any other person or persons.

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59 New Paragraph; Services for Children, Youth, and Families; Procurement Model for Services.

Amend RSA 170-G:4-d by inserting after paragraph I the following new paragraph:

- I-a. The commissioner shall employ a procurement model for administering the provision of therapeutic-based residential behavioral health treatment services provided pursuant to RSA 170-G and RSA 135-F. All contracts shall incorporate the use of trauma-focused models of care. In cases where the unique needs of a juvenile or the capacity of a contracted provider prevent the use of a contracted provider, the commissioner may approve and shall pay for placement with another certified provider on a temporary basis if the commissioner determines that the placement is necessary to meet the juvenile's immediate treatment needs.
- 60 Repeal. RSA 170-G:8-b, IV, relative to an annual report of informational materials relating to missing children issues and matters, is repealed.
- 61 Services for the Developmentally Disabled; Funding for Wait List. Amend the introductory paragraph of RSA 171-A:1-a, I to read as follows:
- I. The department of health and human services and area agencies shall provide services to eligible persons under this chapter and persons eligible for the brain injury program under RSA 137-K in a timely manner. The department and area agencies shall provide *funding for* services in such a manner that:
- 62 Services for the Developmentally Disabled; Wait List RSA 171-A:1-a, I(d) is repealed and reenacted to read as follows:
- (d) For persons 18-21 years of age enrolled in school and determined eligible for developmental services that are not the legal responsibility of the local education agency, another state agency, or another division of the department, the time period between completion of the individual service agreement pursuant to RSA 171-A:12 and the allocation by the department of the funds needed to carry out the services required by the agreement shall not exceed 90 days.
- 63 Services for the Developmentally Disabled; Wait List. Amend RSA 171-A:1-a, II to read as follows:
- II. [Beginning with the fiscal year ending June 30, 2010, and thereafter,] The department of health and human services shall incorporate in its appropriation requests the cost of fully funding services to eligible persons, in accordance with the requirements of paragraph I, and as otherwise required under RSA 171-A, and the legislature shall appropriate sufficient funds to meet such costs and requirements.
- 64 New Section; Child Protection Act; Investigatory Interviews and Evaluations. Amend RSA 169-C by inserting after section 12-f the following new section:
- 169-C:12-g Investigatory Interviews and Evaluations. The court may order a parent, guardian, custodian, or other caregiver to produce a child for the purpose of an investigatory interview, including a multidisciplinary team interview in accordance with RSA 169-C:34-a or an interview or

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- evaluation by any other expert necessary for the purpose of the investigation of suspected abuse or neglect.
- 3 65 Fund for Domestic Violence Grant Program. Amend RSA 173-B:15 to read as follows:
 - 173-B:15 Fund for Domestic Violence Grant Program. A special fund for domestic violence programs is established. The sole purpose of the fund shall be to provide revenues for the domestic violence program established in RSA 173-B:16, and shall not be available for any other purpose. The state treasurer shall deposit all fees received by the department under RSA 457:29, 457:32-b, and 631:2-b, V in the fund. All moneys deposited in the fund shall be continually appropriated for the purposes of the domestic violence grant program and shall not lapse.
- 10 66 Granite Workforce Program. Amend 2018, 342:9, as amended by 2019, 346:158, to read as 11 follows:
 - 342:9 Termination of Granite Workforce Program.

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- I. The commissioner of the department of health and human services shall be responsible for determining, every 3 months commencing no later than December 31, 2018, whether available TANF reserve funds total at least \$5,000,000. If at any time the commissioner determines that available TANF reserve funds have fallen below \$5,000,000, the commissioners of the departments of health and human services and employment security shall, within 20 business days of such determination, terminate the granite workforce program. The commissioners shall notify the governor, the speaker of the house of representatives, the president of the senate, the chairperson of the fiscal committee of the general court, and granite workforce participants of the program's pending termination. The commissioners shall have the discretion to limit granite workforce program services based on the availability of appropriated, available, or reserve funds.
- II. If at any time the New Hampshire granite advantage health care program, established under RSA 126-AA, terminates, the commissioners of the departments of health and human services and employment security shall terminate the granite workforce program. The date of the granite workforce program's termination shall align with that of the New Hampshire granite advantage health care program.
- III. If the work and community engagement waiver is held invalid, or is not approved by the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services, the granite workforce program shall be suspended until such time that the work and community engagement waiver is approved or revalidated.
- 32 67 Health Facility Licensure; Effective Dates Amended. Amend 2020, 39:72, V-VI to read as 33 follows:
- 34 V. Sections 55-57[, 64-67, and 69] and 64 of this act shall take effect July 1, 2020.
 - VI. Sections $5[\tau]$ and $60[\tau]$ and $68[\tau]$ of this act shall take effect July 1, 2021.
- 36 68 Milk Sanitation Code; Terms Defined. Amend RSA 184:79, XIII to read as follows:

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1	XIII. The term "milk plant" means any place, premises, or establishment where milk or milk
2	products are collected, handled, processed, stored, pasteurized, bottled, packaged, or prepared for
3	distribution, except an establishment where milk or milk products are sold at retail only. This term
4	shall include wash stations where milk tank trucks are cleaned and sanitized.
5	69 Milk Sanitation Code; License Fees. Amend RSA 184:85, IV to read as follows:
6	IV. All fees collected under this section shall be forwarded to the state treasurer. The state
7	treasurer shall credit all moneys received under this section, and interest received on such money, to
8	[a] the public health services special fund established in RSA 143:11, from which [he] the
9	department shall pay all the expenses of the department incident to the licensing and regulation of
10	milk plants, milk distributors and milk producer-distributors. [This fund shall not lapse.]
11	70 New Subdivision; Administration of Epinephrine. Amend RSA 329 by inserting after section
12	1-g the following new subdivision:
13	Administration of Epinephrine
14	329:1-h Administration of Epinephrine.
15	I. In this section:
16	(a) "Administer" means the direct application of an epinephrine auto-injector to the body
17	of an individual.
18	(b) "Authorized entity" means any entity or organization in which allergens capable of
19	causing anaphylaxis may be present, including recreation camps and day care facilities. Authorized
20	entity shall not include an elementary or secondary school or a postsecondary educational institution
21	eligible to establish policies and guidelines for the emergency administration of epinephrine under
22	RSA 200-N.
23	(c) "Epinephrine auto-injector" means a single-use device used for the automatic
24	injection of a premeasured dose of epinephrine into the human body.
25	(d) "Health care practitioner" means a person who is lawfully entitled to prescribe,
26	administer, dispense, or distribute controlled drugs.
27	(e) "Provide" means to furnish one or more epinephrine auto-injectors to an individual.
28	II. A health care practitioner may prescribe epinephrine auto-injectors in the name of an
29	authorized entity for use in accordance with this section, and pharmacists and health care
30	practitioners may dispense epinephrine auto-injectors pursuant to a prescription issued in the name
31	of an authorized entity.
32	III. An authorized entity may acquire and maintain a supply of epinephrine auto-injectors
33	pursuant to a prescription issued in accordance with this section. Such epinephrine auto-injectors
34	shall be stored in a location readily accessible in an emergency and in accordance with the
35	instructions for use, and any additional requirements that may be established by board of medicine.
36	An authorized entity shall designate employees or agents who have completed the training required

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by paragraph V to be responsible for the storage, maintenance, control, and general oversight of epinephrine auto-injectors acquired by the authorized entity.

- IV. An employee or agent of an authorized entity, or other individual, who has completed the training required by paragraph V may use epinephrine auto-injectors prescribed pursuant to this section to:
- (a) Provide an epinephrine auto-injector to any individual who the employee agent or other individual believes in good faith is experiencing anaphylaxis, or the parent, guardian, or caregiver of such individual, for immediate administration, regardless of whether the individual has a prescription for an epinephrine auto-injector or has previously been diagnosed with an allergy.
- (b) Administer an epinephrine auto-injector to any individual who the employee, agent, or other individual believes in good faith is experiencing anaphylaxis, regardless of whether the individual has a prescription for an epinephrine auto-injector or has previously been diagnosed with an allergy.
- V.(a) An employee, agent, or other individual described in paragraph IV shall complete an anaphylaxis training program at least every 2 years, following completion of the initial anaphylaxis training program. Such training shall be conducted by a nationally-recognized organization experienced in training unlicensed persons in emergency health care treatment or an entity or individual approved by the board of medicine. Training may be conducted online or in person and, at a minimum, shall cover:
- (1) How to recognize signs and symptoms of severe allergic reactions, including anaphylaxis;
- (2) Standards and procedures for the storage and administration of an epinephrine auto-injector; and
 - (3) Emergency follow-up procedures.
- (b) The entity or individual that conducts the training shall issue a certificate, on a form developed or approved by the board of medicine to each person who successfully completes the anaphylaxis training program.
- VI. No authorized entity that possesses and makes available epinephrine auto-injectors and its employees, agents, and other individuals, or health care practitioner that prescribes or dispenses epinephrine auto-injectors to an authorized entity, or pharmacist or health care practitioner that dispenses epinephrine auto-injectors to an authorized entity, or individual or entity that conducts the training described in paragraph V, shall be liable for any injuries or related damages that result from any act or omission pursuant to this section, unless such injury or damage is the result of willful or wanton misconduct. The administration of an epinephrine auto-injector in accordance with this section shall not be considered to be the practice of medicine or any other profession that otherwise requires licensure. This section shall not be construed to eliminate, limit, or reduce any other immunity or defense that may be available under state law. An entity located in this state

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shall not be liable for any injuries or related damages that result from the provision or administration of an epinephrine auto-injector outside of this state if the entity would not have been liable for such injuries or related damages had the provision or administration occurred within this state, or is not liable for such injuries or related damages under the law of the state in which such provision or administration occurred.

71 Repeal. RSA 126-A:70 and 71, relative to administration of epinephrine, are repealed.

- 72 Guardians and Conservators; Termination of Guardianship. Amend RSA 464-A:40, V(a) to read as follows:
- V.(a) If, within 30 days after the date of a testate or intestate ward's death, no petition for probate has been filed under any section of RSA 553 and the gross value of the personal property remaining in the possession of the guardian belonging to the deceased, including any amount left in designated accounts for the ward, is no more than [\$5,000] \$10,000, the guardian may file in the probate court in the county having jurisdiction over the guardianship an affidavit for the purpose of disposing of such deceased ward's estate. Once approved by the court, the guardian shall be authorized to dispose of the ward's accounts in a manner consistent with the court's order. The form of the affidavit, and the rules governing proceedings under this section, shall be provided by the probate court pursuant to RSA 547:33.
- 73 Custody and Escheat of Unclaimed or Abandoned Property; Filing of Claim. Amend RSA 471-C:26, I(c)(2)-(3) to read as follows:
- (2) Except as provided in subparagraphs (5)-(7), in the case of a closed estate where the unclaimed property is valued at less than [\$5,000] \$10,000 and does not include securities in share form, in accordance with the final distribution of assets as approved by the probate court.
- (3) Except as provided in subparagraphs (5)-(7), in the absence of an open estate or probate court decree of final distribution, and the unclaimed property is valued at less than [\$5,000] \$10,000 and does not include securities in share form, by the surviving spouse of the deceased owner, or, if there is no surviving spouse, then to the next of kin in accordance with the provisions of RSA 561:1.
- 28 74 Applicability. Sections 72-73 of this act shall apply to affidavits or claims filed on or after the effective date of this section.
 - 75 New Subparagraph; New Hampshire Retirement System; Definitions. Amend RSA 100-A:1, VII by inserting after subparagraph (g) the following new subparagraph:
 - (h) The bureau chief for emergency preparedness and response with the department of health and human services, division of health public services who:
- 34 (1) Has the authority and responsibility to engage in the prevention and control of public health incidents or emergencies;

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(2) As a job requirement is fully certified as an emergency preparedness official
qualified to administer emergency planning, response and recovery activities in the event of natural
disasters, public health crises or similar incidents; and
(3) As a job requirement shall meet all physical, mental, educational, and other
qualifications for continuing certification as an emergency preparedness official that may be
established by the certifying authority.
76 Effective Date.
I. Sections 51-52 of this act shall take effect as provided in section 53 of this act.
II. Sections 3-6, 10, 15-34, and 75 of this act shall take effect 60 days after its passage.
III. Sections 41-42 and 72-74 of this act shall take effect July 1, 2021.
IV. The remainder of this act shall take effect upon its passage.

LBA 21-0464 2/8/21

SB 162-FN- FISCAL NOTE AS INTRODUCED

AN ACT

relative to the department of health and human services, the New Hampshire granite advantage health care trust fund, and health facility licensure.

FISCAL IMPACT:

The Office of Legislative Budget Assistant is unable to complete a fiscal note for this bill, as introduced, as it is awaiting information from the Department of Health and Human Services. When completed, the fiscal note will be forwarded to the Senate Clerk's Office.

AGENCIES CONTACTED:

Judicial Branch, New Hampshire Retirement System, Treasury Department, and Department of Health and Human Services

SB 162-FN - AS AMENDED BY THE SENATE

03/18/2021 0778s 03/18/2021 0850s

2021 SESSION

21-0464 04/10

SENATE BILL

162-FN

AN ACT

relative to the department of health and human services, the New Hampshire

granite advantage health care trust fund, and health facility licensure.

SPONSORS:

Sen. Bradley, Dist 3

COMMITTEE:

Health and Human Services

AMENDED ANALYSIS

This bill makes numerous revisions to funds, positions, and programs within the department of health and human services, including the therapeutic cannabis program; youth tobacco use; the interstate compact for the placement of children; residential care and child placement licensing procedures; availability of epinephrine auto-injectors and asthma inhalers at recreation camps; the developmentally disabled wait list; the New Hampshire granite workforce program; and child protection investigations. The bill also establishes a public health services special fund and directs certain fees to that fund to be used by the department for program oversight.

Explanation:

Matter added to current law appears in bold italics.

Matter removed from current law appears [in brackets and struckthrough.]

Matter which is either (a) all new or (b) repealed and reenacted appears in regular type.

03/18/2021 0778s 03/18/2021 0850s

21-0464 04/10

STATE OF NEW HAMPSHIRE

In the Year of Our Lord Two Thousand Twenty One

AN ACT

27

28

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relative to the department of health and human services, the New Hampshire granite advantage health care trust fund, and health facility licensure.

Be it Enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Court convened:

1	1 Application of Receipts; Fund for Domestic Violence Grant Program. Amend RSA 6:12,
2	I(b)(12) to read as follows:
3	(12) Moneys received under RSA 457:29, 457:32-b, and 631:2-b, V which shall be
4	credited to the special fund for domestic violence programs established in RSA 173-B:15.
5	2 Application of Receipts; Public Health Services Special Fund. Amend RSA 6:12, I(b)(15) to
6	read as follows:
7	(15) Money received under RSA 125-F:22, 143:11, 143:22-a, 143-A:6, and 184:85,
8	which shall be credited to the public health services special fund established in RSA 143:11, III.
9	3 Compensation of Certain State Officers; Health and Human Services Positions Amended.
10	Amend the following position in RSA 94:1-a, I(b), grade GG to read as follows:
11	GG Department of health and human services director of [program planning and
12	integrity] Medicaid enterprise development
13	4 Compensation of Certain State Officers; Health and Human Services Positions Amended.
14	Amend the following positions in RSA 94:1-a, I(b), grade JJ to read as follows:
15	JJ Department of health and human services associate commissioner [of human
16	services and behavioral health]
17	JJ Department of health and human services associate commissioner [ef
18	operations]
19	JJ Department of health and human services associate commissioner [for
20	population health]
21	[JJ Department of health and human services associate commissioner,
22	operations
23	JJ Department of health and human services associate commissioner, population
24	health]
25	5 Department of Health and Human Services; Emergency Services Plan. The department of
26	health and human services in collaboration with all New Hampshire hospitals that operate
27	emergency facilities shall draft a plan to be presented to the speaker of the house of representatives,

the senate president and the governor's office by September 1, 2021 that details the necessary

emergency services offered for medical treatment of both physical and behavioral health. Such a

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plan shall include any recommendations for future legislation or required funding to ensure sufficient physical and behavioral health services.

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- 6 New Subparagraph; New Hampshire Retirement System; Definitions. Amend RSA 100-A:1, VIII by inserting after subparagraph (b) the following new subparagraph:
- (c) The bureau chief for emergency preparedness and response with the department of health and human services, division of health public services who:
- (1) Has the authority and responsibility to engage in the prevention and control of public health incidents or emergencies;
- (2) As a job requirement is fully certified as an emergency preparedness official qualified to administer emergency planning, response and recovery activities in the event of natural disasters, public health crises or similar incidents; and
- (3) As a job requirement shall meet all physical, mental, educational, and other qualifications for continuing certification as an emergency preparedness official that may be established by the certifying authority.
 - 7 Radiological Health Programs; Civil Penalties. Amend RSA 125-F:22, IV to read as follows:
- IV. Upon request of the department of health and human services, the department of justice is authorized to institute civil action to collect a penalty imposed pursuant to this section. The attorney general shall have the exclusive power to compromise, mitigate, or remit such civil penalties as are referred to [him] the attorney general for collection. All civil penalties collected under this section shall be forwarded to the state treasurer. The state treasurer shall deposit all moneys received under this section, and interest received on such money, to the public health services special fund, [which shall be nonlapsing], established in RSA 143:11, from which the department of health and human services shall pay expenses incident to the administration of this chapter.
- 8 Department of Health and Human Services; Office of the Ombudsman. Amend RSA 126-A:4, III to read as follows:
- III. The department shall establish an office of the ombudsman to provide assistance to clients [and employees] of the department by investigating and resolving complaints regarding any matter within the jurisdiction of the department including services or assistance provided by the department or its contractors. The ombudsman's office may provide mediation or other means for informally resolving complaints. The records of the ombudsman's office shall be confidential and shall not be disclosed without the consent of the client [or-employee] on whose behalf the complaint is made, except as may be necessary to assist the service provider [or the employee's supervisor] to resolve the complaint, or as required by law.
- 9 Repeal. RSA 126-A:5, II-a, relative to an annual report of an aggregate schedule of payables for class 90 grant lines, is repealed.

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- 1 New Section; Department of Health and Human Services; Status in Retirement System. 2 Amend RSA 126-A by inserting after section 5-e the following new section:
- 3 126-A:5-f Status in Retirement System. For purposes of classification under RSA 100-A, any 4 person who is or becomes the bureau chief for emergency preparedness with the department's 5 division of health public services, shall be included in the definition of group II under RSA 100-A:1,
- 6 VII(h) and VIII(c) under the retirement system, provided that, notwithstanding RSA 100-A:1, VII(h)
- 7 or VIII(c), any person not already a group II member for at least 10 years during or prior to his or
- 8 her appointment shall be eligible for or remain as a group I member for the duration of service as the
- 9 bureau chief for emergency preparedness.

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- 11 Repeal. The following are repealed:
- 11 I. RSA 126-A:50 through RSA 126-A:59, RSA 126-A:61, and RSA 126-A:63, relative to the housing security guarantee program.
- II. RSA 6:12, I(b)(255), relative to moneys deposited in the homeless housing and access revolving loan fund, established in RSA 126-A:63.
- 15 12 Youth Access to and Use of Tobacco Products. Amend RSA 126-K:1 to read as follows:
 - 126-K:1 Purpose. The purpose of this chapter is to protect the citizens of New Hampshire from the possibility of addiction, disability, and death resulting from the use of tobacco products by ensuring that tobacco products will not be supplied to persons under the age of 21. This chapter shall not apply to individuals who have been issued a registry identification card under RSA 126-X:4 or alternative treatment centers registered under RSA 126-X:7 with respect to the therapeutic use of cannabis.
 - 13 Youth Access to and Use of Tobacco Products; Possession and Use. Amend RSA 126-K:6, I to read as follows:
 - I. No person under 21 years of age shall purchase, attempt to purchase, possess, or use any tobacco product, e-cigarette, device, or e-liquid [except individuals who have been issued a registry identification eard under RSA 126 X:4 may purchase, possess and use e liquids containing cannabis and applicable devices as allowed under RSA 126-X].
- 28 14 Use of Cannabis for Therapeutic Purposes; Definitions. Amend RSA'126-X:1, VII(b) to read 29 as follows:
 - (b) For a visiting qualifying patient, "provider" means an individual licensed to prescribe drugs to humans in the state of the patient's residence and who possesses an active registration from the United States Drug Enforcement Administration to prescribe controlled substances. [Such visiting patient shall not be eligible to purchase or transfer cannabis from an eligible New Hampshire patient.]
- 35 15 Use of Cannabis for Therapeutic Purposes; Definitions. Amend RSA 126-X:1, XI to read as 36 follows:

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1	XI. "Registry identification card" means a document indicating the date issued, effective
2	date, and expiration date by the department pursuant to RSA 126-X:4 that identifies an individual
3	as a qualifying patient or a designated caregiver.
4	16 Use of Cannabis for Therapeutic Purposes; Definitions. Amend RSA 126-X:1, XVII to read as
5	follows:
6	XVII. "Written certification" means documentation of a qualifying medical condition by a
7	provider pursuant to rules adopted by the department pursuant to RSA 541-A for the purpose of
8	issuing registry identification cards, after having completed a full assessment of the patient's
9	medical history and current medical condition made in the course of a provider-patient relationship.
10	[The date of issuance and the patient's qualifying medical condition, symptoms or side effects, the
11	certifying provider's name, medical specialty, and signature shall be specified on the written
12	certification.]
13	17 New Paragraph; Use of Cannabis for Therapeutic Purposes; Protections. Amend RSA 126-
14	X:2 by inserting after paragraph XVI the following new paragraph:
15	XVII. Authorized employees of the department shall not be subject to arrest by state or local
16	law enforcement, prosecution, or penalty under state or municipal law, or search, when possessing,
17	transporting, delivering, or transferring cannabis and cannabis infused products for the purposes of
18	regulatory oversight related to this chapter.
19	18 Use of Cannabis for Therapeutic Purposes; Protections. Amend RSA 126-X:2, IX(c) to read as
20	follows:
21	(c) Deliver, transfer, supply, sell, or dispense cannabis and related supplies and
22	educational materials to qualifying patients [who-have designated the alternative treatment center
23	to provide for them], to designated caregivers on behalf of the qualifying patients [who have
24	designated the alternative treatment center], or to other alternative treatment centers.
25	19 Use of Cannabis for Therapeutic Purposes; Prohibitions and Limitations on the Therapeutic
26	Use of Cannabis. Amend RSA 126-X:3, VII-VIII to read as follows:
27	VII. The department may revoke the registry identification card of a qualifying patient or
28	designated caregiver for violation of rules adopted by the department or for violation of any other
29	provision of this chapter, including for obtaining more than 2 ounces of cannabis in any 10-
30	day period in violation of RSA 126-X:8, XIII(b), and the qualifying patient or designated
31	caregiver shall be subject to any other penalties established in law for the violation.
32	VIII. A facility caregiver shall treat cannabis in a manner similar to controlled
33	prescription medications with respect to its storage, security, and administration when assisting
34	qualifying patients with the therapeutic use of cannabis.
35	20 Use of Cannabis for Therapeutic Purposes; Departmental Administration. Amend RSA 126-

X:4, I(a)-(b) to read as follows:

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(a) Written certification [as defined in RSA 126 X:1] which includes the date of issuance, the patient's qualifying medical condition, symptoms, or side effects, and the certifying provider's name, medical specialty, and signature. If a written certification has been previously issued for fewer than 3 years, a provider may extend the written certification, provided that the written certification shall not exceed 3 years.

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- (b) An application or a renewal application accompanied by the application or renewal fee. A renewal application and fee shall not be required if the applicant receives an extension to the written certification previously issued for fewer than 3 years.
- 9 21 Use of Cannabis for Therapeutic Purposes; Registry Identification Cards. Amend RSA 126-10 X:4, I(e) and the introductory paragraph of I(f) to read as follows:
 - (e) Name[, address, and telephone number] of the applicant's provider.
- 12 (f) Name[, address,] and date of birth of the applicant's designated caregiver, if any. A
 13 qualifying patient shall have only one designated caregiver, except as follows:
- 14 22 Use of Cannabis for Therapeutic Purposes; Registry Identification Cards. Amend RSA 126 15 X:4, II(d) to read as follows:
 - (d) Name, residential and mailing address, and date of birth of each qualifying patient for whom the applicant will act as designated caregiver, except that if the qualifying patient is homeless, no residential address is required. [An applicant shall not act as a designated caregiver for more than 5 qualifying patients.]
 - 23 Use of Cannabis for Therapeutic Purposes; Registry Identification Cards. Amend the introductory paragraph in RSA 126-X:4, IV and RSA 126-X:4, IV(a)-(b) to read as follows:
 - IV. The department shall create and issue a registry identification card to a person applying as a qualifying patient or designated caregiver within 5 days of approving an application or renewal. Each registry identification card shall expire one year after the [date of issuance] effective date of the card, unless the provider states in the written certification that the certification should expire at an earlier [specified date] or later effective date, not to exceed 3 years, then the registry identification card shall expire on that date. Registry identification cards shall contain all of the following:
 - (a) Name, mailing address, and date of birth of the qualifying patient or designated caregiver.
- 31 (b) The date of issuance, *effective date*, and expiration date of the registry 32 identification card.
- 24 Use of Cannabis for Therapeutic Purposes; Registry Identification Cards. Amend RSA 126-34 X:4, VII(a) to read as follows:
- VII.(a) The department shall track the number of qualifying patients [who have designated each alternative treatment center] and issue a weekly written statement to the alternative treatment center identifying the number of qualifying patients [who have designated that

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- alternative treatment center] along with the registry identification numbers of each qualifying patient's designated caregiver.
- 25 Use of Cannabis for Therapeutic Purposes; Registry Identification Cards. Amend RSA 126 X:4, VIII to read as follows:

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- VIII. In addition to the weekly reports, the department shall also provide written notice to an alternative treatment center which identifies the names and registration identification numbers of a qualifying patient and his or her designated caregiver whenever [any] either of the following events occur:
 - (a) A qualifying patient [designates the alternative treatment center to serve his or her needs] is registered as a participating patient under this chapter; or
 - (b) [A qualifying patient revokes the designation of the alternative treatment center; or
- 12 (e) A qualifying patient [who has designated the alternative treatment center] loses his 13 or her status as a qualifying patient under this chapter.
- 26 Use of Cannabis for Therapeutic Purposes; Registry Identification Cards. Amend RSA 126 X:4, IX(a) to read as follows:
 - IX.(a) A qualifying patient shall notify the department before changing his or her designated caregiver [or alternative treatment center].
- 18 27 Use of Cannabis for Therapeutic Purposes; Registry Identification Cards. Amend RSA 126-19 X:4, XI(a) to read as follows:
 - XI.(a) The department shall create and maintain a confidential registry of each individual who has applied for and received a registry identification card as a qualifying patient or a designated caregiver in accordance with the provisions of this chapter. Each entry in the registry shall contain the qualifying patient's or designated caregiver's name, mailing address, date of birth, date of registry identification card issuance, effective date of registry identification, date of registry identification card expiration, and random 10-digit identification number [, and registry identification number of the qualifying patient's designated alternative treatment center, if any]. The confidential registry and the information contained in it shall be exempt from disclosure under RSA 91-A.
- 28 Use of Cannabis for Therapeutic Purposes; Registry Identification Cards. Amend RSA 126-30 X:4, XI(b)(5) to read as follows:
 - (5) Counsel for the department may notify law enforcement officials about falsified or fraudulent information submitted to the department where counsel has [made a legal determination that there is probable cause] reason to believe the information is false or falsified.
- 29 Use of Cannabis for Therapeutic Purposes; Departmental Rules. Amend RSA 126-X:6, I(b) to 35 read as follows:
- 36 (b) The form and content of providers' written certifications, including the 37 administrative process for tracking extensions pursuant to RSA 126-X:4, I.

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30 Use of Cannabis for Therapeutic Purposes; Alternative Treatment Centers. Amend RSA 126-1 2 X:8, VII(a) to read as follows: (a) Records of the disposal of cannabis that is not distributed by the alternative 3 treatment center to qualifying patients [who have designated the alternative treatment center to 4 5 cultivate for them]. 31 Use of Cannabis for Therapeutic Purposes; Alternative Treatment Centers. Amend RSA 126-6 7 X:8, XV(a)-(b) to read as follows: 8 XV.(a) An alternative treatment center shall not possess or cultivate cannabis in excess of 9 the following quantities: (1) Eighty cannabis plants, 160 seedlings, and 80 ounces of usable cannabis, or 6 10 ounces of usable cannabis per qualifying patient; and 11 (2) Three mature cannabis plants, 12 seedlings, and 6 ounces for each qualifying 12 patient [who has designated the alternative treatment center to provide him or her with cannabis for 13 therapeutic use registered as a qualifying patient under this chapter. 14 (b) An alternative treatment center or alternative treatment center agent shall not 15 dispense, deliver, or otherwise transfer cannabis to any person or entity other than: 16 17 (1) A qualifying patient [who has designated the relevant alternative treatment 18 center]; or 19 (2) Such patient's designated caregiver; or 20 (3) Another alternative treatment center. 32 Repeal. The following are repealed: 21 22 I. RSA 126-X:4, I(g), relative to patients designating an alternative treatment center. II. RSA 126-X:4, II(e), relative to street address of the alternative treatment center. 23 III. RSA 126-X:4, IX(e), relative to failure of a qualifying patient or designated caregiver for 24 25 providing changes to name, address or designated caregiver. IV. RSA 126-X:6, I(e), relative to departmental rules regarding certain fines. 26 33 New Hampshire Granite Advantage Health Care Trust Fund. Amend RSA 126-AA;3, I(e)-(f) 27 28 to read as follows: (e) Funds received from the assessment under RSA 404-G; [and] 29 Revenue from the Medicaid enhancement tax to meet the requirements 30 provided in RSA 167:64; and 31 (g) Funds recovered or returnable to the fund that were originally spent on the cost of 32 33 coverage of the granite advantage health care program. 34 Repeal. RSA 126-A:70 and 71, relative to administration of epinephrine, are repealed. 34 35 Communicable Disease; Mosquito Control Fund. Amend RSA 141-C:25, I to read as follows: 35

I. There is hereby established a nonlapsing and continually appropriated mosquito control

fund to assist cities, towns, and mosquito control districts by providing funding for the purpose of

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offsetting the cost of mosquito control activities including, but not limited to, the purchase and application of chemical pesticides. The purpose of the fund is to provide financial assistance, when needed, to cities, towns, and mosquito control districts engaging in mosquito control and abatement activities in response to a declared threat to the public health. [Any balance remaining in the mosquito control fund at the close of the fiscal year ending June 30, 2009 shall lapse to the general fund.]

- 36 Sanitary Production and Distribution of Food; Shellfish Certificate Fees. Amend RSA 143:11, III to read as follows:
- III. There is hereby established in the state treasury the public health services special fund, which shall be kept separate and distinct from all other funds. The fund shall be nonlapsing and continually appropriated to the department of health and human services. All fees collected under this subdivision shall be forwarded to the state treasurer. The state treasurer who shall credit all [moneys received under this subdivision,] such moneys and interest received on such money, to [a special] the fund from which [he] the department of health and human services shall pay all the expenses of the department incident to the administration of this subdivision. [This fund shall not lapse.]
- 37 Sanitary Production and Distribution of Food; Shellfish Certificate Fees. Amend RSA 143:22-a to read as follows:
- 143:22-a Shellfish Certificate Fees. The commissioner of the department of health and human services shall prescribe and collect fees for certificates for establishments which process or pack shellfish. Such fees shall be in accordance with rules adopted under RSA 541-A. All fees collected under this subdivision shall be forwarded to the state treasurer to be deposited in the [general-fund] public health services special fund established in RSA 143:11. The department of health and human services shall use such funds to pay expenses of the department incident to the administration of this subdivision.
 - 38 Food Service Licensure; Application. Amend RSA 143-A:6, VI to read as follows:
- VI. From the amounts collected by the commissioner under paragraph V, up to \$300,000 each fiscal year may be included in the state biennial operating budget as restricted revenue to support the activities required in this chapter. The state treasurer shall credit all moneys received under this paragraph, and interest received on such money, to the public health services special fund, established under RSA 143:11, from which the department shall pay expenses incident to the administration of this chapter.
 - 39 Nursing Home Administrators; Patient Accounts. Amend RSA 151-A:15, I to read as follows:
- I. If within 30 days after the date of a testate or intestate patient's death in any nursing home no petition for probate has been filed under any section of RSA 553 and the gross value of the personal property remaining at the nursing home belonging to the deceased, including any amount left in a patient account, is no more than [\$5,000] \$10,000, the nursing home administrator shall file

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- 1 in the probate court in the county where the nursing home is located an affidavit for the purpose of
- 2 disposing of such deceased patient's estate. The form of the affidavit, and the rules governing
- 3 proceedings under this section, shall be provided by the probate court pursuant to RSA 547:33. The
- 4 nursing home administrator shall not file a death certificate with the probate court, but shall attest
- 5 to the death in the affidavit. If the nursing home patient died testate and if the nursing home
- 6 administrator has the will or a copy of the will, the nursing home administrator shall file the same
- 7 in the probate court in the county where the nursing home is located. The probate court shall waive
- 8 all filing fees.
- 9 40 Applicability. Section 39 of this act shall apply to affidavits filed on or after the effective date
- 10 of this section.
- 11 41 Repeal. RSA 151-E:11, II, relative to an annual report on the utilization of non-nursing home
- 12 services, is repealed.
- 13 42 Protective Services to Adults; Reports of Adult Abuse. Amend the introductory paragraph of
- 14 RSA 161-F:46 to read as follows:
- Any person, including, but not limited to, physicians, other health care professionals, social
- workers, clergy, and law enforcement officials, suspecting or believing in good faith that any adult
- 17 who is or who is suspected to be vulnerable, at the time of the incident, has been subjected to
- abuse, neglect, self-neglect, or exploitation or is, or was living in hazardous conditions shall report
- 19 or cause a report to be made as follows:
- 20 43 Repeal. The following are repealed:
- I. RSA 161-F:64, relative to an annual report on review of homemaker services.
- 22 II. RSA 161-I:4, VI, relative to reports regarding the home and community-based care
- 23 waiver for the elderly and chronically ill.
- 24 III. RSA 165:20-c, relative to liability for support and reimbursement from the state.
- 25 IV. RSA 165:35, relative to rulemaking for forms and claims for reimbursement from the
- 26 state.
- 27 V. RSA 167:3-j, III, relative to semi-annual reports on net savings realized for aid to the
- 28 permanently and totally disabled grants.
- 29 44 Aid to Assisted Persons; Expense of General Assistance. Amend RSA 165:2-a to read as
- 30 follows:
- 31 165:2-a Expense of General Assistance. The financial responsibility for general assistance for
- 32 assisted persons shall be the responsibility of the town or city in which the person making
- 33 application resides, except as otherwise provided in RSA 165:1-c [and 165:20-e].
- 34 45 Public Assistance; Financial Disclosure by Applicants and Recipients. Amend RSA 167:4-a,
- 35 VI to read as follows:
- VI. The department, in coordination with financial institutions doing business in the state,
- 37 may develop and operate a data match system, using automated data exchanges to the maximum

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32 33 extent feasible, in which each financial institution is required to provide, when requested by the department and subject to reasonable reimbursement as set forth in Public Law 110-252, up to 5 years of information regarding the name, record address, social security number or other taxpayer identification number, monthly account balance, and other identifying information for each applicant or recipient who maintains an account at the financial institution, as identified by the department by name and social security number or other taxpayer identification number. The system shall be based on a cost-effective search algorithm and shall include means to assure compliance with the [The department shall provide a status report regarding the provisions of this section. implementation of the data match system to the oversight committee on health and human services, established in RSA 126 A:13, on or before November 1, 2010, and annually thereafter, until implementation has been fully completed. The report shall summarize the department's findings and recommendations to date, including savings generated by both incremental asset identification and the time and labor-associated with the process, the feedback and reactions of applicants and recipients, any barriers to implementation, anticipated future actions, and the department's assessment of the relative success of the project.]

46 New Section; Child Protection Act; Investigatory Interviews and Evaluations. Amend RSA 169-C by inserting after section 12-f the following new section:

169-C:12-g Investigatory Interviews and Evaluations. The court may order a parent, guardian, custodian, or other caregiver to produce a child for the purpose of an investigatory interview, including a multidisciplinary team interview in accordance with RSA 169-C:34-a or an interview or evaluation by any other expert necessary for the purpose of the investigation of suspected abuse or neglect.

47 Child Protection Act; Central Registry. Amend RSA 169-C:35, II to read as follows:

II. Upon receipt by the department of a written request and verified proof of identity, an individual shall be informed by the department whether that individual's name is listed in the founded reports maintained in the central registry. It shall be unlawful for any employer other than those providing services pursuant to RSA 169-B, RSA 169-C, RSA 169-D, and RSA 135-C, and those specified in RSA 170-E [and], RSA 170-G:8-c, and RSA 171-A to require as a condition of employment that the employee submit his or her name for review against the central registry of founded reports of abuse and neglect. Any violation of this provision shall be punishable as a violation.

48 Interstate Compact for the Placement of Children. RSA 170-A is repealed and reenacted to read as follows:

34 CHAPTER 170-A
35 INTERSTATE COMPACT
36 FOR THE PLACEMENT OF CHILDREN

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170-A:1 Interstate Compact for the Placement of Children. On the effective date of this chapter,
based upon the enactment of the Interstate Compact for the Placement of Children into law by the
thirty-fifth compacting state, the governor is authorized and directed to execute a compact on behalf
of this state with any other state or states legally joining therein in the form substantially as follows:
ARTICLE I
Purpose
The purpose of this Interstate Compact for the Placement of Children is to:
I. Provide a process through which children subject to this compact are placed in safe and
suitable homes in a timely manner.
II. Facilitate ongoing supervision of a placement, the delivery of services, and
communication between the states.
III. Provide operating procedures that will ensure that children are placed in safe and
suitable homes in a timely manner.
IV. Provide for the promulgation and enforcement of administrative rules implementing the
provisions of this compact and regulating the covered activities of the member states.
V. Provide for uniform data collection and information sharing between member states
under this compact.
VI. Promote coordination between this compact, the Interstate Compact for Juveniles, the
Interstate Compact on Adoption and Medical Assistance, and other compacts affecting the placement
of and which provide services to children otherwise subject to this compact.
VII. Provide for a state's continuing legal jurisdiction and responsibility for placement and
care of a child that it would have had if the placement were intrastate.
VIII. Provide for the promulgation of guidelines, in collaboration with Indian tribes, for
interstate cases involving Indian children as is or may be permitted by federal law.
ARTICLE II
Definitions
As used in this compact:
I. "Approved placement" means the public child-placing agency in the receiving state has
determined that the placement is both safe and suitable for the child.
II. "Assessment" means an evaluation of a prospective placement by a public child-placing
agency in the receiving state to determine if the placement meets the individualized needs of the
child, including, but not limited to, the child's safety and stability, health and well-being, and
mental, emotional, and physical development. An assessment is only applicable to a placement by a
public child-placing agency.
III. "Child" means an individual who has not attained the age of 18.
IV. "Certification" means to attest, declare, or swear to before a judge or notary public.

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V. "Default" means the failure of a member state to perform the obligations or responsibilities imposed upon it by this compact or the bylaws or rules of the Interstate Commission.

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- VI. "Home study" means an evaluation of a home environment conducted in accordance with the applicable requirements of the state in which the home is located and that documents the preparation and the suitability of the placement resource for placement of a child in accordance with the laws and requirements of the state in which the home is located.
- VII. "Indian tribe" means any Indian tribe, band, nation, or other organized group or community of Indians recognized as eligible for services provided to Indians by the Secretary of the Interior because of their status as Indians, including any Alaskan native village as defined in section 3(c) of the Alaska Native Claims Settlement Act, 43 U.S.C. section 1602(c).
- VIII. "Interstate Commission for the Placement of Children" means the commission that is created under Article VIII of this compact and which is generally referred to as the "Interstate Commission."
 - IX. "Jurisdiction" means the power and authority of a court to hear and decide matters.
- X. "Legal risk placement" or "legal risk adoption" means a placement made preliminary to an adoption where the prospective adoptive parents acknowledge in writing that a child can be ordered returned to the sending state or the birth mother's state of residence, if different from the sending state, and a final decree of adoption shall not be entered in any jurisdiction until all required consents are obtained or are dispensed with in accordance with applicable law.
 - XI. "Member state" means a state that has enacted this compact.
- XII. "Noncustodial parent" means a person who, at the time of the commencement of court proceedings in the sending state, does not have sole legal custody of the child or has joint legal custody of a child, and who is not the subject of allegations or findings of child abuse or neglect.
 - XIII. "Nonmember state" means a state which has not enacted this compact.
- XIV. "Notice of residential placement" means information regarding a placement into a residential facility provided to the receiving state, including, but not limited to, the name, date, and place of birth of the child, the identity and address of the parent or legal guardian, evidence of authority to make the placement, and the name and address of the facility in which the child will be placed. Notice of residential placement shall also include information regarding a discharge and any unauthorized absence from the facility.
- XV. "Placement" means the act by a public or private child-placing agency intended to arrange for the care or custody of a child in another state.
- XVI. "Private child-placing agency" means any private corporation, agency, foundation, institution, or charitable organization, or any private person or attorney, that facilitates, causes, or is involved in the placement of a child from one state to another and that is not an instrumentality of the state or acting under color of state law.

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XVII. "Provisional placement" means a determination made by the public child-placing agency in the receiving state that the proposed placement is safe and suitable, and, to the extent allowable, the receiving state has temporarily waived its standards or requirements otherwise applicable to prospective foster or adoptive parents so as to not delay the placement. Completion of the receiving state requirements regarding training for prospective foster or adoptive parents shall not delay an otherwise safe and suitable placement.

XVIII. "Public child-placing agency" means any government child welfare agency or child protection agency or a private entity under contract with such an agency, regardless of whether the entity acts on behalf of a state, a county, a municipality, or another governmental unit, and which facilitates, causes, or is involved in the placement of a child from one state to another.

XIX. "Receiving state" means the state to which a child is sent, brought, or caused to be sent or brought.

XX. "Relative" means someone who is related to the child as a parent, stepparent, sibling by half or whole blood or by adoption, grandparent, aunt, uncle, or first cousin or a nonrelative with such significant ties to the child that the nonrelative may be regarded as a relative as determined by the court in the sending state.

XXI. "Residential facility" means a facility providing a level of care that is sufficient to substitute for parental responsibility or foster care and that is beyond what is needed for assessment or treatment of an acute condition. For purposes of the compact, the term "residential facility" does not include institutions primarily educational in character, hospitals, or other medical facilities.

XXII. "Rule" means a written directive, mandate, standard, or principle issued by the Interstate Commission promulgated pursuant to Article XI of this compact that is of general applicability and that implements, interprets, or prescribes a policy or provision of the compact. A rule has the force and effect of an administrative rule in a member state and includes the amendment, repeal, or suspension of an existing rule.

XXIII. "Sending state" means the state from which the placement of a child is initiated.

XXIV. "Service member's permanent duty station" means the military installation where an active duty United States Armed Services member is currently assigned and is physically located under competent orders that do not specify the duty as temporary.

XXV. "Service member's state of legal residence" means the state in which the active duty United States Armed Services member is considered a resident for tax and voting purposes.

XXVI. "State" means a state of the United States, the District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, the United States Virgin Islands, Guam, American Samoa, the Northern Mariana Islands, and any other territory of the United States.

XXVII. "State court" means a judicial body of a state that is vested by law with responsibility for adjudicating cases involving abuse, neglect, deprivation, delinquency, or status offenses of individuals who have not attained the age of 18.

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•	XXVIII. "Supervision" means monitoring provided by the receiving state once a child has
	been placed in a receiving state pursuant to this compact.
	ARTICLE III
	Applicability
	I. Except as otherwise provided in paragraph II, this compact shall apply to:
	(a) The interstate placement of a child subject to ongoing court jurisdiction in the
	sending state, due to allegations or findings that the child has been abused, neglected, or deprived as
	defined by the laws of the sending state; provided, however, that the placement of such a child into a
	residential facility shall only require notice of residential placement to the receiving state prior to
	placement.
	(b) The interstate placement of a child adjudicated delinquent or unmanageable based
	on the laws of the sending state and subject to ongoing court jurisdiction of the sending state if:
	(1) The child is being placed in a residential facility in another member state and is
	not covered under another compact; or
	(2) The child is being placed in another member state and the determination of
	safety and suitability of the placement and services required is not provided through another
	compact.
	(c) The interstate placement of any child by a public child-placing agency or private
	child-placing agency as a preliminary step to a possible adoption.
	II. The provisions of this compact shall not apply to:
	(a) The interstate placement of a child in a custody proceeding in which a public child-
	placing agency is not a party; provided, however, that the placement is not intended to effectuate an
	adoption.
	(b) The interstate placement of a child with a nonrelative in a receiving state by a parent
	with the legal authority to make such a placement; provided, however, that the placement is not
	intended to effectuate an adoption.
	(c) The interstate placement of a child by one relative with the lawful authority to make
	such a placement directly with a relative in a receiving state.
	(d) The placement of a child, not subject to paragraph I, into a residential facility by his
	or her parent.
	(e) The placement of a child with a noncustodial parent, provided that:
	(I) The noncustodial parent proves to the satisfaction of a court in the sending state
	a substantial relationship with the child;
	(2) The court in the sending state makes a written finding that placement with the

(3) The court in the sending state dismisses its jurisdiction in interstate placements in which the public child-placing agency is a party to the proceeding.

noncustodial parent is in the best interests of the child; and

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- (f) A child entering the United States from a foreign country for the purpose of adoption or leaving the United States to go to a foreign country for the purpose of adoption in that country.
- (g) Cases in which a child who is a United States citizen living overseas with his or her family, at least one of whom is in the United States Armed Services and stationed overseas, is removed and placed in a state.
- (h) The sending of a child by a public child-placing agency or a private child-placing agency for a visit as defined by the rules of the Interstate Commission.
- III. For purposes of determining the applicability of this compact to the placement of a child with a family member in the United States Armed Services, the public child-placing agency or private child-placing agency may choose the state of the service member's permanent duty station or the service member's declared legal residence.
- IV. Nothing in this compact shall be construed to prohibit the concurrent application of the provisions of this compact with other applicable interstate compacts, including the Interstate Compact for Juveniles and the Interstate Compact on Adoption and Medical Assistance. Interstate Commission may, in cooperation with other interstate compact commissions having responsibility for the interstate movement, placement, or transfer of children, promulgate similar rules to ensure the coordination of services, timely placement of children, and reduction of unnecessary or duplicative administrative or procedural requirements.

ARTICLE IV 19 Jurisdiction

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- I. Except as provided in Article IV, paragraph VIII, and Article V, subparagraph II(b) and (c), concerning private and independent adoptions, and in interstate placements in which the public child-placing agency is not a party to a custody proceeding, the sending state shall retain jurisdiction over a child with respect to all matters of custody and disposition of the child which it would have had if the child had remained in the sending state. Such jurisdiction shall also include the power to order the return of the child to the sending state.
- II. When an issue of child protection or custody is brought before a court in the receiving state, such court shall confer with the court of the sending state to determine the most appropriate forum for adjudication.
- III. In cases that are before courts and subject to this compact, the taking of testimony for hearings before any judicial officer may occur in person or by telephone, audio-video conference, or such other means as approved by the rules of the Interstate Commission, and judicial officers may communicate with other judicial officers and persons involved in the interstate process as may be permitted by their code of judicial conduct and any rules promulgated by the Interstate Commission.
- IV. In accordance with its own laws, the court in the sending state shall have authority to terminate its jurisdiction if:

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(a) The child is reunified with the parent in the receiving state who is the subject of
allegations or findings of abuse or neglect, only with the concurrence of the public child-placing
agency in the receiving state;
(b) The child is adopted;
(c) The child reaches the age of majority under the laws of the sending state;
(d) The child achieves legal independence pursuant to the laws of the sending state;
(e) A guardianship is created by a court in the receiving state with the concurrence of
the court in the sending state;
(f) An Indian tribe has petitioned for and received jurisdiction from the court in the
sending state; or
(g) The public child-placing agency of the sending state requests termination and has
obtained the concurrence of the public child-placing agency in the receiving state.
V. When a sending state court terminates its jurisdiction, the receiving state child-placing
agency shall be notified.
VI. Nothing in this article shall defeat a claim of jurisdiction by a receiving state court
sufficient to deal with an act of truancy, delinquency, crime, or behavior involving a child as defined
by the laws of the receiving state committed by the child in the receiving state which would be a
violation of its laws.
VII. Nothing in this article shall limit the receiving state's ability to take emergency
jurisdiction for the protection of the child.
VIII. The substantive laws of the state in which an adoption will be finalized shall solely
govern all issues relating to the adoption of the child, and the court in which the adoption proceeding
is filed shall have subject matter jurisdiction regarding all substantive issues relating to the
adoption, except:
(a) When the child is a ward of another court that established jurisdiction over the child
prior to the placement;
(b) When the child is in the legal custody of a public agency in the sending state; or
(c) When a court in the sending state has otherwise appropriately assumed jurisdiction
over the child prior to the submission of the request for approval of placement.
IX. A final decree of adoption shall not be entered in any jurisdiction until the placement is
authorized as an "approved placement" by the public child-placing agency in the receiving state.
ARTICLE V

Placement Evaluation

- I. Prior to sending, bringing, or causing a child to be sent or brought into a receiving state, the public child-placing agency shall provide a written request for assessment to the receiving state.
- II. For placements by a private child-placing agency, a child may be sent or brought, or caused to be sent or brought, into a receiving state upon receipt and immediate review of the

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- required content in a request for approval of a placement in both the sending and receiving state public child-placing agencies. The required content to accompany a request for approval shall include all of the following:
- (a) A request for approval identifying the child, the birth parents, the prospective adoptive parents, and the supervising agency, signed by the person requesting approval.
- (b) The appropriate consents or relinquishments signed by the birth parents in accordance with the laws of the sending state or, where permitted, the laws of the state where the adoption will be finalized.
- (c) Certification by a licensed attorney or authorized agent of a private adoption agency that the consent or relinquishment is in compliance with the applicable laws of the sending state or, where permitted, the laws of the state where finalization of the adoption will occur.
 - (d) A home study.

- (e) An acknowledgment of legal risk signed by the prospective adoptive parents.
- III. The sending state and the receiving state may request additional information or documents prior to finalization of an approved placement, but they may not delay travel by the prospective adoptive parents with the child if the required content for approval has been submitted, received, and reviewed by the public child-placing agency in both the sending state and the receiving state.
- IV. Approval from the public child-placing agency in the receiving state for a provisional or approved placement is required as provided for in the rules of the Interstate Commission.
- V. The procedures for making the request for an assessment shall contain all information and be in such form as provided for in the rules of the Interstate Commission.
- VI. Upon receipt of a request from the public child-placing agency of the sending state, the receiving state shall initiate an assessment of the proposed placement to determine its safety and suitability. If the proposed placement is a placement with a relative, the public child-placing agency of the sending state may request a determination for a provisional placement.
- VII. The public child-placing agency in the receiving state may request from the public childplacing agency or the private child-placing agency in the sending state, and shall be entitled to receive, supporting or additional information necessary to complete the assessment or approve the placement.
- VIII. The public child-placing agency in the receiving state shall approve a provisional placement and complete or arrange for the completion of the assessment within the timeframes established by the rules of the Interstate Commission.
- IX. For a placement by a private child-placing agency, the sending state shall not impose any additional requirements to complete the home study that are not required by the receiving state, unless the adoption is finalized in the sending state.

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1	X. The Interstate Commission may develop uniform standards for the assessment of the
2	safety and suitability of interstate placements.
3	ARTICLE VI
4	Placement Authority
5	I. Except as otherwise provided in this compact, no child subject to this compact shall be
6	placed in a receiving state until approval for such placement is obtained.
7	II. If the public child-placing agency in the receiving state does not approve the proposed
8	placement, then the child shall not be placed. The receiving state shall provide written
9	documentation of any such determination in accordance with the rules promulgated by the
10	Interstate Commission. Such determination is not subject to judicial review in the sending state.
11	III. If the proposed placement is not approved, any interested party shall have standing to
12	seek an administrative review of the receiving state's determination.
13	(a) The administrative review and any further judicial review associated with the
14	determination shall be conducted in the receiving state pursuant to its applicable administrative
15	procedures act.
16	(b) If a determination not to approve the placement of the child in the receiving state is
17	overturned upon review, the placement shall be deemed approved; provided, however, that all
18	administrative or judicial remedies have been exhausted or the time for such remedies has passed.
19	ARTICLE VII
20	Placing Agency Responsibility
21	I. For the interstate placement of a child made by a public child-placing agency or state
22	court:
23	(a) The public child-placing agency in the sending state shall have financial
24	responsibility for:
25	(1) The ongoing support and maintenance for the child during the period of the
26	placement, unless otherwise provided for in the receiving state; and
27	(2) As determined by the public child-placing agency in the sending state, services
28	for the child beyond the public services for which the child is eligible in the receiving state.
29	(b) The receiving state shall only have financial responsibility for:
30	(b) 1110 10001/111g out of bright one product of the product of th
00	(1) Any assessment conducted by the receiving state; and
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	(1) Any assessment conducted by the receiving state; and
31	(1) Any assessment conducted by the receiving state; and(2) Supervision conducted by the receiving state at the level necessary to support the
31 32	(1) Any assessment conducted by the receiving state; and(2) Supervision conducted by the receiving state at the level necessary to support the placement as agreed upon by the public child-placing agencies of the receiving and sending states.
31 32 33	 (1) Any assessment conducted by the receiving state; and (2) Supervision conducted by the receiving state at the level necessary to support the placement as agreed upon by the public child-placing agencies of the receiving and sending states. (c) Nothing in this section shall prohibit public child-placing agencies in the sending

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adoption, the private child-placing agency shall be:

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(a) Legally responsible for the child during the period of placement as provided for in the law of the sending state until the finalization of the adoption. (b) Financially responsible for the child absent a contractual agreement to the contrary. III. The public child-placing agency in the receiving state shall provide timely assessments, as provided for in the rules of the Interstate Commission. IV. The public child-placing agency in the receiving state shall provide, or arrange for the provision of, supervision and services for the child, including timely reports, during the period of the placement. V. Nothing in this compact shall be construed to limit the authority of the public childplacing agency in the receiving state from contracting with a licensed agency or person in the receiving state for an assessment or the provision of supervision or services for the child or otherwise authorizing the provision of supervision or services by a licensed agency during the period of placement. VI. Each member state shall provide for coordination among its branches of government concerning the state's participation in and compliance with the compact and Interstate Commission activities through the creation of an advisory council or use of an existing body or board. VII. Each member state shall establish a central state compact office which shall be responsible for state compliance with the compact and the rules of the Interstate Commission. VIII. The public child-placing agency in the sending state shall oversee compliance with the provisions of the Indian Child Welfare Act, 25 U.S.C. section 1901 et seq., for placements subject to the provisions of this compact, prior to placement. With the consent of the Interstate Commission, states may enter into limited agreements that facilitate the timely assessment and provision of services and supervision of placements under this compact. ARTICLE VIII Interstate Commission for the Placement of Children The member states hereby establish, by way of this compact, a commission known as the "Interstate Commission for the Placement of Children." The activities of the Interstate Commission are the formation of public policy and are a discretionary state function. The Interstate Commission shall: I. Be a joint commission of the member states and shall have the responsibilities, powers, and duties set forth herein and such additional powers as may be conferred upon it by subsequent concurrent action of the respective legislatures of the member states. II. Consist of one commissioner from each member state who shall be appointed by the executive head of the state human services administration with ultimate responsibility for the child welfare program. The appointed commissioner shall have the legal authority to vote on policy-

related matters governed by this compact binding the state.

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1	(a) Each member state represented at a meeting of the Interstate Commission is entitled
2	to one vote.
3	(b) A majority of the member states shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of
4	business, unless a larger quorum is required by the bylaws of the Interstate Commission.
5	(c) A representative shall not delegate a vote to another member state.
6	(d) A representative may delegate voting authority to another person from that state for
7	a specified meeting.
8	III. Include, in addition to the commissioners of each member state, persons who are
9	members of interested organizations as defined in the bylaws or rules of the Interstate Commission.
10	Such members shall be ex officio and shall not be entitled to vote on any matter before the Interstate
11	Commission.
12	IV. Establish an executive committee which shall have the authority to administer the day-
13	to-day operations and administration of the Interstate Commission. The executive committee shall
14	not have the power to engage in rulemaking.
15	ARTICLE IX
16	Powers and Duties of the Interstate Commission
17	The Interstate Commission shall have the following powers:
18	I. To promulgate rules and take all necessary actions to effect the goals, purposes, and
19	obligations as enumerated in this compact.
20	II. To provide for dispute resolution among member states.
21	III. To issue, upon request of a member state, advisory opinions concerning the meaning or
22	interpretation of the interstate compact, its bylaws, rules, or actions.
23	IV. To enforce compliance with this compact or the bylaws or rules of the Interstate
24	Commission pursuant to Article XII.
25	V. Collect standardized data concerning the interstate placement of children subject to this
26	compact as directed through its rules, which shall specify the data to be collected, the means of
27	collection and data exchange, and reporting requirements.
28	VI. To establish and maintain offices as may be necessary for the transacting of its business.
29	VII. To purchase and maintain insurance and bonds.
30	VIII. To hire or contract for services of personnel or consultants as necessary to carry out its
31	functions under the compact and establish personnel qualification policies and rates of
32	compensation.
33	IX. To establish and appoint committees and officers, including, but not limited to, an

X. To accept any and all donations and grants of money, equipment, supplies, materials, and services, and to receive, utilize, and dispose thereof.

executive committee as required by Article X.

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1	XI. To lease, purchase, accept contributions or donations of, or otherwise to own, hold,
2	improve, or use any property, real, personal, or mixed.
3	XII. To sell, convey, mortgage, pledge, lease, exchange, abandon, or otherwise dispose of any
4	property, real, personal, or mixed.
5	XIII. To establish a budget and make expenditures.
6	XIV. To adopt a seal and bylaws governing the management and operation of the Interstate
7	Commission.
8	XV. To report annually to the legislatures, the governors, the judiciary, and the state
9	advisory councils of the member states concerning the activities of the Interstate Commission during
10	the preceding year. Such reports shall also include any recommendations that may have been
11	adopted by the Interstate Commission.
12	XVI. To coordinate and provide education, training, and public awareness regarding the
13	interstate movement of children for officials involved in such activity.
14	XVII. To maintain books and records in accordance with the bylaws of the Interstate
, 15 -	Commission.
16	XVIII. To perform such functions as may be necessary or appropriate to achieve the
17	purposes of this compact.
18	ARTICLE X
19	Organization and Operation of the Interstate Commission
20	I. Organization.
21	(a) Within 12 months after the first Interstate Commission meeting, the Interstate
22	Commission shall adopt rules to govern its conduct as may be necessary or appropriate to carry out
23	the purposes of the compact.
24	(b) The Interstate Commission's rules shall establish conditions and procedures under
25	which the Interstate Commission shall make its information and official records available to the
26	public for inspection or copying.
27	II. Meetings.
28	(a) The Interstate Commission shall meet at least once each calendar year. The
29	chairperson may call additional meetings and, upon the request of a simple majority of the member
30	states, shall call additional meetings.
31	(b) Public notice shall be given by the Interstate Commission of all meetings, and all
32	meetings shall be open to the public.
33	(c) The bylaws may provide for meetings of the Interstate Commission to be conducted
34	by telecommunication or other electronic communication.
35	III. Officers and staff.
36	(a) The Interstate Commission may, through its executive committee, appoint or retain a
	(a) The interstate commission may, through its executive commission of Total a

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- Interstate Commission may deem appropriate. The staff director shall serve as secretary to the Interstate Commission but shall not have a vote. The staff director may hire and supervise such other staff as may be authorized by the Interstate Commission.
 - (b) The Interstate Commission shall elect, from among its members, a chairperson and a vice chairperson of the executive committee, and other necessary officers, each of whom shall have such authority and duties as may be specified in the bylaws.
 - IV. Qualified immunity, defense, and indemnification.

- (a) The Interstate Commission's staff director and its employees shall be immune from suit and liability, either personally or in their official capacity, for a claim for damage to or loss of property or personal injury or other civil liability caused or arising out of or relating to an actual or alleged act, error, or omission that occurred or that such person had a reasonable basis for believing occurred within the scope of Interstate Commission employment, duties, or responsibilities; provided, however, that such person shall not be protected from suit or liability for damage, loss, injury, or liability caused by a criminal act or the intentional or willful and wanton misconduct of such person.
- (b)(1) The liability of the Interstate Commission's staff director and employees or Interstate Commission representatives, acting within the scope of such person's employment or duties, for acts, errors, or omissions occurring within such person's state may not exceed the limits of liability set forth under the Constitution and laws of that state for state officials, employees, and agents. The Interstate Commission is considered to be an instrumentality of the states for the purposes of any such action. Nothing in this subsection shall be construed to protect such person from suit or liability for damage, loss, injury, or liability caused by a criminal act or the intentional or willful and wanton misconduct of such person.
- (2) The Interstate Commission shall defend the staff director and its employees and, subject to the approval of the attorney general or other appropriate legal counsel of the member state, shall defend the commissioner of a member state in a civil action seeking to impose liability arising out of an actual or alleged act, error, or omission that occurred within the scope of Interstate Commission employment, duties, or responsibilities, or that the defendant had a reasonable basis for believing occurred within the scope of Interstate Commission employment, duties, or responsibilities; provided, however, that the actual or alleged act, error, or omission did not result from intentional or willful and wanton misconduct on the part of such person.
- (3) To the extent not covered by the state involved, a member state, or the Interstate Commission, the representatives or employees of the Interstate Commission shall be held harmless in the amount of a settlement or judgment, including attorney's fees and costs, obtained against such persons arising out of an actual or alleged act, error, or omission that occurred within the scope of Interstate Commission employment, duties, or responsibilities, or that such persons had a reasonable basis for believing occurred within the scope of Interstate Commission employment,

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duties, or responsibilities; provided, however, that the actual or alleged act, error, or omission did not result from intentional or willful and wanton misconduct on the part of such persons. ARTICLE XI Rulemaking Functions of the Interstate Commission I. The Interstate Commission shall promulgate and publish rules in order to effectively and efficiently achieve the purposes of the compact. II. Rulemaking shall occur pursuant to the criteria set forth in this article and the bylaws and rules adopted pursuant thereto. Such rulemaking shall substantially conform to the principles of the "Model State Administrative Procedures Act," 1981 Act, Uniform Laws Annotated, Vol. 15, p. 1 (2000), or such other administrative procedure acts as the Interstate Commission deems appropriate, consistent with due process requirements under the United States Constitution as now or hereafter interpreted by the United States Supreme Court. All rules and amendments shall become binding as of the date specified, as published with the final version of the rule as approved by the Interstate Commission. III. When promulgating a rule, the Interstate Commission shall, at a minimum: (a) Publish the proposed rule's entire text stating the reasons for that proposed rule; (b) Allow and invite any and all persons to submit written data, facts, opinions, and arguments, which information shall be added to the record and made publicly available; and (c) Promulgate a final rule and its effective date, if appropriate, based on input from state or local officials or interested parties. IV. Rules promulgated by the Interstate Commission shall have the force and effect of administrative rules and shall be binding in the compacting states to the extent and in the manner provided for in this compact. V. Not later than 60 days after a rule is promulgated, an interested person may file a petition in the United States District Court for the District of Columbia or in the federal district court where the Interstate Commission's principal office is located for judicial review of such rule. If the court finds that the Interstate Commission's action is not supported by substantial evidence in the rulemaking record, the court shall hold the rule unlawful and set it aside. VI. If a majority of the legislatures of the member states rejects a rule, those states may by enactment of a statute or resolution in the same manner used to adopt the compact cause that such rule shall have no further force and effect in any member state. VII. The existing rules governing the operation of the Interstate Compact on the Placement

of Children superseded by this act shall be null and void no less than 12 months but no more than 24 months after the first meeting of the Interstate Commission created hereunder, as determined by the members during the first meeting.

VIII. Within the first 12 months of operation, the Interstate Commission shall promulgate rules addressing the following:

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1	(a) Transition rules.
2	(b) Forms and procedures.
3	(c) Timelines.
4	(d) Data collection and reporting.
5	(e) Rulemaking.
6	(f) Visitation.
7	(g) Progress reports and supervision.
8	(h) Sharing of information and confidentiality.
9	(i) Financing of the Interstate Commission.
10	(j) Mediation, arbitration, and dispute resolution.
11	(k) Education, training, and technical assistance.
12	(l) Enforcement.
13	(m) Coordination with other interstate compacts.
14	IX. Upon determination by a majority of the members of the Interstate Commission that an
15	emergency exists:
16	(a) The Interstate Commission may promulgate an emergency rule only if it is required
17	to:
18	(1) Protect the children covered by this compact from an imminent threat to their
19	health, safety, and well-being;
20	(2) Prevent loss of federal or state funds; or
21	(3) Meet a deadline for the promulgation of an administrative rule required by
22	federal law.
23	(b) An emergency rule shall become effective immediately upon adoption, provided that
24	the usual rulemaking procedures provided hereunder shall be retroactively applied to the emergency
25	rule as soon as reasonably possible, but no later than 90 days after the effective date of the
26	emergency rule.
27	(c) An emergency rule shall be promulgated as provided for in the rules of the Interstate
28	Commission.
29	ARTICLE XII
30	Oversight, Dispute Resolution, and Enforcement
31	I. Oversight.
32	(a) The Interstate Commission shall oversee the administration and operation of the
33	compact.
34	(b) The executive, legislative, and judicial branches of state government in each member
35	state shall enforce this compact and the rules of the Interstate Commission and shall take all actions
36	necessary and appropriate to effectuate the compact's purposes and intent. The compact and its

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- rules shall be binding in the compacting states to the extent and in the manner provided for in this compact.
 - (c) All courts shall take judicial notice of the compact and the rules in any judicial or administrative proceeding in a member state pertaining to the subject matter of this compact.
 - (d) The Interstate Commission shall be entitled to receive service of process in any action in which the validity of a compact provision or rule is the issue for which a judicial determination has been sought and shall have standing to intervene in any proceedings. Failure to provide service of process to the Interstate Commission shall render any judgment, order, or other determination, however so captioned or classified, void as to this compact, its bylaws, or rules of the Interstate Commission.

II. Dispute resolution.

- (a) The Interstate Commission shall attempt, upon the request of a member state, to resolve disputes which are subject to the compact and which may arise among member states and between member and nonmember states.
- (b) The Interstate Commission shall promulgate a rule providing for both mediation and binding dispute resolution for disputes among compacting states. The costs of such mediation or dispute resolution shall be the responsibility of the parties to the dispute.
- III. Enforcement. If the Interstate Commission determines that a member state has defaulted in the performance of its obligations or responsibilities under this compact, its bylaws, or rules of the Interstate Commission, the Interstate Commission may:
 - (a) Provide remedial training and specific technical assistance;
- (b) Provide written notice to the defaulting state and other member states of the nature of the default and the means of curing the default. The Interstate Commission shall specify the conditions by which the defaulting state must cure its default;
- (c) By majority vote of the members, initiate against a defaulting member state legal action in the United States District Court for the District of Columbia or, at the discretion of the Interstate Commission, in the federal district where the Interstate Commission has its principal office, to enforce compliance with the provisions of the compact, its bylaws, or rules of the Interstate Commission. The relief sought may include both injunctive relief and damages. In the event judicial enforcement is necessary, the prevailing party shall be awarded all costs of such litigation including reasonable attorney's fees; or
- (d) Avail itself of any other remedies available under state law or the regulation of official or professional conduct.

ARTICLE XIII

Financing of the Commission

- I. The Interstate Commission shall pay, or provide for the payment of, the reasonable expenses of its establishment, organization, and ongoing activities.

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- Page 26 -
II. The Interstate Commission may levy on and collect an annual assessment from each
member state to cover the cost of the operations and activities of the Interstate Commission and its
staff, which must be in a total amount sufficient to cover the Interstate Commission's annual budget
as approved by its members each year. The aggregate annual assessment amount shall be allocated
based upon a formula to be determined by the Interstate Commission, which shall promulgate a rule
binding upon all member states.
III. The Interstate Commission shall not incur obligations of any kind prior to securing the
funds adequate to meet those obligations, nor shall the Interstate Commission pledge the credit of
any of the member states, except by and with the authority of the member state.
IV. The Interstate Commission shall keep accurate accounts of all receipts and
disbursements. The receipts and disbursements of the Interstate Commission shall be subject to the
audit and accounting procedures established under its bylaws. However, all receipts and
disbursements of funds handled by the Interstate Commission shall be audited yearly by a certified
or licensed public accountant, and the report of the audit shall be included in and become part of the
annual report of the Interstate Commission.
ARTICLE XIV
Member States, Effective Date, and Amendment
I. Any state is eligible to become a member state.
II. The compact shall become effective and binding upon legislative enactment of the
compact into law by no less than 35 states. The effective date shall be the later of July 1, 2007, or
upon enactment of the compact into law by the thirty-fifth state. Thereafter, it shall become
effective and binding as to any other member state upon enactment of the compact into law by that
state. The executive heads of the state human services administration with ultimate responsibility
for the child welfare program of nonmember states or their designees shall be invited to participate
in the activities of the Interstate Commission on a nonvoting basis prior to adoption of the compact
by all states.
III. The Interstate Commission may propose amendments to the compact for enactment by
the member states. No amendment shall become effective and binding on the member states unless
and until it is enacted into law by unanimous consent of the member states.
ARTICLE XV
Withdrawal and Dissolution
I. Withdrawal.
(a) Once effective, the compact shall continue in force and remain binding upon each and
every member state, provided that a member state may withdraw from the compact by specifically
repealing the statute which enacted the compact into law.
(b) Withdrawal from this compact shall be by the enactment of a statute repealing the

(b) Withdrawal from this compact shall be by the enactment of a statute repealing the compact. The effective date of withdrawal shall be the effective date of the repeal of the statute.

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(c) The withdrawing state shall immediately notify the president of the Interstate
Commission in writing upon the introduction of legislation repealing this compact in the
withdrawing state. The Interstate Commission shall then notify the other member states of the
withdrawing state's intent to withdraw.
(d) The withdrawing state is responsible for all assessments, obligations, and liabilities
incurred through the effective date of withdrawal.
(e) Reinstatement following withdrawal of a member state shall occur upon the
withdrawing state reenacting the compact or upon such later date as determined by the members of
the Interstate Commission.
II. Dissolution of compact.
(a) This compact shall dissolve effective upon the date of the withdrawal or default of the
member state which reduces the membership in the compact to one member state.
(b) Upon the dissolution of this compact, the compact becomes null and void and shall be
of no further force or effect, and the business and affairs of the Interstate Commission shall be
concluded and surplus funds shall be distributed in accordance with the bylaws.
ARTICLE XVI
Severability and Construction
I. The provisions of this compact shall be severable, and, if any phrase, clause, sentence, or
provision is deemed unenforceable, the remaining provisions of the compact shall be enforceable.
II. The provisions of this compact shall be liberally construed to effectuate its purposes.
III. Nothing in this compact shall be construed to prohibit the concurrent applicability of
other interstate compacts to which the states are members.
ARTICLE XVII
Binding Effect of Compact and Other Laws
I. Other laws. Nothing in this compact prevents the enforcement of any other law of a
member state that is not inconsistent with this compact.
II. Binding effect of the compact.
(a) All lawful actions of the Interstate Commission are binding upon the member states.
(b) All agreements between the Interstate Commission and the member states are
binding in accordance with their terms.
(c) In the event any provision of this compact exceeds the constitutional limits imposed
on the legislature or executive branch of any member state, such provision shall be ineffective to the
extent of the conflict with the constitutional provision in question in that member state.
ARTICLE XVIII
Indian Tribes
Notwithstanding any other provision in this compact, the Interstate Commission may promulgate

guidelines to permit Indian tribes to utilize the compact to achieve any or all of the purposes of the

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compact as specified in Article I. The Interstate Commission shall make reasonable efforts to consult with Indian tribes in promulgating guidelines to reflect the diverse circumstances of the various Indian tribes.

49 Adoption; Assessment. Amend RSA 170-B:18, IV to read as follows:

- IV. The department or a licensed child-placing agency making the required assessment may request other departments or licensed child-placing agencies within or outside this state to make the assessment or designated portions thereof as may be appropriate. Where such written assessments are made, a written report shall be filed with the court; provided, however, said report shall not violate RSA 170-A, the interstate compact [en] for the placement of children.
- 50 Applicability Sections 48-49 of this act, relative to the 2009 edition of the Interstate Compact for the Placement of Children, shall take effect on the date that the commissioner of the department of health and human services certifies to the director of the office of legislative services and the secretary of state that 35 compacting states, including New Hampshire, have enacted the 2009 edition of the Interstate Compact for the Placement of Children.
- 51 Child Day Care Licensing; Definitions RSA 170-E:2, IV(g) is repealed and reenacted to read as follows:
- (g) "School-age program" means a child day care agency providing child day care before or after, or before and after, regular school hours, and all day any time school is not in session, for 6 or more children enrolled in school, who are 4 years and 8 months of age or older, and which is not licensed under RSA 170-E:56. The number of children shall include all children present during the period of the program, including those children related to the caregiver.
- 52 New Section; Residential Care and Child-Placing Agency Licensing; Deemed Licensed. Amend RSA 170-E by inserting after section 31 the following new section:
- 170-E:31-a Deemed Licensed. Any qualified residential treatment program accredited by organizations as specified in Title 42 of the Social Security Act, 42 U.S.C. section 672(k)(4)(G), as amended, shall submit a completed license application or renewal application. Such child care institutions and child care agencies defined as group homes, specialized care, or homeless youth programs, shall be deemed licensed under this subdivision and shall be exempt from inspections carried out under RSA 170-E:31, IV. This section shall only apply to the activities or portions of the facility or agency accredited under Title 42 of the Social Security Act, 42 U.S.C. section 672(k)(4)(G), as amended.
- 53 Recreation Camp Licensing; Availability of Epinephrine Auto-Injector. Amend RSA 170-E:61 to read as follows:
- 170-E:61 Availability of Epinephrine Auto-Injector. The recreational camp nurse or, if a nurse is not assigned to the camp, the recreational camp administrator shall maintain for the use of a child with severe allergies at least one epinephrine auto-injector, provided by the child or the child's parent or guardian, [in the nurse's office or in a similarly accessible location] which shall be

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readily accessible to the recreational camp staff caring for children requiring such medications.

54 New Section; Recreation Camp Licensing; Availability of Asthma Inhalers. Amend RSA 170-E by inserting after section 63 the following new section:

170-E:63-a Availability of Asthma Inhalers. The recreational camp nurse or, if a nurse is not assigned to the camp, the recreational camp administrator shall maintain for the use of a child with asthma at least one metered dose inhaler or a dry powder inhaler, provided by the child or the child's parent or guardian, which shall be readily accessible to the recreational camp staff caring for children requiring such medications.

55 New Paragraph; Services for Children, Youth, and Families; Peer Support Program. Amend RSA 170-G:3 by inserting after paragraph VII the following new paragraph:

VIII. The commissioner may establish a confidential peer support program for the purpose of providing critical incident stress management and crisis intervention services for staff exposed to critical incidents and trauma through the course of their employment.

(a) In this section:

- (1) "Critical incident" means any incident that has a high emotional impact on the responders, or is beyond the realm of a person's usual experience that overwhelms his or her sense of vulnerability and/or lack of control over the situation.
- (2) "Critical incident stress" means a normal reaction to an abnormal event that has the potential to interfere with normal functioning and that results from the response to a critical incident or long-term occupational exposure to a series of critical incident responses over a period of time that are believed to be causing debilitating stress that is affecting an emergency service provider and his or her work performance or family situation. This may include, but is not limited to, physical and emotional illness, failure of usual coping mechanisms, loss of interest in the job, personality changes, or loss of ability to function.
- (3) "Critical incident stress management" means a process of crisis intervention designed to assist employees in coping with the psychological trauma resulting from response to a critical incident.
- (4) "Critical incident stress management and crisis intervention services" means consultation, counseling, debriefing, defusing, intervention services, management, prevention, and referral provided by a critical incident stress management team member.
- (5) "Critical incident stress management team" or "team" means the group of one or more trained volunteers, including members of peer support groups who offer critical incident stress management and crisis intervention services following a critical incident or long term or continued, debilitating stress being experienced by employees and affecting them or their family situation.

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(6) "Critical incident stress management team member" or "team member" means an employee, including any specially trained to provide critical incident stress management and crisis intervention services as a member of an organized team.

- (7) "Debriefing" means a closed, confidential discussion of a critical incident relating to the feelings and perceptions of those directly involved prior to, during, and after a stressful event. It is intended to provide support, education, and an outlet for associated views and feelings. Debriefings do not provide counseling or an operational critique of the incident.
- (b)(1) Any information divulged to the team or a team member during the provision of critical incident stress management and crisis intervention services shall be kept confidential and shall not be disclosed to a third party or in a criminal, civil, or administrative proceeding. Records kept by critical incident stress management team members are not subject to subpoena, discovery, or introduction into evidence in a criminal, civil, or administrative action. Except as provided in subparagraph (c), no person, whether critical incident stress management team member or team leader providing or receiving critical incident stress management and crisis intervention services, shall be required to testify or divulge any information obtained solely through such crisis intervention.
- (2) In any civil action against any individual, or the department, including the state of New Hampshire, arising out of the conduct of a member of such team, this section is not intended and shall not be admissible to establish negligence in any instance where requirements herein are higher than the standard of care that would otherwise have been applicable in such action under state law.
 - (c) A communication shall not be deemed confidential pursuant to this section if:
- (1) The communication indicates the existence of a danger to the individual who receives critical incident stress management and crisis intervention services or to any other person or persons;
- (2) The communication indicates the existence of past child abuse or neglect of the individual, abuse of an adult as defined by law, or family violence as defined by law; or
- (3) The communication indicates the existence of a danger to the individual who receives critical incident stress management and crisis intervention services or to any other person or persons.
- 56 New Paragraph; Services for Children, Youth, and Families; Procurement Model for Services. Amend RSA 170-G:4-d by inserting after paragraph I the following new paragraph:
- I-a. The commissioner shall employ a procurement model for administering the provision of therapeutic-based residential behavioral health treatment services provided pursuant to RSA 170-G and RSA 135-F. All contracts shall incorporate the use of trauma-focused models of care. In cases where the unique needs of a juvenile or the capacity of a contracted provider prevent the use of a contracted provider, the commissioner may approve and shall pay for placement with another

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certified provider on a temporary basis if the commissioner determines that the placement is necessary to meet the juvenile's immediate treatment needs.

- 57 Repeal. RSA 170-G:8-b, IV, relative to an annual report of informational materials relating to missing children issues and matters, is repealed.
- 58 Services for the Developmentally Disabled; Funding for Wait List. Amend the introductory paragraph of RSA 171-A:1-a, I to read as follows:
- I. The department of health and human services and area agencies shall provide services to eligible persons under this chapter and persons eligible for the brain injury program under RSA 137-K in a timely manner. The department and area agencies shall provide *funding for* services in such a manner that:
- 59 Coverage Plan for Services to Individuals with Developmental Disabilities. The department of health and human services in collaboration with the department of education, the Disability Rights Center-New Hampshire, and the representatives of the 10 area agencies shall develop a plan by October 1, 2021 that provides coverage for services to individuals with developmental disabilities aged 18-21 enrolled in school and determined eligible for developmental services that are not the responsibility of the local education agency, another state agency, or another division of the department. Such a plan shall estimate the number of eligible individuals likely to need such services, the costs of providing such services, and reimbursement mechanisms for service providers.
- 19 60 Services for the Developmentally Disabled; Wait List. Amend RSA 171-A:1-a, II to read as 20 follows:
 - II. [Beginning with the fiscal year ending June 30, 2010, and thereafter,] The department of health and human services shall incorporate in its appropriation requests the cost of fully funding services to eligible persons, in accordance with the requirements of paragraph I, and as otherwise required under RSA 171-A, and the legislature shall appropriate sufficient funds to meet such costs and requirements.
 - 61 Fund for Domestic Violence Grant Program. Amend RSA 173-B:15 to read as follows:
 - 173-B:15 Fund for Domestic Violence Grant Program. A special fund for domestic violence programs is established. The sole purpose of the fund shall be to provide revenues for the domestic violence program established in RSA 173-B:16, and shall not be available for any other purpose. The state treasurer shall deposit all fees received by the department under RSA 457:29, 457:32-b, and 631:2-b, V in the fund. All moneys deposited in the fund shall be continually appropriated for the purposes of the domestic violence grant program and shall not lapse.
 - 62 Granite Workforce Program. Amend 2018, 342:9, as amended by 2019, 346:158, to read as follows:
- 35 342:9 Termination of Granite Workforce Program.
- I. The commissioner of the department of health and human services shall be responsible for determining, every 3 months commencing no later than December 31, 2018, whether available TANF

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- reserve funds total at least \$5,000,000. If at any time the commissioner determines that available TANF reserve funds have fallen below \$5,000,000, the commissioners of the departments of health and human services and employment security shall, within 20 business days of such determination, terminate the granite workforce program. The commissioners shall notify the governor, the speaker of the house of representatives, the president of the senate, the chairperson of the fiscal committee of the general court, and granite workforce participants of the program's pending termination. The commissioners shall have the discretion to limit granite workforce program services based
 - II. If at any time the New Hampshire granite advantage health care program, established under RSA 126-AA, terminates, the commissioners of the departments of health and human services and employment security shall terminate the granite workforce program. The date of the granite workforce program's termination shall align with that of the New Hampshire granite advantage health care program.
 - III. If the work and community engagement waiver is held invalid, or is not approved, or is withdrawn by the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services, the granite workforce program shall be suspended until such time that the work and community engagement waiver is approved or revalidated.
 - 63 Health Facility Licensure; Effective Dates Amended. Amend 2020, 39:72, V-VI to read as follows:
 - V. Sections 55-57[-64-67, and 69] and 64 of this act shall take effect July 1, 2020.
- VI. Sections 5[7] and 60[7, and 68] of this act shall take effect July 1, 2021.

on the availability of appropriated, available, or reserve funds.

- 22 64 Milk Sanitation Code; Terms Defined. Amend RSA 184:79, XIII to read as follows:
 - XIII. The term "milk plant" means any place, premises, or establishment where milk or milk products are collected, handled, processed, stored, pasteurized, bottled, packaged, or prepared for distribution, except an establishment where milk or milk products are sold at retail only. This term shall include wash stations where milk tank trucks are cleaned and sanitized.
 - 65 Milk Sanitation Code; License Fees. Amend RSA 184:85, IV to read as follows:
 - IV. All fees collected under this section shall be forwarded to the state treasurer. The state treasurer shall credit all moneys received under this section, and interest received on such money, to [a] the public health services special fund established in RSA 143:11, from which [he] the department shall pay all the expenses of the department incident to the licensing and regulation of milk plants, milk distributors and milk producer-distributors. [This fund shall not lapse.]
 - 66 New Subdivision; Administration of Epinephrine. Amend RSA 329 by inserting after section 1-g the following new subdivision:

Administration of Epinephrine

- 36 329:1-h Administration of Epinephrine.
- 37 I. In this section:

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(a) "Administer" means the direct application of an epinephrine auto-injector to the body of an individual.

- (b) "Authorized entity" means any entity or organization in which allergens capable of causing anaphylaxis may be present, including recreation camps and day care facilities. Authorized entity shall not include an elementary or secondary school or a postsecondary educational institution eligible to establish policies and guidelines for the emergency administration of epinephrine under RSA 200-N.
- (c) "Epinephrine auto-injector" means a single-use device used for the automatic injection of a premeasured dose of epinephrine into the human body.
- (d) "Health care practitioner" means a person who is lawfully entitled to prescribe, administer, dispense, or distribute controlled drugs.
 - (e) "Provide" means to furnish one or more epinephrine auto-injectors to an individual.
- II. A health care practitioner may prescribe epinephrine auto-injectors in the name of an authorized entity for use in accordance with this section, and pharmacists and health care practitioners may dispense epinephrine auto-injectors pursuant to a prescription issued in the name of an authorized entity.
- III. An authorized entity may acquire and maintain a supply of epinephrine auto-injectors pursuant to a prescription issued in accordance with this section. Such epinephrine auto-injectors shall be stored in a location readily accessible in an emergency and in accordance with the instructions for use, and any additional requirements that may be established by board of medicine. An authorized entity shall designate employees or agents who have completed the training required by paragraph V to be responsible for the storage, maintenance, control, and general oversight of epinephrine auto-injectors acquired by the authorized entity.
- IV. An employee or agent of an authorized entity, or other individual, who has completed the training required by paragraph V may use epinephrine auto-injectors prescribed pursuant to this section to:
- (a) Provide an epinephrine auto-injector to any individual who the employee agent or other individual believes in good faith is experiencing anaphylaxis, or the parent, guardian, or caregiver of such individual, for immediate administration, regardless of whether the individual has a prescription for an epinephrine auto-injector or has previously been diagnosed with an allergy.
- (b) Administer an epinephrine auto-injector to any individual who the employee, agent, or other individual believes in good faith is experiencing anaphylaxis, regardless of whether the individual has a prescription for an epinephrine auto-injector or has previously been diagnosed with an allergy.
- V.(a) An employee, agent, or other individual described in paragraph IV shall complete an anaphylaxis training program at least every 2 years, following completion of the initial anaphylaxis training program. Such training shall be conducted by a nationally recognized organization

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experienced in training unlicensed persons in emergency health care treatment or an entity or individual approved by the board of medicine. Training may be conducted online or in person and, at a minimum, shall cover:

- (1) How to recognize signs and symptoms of severe allergic reactions, including anaphylaxis;
- (2) Standards and procedures for the storage and administration of an epinephrine auto-injector; and
 - (3) Emergency follow-up procedures.

(b) The entity or individual that conducts the training shall issue a certificate, on a form developed or approved by the board of medicine to each person who successfully completes the anaphylaxis training program.

VI. No authorized entity that possesses and makes available epinephrine auto-injectors and its employees, agents, and other individuals, or health care practitioner that prescribes or dispenses epinephrine auto-injectors to an authorized entity, or pharmacist or health care practitioner that dispenses epinephrine auto-injectors to an authorized entity, or individual or entity that conducts the training described in paragraph V, shall be liable for any injuries or related damages that result from any act or omission pursuant to this section, unless such injury or damage is the result of willful or wanton misconduct. The administration of an epinephrine auto-injector in accordance with this section shall not be considered to be the practice of medicine or any other profession that otherwise requires licensure. This section shall not be construed to eliminate, limit, or reduce any other immunity or defense that may be available under state law. An entity located in this state shall not be liable for any injuries or related damages that result from the provision or administration of an epinephrine auto-injector outside of this state if the entity would not have been liable for such injuries or related damages had the provision or administration occurred within this state, or is not liable for such injuries or related damages under the law of the state in which such provision or administration occurred.

67 Guardians and Conservators; Termination of Guardianship. Amend RSA 464-A:40, V(a) to read as follows:

V.(a) If, within 30 days after the date of a testate or intestate ward's death, no petition for probate has been filed under any section of RSA 553 and the gross value of the personal property remaining in the possession of the guardian belonging to the deceased, including any amount left in designated accounts for the ward, is no more than [\$5,000] \$10,000, the guardian may file in the probate court in the county having jurisdiction over the guardianship an affidavit for the purpose of disposing of such deceased ward's estate. Once approved by the court, the guardian shall be authorized to dispose of the ward's accounts in a manner consistent with the court's order. The form of the affidavit, and the rules governing proceedings under this section, shall be provided by the probate court pursuant to RSA 547:33.

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68 Custody and Escheat of Unclaimed or Abandoned Property; Filing of Claim. Amend RSA 1 2 471-C:26, I(c)(2)-(3) to read as follows: (2) Except as provided in subparagraphs (5)-(7), in the case of a closed estate where 3 the unclaimed property is valued at less than [\$5,000] \$10,000 and does not include securities in 4 share form, in accordance with the final distribution of assets as approved by the probate court. 5 (3) Except as provided in subparagraphs (5)-(7), in the absence of an open estate or 6 probate court decree of final distribution, and the unclaimed property is valued at less than [\$5,000] 7 \$10,000 and does not include securities in share form, by the surviving spouse of the deceased 8 owner, or, if there is no surviving spouse, then to the next of kin in accordance with the provisions of 9 10 RSA 561:1. 69 Applicability. Sections 67-68 of this act shall apply to affidavits or claims filed on or after the 1.1 **12** effective date of this section. 70 New Subparagraph; New Hampshire Retirement System; Definitions. Amend RSA 100-A:1, 13 VII by inserting after subparagraph (g) the following new subparagraph: 14 (h) The bureau chief for emergency preparedness and response with the department of 15 health and human services, division of health public services who: 16 (1) Has the authority and responsibility to engage in the prevention and control of 17 18 public health incidents or emergencies; (2) As a job requirement is fully certified as an emergency preparedness official 19 qualified to administer emergency planning, response and recovery activities in the event of natural 20 21 disasters, public health crises or similar incidents; and (3) As a job requirement shall meet all physical, mental, educational, and other 22 23 qualifications for continuing certification as an emergency preparedness official that may be 24 established by the certifying authority. 71 Effective Date. 25 I. Sections 48-49 of this act shall take effect as provided in section 50 of this act. 26 - 27 II. Sections 3-4, 6, 10, 12-32, and 70 of this act shall take effect 60 days after its passage. 28 III. Sections 39-40 and 67-69 of this act shall take effect July 1, 2021.

IV. The remainder of this act shall take effect upon its passage.

SB 162-FN- FISCAL NOTE

AS AMENDED BY THE SENATE (AMENDMENTS #2021-0778s and #2021-0850s)

AN ACT

relative to the department of health and human services, the New Hampshire granite advantage health care trust fund, and health facility licensure.

FISCAL IMPACT:

[X] State

[] County

[] Local

[] None

	Estimated Increase / (Decrease)			
STATE:	FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023	FY 2024
Appropriation	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Revenue	Indeterminable	Indeterminable	Indeterminable	Indeterminable
Expenditures	Indeterminable	Indeterminable	Indeterminable	Indeterminable
Funding Source:	[X] General	[] Education	[] Highway	[X] Other

METHODOLOGY:

This bill amends several provisions relative to programs administered by the Department of Health and Human Services (DHHS) as summarized below. DHHS and other affected agencies anticipated no fiscal impact unless otherwise specified.

- Sections 1, 2, 7, 35-38, 61 and 65 all relate to a DHHS internal project to review dedicated funds administered by the agency and identify statutory gaps, aligning funds for specific programs and application of receipts to a specific corresponding treasury account in RSA 6:12, I(b). Funds that have been identified for this statutory "clean-up" exercise include: the fund for Domestic Violence Grant Program, the Public Health Services Special Fund, Radiological Health Programs, and the Mosquito Control Fund.
- Sections 3 aligns the working and legal title for the unclassified director of Medicaid enterprise development.
- Section 4 eliminates certain qualifiers for three unclassified associate commissioner
 to provide greater flexibility for the DHHS Commissioner to align these positions as
 needed to certain programmatic areas as the agency evolves to create greater
 efficiencies.
- Section 5 requires an emergency services plan. DHHS expects no fiscal impact.

- Sections 6, 10, and 70 authorize DHHS to recruit prospective candidates from Group II retirement, without the candidate losing Group II status, for the position of bureau chief for emergency preparedness and response with the DHHS Division of Public Health Services. The New Hampshire Retirement System states that since the extension of Group II status will affect only one position, the fiscal impact of this provision will likely be minimal.
- Section 8 amends the DHHS ombudsman's authority to focus responsibilities to servicing clients and eliminating the reference to "employees" where support is provided through the employee assistance program and existing personnel process through human resources.
- Sections 9, 41, 43, 45, and 57 eliminate redundant, outdated, and unnecessary reporting requirements, and DHHS consequently anticipates an indeterminable decease in demand on agency staff and personnel resources.
- Section 11 repeals RSA 126-A:50 through RSA 126-A:59, RSA 126-A:61, and RSA 126-A:63, relative to the housing security guarantee program and related treasury fund where DHHS funds housing support services through another funding mechanism.
- Sections 12-32 makes numerous technical revisions to the statutes related to the DHHS Therapeutic Cannabis Program under RSA 126-X.
- Section 33 amends RSA 126-AA;3, I, to authorize Medicaid enhancement tax (MET) funds be deposited into the Granite Advantage Health Care Program Trust Fund for certain purposes. Specifically, the funds will be used for the limited purpose of funding the Granite Advantage Health Care Program member portion of provider payments, in the form of directed payments, payable to critical access hospitals as outlined in RSA 167:64 (as amended by HB 1817, Chapter 162:32 Laws of 2018).
- Sections 39, 40 and 67-68 relate to increasing the jurisdiction limits from \$5,000 to \$10,000 for probate administration of estates that have minimal assets. These sections are anticipated to reduce demands on DHHS estate recoveries unit staffing resources in an indeterminable amount.
- Section 42 amends RSA 161-F:46 to authorize a report to the DHHS adult protective services central registry in circumstances where the vulnerable adult is no longer

living. Current law has been interpreted to only allow reports in cases where the vulnerable adult is living at the time of the investigation and finding of abuse or neglect.

- Sections 42 (paragraph III) and 44 relate to the repeal of RSA 165:20-c relative to the DHHS liability to municipalities for reimbursement of certain cash benefits in the event the agency fails to timely process an application for eligible benefits from the agency. The reimbursement is capped at an aggregate of \$100,000 annually for municipalities making such a claim. DHHS notes that since the law has been in effect that there have only been inquiries from certain municipalities on RSA 165:20-c, however, no claims have been filed with DHHS as of this date. Therefore, the fiscal impact of this section is indeterminable with the greatest exposure for recovery of \$100,000 against DHHS in any given year.
- Section 46 establishes a new RSA 169-C:12-f I, providing that the court may order a parent, guardian, custodian, or other caregiver to produce a child for the purpose of an investigatory interview, including a multidisciplinary team interview in accordance with RSA 169-C:34-a or an interview or evaluation by any other expert necessary for the purpose of the investigation of suspected abuse or neglect. DHHS assumes that it will absorb any cost within existing staffing and administrative resources.
- Section 47 is follow-up legislation from HB 1162 (2020) that expands the type of employers permitted to require that employees submit their names to the child abuse and neglect central registry as a condition of employment to include those residential settings providing developmental services under RSA 171-A.
- Sections 48-50 enacts the 2009 edition of the Interstate Compact on Child Placement, contingent upon its enactment in 34 other states. The Judicial Branch anticipates that the fiscal impact will be minor if the Interstate Compact on Child Placement is implemented.
- Section 51 repeals and reenacts the definition of "school-age program" under child care licensing found at RSA 170-E:2, IV(g) to read as follows: "(g) "School-age program" means a child day care agency providing child day care before or after, or before and after, regular school hours, and all day any time school is not in session, for 6 or more children enrolled in school, who are 4 years and 11 months of age or older, and which is not licensed under RSA 170-E:56. The number of children shall

include all children present during the period of the program, including those children related to the caregiver."

- Section 52 provides that qualified residential treatment programs accredited under federal law shall be deemed licensed under RSA 170-E. This section required pursuant to Social Security Act, 42 U.S.C. section 672(k)(4)(G), as amended. DHHS anticipates the fiscal impact for this section is indeterminable.
- Sections 53 and 54 provides that summer camps licensed by DHHS shall have asthma inhalers and epi-pens immediately accessible under RSA 170-E.
- Section 55 authorizes the DHHS Commissioner to establish a confidential peer support program to provide stress management and crisis intervention services to staff exposed to critical incidents and trauma through the course of their employment. DHHS anticipates any cost for the proposed peer support program to be absorbed using existing resources.
- Section 56 establishes criteria governing the use of contracted providers in the DHHS child welfare program.
- Sections 58-60 require coverage plans for services to individuals with developmental disabilities. DHHS assumes no fiscal impact will result from this provision.
- Section 62 relates to the Granite Workforce Program authorizing the commissioners from Employment Security and DHHS the discretion to limit Granite Workforce Program services based on the availability of appropriated, available, or reserve funds. It also provides if the work and community engagement waiver is held invalid, or is not approved by the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services, the granite workforce program be suspended until such time that the work and community engagement waiver is approved or revalidated.
- Section 63 seeks to align the effective dates to July 1, 2020 regarding repeal of the old process and establishment of the new special health care licensing review and approval process under RSA 151:4-a.
- Section 64 amends RSA 184:79, XIII to include as part of milk sanitation to the definition of "milk plant" shall include wash stations where milk tank trucks are

cleaned and sanitized. DHHS assumes that it will absorb any cost within existing staffing and administrative resources.

Sections 65-66 transfer the responsibilities for certain training around the
administration of epinephrine in non-academic or school settings from DHHS to the
Office of Professional Licensure and Certification, Board of Medicine. DHHS
anticipates that any fiscal impact resulting from these sections would be less than
\$10,000.

AGENCIES CONTACTED:

Judicial Branch, State Treasury, Department of Health and Human Services, and New Hampshire Retirement System

SB 162-FN FISCAL NOTE AS AMENDED BY THE SENATE (AMENDMENTS #2021-0778s and #2021-0850s)

AN ACT

relative to the department of health and human services, the New Hampshire granite advantage health care trust fund, and health facility licensure.

FISCAL IMPACT: [X] State [] County [] Local [] None

ļ	Estimated Increase / (Decrease)			
STATE:	FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023	FY 2024
Appropriation	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Revenue	Indeterminable	Indeterminable	Indeterminable	Indeterminable
Expenditures	Indeterminable	Indeterminable	Indeterminable	Indeterminable
Funding Source:	X General	Education	[] Highway	[X]Other

METHODOLOGY:

This bill amends several provisions relative to programs administered by the Department of Health and Human Services (DHHS) as summarized below. DHHS and other affected agencies anticipated no fiscal impact unless otherwise specified.

- Sections 1, 2, 7, 35-38, 61 and 65 all relate to a DHHS internal project to review dedicated funds administered by the agency and identify statutory gaps, aligning funds for specific programs and application of receipts to a specific corresponding treasury account in RSA 6:12, I(b). Funds that have been identified for this statutory "clean-up" exercise include: the fund for Domestic Violence Grant Program, the Public Health Services Special Fund, Radiological Health Programs, and the Mosquito Control Fund.
- Sections 3 aligns the working and legal title for the unclassified director of Medicaid enterprise development.
- Section 4 eliminates certain qualifiers for three unclassified associate commissioner
 to provide greater flexibility for the DHHS Commissioner to align these positions as
 needed to certain programmatic areas as the agency evolves to create greater
 efficiencies.

- Section 5 requires an emergency services plan. DHHS expects no fiscal impact.
- Sections 6, 10, and 70 authorize DHHS to recruit prospective candidates from Group II retirement, without the candidate losing Group II status, for the position of bureau chief for emergency preparedness and response with the DHHS Division of Public Health Services. The New Hampshire Retirement System states that since the extension of Group II status will affect only one position, the fiscal impact of this provision will likely be minimal.
- Section 8 amends the DHHS ombudsman's authority to focus responsibilities to servicing clients and eliminating the reference to "employees" where support is provided through the employee assistance program and existing personnel process through human resources.
- Sections 9, 41, 43, 45, and 57 eliminate redundant, outdated, and unnecessary reporting requirements, and DHHS consequently anticipates an indeterminable decease in demand on agency staff and personnel resources.
- Section 11 repeals RSA 126-A:50 through RSA 126-A:59, RSA 126-A:61, and RSA 126-A:63, relative to the housing security guarantee program and related treasury fund where DHHS funds housing support services through another funding mechanism.
- Sections 12-32 makes numerous technical revisions to the statutes related to the DHHS Therapeutic Cannabis Program under RSA 126-X.
- Section 33 amends RSA 126-AA;3, I, to authorize Medicaid enhancement tax (MET) funds be deposited into the Granite Advantage Health Care Program Trust Fund for certain purposes. Specifically, the funds will be used for the limited purpose of funding the Granite Advantage Health Care Program member portion of provider payments, in the form of directed payments, payable to critical access hospitals as outlined in RSA 167:64 (as amended by HB 1817, Chapter 162:32 Laws of 2018).
- Sections 39, 40 and 67-68 relate to increasing the jurisdiction limits from \$5,000 to \$10,000 for probate administration of estates that have minimal assets. These

sections are anticipated to reduce demands on DHHS estate recoveries unit staffing resources in an indeterminable amount.

- Section 42 amends RSA 161-F:46 to authorize a report to the DHHS adult protective services central registry in circumstances where the vulnerable adult is no longer living. Current law has been interpreted to only allow reports in cases where the vulnerable adult is living at the time of the investigation and finding of abuse or neglect.
- Sections 42 (paragraph III) and 44 relate to the repeal of RSA 165:20-c relative to the DHHS liability to municipalities for reimbursement of certain cash benefits in the event the agency fails to timely process an application for eligible benefits from the agency. The reimbursement is capped at an aggregate of \$100,000 annually for municipalities making such a claim. DHHS notes that since the law has been in effect that there have only been inquiries from certain municipalities on RSA 165:20-c, however, no claims have been filed with DHHS as of this date. Therefore, the fiscal impact of this section is indeterminable with the greatest exposure for recovery of \$100,000 against DHHS in any given year.
- Section 46 establishes a new RSA 169-C:12-f I, providing that the court may order a parent, guardian, custodian, or other caregiver to produce a child for the purpose of an investigatory interview, including a multidisciplinary team interview in accordance with RSA 169-C:34-a or an interview or evaluation by any other expert necessary for the purpose of the investigation of suspected abuse or neglect. DHHS assumes that it will absorb any cost within existing staffing and administrative resources.
- Section 47 is follow-up legislation from HB 1162 (2020) that expands the type of employers permitted to require that employees submit their names to the child abuse and neglect central registry as a condition of employment to include those residential settings providing developmental services under RSA 171-A.
- Sections 48-50 enacts the 2009 edition of the Interstate Compact on Child Placement, contingent upon its enactment in 34 other states. The Judicial Branch anticipates that the fiscal impact will be minor if the Interstate Compact on Child Placement is implemented.

- Section 51 repeals and reenacts the definition of "school-age program" under child care licensing found at RSA 170-E:2, IV(g) to read as follows: "(g) "School-age program" means a child day care agency providing child day care before or after, or before and after, regular school hours, and all day any time school is not in session, for 6 or more children enrolled in school, who are 4 years and 11 months of age or older, and which is not licensed under RSA 170-E:56. The number of children shall include all children present during the period of the program, including those children related to the caregiver."
- Section 52 provides that qualified residential treatment programs accredited under federal law shall be deemed licensed under RSA 170-E. This section required pursuant to Social Security Act, 42 U.S.C. section 672(k)(4)(G), as amended. DHHS anticipates the fiscal impact for this section is indeterminable.
- Sections 53 and 54 provides that summer camps licensed by DHHS shall have asthma inhalers and epi-pens immediately accessible under RSA 170-E.
- Section 55 authorizes the DHHS Commissioner to establish a confidential peer support program to provide stress management and crisis intervention services to staff exposed to critical incidents and trauma through the course of their employment. DHHS anticipates any cost for the proposed peer support program to be absorbed using existing resources.
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- Section 62 relates to the Granite Workforce Program authorizing the commissioners
 from Employment Security and DHHS the discretion to limit Granite Workforce
 Program services based on the availability of appropriated, available, or reserve
 funds. It also provides if the work and community engagement waiver is held
 invalid, or is not approved by the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services, the

granite workforce program be suspended until such time that the work and community engagement waiver is approved or revalidated.

- Section 63 seeks to align the effective dates to July 1, 2020 regarding repeal of the old process and establishment of the new special health care licensing review and approval process under RSA 151:4-a.
- Section 64 amends RSA 184:79, XIII to include as part of milk sanitation to the
 definition of "milk plant" shall include wash stations where milk tank trucks are
 cleaned and sanitized. DHHS assumes that it will absorb any cost within existing
 staffing and administrative resources.
- Sections 65-66 transfer the responsibilities for certain training around the administration of epinephrine in non-academic or school settings from DHHS to the Office of Professional Licensure and Certification, Board of Medicine. DHHS anticipates that any fiscal impact resulting from these sections would be less than \$10,000.

AGENCIES CONTACTED:

Judicial Branch, State Treasury, Department of Health and Human Services, and New Hampshire Retirement System

SB 162-FN - AS AMENDED BY THE SENATE

03/18/2021 0778s 03/18/2021 0850s

2021 SESSION

21-0464 04/10

SENATE BILL

162-FN

AN ACT

relative to the department of health and human services, the New Hampshire

granite advantage health care trust fund, and health facility licensure.

SPONSORS:

Sen. Bradley, Dist 3

COMMITTEE:

Health and Human Services

AMENDED ANALYSIS

This bill makes numerous revisions to funds, positions, and programs within the department of health and human services, including the therapeutic cannabis program; youth tobacco use; the interstate compact for the placement of children; residential care and child placement licensing procedures; availability of epinephrine auto-injectors and asthma inhalers at recreation camps; the developmentally disabled wait list; the New Hampshire granite workforce program; and child protection investigations. The bill also establishes a public health services special fund and directs certain fees to that fund to be used by the department for program oversight.

Explanation:

Matter added to current law appears in bold italics.

Matter removed from current law appears [in brackets and struckthrough.]

Matter which is either (a) all new or (b) repealed and reenacted appears in regular type.

03/18/2021 0778s 03/18/2021 0850s

21-0464 04/10

STATE OF NEW HAMPSHIRE

In the Year of Our Lord Two Thousand Twenty One

AN ACT

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relative to the department of health and human services, the New Hampshire granite advantage health care trust fund, and health facility licensure.

Be it Enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Court convened:

1	1 Application of Receipts; Fund for Domestic Violence Grant Program. Amend RSA 6:12,
2	I(b)(12) to read as follows:
3	(12) Moneys received under RSA 457:29, 457:32-b, and 631:2-b, V which shall be
4	credited to the special fund for domestic violence programs established in RSA 173-B:15.
5	2 Application of Receipts; Public Health Services Special Fund. Amend RSA 6:12, I(b)(15) to
6	read as follows:
7	(15) Money received under RSA 125-F:22, 143:11, 143:22-a, 143-A:6, and 184:85,
8	which shall be credited to the public health services special fund established in RSA 143:11, III.
9	3 Compensation of Certain State Officers; Health and Human Services Positions Amended.
10	Amend the following position in RSA 94:1-a, I(b), grade GG to read as follows:
11	GG Department of health and human services director of [program planning and
12	integrity] Medicaid enterprise development
13	4 Compensation of Certain State Officers; Health and Human Services Positions Amended.
14	Amend the following positions in RSA 94:1-a, I(b), grade JJ to read as follows:
15	JJ Department of health and human services associate commissioner [of human
16	services and behavioral health]
17	JJ Department of health and human services associate commissioner [ef
18	operations]
19	JJ Department of health and human services associate commissioner [for
20	population health]
21	[JJ - Department of health and human services associate commissioner,
22	operations
23	JJ-Department of health and human services associate commissioner, population
24	health]
25	5 Department of Health and Human Services; Emergency Services Plan. The department of
26	health and human services in collaboration with all New Hampshire hospitals that operate
27	emergency facilities shall draft a plan to be presented to the speaker of the house of representatives,

the senate president and the governor's office by September 1, 2021 that details the necessary

emergency services offered for medical treatment of both physical and behavioral health. Such a

SB 162-FN - AS AMENDED BY THE SENATE - Page 2 -

plan shall include any recommendations for future legislation or required funding to ensure sufficient physical and behavioral health services.

- 6 New Subparagraph; New Hampshire Retirement System; Definitions. Amend RSA 100-A:1, VIII by inserting after subparagraph (b) the following new subparagraph:
- (c) The bureau chief for emergency preparedness and response with the department of health and human services, division of health public services who:
- (1) Has the authority and responsibility to engage in the prevention and control of public health incidents or emergencies;
- (2) As a job requirement is fully certified as an emergency preparedness official qualified to administer emergency planning, response and recovery activities in the event of natural disasters, public health crises or similar incidents; and
- (3) As a job requirement shall meet all physical, mental, educational, and other qualifications for continuing certification as an emergency preparedness official that may be established by the certifying authority.
 - 7 Radiological Health Programs; Civil Penalties. Amend RSA 125-F:22, IV to read as follows:
- IV. Upon request of the department of health and human services, the department of justice is authorized to institute civil action to collect a penalty imposed pursuant to this section. The attorney general shall have the exclusive power to compromise, mitigate, or remit such civil penalties as are referred to [him] the attorney general for collection. All civil penalties collected under this section shall be forwarded to the state treasurer. The state treasurer shall deposit all moneys received under this section, and interest received on such money, to the public health services special fund, [which shall be nonlapsing], established in RSA 143:11, from which the department of health and human services shall pay expenses incident to the administration of this chapter.
- 8 Department of Health and Human Services; Office of the Ombudsman. Amend RSA 126-A:4, III to read as follows:
- III. The department shall establish an office of the ombudsman to provide assistance to clients [and-employees] of the department by investigating and resolving complaints regarding any matter within the jurisdiction of the department including services or assistance provided by the department or its contractors. The ombudsman's office may provide mediation or other means for informally resolving complaints. The records of the ombudsman's office shall be confidential and shall not be disclosed without the consent of the client [or employee] on whose behalf the complaint is made, except as may be necessary to assist the service provider [or the employee's supervisor] to resolve the complaint, or as required by law.
- 9 Repeal. RSA 126-A:5, II-a, relative to an annual report of an aggregate schedule of payables for class 90 grant lines, is repealed.

SB 162-FN - AS AMENDED BY THE SENATE - Page 3 -

- 1 10 New Section; Department of Health and Human Services; Status in Retirement System. 2 Amend RSA 126-A by inserting after section 5-e the following new section:
- 3 126-A:5-f Status in Retirement System. For purposes of classification under RSA 100-A, any 4 person who is or becomes the bureau chief for emergency preparedness with the department's
- 5 division of health public services, shall be included in the definition of group II under RSA 100-A:1,
- 6 VII(h) and VIII(c) under the retirement system, provided that, notwithstanding RSA 100-A:1, VII(h)
- 7 or VIII(c), any person not already a group II member for at least 10 years during or prior to his or
- 8 her appointment shall be eligible for or remain as a group I member for the duration of service as the
- 9 bureau chief for emergency preparedness.

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- 10 11 Repeal. The following are repealed:
- I. RSA 126-A:50 through RSA 126-A:59, RSA 126-A:61, and RSA 126-A:63, relative to the housing security guarantee program.
- II. RSA 6:12, I(b)(255), relative to moneys deposited in the homeless housing and access revolving loan fund, established in RSA 126-A:63.
- 15 12 Youth Access to and Use of Tobacco Products. Amend RSA 126-K:1 to read as follows:
 - 126-K:1 Purpose. The purpose of this chapter is to protect the citizens of New Hampshire from the possibility of addiction, disability, and death resulting from the use of tobacco products by ensuring that tobacco products will not be supplied to persons under the age of 21. This chapter shall not apply to individuals who have been issued a registry identification card under RSA 126-X:4 or alternative treatment centers registered under RSA 126-X:7 with respect to the therapeutic use of cannabis.
 - 13 Youth Access to and Use of Tobacco Products; Possession and Use. Amend RSA 126-K:6, I to read as follows:
 - I. No person under 21 years of age shall purchase, attempt to purchase, possess, or use any tobacco product, e-cigarette, device, or e-liquid [except-individuals who have been issued a registry identification card under RSA 126 X:4 may purchase, possess and use e-liquids containing cannabis and applicable devices as allowed under RSA 126 X].
 - 14 Use of Cannabis for Therapeutic Purposes; Definitions. Amend RSA 126-X:1, VII(b) to read as follows:
 - (b) For a visiting qualifying patient, "provider" means an individual licensed to prescribe drugs to humans in the state of the patient's residence and who possesses an active registration from the United States Drug Enforcement Administration to prescribe controlled substances. [Such visiting patient shall not be eligible to purchase or transfer cannabis from an eligible New Hampshire patient.]
- 35 Use of Cannabis for Therapeutic Purposes; Definitions. Amend RSA 126-X:1, XI to read as follows:

SB 162-FN - AS AMENDED BY THE SENATE

	- Page 4 -
1	XI. "Registry identification card" means a document indicating the date issued, effective
2	date, and expiration date by the department pursuant to RSA 126-X:4 that identifies an individua
3	as a qualifying patient or a designated caregiver.
4	16 Use of Cannabis for Therapeutic Purposes; Definitions. Amend RSA 126-X:1, XVII to read as
5	follows:
6	XVII. "Written certification" means documentation of a qualifying medical condition by a
7	provider pursuant to rules adopted by the department pursuant to RSA 541-A for the purpose of
8 .	issuing registry identification cards, after having completed a full assessment of the patient's
9	medical history and current medical condition made in the course of a provider-patient relationship
10	[The date of issuance and the patient's qualifying medical condition, symptoms or side effects, the
11	certifying provider's name, medical specialty, and signature shall be specified on the writter
12	ecrtification.]
13	17 New Paragraph; Use of Cannabis for Therapeutic Purposes; Protections. Amend RSA 126
14	X:2 by inserting after paragraph XVI the following new paragraph:
15	XVII. Authorized employees of the department shall not be subject to arrest by state or local
16	law enforcement, prosecution, or penalty under state or municipal law, or search, when possessing
17	transporting, delivering, or transferring cannabis and cannabis infused products for the purposes of
18	regulatory oversight related to this chapter.
19	18 Use of Cannabis for Therapeutic Purposes; Protections. Amend RSA 126-X:2, IX(c) to read as
20	follows:
21	(c) Deliver, transfer, supply, sell, or dispense cannabis and related supplies and
22	educational materials to qualifying patients [who have designated the alternative treatment center
23	to provide for them], to designated caregivers on behalf of the qualifying patients [who have
24	designated the alternative treatment center], or to other alternative treatment centers.
25	19 Use of Cannabis for Therapeutic Purposes; Prohibitions and Limitations on the Therapeutic
26	Use of Cannabis. Amend RSA 126-X:3, VII-VIII to read as follows:
27	VII. The department may revoke the registry identification card of a qualifying patient or
28	designated caregiver for violation of rules adopted by the department or for violation of any other
29	provision of this chapter, including for obtaining more than 2 ounces of cannabis in any 10
30	day period in violation of RSA 126-X:8, XIII(b), and the qualifying patient or designated
31	caregiver shall be subject to any other penalties established in law for the violation.
32	VIII. A facility caregiver shall treat cannabis in a manner similar to controlled
33	prescription medications with respect to its storage, security, and administration when assisting
34	qualifying patients with the therapeutic use of cannabis.

20 Use of Cannabis for Therapeutic Purposes; Departmental Administration. Amend RSA 126-

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X:4, I(a)-(b) to read as follows:

SB 162-FN - AS AMENDED BY THE SENATE - Page 5 -

(a) Written certification [as defined in RSA-126-X:1] which includes the date of issuance, the patient's qualifying medical condition, symptoms, or side effects, and the certifying provider's name, medical specialty, and signature. If a written certification has been previously issued for fewer than 3 years, a provider may extend the written certification, provided that the written certification shall not exceed 3 years.

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- (b) An application or a renewal application accompanied by the application or renewal fee. A renewal application and fee shall not be required if the applicant receives an extension to the written certification previously issued for fewer than 3 years.
- 21 Use of Cannabis for Therapeutic Purposes; Registry Identification Cards. Amend RSA 126-X:4, I(e) and the introductory paragraph of I(f) to read as follows:
 - (e) Name[, address, and telephone number] of the applicant's provider.
- 12 (f) Name[, address,] and date of birth of the applicant's designated caregiver, if any. A
 13 qualifying patient shall have only one designated caregiver, except as follows:
- 12 Use of Cannabis for Therapeutic Purposes; Registry Identification Cards. Amend RSA 126 X:4, II(d) to read as follows:
 - (d) Name, residential and mailing address, and date of birth of each qualifying patient for whom the applicant will act as designated caregiver, except that if the qualifying patient is homeless, no residential address is required. [An applicant shall not act as a designated earegiver for more than 5 qualifying patients.]
 - 23 Use of Cannabis for Therapeutic Purposes; Registry Identification Cards. Amend the introductory paragraph in RSA 126-X:4, IV and RSA 126-X:4, IV(a)-(b) to read as follows:
 - IV. The department shall create and issue a registry identification card to a person applying as a qualifying patient or designated caregiver within 5 days of approving an application or renewal. Each registry identification card shall expire one year after the [date of issuance] effective date of the card, unless the provider states in the written certification that the certification should expire at an earlier [specified-date] or later effective date, not to exceed 3 years, then the registry identification card shall expire on that date. Registry identification cards shall contain all of the following:
 - (a) Name, mailing address, and date of birth of the qualifying patient or designated caregiver.
- 31 (b) The date of issuance, *effective date*, and expiration date of the registry 32 identification card.
 - 24 Use of Cannabis for Therapeutic Purposes; Registry Identification Cards. Amend RSA 126-X:4, VII(a) to read as follows:
 - VII.(a) The department shall track the number of qualifying patients [who have designated each alternative treatment center] and issue a weekly written statement to the alternative treatment center identifying the number of qualifying patients [who have designated that

SB 162-FN - AS AMENDED BY THE SENATE

- Page 6 -1 alternative treatment center along with the registry identification numbers of each qualifying 2 patient and each qualifying patient's designated caregiver. 3 25 Use of Cannabis for Therapeutic Purposes; Registry Identification Cards. Amend RSA 126-4 X:4, VIII to read as follows: VIII. In addition to the weekly reports, the department shall also provide written notice to 5 6 an alternative treatment center which identifies the names and registration identification numbers 7 of a qualifying patient and his or her designated caregiver whenever [any] either of the following 8 events occur: 9 (a) A qualifying patient [designates the alternative treatment center to serve his or her 10 needs] is registered as a participating patient under this chapter; or 11 (b) [A qualifying patient revokes the designation of the alternative treatment center; or 12 (e) A qualifying patient [who has designated the alternative treatment center] loses his 13 or her status as a qualifying patient under this chapter. 14 26 Use of Cannabis for Therapeutic Purposes; Registry Identification Cards. Amend RSA 126-15 X:4, IX(a) to read as follows: 16 IX.(a) A qualifying patient shall notify the department before changing his or her designated 17 caregiver [or-alternative treatment center]. 18 27 Use of Cannabis for Therapeutic Purposes; Registry Identification Cards. Amend RSA 126-19 X:4, XI(a) to read as follows: 20 XI.(a) The department shall create and maintain a confidential registry of each individual 21 who has applied for and received a registry identification card as a qualifying patient or a designated 22 caregiver in accordance with the provisions of this chapter. Each entry in the registry shall contain 23 the qualifying patient's or designated caregiver's name, mailing address, date of birth, date of 24 registry identification card issuance, effective date of registry identification, date of registry 25 identification card expiration, and random 10-digit identification number[and registry 26 identification number of the qualifying patient's designated alternative treatment center, if any]. 27 The confidential registry and the information contained in it shall be exempt from disclosure under 28 RSA 91-A. 29 28 Use of Cannabis for Therapeutic Purposes; Registry Identification Cards. Amend RSA 126-30 X:4, XI(b)(5) to read as follows: 31 (5) Counsel for the department may notify law enforcement officials about falsified 32 or fraudulent information submitted to the department where counsel has [made a legal 33 determination that there is probable cause reason to believe the information is false or falsified.
 - 29 Use of Cannabis for Therapeutic Purposes; Departmental Rules. Amend RSA 126-X:6, I(b) to read as follows:

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(b) The form and content of providers' written certifications, including the administrative process for tracking extensions pursuant to RSA 126-X:4, I.

SB 162-FN - AS AMENDED BY THE SENATE - Page 7 -

1 30 Use of Cannabis for Therapeutic Purposes; Alternative Treatment Centers. Amend RSA 126-2 X:8, VII(a) to read as follows: 3 (a) Records of the disposal of cannabis that is not distributed by the alternative treatment center to qualifying patients [who have designated the alternative treatment center to 4 cultivate for them]. 5 6 31 Use of Cannabis for Therapeutic Purposes; Alternative Treatment Centers. Amend RSA 126-7 X:8, XV(a)-(b) to read as follows: 8 XV.(a) An alternative treatment center shall not possess or cultivate cannabis in excess of 9 the following quantities: 10 (1) Eighty cannabis plants, 160 seedlings, and 80 ounces of usable cannabis, or 6 11 ounces of usable cannabis per qualifying patient; and 12 (2) Three mature cannabis plants, 12 seedlings, and 6 ounces for each qualifying 13 patient [who has designated the alternative treatment center to provide him or her with cannabis for 14 therapeutic use] registered as a qualifying patient under this chapter. 15 (b) An alternative treatment center or alternative treatment center agent shall not dispense, deliver, or otherwise transfer cannabis to any person or entity other than: 16 17 (1) A qualifying patient [who has designated the relevant alternative treatment 18 eenter]; or 19 (2) Such patient's designated caregiver; or 20 (3) Another alternative treatment center. 21 32 Repeal. The following are repealed: 22 I. RSA 126-X:4, I(g), relative to patients designating an alternative treatment center. 23 II. RSA 126-X:4, Π(e), relative to street address of the alternative treatment center. 24 III. RSA 126-X:4, IX(e), relative to failure of a qualifying patient or designated caregiver for 25 providing changes to name, address or designated caregiver. 26 IV. RSA 126-X:6, I(e), relative to departmental rules regarding certain fines. 27 33 New Hampshire Granite Advantage Health Care Trust Fund. Amend RSA 126-AA;3, I(e)-(f) to read as follows: 28 29 (e) Funds received from the assessment under RSA 404-G; [and] 30 Revenue from the Medicaid enhancement tax to meet the requirements 31 provided in RSA 167:64; and 32 (g) Funds recovered or returnable to the fund that were originally spent on the cost of 33 coverage of the granite advantage health care program. 34 34 Repeal. RSA 126-A:70 and 71, relative to administration of epinephrine, are repealed. 35 35 Communicable Disease; Mosquito Control Fund. Amend RSA 141-C:25, I to read as follows:

I. There is hereby established a nonlapsing and continually appropriated mosquito control

fund to assist cities, towns, and mosquito control districts by providing funding for the purpose of

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SB 162-FN - AS AMENDED BY THE SENATE - Page 8 -

- offsetting the cost of mosquito control activities including, but not limited to, the purchase and application of chemical pesticides. The purpose of the fund is to provide financial assistance, when needed, to cities, towns, and mosquito control districts engaging in mosquito control and abatement activities in response to a declared threat to the public health. [Any balance remaining in the mosquito control fund at the close of the fiscal year ending June 30, 2009 shall lapse to the general fund.]
 - 36 Sanitary Production and Distribution of Food; Shellfish Certificate Fees. Amend RSA 143:11, III to read as follows:

- III. There is hereby established in the state treasury the public health services special fund, which shall be kept separate and distinct from all other funds. The fund shall be nonlapsing and continually appropriated to the department of health and human services. All fees collected under this subdivision shall be forwarded to the state treasurer. The state treasurer who shall credit all [moneys received under this subdivision,] such moneys and interest received on such money, to [a special] the fund from which [he] the department of health and human services shall pay all the expenses of the department incident to the administration of this subdivision. [This fund shall not lapse.]
- 37 Sanitary Production and Distribution of Food; Shellfish Certificate Fees. Amend RSA 143:22-a to read as follows:
- 143:22-a Shellfish Certificate Fees. The commissioner of the department of health and human services shall prescribe and collect fees for certificates for establishments which process or pack shellfish. Such fees shall be in accordance with rules adopted under RSA 541-A. All fees collected under this subdivision shall be forwarded to the state treasurer to be deposited in the [general fund] public health services special fund established in RSA 143:11. The department of health and human services shall use such funds to pay expenses of the department incident to the administration of this subdivision.
 - 38 Food Service Licensure; Application. Amend RSA 143-A:6, VI to read as follows:
- VI. From the amounts collected by the commissioner under paragraph V, up to \$300,000 each fiscal year may be included in the state biennial operating budget as restricted revenue to support the activities required in this chapter. The state treasurer shall credit all moneys received under this paragraph, and interest received on such money, to the public health services special fund, established under RSA 143:11, from which the department shall pay expenses incident to the administration of this chapter.
 - 39 Nursing Home Administrators; Patient Accounts. Amend RSA 151-A:15, I to read as follows:
- I. If within 30 days after the date of a testate or intestate patient's death in any nursing home no petition for probate has been filed under any section of RSA 553 and the gross value of the personal property remaining at the nursing home belonging to the deceased, including any amount left in a patient account, is no more than [\$5,000] \$10,000, the nursing home administrator shall file

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- 1 in the probate court in the county where the nursing home is located an affidavit for the purpose of
- 2 disposing of such deceased patient's estate. The form of the affidavit, and the rules governing
- 3 proceedings under this section, shall be provided by the probate court pursuant to RSA 547:33. The
- 4 nursing home administrator shall not file a death certificate with the probate court, but shall attest
- 5 to the death in the affidavit. If the nursing home patient died testate and if the nursing home
- 6 administrator has the will or a copy of the will, the nursing home administrator shall file the same
- 7 in the probate court in the county where the nursing home is located. The probate court shall waive
- 8 all filing fees.
- 9 40 Applicability. Section 39 of this act shall apply to affidavits filed on or after the effective date
- 10 of this section.
- 11 41 Repeal. RSA 151-E:11, II, relative to an annual report on the utilization of non-nursing home
- 12 services, is repealed.
- 13 42 Protective Services to Adults; Reports of Adult Abuse. Amend the introductory paragraph of
- 14 RSA 161-F:46 to read as follows:
- Any person, including, but not limited to, physicians, other health care professionals, social
- 16 workers, clergy, and law enforcement officials, suspecting or believing in good faith that any adult
- 17 who is or who is suspected to be vulnerable, at the time of the incident, has been subjected to
- 18 abuse, neglect, self-neglect, or exploitation or is, or was living in hazardous conditions shall report
- 19 or cause a report to be made as follows:
- 20 43 Repeal. The following are repealed:
- 21 I. RSA 161-F:64, relative to an annual report on review of homemaker services.
- 22 II. RSA 161-I:4, VI, relative to reports regarding the home and community-based care
- 23 waiver for the elderly and chronically ill.
- 24 III. RSA 165:20-c, relative to liability for support and reimbursement from the state.
- 25 IV. RSA 165:35, relative to rulemaking for forms and claims for reimbursement from the
- 26 state.
- V. RSA 167:3-j, III, relative to semi-annual reports on net savings realized for aid to the
- 28 permanently and totally disabled grants.
- 29 44 Aid to Assisted Persons; Expense of General Assistance. Amend RSA 165:2-a to read as
- 30 follows:
- 31 165:2-a Expense of General Assistance. The financial responsibility for general assistance for
- 32 assisted persons shall be the responsibility of the town or city in which the person making
- 33 application resides, except as otherwise provided in RSA 165:1-c [and 165:20-e].
- 34 45 Public Assistance; Financial Disclosure by Applicants and Recipients. Amend RSA 167:4-a,
- 35 VI to read as follows:
- 36 VI. The department, in coordination with financial institutions doing business in the state,
- 37 may develop and operate a data match system, using automated data exchanges to the maximum

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extent feasible, in which each financial institution is required to provide, when requested by the 1 department and subject to reasonable reimbursement as set forth in Public Law 110-252, up to 5 2 3 years of information regarding the name, record address, social security number or other taxpayer 4 identification number, monthly account balance, and other identifying information for each applicant 5 or recipient who maintains an account at the financial institution, as identified by the department 6 by name and social security number or other taxpayer identification number. The system shall be 7 based on a cost-effective search algorithm and shall include means to assure compliance with the 8 provisions of this section. [The department shall provide a status report regarding the 9 implementation of the data match system to the oversight committee on health and human services, 10 established in RSA 126 A:13, on or before November 1, 2010, and annually thereafter, until 11 implementation has been fully completed. The report shall summarize the department's findings 12 and recommendations to date, including savings generated by both incremental asset identification 13 and the time and labor-associated with the process, the feedback and reactions of applicants and 14 recipients, any barriers to implementation, anticipated future actions, and the department's 15 assessment of the relative success of the project.]

46 New Section; Child Protection Act; Investigatory Interviews and Evaluations. Amend RSA 169-C by inserting after section 12-f the following new section:

169-C:12-g Investigatory Interviews and Evaluations. The court may order a parent, guardian, custodian, or other caregiver to produce a child for the purpose of an investigatory interview, including a multidisciplinary team interview in accordance with RSA 169-C:34-a or an interview or evaluation by any other expert necessary for the purpose of the investigation of suspected abuse or neglect.

47 Child Protection Act; Central Registry. Amend RSA 169-C:35, II to read as follows:

II. Upon receipt by the department of a written request and verified proof of identity, an individual shall be informed by the department whether that individual's name is listed in the founded reports maintained in the central registry. It shall be unlawful for any employer other than those providing services pursuant to RSA 169-B, RSA 169-C, RSA 169-D, and RSA 135-C, and those specified in RSA 170-E [and], RSA 170-G:8-c, and RSA 171-A to require as a condition of employment that the employee submit his or her name for review against the central registry of founded reports of abuse and neglect. Any violation of this provision shall be punishable as a violation.

48 Interstate Compact for the Placement of Children. RSA 170-A is repealed and reenacted to read as follows:

34 CHAPTER 170-A
35 INTERSTATE COMPACT
36 FOR THE PLACEMENT OF CHILDREN

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1	170-A:1 Interstate Compact for the Placement of Children. On the effective date of this chapter,
2	based upon the enactment of the Interstate Compact for the Placement of Children into law by the
3	thirty-fifth compacting state, the governor is authorized and directed to execute a compact on behalf
4	of this state with any other state or states legally joining therein in the form substantially as follows:
5	ARTICLE I
6	Purpose
7	The purpose of this Interstate Compact for the Placement of Children is to:
8	I. Provide a process through which children subject to this compact are placed in safe and
9	suitable homes in a timely manner.
10	II. Facilitate ongoing supervision of a placement, the delivery of services, and
11	communication between the states.
12	III. Provide operating procedures that will ensure that children are placed in safe and
13	suitable homes in a timely manner.
14	IV. Provide for the promulgation and enforcement of administrative rules implementing the
15	provisions of this compact and regulating the covered activities of the member states.
16	V. Provide for uniform data collection and information sharing between member states
17	under this compact.
18	VI. Promote coordination between this compact, the Interstate Compact for Juveniles, the
19	Interstate Compact on Adoption and Medical Assistance, and other compacts affecting the placement
20	of and which provide services to children otherwise subject to this compact.
21	VII. Provide for a state's continuing legal jurisdiction and responsibility for placement and
22	care of a child that it would have had if the placement were intrastate.
23	VIII. Provide for the promulgation of guidelines, in collaboration with Indian tribes, for
24	interstate cases involving Indian children as is or may be permitted by federal law.
25	ARTICLE II
26	Definitions
27	As used in this compact:
28	I. "Approved placement" means the public child-placing agency in the receiving state has
29	determined that the placement is both safe and suitable for the child.
30	II. "Assessment" means an evaluation of a prospective placement by a public child-placing
31	agency in the receiving state to determine if the placement meets the individualized needs of the
32	child, including, but not limited to, the child's safety and stability, health and well-being, and
33	mental, emotional, and physical development. An assessment is only applicable to a placement by a
34	public child-placing agency.
35	III. "Child" means an individual who has not attained the age of 18.
36	IV. "Certification" means to attest, declare, or swear to before a judge or notary public.

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V. "Default" means the failure of a member state to perform the obligations or responsibilities imposed upon it by this compact or the bylaws or rules of the Interstate Commission.

- VI. "Home study" means an evaluation of a home environment conducted in accordance with the applicable requirements of the state in which the home is located and that documents the preparation and the suitability of the placement resource for placement of a child in accordance with the laws and requirements of the state in which the home is located.
- VII. "Indian tribe" means any Indian tribe, band, nation, or other organized group or community of Indians recognized as eligible for services provided to Indians by the Secretary of the Interior because of their status as Indians, including any Alaskan native village as defined in section 3(c) of the Alaska Native Claims Settlement Act, 43 U.S.C. section 1602(c).
- VIII. "Interstate Commission for the Placement of Children" means the commission that is created under Article VIII of this compact and which is generally referred to as the "Interstate Commission."
 - IX. "Jurisdiction" means the power and authority of a court to hear and decide matters.
- X. "Legal risk placement" or "legal risk adoption" means a placement made preliminary to an adoption where the prospective adoptive parents acknowledge in writing that a child can be ordered returned to the sending state or the birth mother's state of residence, if different from the sending state, and a final decree of adoption shall not be entered in any jurisdiction until all required consents are obtained or are dispensed with in accordance with applicable law.
 - XI. "Member state" means a state that has enacted this compact.
- XII. "Noncustodial parent" means a person who, at the time of the commencement of court proceedings in the sending state, does not have sole legal custody of the child or has joint legal custody of a child, and who is not the subject of allegations or findings of child abuse or neglect.
 - XIII. "Nonmember state" means a state which has not enacted this compact.
- XIV. "Notice of residential placement" means information regarding a placement into a residential facility provided to the receiving state, including, but not limited to, the name, date, and place of birth of the child, the identity and address of the parent or legal guardian, evidence of authority to make the placement, and the name and address of the facility in which the child will be placed. Notice of residential placement shall also include information regarding a discharge and any unauthorized absence from the facility.
- XV. "Placement" means the act by a public or private child-placing agency intended to arrange for the care or custody of a child in another state.
- XVI. "Private child-placing agency" means any private corporation, agency, foundation, institution, or charitable organization, or any private person or attorney, that facilitates, causes, or is involved in the placement of a child from one state to another and that is not an instrumentality of the state or acting under color of state law.

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XVII. "Provisional placement" means a determination made by the public child-placing agency in the receiving state that the proposed placement is safe and suitable, and, to the extent allowable, the receiving state has temporarily waived its standards or requirements otherwise applicable to prospective foster or adoptive parents so as to not delay the placement. Completion of the receiving state requirements regarding training for prospective foster or adoptive parents shall not delay an otherwise safe and suitable placement.

XVIII. "Public child-placing agency" means any government child welfare agency or child protection agency or a private entity under contract with such an agency, regardless of whether the entity acts on behalf of a state, a county, a municipality, or another governmental unit, and which facilitates, causes, or is involved in the placement of a child from one state to another.

XIX. "Receiving state" means the state to which a child is sent, brought, or caused to be sent or brought.

XX. "Relative" means someone who is related to the child as a parent, stepparent, sibling by half or whole blood or by adoption, grandparent, aunt, uncle, or first cousin or a nonrelative with such significant ties to the child that the nonrelative may be regarded as a relative as determined by the court in the sending state.

XXI. "Residential facility" means a facility providing a level of care that is sufficient to substitute for parental responsibility or foster care and that is beyond what is needed for assessment or treatment of an acute condition. For purposes of the compact, the term "residential facility" does not include institutions primarily educational in character, hospitals, or other medical facilities.

XXII. "Rule" means a written directive, mandate, standard, or principle issued by the Interstate Commission promulgated pursuant to Article XI of this compact that is of general applicability and that implements, interprets, or prescribes a policy or provision of the compact. A rule has the force and effect of an administrative rule in a member state and includes the amendment, repeal, or suspension of an existing rule.

XXIII. "Sending state" means the state from which the placement of a child is initiated.

XXIV. "Service member's permanent duty station" means the military installation where an active duty United States Armed Services member is currently assigned and is physically located under competent orders that do not specify the duty as temporary.

XXV. "Service member's state of legal residence" means the state in which the active duty United States Armed Services member is considered a resident for tax and voting purposes.

XXVI. "State" means a state of the United States, the District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, the United States Virgin Islands, Guam, American Samoa, the Northern Mariana Islands, and any other territory of the United States.

XXVII. "State court" means a judicial body of a state that is vested by law with responsibility for adjudicating cases involving abuse, neglect, deprivation, delinquency, or status offenses of individuals who have not attained the age of 18.

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1	XXVIII. "Supervision" means monitoring provided by the receiving state once a child has
2	been placed in a receiving state pursuant to this compact.
3	ARTICLE III
4	Applicability
5	I. Except as otherwise provided in paragraph II, this compact shall apply to:
6	(a) The interstate placement of a child subject to ongoing court jurisdiction in the
7	sending state, due to allegations or findings that the child has been abused, neglected, or deprived as
8	defined by the laws of the sending state; provided, however, that the placement of such a child into a
9	residential facility shall only require notice of residential placement to the receiving state prior to
10	placement.
L1	(b) The interstate placement of a child adjudicated delinquent or unmanageable based
12	on the laws of the sending state and subject to ongoing court jurisdiction of the sending state if:
l3	(1) The child is being placed in a residential facility in another member state and is
14	not covered under another compact; or
15	(2) The child is being placed in another member state and the determination of
16	safety and suitability of the placement and services required is not provided through another
17	compact.
18	(c) The interstate placement of any child by a public child-placing agency or private
L9	child-placing agency as a preliminary step to a possible adoption.
20	II. The provisions of this compact shall not apply to:
21	(a) The interstate placement of a child in a custody proceeding in which a public child-
22	placing agency is not a party; provided, however, that the placement is not intended to effectuate an
23	adoption,
24	(b) The interstate placement of a child with a nonrelative in a receiving state by a parent
25	with the legal authority to make such a placement; provided, however, that the placement is not
26	intended to effectuate an adoption.
27	(c) The interstate placement of a child by one relative with the lawful authority to make
28	such a placement directly with a relative in a receiving state.
29	(d) The placement of a child, not subject to paragraph I, into a residential facility by his
30	or her parent.
31	(e) The placement of a child with a noncustodial parent, provided that:
32	(1) The noncustodial parent proves to the satisfaction of a court in the sending state
33	a substantial relationship with the child;
34	(2) The court in the sending state makes a written finding that placement with the
35	noncustodial parent is in the best interests of the child; and
36	(3) The court in the sending state dismisses its jurisdiction in interstate placements
37	in which the public child-placing agency is a party to the proceeding.

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- (f) A child entering the United States from a foreign country for the purpose of adoption or leaving the United States to go to a foreign country for the purpose of adoption in that country.
- (g) Cases in which a child who is a United States citizen living overseas with his or her family, at least one of whom is in the United States Armed Services and stationed overseas, is removed and placed in a state.
- (h) The sending of a child by a public child-placing agency or a private child-placing agency for a visit as defined by the rules of the Interstate Commission.
- III. For purposes of determining the applicability of this compact to the placement of a child with a family member in the United States Armed Services, the public child-placing agency or private child-placing agency may choose the state of the service member's permanent duty station or the service member's declared legal residence.
- IV. Nothing in this compact shall be construed to prohibit the concurrent application of the provisions of this compact with other applicable interstate compacts, including the Interstate Compact for Juveniles and the Interstate Compact on Adoption and Medical Assistance. The Interstate Commission may, in cooperation with other interstate compact commissions having responsibility for the interstate movement, placement, or transfer of children, promulgate similar rules to ensure the coordination of services, timely placement of children, and reduction of unnecessary or duplicative administrative or procedural requirements.

ARTICLE IV

20 Jurisdiction

- I. Except as provided in Article IV, paragraph VIII, and Article V, subparagraph II(b) and (c), concerning private and independent adoptions, and in interstate placements in which the public child-placing agency is not a party to a custody proceeding, the sending state shall retain jurisdiction over a child with respect to all matters of custody and disposition of the child which it would have had if the child had remained in the sending state. Such jurisdiction shall also include the power to order the return of the child to the sending state.
- II. When an issue of child protection or custody is brought before a court in the receiving state, such court shall confer with the court of the sending state to determine the most appropriate forum for adjudication.
- III. In cases that are before courts and subject to this compact, the taking of testimony for hearings before any judicial officer may occur in person or by telephone, audio-video conference, or such other means as approved by the rules of the Interstate Commission, and judicial officers may communicate with other judicial officers and persons involved in the interstate process as may be permitted by their code of judicial conduct and any rules promulgated by the Interstate Commission.
- IV. In accordance with its own laws, the court in the sending state shall have authority to terminate its jurisdiction if:

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1	(a) The child is reunified with the parent in the receiving state who is the subject of
2	allegations or findings of abuse or neglect, only with the concurrence of the public child-placing
3	agency in the receiving state;
4	(b) The child is adopted;
5	(c) The child reaches the age of majority under the laws of the sending state;
6	(d) The child achieves legal independence pursuant to the laws of the sending state;
7	(e) A guardianship is created by a court in the receiving state with the concurrence of
8	the court in the sending state;
9 .	(f) An Indian tribe has petitioned for and received jurisdiction from the court in the
10	sending state; or
11	(g) The public child-placing agency of the sending state requests termination and has
12	obtained the concurrence of the public child-placing agency in the receiving state.
13	V. When a sending state court terminates its jurisdiction, the receiving state child-placing
14	agency shall be notified.
15	VI. Nothing in this article shall defeat a claim of jurisdiction by a receiving state court
16	sufficient to deal with an act of truancy, delinquency, crime, or behavior involving a child as defined
17	by the laws of the receiving state committed by the child in the receiving state which would be a
18	violation of its laws.
19	VII. Nothing in this article shall limit the receiving state's ability to take emergency
20	jurisdiction for the protection of the child.
21	VIII. The substantive laws of the state in which an adoption will be finalized shall solely
22	govern all issues relating to the adoption of the child, and the court in which the adoption proceeding
23	is filed shall have subject matter jurisdiction regarding all substantive issues relating to the
24	adoption, except:
25	(a) When the child is a ward of another court that established jurisdiction over the child
26	prior to the placement;
27	(b) When the child is in the legal custody of a public agency in the sending state; or
28	(c) When a court in the sending state has otherwise appropriately assumed jurisdiction
29	over the child prior to the submission of the request for approval of placement.
30	IX. A final decree of adoption shall not be entered in any jurisdiction until the placement is
31	authorized as an "approved placement" by the public child-placing agency in the receiving state.
32	ARTICLE V
33	Placement Evaluation
34	I. Prior to sending, bringing, or causing a child to be sent or brought into a receiving state,
35	the public child-placing agency shall provide a written request for assessment to the receiving state.
36	II. For placements by a private child-placing agency, a child may be sent or brought, or

caused to be sent or brought, into a receiving state upon receipt and immediate review of the

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required content in a request for approval of a placement in both the sending and receiving state public child-placing agencies. The required content to accompany a request for approval shall include all of the following:

- (a) A request for approval identifying the child, the birth parents, the prospective adoptive parents, and the supervising agency, signed by the person requesting approval.
- (b) The appropriate consents or relinquishments signed by the birth parents in accordance with the laws of the sending state or, where permitted, the laws of the state where the adoption will be finalized.
- (c) Certification by a licensed attorney or authorized agent of a private adoption agency that the consent or relinquishment is in compliance with the applicable laws of the sending state or, where permitted, the laws of the state where finalization of the adoption will occur.
 - (d) A home study.

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- (e) An acknowledgment of legal risk signed by the prospective adoptive parents.
- III. The sending state and the receiving state may request additional information or documents prior to finalization of an approved placement, but they may not delay travel by the prospective adoptive parents with the child if the required content for approval has been submitted, received, and reviewed by the public child-placing agency in both the sending state and the receiving state.
- IV. Approval from the public child-placing agency in the receiving state for a provisional or approved placement is required as provided for in the rules of the Interstate Commission.
- V. The procedures for making the request for an assessment shall contain all information and be in such form as provided for in the rules of the Interstate Commission.
- VI. Upon receipt of a request from the public child-placing agency of the sending state, the receiving state shall initiate an assessment of the proposed placement to determine its safety and suitability. If the proposed placement is a placement with a relative, the public child-placing agency of the sending state may request a determination for a provisional placement.
- VII. The public child-placing agency in the receiving state may request from the public childplacing agency or the private child-placing agency in the sending state, and shall be entitled to receive, supporting or additional information necessary to complete the assessment or approve the placement.
- VIII. The public child-placing agency in the receiving state shall approve a provisional placement and complete or arrange for the completion of the assessment within the timeframes established by the rules of the Interstate Commission.
- IX. For a placement by a private child-placing agency, the sending state shall not impose any additional requirements to complete the home study that are not required by the receiving state, unless the adoption is finalized in the sending state.

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1	X. The Interstate Commission may develop uniform standards for the assessment of the
2	safety and suitability of interstate placements.
3	ARTICLE VI
4	Placement Authority
5	I. Except as otherwise provided in this compact, no child subject to this compact shall be
6	placed in a receiving state until approval for such placement is obtained.
7	II. If the public child-placing agency in the receiving state does not approve the proposed
8	placement, then the child shall not be placed. The receiving state shall provide written
9	documentation of any such determination in accordance with the rules promulgated by the
10	Interstate Commission. Such determination is not subject to judicial review in the sending state.
11	III. If the proposed placement is not approved, any interested party shall have standing to
12	seek an administrative review of the receiving state's determination.
13	(a) The administrative review and any further judicial review associated with the
14	determination shall be conducted in the receiving state pursuant to its applicable administrative
15	procedures act.
16	(b) If a determination not to approve the placement of the child in the receiving state is
17	overturned upon review, the placement shall be deemed approved; provided, however, that all
18	administrative or judicial remedies have been exhausted or the time for such remedies has passed.
19	ARTICLE VII
20	Placing Agency Responsibility
21	I. For the interstate placement of a child made by a public child-placing agency or state
22	court:
23	(a) The public child-placing agency in the sending state shall have financial
24	responsibility for:
25	(1) The ongoing support and maintenance for the child during the period of the
26	placement, unless otherwise provided for in the receiving state; and
27	(2) As determined by the public child-placing agency in the sending state, services
28	for the child beyond the public services for which the child is eligible in the receiving state.
29	(b) The receiving state shall only have financial responsibility for:
30	(1) Any assessment conducted by the receiving state; and
31	(2) Supervision conducted by the receiving state at the level necessary to support the
32	placement as agreed upon by the public child-placing agencies of the receiving and sending states.
33	(c) Nothing in this section shall prohibit public child-placing agencies in the sending
34	state from entering into agreements with licensed agencies or persons in the receiving state to
35	conduct assessments and provide supervision.
36	II. For the placement of a child by a private child-placing agency preliminary to a possible
37	adoption, the private child-placing agency shall be:

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- Page 19 -1 (a) Legally responsible for the child during the period of placement as provided for in the 2 law of the sending state until the finalization of the adoption. 3 (b) Financially responsible for the child absent a contractual agreement to the contrary. III. The public child-placing agency in the receiving state shall provide timely assessments, 4 as provided for in the rules of the Interstate Commission. 5 IV. The public child-placing agency in the receiving state shall provide, or arrange for the 6 7 provision of, supervision and services for the child, including timely reports, during the period of the 8 placement. 9 V. Nothing in this compact shall be construed to limit the authority of the public child-10 placing agency in the receiving state from contracting with a licensed agency or person in the receiving state for an assessment or the provision of supervision or services for the child or otherwise 11 12 authorizing the provision of supervision or services by a licensed agency during the period of 13 placement. VI. Each member state shall provide for coordination among its branches of government 14 concerning the state's participation in and compliance with the compact and Interstate Commission 15 16 activities through the creation of an advisory council or use of an existing body or board. 17 Each member state shall establish a central state compact office which shall be 18 responsible for state compliance with the compact and the rules of the Interstate Commission. 19 VIII. The public child-placing agency in the sending state shall oversee compliance with the 20 provisions of the Indian Child Welfare Act, 25 U.S.C. section 1901 et seq., for placements subject to 21the provisions of this compact, prior to placement. 22 With the consent of the Interstate Commission, states may enter into limited IX. 23 agreements that facilitate the timely assessment and provision of services and supervision of 24 placements under this compact. 25 ARTICLE VIII 26 Interstate Commission for the Placement of Children 27 The member states hereby establish, by way of this compact, a commission known as the "Interstate Commission for the Placement of Children." The activities of the Interstate Commission are the 28 29 formation of public policy and are a discretionary state function. The Interstate Commission shall: 30 I. Be a joint commission of the member states and shall have the responsibilities, powers, 31 and duties set forth herein and such additional powers as may be conferred upon it by subsequent 32 concurrent action of the respective legislatures of the member states. 33 II. Consist of one commissioner from each member state who shall be appointed by the 34 executive head of the state human services administration with ultimate responsibility for the child

welfare program. The appointed commissioner shall have the legal authority to vote on policy-

related matters governed by this compact binding the state.

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1 (a) Each member state represented at a meeting of the Interstate Commission is entitled 2 to one vote. 3 (b) A majority of the member states shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of 4 business, unless a larger quorum is required by the bylaws of the Interstate Commission. 5 (c) A representative shall not delegate a vote to another member state. (d) A representative may delegate voting authority to another person from that state for 6 7 a specified meeting. 8 III. Include, in addition to the commissioners of each member state, persons who are members of interested organizations as defined in the bylaws or rules of the Interstate Commission. 9 10 Such members shall be ex officio and shall not be entitled to vote on any matter before the Interstate 11 Commission. 12 IV. Establish an executive committee which shall have the authority to administer the day-13 to-day operations and administration of the Interstate Commission. The executive committee shall 14 not have the power to engage in rulemaking. 15 ARTICLE IX 16 Powers and Duties of the Interstate Commission 17 The Interstate Commission shall have the following powers: I. To promulgate rules and take all necessary actions to effect the goals, purposes, and 18 19 obligations as enumerated in this compact. 20 II. To provide for dispute resolution among member states. 21 III. To issue, upon request of a member state, advisory opinions concerning the meaning or interpretation of the interstate compact, its bylaws, rules, or actions. 22 23 IV. To enforce compliance with this compact or the bylaws or rules of the Interstate 24 Commission pursuant to Article XII. 25 V. Collect standardized data concerning the interstate placement of children subject to this compact as directed through its rules, which shall specify the data to be collected, the means of 26 27 collection and data exchange, and reporting requirements. 28 VI. To establish and maintain offices as may be necessary for the transacting of its business. 29 VII. To purchase and maintain insurance and bonds. 30 VIII. To hire or contract for services of personnel or consultants as necessary to carry out its 31 functions under the compact and establish personnel qualification policies and rates of 32 compensation. 33 IX. To establish and appoint committees and officers, including, but not limited to, an 34 executive committee as required by Article X. 35 X. To accept any and all donations and grants of money, equipment, supplies, materials, and 36 services, and to receive, utilize, and dispose thereof.

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1	XI. To lease, purchase, accept contributions or donations of, or otherwise to own, hold,
2	improve, or use any property, real, personal, or mixed.
3	XII. To sell, convey, mortgage, pledge, lease, exchange, abandon, or otherwise dispose of any
4	property, real, personal, or mixed.
5	XIII. To establish a budget and make expenditures.
6	XIV. To adopt a seal and bylaws governing the management and operation of the Interstate
7	Commission.
8	XV. To report annually to the legislatures, the governors, the judiciary, and the state
9	advisory councils of the member states concerning the activities of the Interstate Commission during
10	the preceding year. Such reports shall also include any recommendations that may have been
11	adopted by the Interstate Commission.
12	XVI. To coordinate and provide education, training, and public awareness regarding the
13	interstate movement of children for officials involved in such activity.
14	XVII. To maintain books and records in accordance with the bylaws of the Interstate
15	Commission.
16	XVIII. To perform such functions as may be necessary or appropriate to achieve the
17	purposes of this compact.
18	ARTICLE X
19	Organization and Operation of the Interstate Commission
20	I. Organization.
21	(a) Within 12 months after the first Interstate Commission meeting, the Interstate
22	Commission shall adopt rules to govern its conduct as may be necessary or appropriate to carry out
23	the purposes of the compact.
24	(b) The Interstate Commission's rules shall establish conditions and procedures under
25	which the Interstate Commission shall make its information and official records available to the
26	public for inspection or copying.
27	II. Meetings.
28	(a) The Interstate Commission shall meet at least once each calendar year. The
29	chairperson may call additional meetings and, upon the request of a simple majority of the member
30	states, shall call additional meetings.
31	(b) Public notice shall be given by the Interstate Commission of all meetings, and all
32	meetings shall be open to the public.
33	(c) The bylaws may provide for meetings of the Interstate Commission to be conducted
34	The deficiency of the desired at the
	by telecommunication or other electronic communication.
35	III. Officers and staff.

staff director for such period, upon such terms and conditions, and for such compensation as the

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- Interstate Commission may deem appropriate. The staff director shall serve as secretary to the Interstate Commission but shall not have a vote. The staff director may hire and supervise such other staff as may be authorized by the Interstate Commission.
 - (b) The Interstate Commission shall elect, from among its members, a chairperson and a vice chairperson of the executive committee, and other necessary officers, each of whom shall have such authority and duties as may be specified in the bylaws.
 - IV. Qualified immunity, defense, and indemnification.

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- (a) The Interstate Commission's staff director and its employees shall be immune from suit and liability, either personally or in their official capacity, for a claim for damage to or loss of property or personal injury or other civil liability caused or arising out of or relating to an actual or alleged act, error, or omission that occurred or that such person had a reasonable basis for believing occurred within the scope of Interstate Commission employment, duties, or responsibilities; provided, however, that such person shall not be protected from suit or liability for damage, loss, injury, or liability caused by a criminal act or the intentional or willful and wanton misconduct of such person.
- (b)(1) The liability of the Interstate Commission's staff director and employees or Interstate Commission representatives, acting within the scope of such person's employment or duties, for acts, errors, or omissions occurring within such person's state may not exceed the limits of liability set forth under the Constitution and laws of that state for state officials, employees, and agents. The Interstate Commission is considered to be an instrumentality of the states for the purposes of any such action. Nothing in this subsection shall be construed to protect such person from suit or liability for damage, loss, injury, or liability caused by a criminal act or the intentional or willful and wanton misconduct of such person.
- (2) The Interstate Commission shall defend the staff director and its employees and, subject to the approval of the attorney general or other appropriate legal counsel of the member state, shall defend the commissioner of a member state in a civil action seeking to impose liability arising out of an actual or alleged act, error, or omission that occurred within the scope of Interstate Commission employment, duties, or responsibilities, or that the defendant had a reasonable basis for believing occurred within the scope of Interstate Commission employment, duties, or responsibilities; provided, however, that the actual or alleged act, error, or omission did not result from intentional or willful and wanton misconduct on the part of such person.
- (3) To the extent not covered by the state involved, a member state, or the Interstate Commission, the representatives or employees of the Interstate Commission shall be held harmless in the amount of a settlement or judgment, including attorney's fees and costs, obtained against such persons arising out of an actual or alleged act, error, or omission that occurred within the scope of Interstate Commission employment, duties, or responsibilities, or that such persons had a reasonable basis for believing occurred within the scope of Interstate Commission employment,

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- Page 23 duties, or responsibilities; provided, however, that the actual or alleged act, error, or omission did 1 2 not result from intentional or willful and wanton misconduct on the part of such persons. 3 ARTICLE XI Rulemaking Functions of the Interstate Commission I. The Interstate Commission shall promulgate and publish rules in order to effectively and 5 6 efficiently achieve the purposes of the compact. II. Rulemaking shall occur pursuant to the criteria set forth in this article and the bylaws 7 8 and rules adopted pursuant thereto. Such rulemaking shall substantially conform to the principles 9 of the "Model State Administrative Procedures Act," 1981 Act, Uniform Laws Annotated, Vol. 15, p. 1 10 (2000), or such other administrative procedure acts as the Interstate Commission deems appropriate, consistent with due process requirements under the United States Constitution as now 11 12 or hereafter interpreted by the United States Supreme Court. All rules and amendments shall 13 become binding as of the date specified, as published with the final version of the rule as approved 14 by the Interstate Commission. 15 III. When promulgating a rule, the Interstate Commission shall, at a minimum: 16 (a) Publish the proposed rule's entire text stating the reasons for that proposed rule; 17 (b) Allow and invite any and all persons to submit written data, facts, opinions, and 18 arguments, which information shall be added to the record and made publicly available; and 19 (c) Promulgate a final rule and its effective date, if appropriate, based on input from 20 state or local officials or interested parties. 21 IV. Rules promulgated by the Interstate Commission shall have the force and effect of 22 administrative rules and shall be binding in the compacting states to the extent and in the manner 23 provided for in this compact. 24 V. Not later than 60 days after a rule is promulgated, an interested person may file a 25 petition in the United States District Court for the District of Columbia or in the federal district 26 court where the Interstate Commission's principal office is located for judicial review of such rule. If 27 the court finds that the Interstate Commission's action is not supported by substantial evidence in 28 the rulemaking record, the court shall hold the rule unlawful and set it aside. 29 VI. If a majority of the legislatures of the member states rejects a rule, those states may by 30 enactment of a statute or resolution in the same manner used to adopt the compact cause that such 31 rule shall have no further force and effect in any member state. 32 VII. The existing rules governing the operation of the Interstate Compact on the Placement 33 of Children superseded by this act shall be null and void no less than 12 months but no more than 24 34 months after the first meeting of the Interstate Commission created hereunder, as determined by

VIII. Within the first 12 months of operation, the Interstate Commission shall promulgate rules addressing the following:

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the members during the first meeting.

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	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
1	(a) Transition rules.
2	(b) Forms and procedures.
3	(c) Timelines.
4	(d) Data collection and reporting.
5	(e) Rulemaking.
6	(f) Visitation.
7	(g) Progress reports and supervision.
8	(h) Sharing of information and confidentiality.
9	(i) Financing of the Interstate Commission.
10	(j) Mediation, arbitration, and dispute resolution.
11	(k) Education, training, and technical assistance.
12	(l) Enforcement.
13	(m) Coordination with other interstate compacts.
14	IX. Upon determination by a majority of the members of the Interstate Commission that an
15	emergency exists:
16	(a) The Interstate Commission may promulgate an emergency rule only if it is required
17	to:
18	(1) Protect the children covered by this compact from an imminent threat to their
19	health, safety, and well-being;
20	(2) Prevent loss of federal or state funds; or
21	(3) Meet a deadline for the promulgation of an administrative rule required by
22	federal law.
23	(b) An emergency rule shall become effective immediately upon adoption, provided that
24	the usual rulemaking procedures provided hereunder shall be retroactively applied to the emergency
25	rule as soon as reasonably possible, but no later than 90 days after the effective date of the
26	emergency rule.
27	(c) An emergency rule shall be promulgated as provided for in the rules of the Interstate
28	Commission.
29	ARTICLE XII
30	Oversight, Dispute Resolution, and Enforcement
31	I. Oversight.
32	(a) The Interstate Commission shall oversee the administration and operation of the
33	compact.
34	(b) The executive, legislative, and judicial branches of state government in each member
35	state shall enforce this compact and the rules of the Interstate Commission and shall take all actions
36	necessary and appropriate to effectuate the compact's purposes and intent. The compact and its

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rules shall be binding in the compacting states to the extent and in the manner provided for in this compact.

- (c) All courts shall take judicial notice of the compact and the rules in any judicial or administrative proceeding in a member state pertaining to the subject matter of this compact.
- (d) The Interstate Commission shall be entitled to receive service of process in any action in which the validity of a compact provision or rule is the issue for which a judicial determination has been sought and shall have standing to intervene in any proceedings. Failure to provide service of process to the Interstate Commission shall render any judgment, order, or other determination, however so captioned or classified, void as to this compact, its bylaws, or rules of the Interstate Commission.
 - II. Dispute resolution.

- (a) The Interstate Commission shall attempt, upon the request of a member state, to resolve disputes which are subject to the compact and which may arise among member states and between member and nonmember states.
- (b) The Interstate Commission shall promulgate a rule providing for both mediation and binding dispute resolution for disputes among compacting states. The costs of such mediation or dispute resolution shall be the responsibility of the parties to the dispute.
- III. Enforcement. If the Interstate Commission determines that a member state has defaulted in the performance of its obligations or responsibilities under this compact, its bylaws, or rules of the Interstate Commission, the Interstate Commission may:
 - (a) Provide remedial training and specific technical assistance;
- (b) Provide written notice to the defaulting state and other member states of the nature of the default and the means of curing the default. The Interstate Commission shall specify the conditions by which the defaulting state must cure its default;
- (c) By majority vote of the members, initiate against a defaulting member state legal action in the United States District Court for the District of Columbia or, at the discretion of the Interstate Commission, in the federal district where the Interstate Commission has its principal office, to enforce compliance with the provisions of the compact, its bylaws, or rules of the Interstate Commission. The relief sought may include both injunctive relief and damages. In the event judicial enforcement is necessary, the prevailing party shall be awarded all costs of such litigation including reasonable attorney's fees; or
- (d) Avail itself of any other remedies available under state law or the regulation of official or professional conduct.

34 ARTICLE XIII

Financing of the Commission

I. The Interstate Commission shall pay, or provide for the payment of, the reasonable expenses of its establishment, organization, and ongoing activities.

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II. The Interstate Commission may levy on and collect an annual assessment from each
member state to cover the cost of the operations and activities of the Interstate Commission and its
staff, which must be in a total amount sufficient to cover the Interstate Commission's annual budget
as approved by its members each year. The aggregate annual assessment amount shall be allocated
based upon a formula to be determined by the Interstate Commission, which shall promulgate a rule
binding upon all member states.
III. The Interstate Commission shall not incur obligations of any kind prior to securing the
funds adequate to meet those obligations, nor shall the Interstate Commission pledge the credit of
any of the member states, except by and with the authority of the member state.
IV. The Interstate Commission shall keep accurate accounts of all receipts and
disbursements. The receipts and disbursements of the Interstate Commission shall be subject to the
audit and accounting procedures established under its bylaws. However, all receipts and
disbursements of funds handled by the Interstate Commission shall be audited yearly by a certified
or licensed public accountant, and the report of the audit shall be included in and become part of the
annual report of the Interstate Commission.
ARTICLE XIV
Member States, Effective Date, and Amendment
I. Any state is eligible to become a member state.
II. The compact shall become effective and binding upon legislative enactment of the
compact into law by no less than 35 states. The effective date shall be the later of July 1, 2007, or
upon enactment of the compact into law by the thirty-fifth state. Thereafter, it shall become
effective and binding as to any other member state upon enactment of the compact into law by that
state. The executive heads of the state human services administration with ultimate responsibility
for the child welfare program of nonmember states or their designees shall be invited to participate
in the activities of the Interstate Commission on a nonvoting basis prior to adoption of the compact
by all states.
III. The Interstate Commission may propose amendments to the compact for enactment by
the member states. No amendment shall become effective and binding on the member states unless
and until it is enacted into law by unanimous consent of the member states.
ARTICLE XV
Withdrawal and Dissolution
I. Withdrawal.
(a) Once effective, the compact shall continue in force and remain binding upon each and
every member state, provided that a member state may withdraw from the compact by specifically
repealing the statute which enacted the compact into law.
(b) Withdrawal from this compact shall be by the enactment of a statute repealing the

compact. The effective date of withdrawal shall be the effective date of the repeal of the statute.

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1	(c) The withdrawing state shall immediately notify the president of the Interstate
2	Commission in writing upon the introduction of legislation repealing this compact in the
3	withdrawing state. The Interstate Commission shall then notify the other member states of the
4	withdrawing state's intent to withdraw.
5	(d) The withdrawing state is responsible for all assessments, obligations, and liabilities
6	incurred through the effective date of withdrawal.
7	(e) Reinstatement following withdrawal of a member state shall occur upon the
8	withdrawing state reenacting the compact or upon such later date as determined by the members of
9	the Interstate Commission.
10	II. Dissolution of compact.
11	(a) This compact shall dissolve effective upon the date of the withdrawal or default of the
12	member state which reduces the membership in the compact to one member state.
13	(b) Upon the dissolution of this compact, the compact becomes null and void and shall be
14	of no further force or effect, and the business and affairs of the Interstate Commission shall be
15	concluded and surplus funds shall be distributed in accordance with the bylaws.
16	ARTICLE XVI
17	Severability and Construction
18	I. The provisions of this compact shall be severable, and, if any phrase, clause, sentence, or
19	provision is deemed unenforceable, the remaining provisions of the compact shall be enforceable.
20	II. The provisions of this compact shall be liberally construed to effectuate its purposes.
21	III. Nothing in this compact shall be construed to prohibit the concurrent applicability of
22	other interstate compacts to which the states are members.
23	ARTICLE XVII
24	Binding Effect of Compact and Other Laws
25	I. Other laws. Nothing in this compact prevents the enforcement of any other law of a
26	member state that is not inconsistent with this compact.
27	II. Binding effect of the compact.
28	(a) All lawful actions of the Interstate Commission are binding upon the member states.
29	(b) All agreements between the Interstate Commission and the member states are
30	binding in accordance with their terms.
31	(c) In the event any provision of this compact exceeds the constitutional limits imposed
32	on the legislature or executive branch of any member state, such provision shall be ineffective to the
33	extent of the conflict with the constitutional provision in question in that member state.
34	ARTICLE XVIII
35	Indian Tribes
36	Notwithstanding any other provision in this compact, the Interstate Commission may promulgate

guidelines to permit Indian tribes to utilize the compact to achieve any or all of the purposes of the

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compact as specified in Article I. The Interstate Commission shall make reasonable efforts to consult with Indian tribes in promulgating guidelines to reflect the diverse circumstances of the various Indian tribes.

49 Adoption; Assessment. Amend RSA 170-B:18, IV to read as follows:

- IV. The department or a licensed child-placing agency making the required assessment may request other departments or licensed child-placing agencies within or outside this state to make the assessment or designated portions thereof as may be appropriate. Where such written assessments are made, a written report shall be filed with the court; provided, however, said report shall not violate RSA 170-A, the interstate compact [en] for the placement of children.
- 50 Applicability Sections 48-49 of this act, relative to the 2009 edition of the Interstate Compact for the Placement of Children, shall take effect on the date that the commissioner of the department of health and human services certifies to the director of the office of legislative services and the secretary of state that 35 compacting states, including New Hampshire, have enacted the 2009 edition of the Interstate Compact for the Placement of Children.
- 51 Child Day Care Licensing; Definitions RSA 170-E:2, IV(g) is repealed and reenacted to read as follows:
- (g) "School-age program" means a child day care agency providing child day care before or after, or before and after, regular school hours, and all day any time school is not in session, for 6 or more children enrolled in school, who are 4 years and 8 months of age or older, and which is not licensed under RSA 170-E:56. The number of children shall include all children present during the period of the program, including those children related to the caregiver.
- 52 New Section; Residential Care and Child-Placing Agency Licensing; Deemed Licensed. Amend RSA 170-E by inserting after section 31 the following new section:
- 170-E:31-a Deemed Licensed. Any qualified residential treatment program accredited by organizations as specified in Title 42 of the Social Security Act, 42 U.S.C. section 672(k)(4)(G), as amended, shall submit a completed license application or renewal application. Such child care institutions and child care agencies defined as group homes, specialized care, or homeless youth programs, shall be deemed licensed under this subdivision and shall be exempt from inspections carried out under RSA 170-E:31, IV. This section shall only apply to the activities or portions of the facility or agency accredited under Title 42 of the Social Security Act, 42 U.S.C. section 672(k)(4)(G), as amended.
- 53 Recreation Camp Licensing; Availability of Epinephrine Auto-Injector. Amend RSA 170-E:61 to read as follows:
 - 170-E:61 Availability of Epinephrine Auto-Injector. The recreational camp nurse or, if a nurse is not assigned to the camp, the recreational camp administrator shall maintain for the use of a child with severe allergies at least one epinephrine auto-injector, provided by the child or the child's parent or guardian, [in the nurse's office or in a similarly accessible location] which shall be

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readily accessible to the recreational camp staff caring for children requiring such medications.

54 New Section; Recreation Camp Licensing; Availability of Asthma Inhalers. Amend RSA 170-E by inserting after section 63 the following new section:

170-E:63-a Availability of Asthma Inhalers. The recreational camp nurse or, if a nurse is not assigned to the camp, the recreational camp administrator shall maintain for the use of a child with asthma at least one metered dose inhaler or a dry powder inhaler, provided by the child or the child's parent or guardian, which shall be readily accessible to the recreational camp staff caring for children requiring such medications.

55 New Paragraph; Services for Children, Youth, and Families; Peer Support Program. Amend RSA 170-G:3 by inserting after paragraph VII the following new paragraph:

VIII. The commissioner may establish a confidential peer support program for the purpose of providing critical incident stress management and crisis intervention services for staff exposed to critical incidents and trauma through the course of their employment.

(a) In this section:

- (1) "Critical incident" means any incident that has a high emotional impact on the responders, or is beyond the realm of a person's usual experience that overwhelms his or her sense of vulnerability and/or lack of control over the situation.
- (2) "Critical incident stress" means a normal reaction to an abnormal event that has the potential to interfere with normal functioning and that results from the response to a critical incident or long-term occupational exposure to a series of critical incident responses over a period of time that are believed to be causing debilitating stress that is affecting an emergency service provider and his or her work performance or family situation. This may include, but is not limited to, physical and emotional illness, failure of usual coping mechanisms, loss of interest in the job, personality changes, or loss of ability to function.
- (3) "Critical incident stress management" means a process of crisis intervention designed to assist employees in coping with the psychological trauma resulting from response to a critical incident.
- (4) "Critical incident stress management and crisis intervention services" means consultation, counseling, debriefing, defusing, intervention services, management, prevention, and referral provided by a critical incident stress management team member.
- (5) "Critical incident stress management team" or "team" means the group of one or more trained volunteers, including members of peer support groups who offer critical incident stress management and crisis intervention services following a critical incident or long term or continued, debilitating stress being experienced by employees and affecting them or their family situation.

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(6) "Critical incident stress management team member" or "team member" means an employee, including any specially trained to provide critical incident stress management and crisis intervention services as a member of an organized team.

- (7) "Debriefing" means a closed, confidential discussion of a critical incident relating to the feelings and perceptions of those directly involved prior to, during, and after a stressful event. It is intended to provide support, education, and an outlet for associated views and feelings. Debriefings do not provide counseling or an operational critique of the incident.
- (b)(1) Any information divulged to the team or a team member during the provision of critical incident stress management and crisis intervention services shall be kept confidential and shall not be disclosed to a third party or in a criminal, civil, or administrative proceeding. Records kept by critical incident stress management team members are not subject to subpoena, discovery, or introduction into evidence in a criminal, civil, or administrative action. Except as provided in subparagraph (c), no person, whether critical incident stress management team member or team leader providing or receiving critical incident stress management and crisis intervention services, shall be required to testify or divulge any information obtained solely through such crisis intervention.
- (2) In any civil action against any individual, or the department, including the state of New Hampshire, arising out of the conduct of a member of such team, this section is not intended and shall not be admissible to establish negligence in any instance where requirements herein are higher than the standard of care that would otherwise have been applicable in such action under state law.
 - (c) A communication shall not be deemed confidential pursuant to this section if:
- (1) The communication indicates the existence of a danger to the individual who receives critical incident stress management and crisis intervention services or to any other person or persons;
- (2) The communication indicates the existence of past child abuse or neglect of the individual, abuse of an adult as defined by law, or family violence as defined by law; or
- (3) The communication indicates the existence of a danger to the individual who receives critical incident stress management and crisis intervention services or to any other person or persons.
- 56 New Paragraph; Services for Children, Youth, and Families; Procurement Model for Services. Amend RSA 170-G:4-d by inserting after paragraph I the following new paragraph:
- I-a. The commissioner shall employ a procurement model for administering the provision of therapeutic-based residential behavioral health treatment services provided pursuant to RSA 170-G and RSA 135-F. All contracts shall incorporate the use of trauma-focused models of care. In cases where the unique needs of a juvenile or the capacity of a contracted provider prevent the use of a contracted provider, the commissioner may approve and shall pay for placement with another

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certified provider on a temporary basis if the commissioner determines that the placement is necessary to meet the juvenile's immediate treatment needs.

- 57 Repeal. RSA 170-G:8-b, IV, relative to an annual report of informational materials relating to missing children issues and matters, is repealed.
- 58 Services for the Developmentally Disabled; Funding for Wait List. Amend the introductory paragraph of RSA 171-A:1-a, I to read as follows:
- I. The department of health and human services and area agencies shall provide services to eligible persons under this chapter and persons eligible for the brain injury program under RSA 137-K in a timely manner. The department and area agencies shall provide *funding for* services in such a manner that:
- 59 Coverage Plan for Services to Individuals with Developmental Disabilities. The department of health and human services in collaboration with the department of education, the Disability Rights Center-New Hampshire, and the representatives of the 10 area agencies shall develop a plan by October 1, 2021 that provides coverage for services to individuals with developmental disabilities aged 18-21 enrolled in school and determined eligible for developmental services that are not the responsibility of the local education agency, another state agency, or another division of the department. Such a plan shall estimate the number of eligible individuals likely to need such services, the costs of providing such services, and reimbursement mechanisms for service providers.
- 60 Services for the Developmentally Disabled; Wait List. Amend RSA 171-A:1-a, II to read as follows:
 - II. [Beginning with the fiscal year ending June 30, 2010, and thereafter,] The department of health and human services shall incorporate *in its appropriation requests* the cost of fully funding services to eligible persons, in accordance with the requirements of paragraph I, and as otherwise required under RSA 171-A, and the legislature shall appropriate sufficient funds to meet such costs and requirements.
 - 61 Fund for Domestic Violence Grant Program. Amend RSA 173-B:15 to read as follows:
- 173-B:15 Fund for Domestic Violence Grant Program. A special fund for domestic violence programs is established. The sole purpose of the fund shall be to provide revenues for the domestic violence program established in RSA 173-B:16, and shall not be available for any other purpose. The state treasurer shall deposit all fees received by the department under RSA 457:29, 457:32-b, and 631:2-b, V in the fund. All moneys deposited in the fund shall be continually appropriated for the purposes of the domestic violence grant program and shall not lapse.
- 33 62 Granite Workforce Program. Amend 2018, 342:9, as amended by 2019, 346:158, to read as 34 follows:
 - 342:9 Termination of Granite Workforce Program.
 - I. The commissioner of the department of health and human services shall be responsible for determining, every 3 months commencing no later than December 31, 2018, whether available TANF

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- 1 reserve funds total at least \$5,000,000. If at any time the commissioner determines that available $\mathbf{2}$ TANF reserve funds have fallen below \$5,000,000, the commissioners of the departments of health 3 and human services and employment security shall, within 20 business days of such determination, 4 terminate the granite workforce program. The commissioners shall notify the governor, the speaker 5 of the house of representatives, the president of the senate, the chairperson of the fiscal committee of the general court, and granite workforce participants of the program's pending termination. The 6 7 commissioners shall have the discretion to limit granite workforce program services based 8 on the availability of appropriated, available, or reserve funds.
 - II. If at any time the New Hampshire granite advantage health care program, established under RSA 126-AA, terminates, the commissioners of the departments of health and human services and employment security shall terminate the granite workforce program. The date of the granite workforce program's termination shall align with that of the New Hampshire granite advantage health care program.
 - III. If the work and community engagement waiver is held invalid, or is not approved, or is withdrawn by the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services, the granite workforce program shall be suspended until such time that the work and community engagement waiver is approved or revalidated.
- 18 63 Health Facility Licensure; Effective Dates Amended. Amend 2020, 39:72, V-VI to read as 19 follows:
 - V. Sections 55-57[, 64-67, and 69] and 64 of this act shall take effect July 1, 2020.
- VI. Sections 5[-] and 60[- and 68] of this act shall take effect July 1, 2021.
- 22 64 Milk Sanitation Code; Terms Defined. Amend RSA 184:79, XIII to read as follows:
 - XIII. The term "milk plant" means any place, premises, or establishment where milk or milk products are collected, handled, processed, stored, pasteurized, bottled, packaged, or prepared for distribution, except an establishment where milk or milk products are sold at retail only. This term shall include wash stations where milk tank trucks are cleaned and sanitized.
 - 65 Milk Sanitation Code; License Fees. Amend RSA 184:85, IV to read as follows:
 - IV. All fees collected under this section shall be forwarded to the state treasurer. The state treasurer shall credit all moneys received under this section, and interest received on such money, to [a] the public health services special fund established in RSA 143:11, from which [he] the department shall pay all the expenses of the department incident to the licensing and regulation of milk plants, milk distributors and milk producer-distributors. [This fund shall not lapse.]
 - 66 New Subdivision; Administration of Epinephrine. Amend RSA 329 by inserting after section.

 1-g the following new subdivision:

Administration of Epinephrine

- 329:1-h Administration of Epinephrine.
- 37 I. In this section:

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(a) "Administer" means the direct application of an epinephrine auto-injector to the body of an individual.

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- (b) "Authorized entity" means any entity or organization in which allergens capable of causing anaphylaxis may be present, including recreation camps and day care facilities. Authorized entity shall not include an elementary or secondary school or a postsecondary educational institution eligible to establish policies and guidelines for the emergency administration of epinephrine under RSA 200-N.
- (c) "Epinephrine auto-injector" means a single-use device used for the automatic injection of a premeasured dose of epinephrine into the human body.
- (d) "Health care practitioner" means a person who is lawfully entitled to prescribe, administer, dispense, or distribute controlled drugs.
 - (e) "Provide" means to furnish one or more epinephrine auto-injectors to an individual.
- II. A health care practitioner may prescribe epinephrine auto-injectors in the name of an authorized entity for use in accordance with this section, and pharmacists and health care practitioners may dispense epinephrine auto-injectors pursuant to a prescription issued in the name of an authorized entity.
- III. An authorized entity may acquire and maintain a supply of epinephrine auto-injectors pursuant to a prescription issued in accordance with this section. Such epinephrine auto-injectors shall be stored in a location readily accessible in an emergency and in accordance with the instructions for use, and any additional requirements that may be established by board of medicine. An authorized entity shall designate employees or agents who have completed the training required by paragraph V to be responsible for the storage, maintenance, control, and general oversight of epinephrine auto-injectors acquired by the authorized entity.
- IV. An employee or agent of an authorized entity, or other individual, who has completed the training required by paragraph V may use epinephrine auto-injectors prescribed pursuant to this section to:
- (a) Provide an epinephrine auto-injector to any individual who the employee agent or other individual believes in good faith is experiencing anaphylaxis, or the parent, guardian, or caregiver of such individual, for immediate administration, regardless of whether the individual has a prescription for an epinephrine auto-injector or has previously been diagnosed with an allergy.
- (b) Administer an epinephrine auto-injector to any individual who the employee, agent, or other individual believes in good faith is experiencing anaphylaxis, regardless of whether the individual has a prescription for an epinephrine auto-injector or has previously been diagnosed with an allergy.
- V.(a) An employee, agent, or other individual described in paragraph IV shall complete an anaphylaxis training program at least every 2 years, following completion of the initial anaphylaxis training program. Such training shall be conducted by a nationally-recognized organization

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experienced in training unlicensed persons in emergency health care treatment or an entity or individual approved by the board of medicine. Training may be conducted online or in person and, at a minimum, shall cover:

- (1) How to recognize signs and symptoms of severe allergic reactions, including anaphylaxis;
- (2) Standards and procedures for the storage and administration of an epinephrine auto-injector; and
 - (3) Emergency follow-up procedures.

(b) The entity or individual that conducts the training shall issue a certificate, on a form developed or approved by the board of medicine to each person who successfully completes the anaphylaxis training program.

VI. No authorized entity that possesses and makes available epinephrine auto-injectors and its employees, agents, and other individuals, or health care practitioner that prescribes or dispenses epinephrine auto-injectors to an authorized entity, or pharmacist or health care practitioner that dispenses epinephrine auto-injectors to an authorized entity, or individual or entity that conducts the training described in paragraph V, shall be liable for any injuries or related damages that result from any act or omission pursuant to this section, unless such injury or damage is the result of willful or wanton misconduct. The administration of an epinephrine auto-injector in accordance with this section shall not be considered to be the practice of medicine or any other profession that otherwise requires licensure. This section shall not be construed to eliminate, limit, or reduce any other immunity or defense that may be available under state law. An entity located in this state shall not be liable for any injuries or related damages that result from the provision or administration of an epinephrine auto-injector outside of this state if the entity would not have been liable for such injuries or related damages under the law of the state in which such provision or administration occurred.

67 Guardians and Conservators; Termination of Guardianship. Amend RSA 464-A:40, V(a) to read as follows:

V.(a) If, within 30 days after the date of a testate or intestate ward's death, no petition for probate has been filed under any section of RSA 553 and the gross value of the personal property remaining in the possession of the guardian belonging to the deceased, including any amount left in designated accounts for the ward, is no more than [\$5,000] \$10,000, the guardian may file in the probate court in the county having jurisdiction over the guardianship an affidavit for the purpose of disposing of such deceased ward's estate. Once approved by the court, the guardian shall be authorized to dispose of the ward's accounts in a manner consistent with the court's order. The form of the affidavit, and the rules governing proceedings under this section, shall be provided by the probate court pursuant to RSA 547:33.

SB 162-FN - AS AMENDED BY THE SENATE - Page 35 -

1 68 Custody and Escheat of Unclaimed or Abandoned Property; Filing of Claim. Amend RSA 2 471-C:26, I(c)(2)-(3) to read as follows: 3 (2) Except as provided in subparagraphs (5)-(7), in the case of a closed estate where the unclaimed property is valued at less than [\$5,000] \$10,000 and does not include securities in 4 share form, in accordance with the final distribution of assets as approved by the probate court. 5 6 (3) Except as provided in subparagraphs (5)-(7), in the absence of an open estate or 7 probate court decree of final distribution, and the unclaimed property is valued at less than [\$5,000] 8 \$10,000 and does not include securities in share form, by the surviving spouse of the deceased 9 owner, or, if there is no surviving spouse, then to the next of kin in accordance with the provisions of 10 RSA 561:1. 11 69 Applicability. Sections 67-68 of this act shall apply to affidavits or claims filed on or after the 12 effective date of this section. 13 70 New Subparagraph; New Hampshire Retirement System; Definitions. Amend RSA 100-A:1, 14 VII by inserting after subparagraph (g) the following new subparagraph: 15 (h) The bureau chief for emergency preparedness and response with the department of 16 health and human services, division of health public services who: 17 (1) Has the authority and responsibility to engage in the prevention and control of 18 public health incidents or emergencies; 19 (2) As a job requirement is fully certified as an emergency preparedness official 20 qualified to administer emergency planning, response and recovery activities in the event of natural 21 disasters, public health crises or similar incidents; and 22 (3) As a job requirement shall meet all physical, mental, educational, and other 23 qualifications for continuing certification as an emergency preparedness official that may be 24 established by the certifying authority. 25 71 Effective Date. 26 I. Sections 48-49 of this act shall take effect as provided in section 50 of this act. 27 II. Sections 3-4, 6, 10, 12-32, and 70 of this act shall take effect 60 days after its passage. III. Sections 39-40 and 67-69 of this act shall take effect July 1, 2021. 28 29 IV. The remainder of this act shall take effect upon its passage.

SB 162-FN- FISCAL NOTE AS INTRODUCED

AN ACT

relative to the department of health and human services, the New Hampshire granite advantage health care trust fund, and health facility licensure.

FISCAL IMPACT:

The Office of Legislative Budget Assistant is unable to complete a fiscal note for this bill, as introduced, as it is awaiting information from the Department of Health and Human Services. When completed, the fiscal note will be forwarded to the Senate Clerk's Office.

AGENCIES CONTACTED:

Judicial Branch, New Hampshire Retirement System, Treasury Department, and Department of Health and Human Services

SB 162-FN FISCAL NOTE AS AMENDED BY THE SENATE (AMENDMENTS #2021-0778s and #2021-0850s)

AN ACT

relative to the department of health and human services, the New Hampshire granite advantage health care trust fund, and health facility licensure.

FISCAL IMPACT:

[X]State

[] County

[] Local

[] None

	Estimated Increase / (Decrease)					
STATE:	FY 2021		FY 2022		FY 2023	FY 2024
Appropriation	\$0		\$0		\$0	\$0
Revenue	Indeterminable		Indeterminable	Ī	Indeterminable	Indeterminable
Expenditures	Indeterminable		Indeterminable	Г	Indeterminable	Indeterminable
Funding Source:	[X] General	[] Education	[] Highway [X] Other

METHODOLOGY:

This bill amends several provisions relative to programs administered by the Department of Health and Human Services (DHHS) as summarized below. DHHS and other affected agencies anticipated no fiscal impact unless otherwise specified.

- Sections 1, 2, 7, 35-38, 61 and 65 all relate to a DHHS internal project to review dedicated funds administered by the agency and identify statutory gaps, aligning funds for specific programs and application of receipts to a specific corresponding treasury account in RSA 6:12, I(b). Funds that have been identified for this statutory "clean-up" exercise include: the fund for Domestic Violence Grant Program, the Public Health Services Special Fund, Radiological Health Programs, and the Mosquito Control Fund.
- Sections 3 aligns the working and legal title for the unclassified director of Medicaid enterprise development.
- Section 4 eliminates certain qualifiers for three unclassified associate commissioner to provide greater flexibility for the DHHS Commissioner to align these positions as needed to certain programmatic areas as the agency evolves to create greater efficiencies.
- Section 5 requires an emergency services plan. DHHS expects no fiscal impact.
- Sections 6, 10, and 70 authorize DHHS to recruit prospective candidates from Group II retirement, without the candidate losing Group II status, for the position of bureau chief for emergency preparedness and response with the DHHS Division of Public Health Services. The New Hampshire Retirement System states that since the extension of Group II status will affect only one position, the fiscal impact of this provision will likely be minimal.
 - Section 8 amends the DHHS ombudsman's authority to focus responsibilities to servicing clients and eliminating the reference to "employees" where support is provided through the employee assistance program and existing personnel process through human resources.
 - Sections 9, 41, 43, 45, and 57 eliminate redundant, outdated, and unnecessary reporting

agency staff and personnel resources.

- Section 11 repeals RSA 126-A:50 through RSA 126-A:59, RSA 126-A:61, and RSA 126-A:63, relative to the housing security guarantee program and related treasury fund where DHHS funds housing support services through another funding mechanism.
- Sections 12-32 makes numerous technical revisions to the statutes related to the DHHS Therapeutic Cannabis Program under RSA 126-X.
- Section 33 amends RSA 126-AA;3, I, to authorize Medicaid enhancement tax (MET) funds be deposited into the Granite Advantage Health Care Program Trust Fund for certain purposes. Specifically, the funds will be used for the limited purpose of funding the Granite Advantage Health Care Program member portion of provider payments, in the form of directed payments, payable to critical access hospitals as outlined in RSA 167:64 (as amended by HB 1817, Chapter 162:32 Laws of 2018).
- Sections 39, 40 and 67-68 relate to increasing the jurisdiction limits from \$5,000 to \$10,000 for probate administration of estates that have minimal assets. These sections are anticipated to reduce demands on DHHS estate recoveries unit staffing resources in an indeterminable amount.
- Section 42 amends RSA 161-F:46 to authorize a report to the DHHS adult protective services central registry in circumstances where the vulnerable adult is no longer living. Current law has been interpreted to only allow reports in cases where the vulnerable adult is living at the time of the investigation and finding of abuse or neglect.
- Sections 42 (paragraph III) and 44 relate to the repeal of RSA 165:20-c relative to the DHHS liability to municipalities for reimbursement of certain cash benefits in the event the agency fails to timely process an application for eligible benefits from the agency. The reimbursement is capped at an aggregate of \$100,000 annually for municipalities making such a claim. DHHS notes that since the law has been in effect that there have only been inquiries from certain municipalities on RSA 165:20-c, however, no claims have been filed with DHHS as of this date. Therefore, the fiscal impact of this section is indeterminable with the greatest exposure for recovery of \$100,000 against DHHS in any given year.
- Section 46 establishes a new RSA 169-C:12-f I, providing that the court may order a parent, guardian, custodian, or other caregiver to produce a child for the purpose of an investigatory interview, including a multidisciplinary team interview in accordance with RSA 169-C:34-a or an interview or evaluation by any other expert necessary for the purpose of the investigation of suspected abuse or neglect. DHHS assumes that it will absorb any cost within existing staffing and administrative resources.
- Section 47 is follow-up legislation from HB 1162 (2020) that expands the type of employers permitted to require that employees submit their names to the child abuse and neglect central registry as a condition of employment to include those residential settings providing developmental services under RSA 171-A.
- Sections 48-50 enacts the 2009 edition of the Interstate Compact on Child Placement, contingent upon its enactment in 34 other states. The Judicial Branch anticipates that the fiscal impact will be minor if the Interstate Compact on Child Placement is implemented.

found at RSA 170-E:2, IV(g) to read as follows: "(g) "School-age program" means a child day care agency providing child day care before or after, or before and after, regular school hours, and all day any time school is not in session, for 6 or more children enrolled in school, who are 4 years and 11 months of age or older, and which is not licensed under RSA 170-E:56. The number of children shall include all children present during the period of the program, including those children related to the caregiver."

- Section 52 provides that qualified residential treatment programs accredited under federal law shall be deemed licensed under RSA 170-E. This section required pursuant to Social Security Act, 42 U.S.C. section 672(k)(4)(G), as amended. DHHS anticipates the fiscal impact for this section is indeterminable.
- Sections 53 and 54 provides that summer camps licensed by DHHS shall have asthma inhalers and epi-pens immediately accessible under RSA 170-E.
- Section 55 authorizes the DHHS Commissioner to establish a confidential peer support program to provide stress management and crisis intervention services to staff exposed to critical incidents and trauma through the course of their employment. DHHS anticipates any cost for the proposed peer support program to be absorbed using existing resources.
- Section 56 establishes criteria governing the use of contracted providers in the DHHS child welfare program.
- Sections 58-60 require coverage plans for services to individuals with developmental disabilities.

 DHHS assumes no fiscal impact will result from this provision.
- Section 62 relates to the Granite Workforce Program authorizing the commissioners from Employment Security and DHHS the discretion to limit Granite Workforce Program services based on the availability of appropriated, available, or reserve funds. It also provides if the work and community engagement waiver is held invalid, or is not approved by the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services, the granite workforce program be suspended until such time that the work and community engagement waiver is approved or revalidated.
- Section 63 seeks to align the effective dates to July 1, 2020 regarding repeal of the old process and establishment of the new special health care licensing review and approval process under RSA 151:4-a.
- Section 64 amends RSA 184:79, XIII to include as part of milk sanitation to the definition of "milk plant" shall include wash stations where milk tank trucks are cleaned and sanitized. DHHS assumes that it will absorb any cost within existing staffing and administrative resources.
- Sections 65-66 transfer the responsibilities for certain training around the administration of epinephrine in non-academic or school settings from DHHS to the Office of Professional Licensure and Certification, Board of Medicine. DHHS anticipates that any fiscal impact resulting from these sections would be less than \$10,000.

AGENCIES CONTACTED:

Judicial Branch, State Treasury, Department of Health and Human Services, and New Hampshire Retirement System

SB 162-FN - AS AMENDED BY THE SENATE

03/18/2021 0778s 03/18/2021 0850s 04/01/2021 1054s

2021 SESSION

21-0464 04/10

SENATE BILL

162-FN

AN ACT

relative to the department of health and human services, the New Hampshire

granite advantage health care trust fund, and health facility licensure.

SPONSORS:

Sen. Bradley, Dist 3

COMMITTEE:

Health and Human Services

AMENDED ANALYSIS

This bill makes numerous revisions to funds, positions, and programs within the department of health and human services, including the therapeutic cannabis program; youth tobacco use; the interstate compact for the placement of children; residential care and child placement licensing procedures; availability of epinephrine auto-injectors and asthma inhalers at recreation camps; the developmentally disabled wait list; the New Hampshire granite workforce program; and child protection investigations. The bill also establishes a public health services special fund and directs certain fees to that fund to be used by the department for program oversight.

Explanation:

Matter added to current law appears in bold italics.

Matter removed from current law appears [in brackets and struckthrough.]

Matter which is either (a) all new or (b) repealed and reenacted appears in regular type.

03/18/2021 0778s 03/18/2021 0850s 04/01/2021 1054s

21-0464 04/10

STATE OF NEW HAMPSHIRE

In the Year of Our Lord Two Thousand Twenty One

AN ACT

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relative to the department of health and human services, the New Hampshire granite advantage health care trust fund, and health facility licensure.

Be it Enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Court convened:

1	1 Application of Receipts; Fund for Domestic Violence Grant Program. Amend RSA 6:12,
2	I(b)(12) to read as follows:
3	(12) Moneys received under RSA 457:29, 457:32-b, and 631:2-b, V which shall be
4	credited to the special fund for domestic violence programs established in RSA 173-B:15.
5	2 Application of Receipts; Public Health Services Special Fund. Amend RSA 6:12, I(b)(15) to
6	read as follows:
7	(15) Money received under RSA 125-F:22, 143:11, 143:22-a, 143-A:6, and 184:85,
8	which shall be credited to the public health services special fund established in RSA 143:11, III.
9	3 Compensation of Certain State Officers; Health and Human Services Positions Amended.
10	Amend the following position in RSA 94:1-a, I(b), grade GG to read as follows:
11	GG Department of health and human services director of [program planning and
12	integrity] Medicaid enterprise development
13	4 Compensation of Certain State Officers; Health and Human Services Positions Amended.
14	Amend the following positions in RSA 94:1-a, I(b), grade JJ to read as follows:
15	JJ Department of health and human services associate commissioner [of human
16	services and behavioral health]
17	JJ Department of health and human services associate commissioner [ef
18	operations]
19	JJ Department of health and human services associate commissioner [for
20	population health]
21	[JJ Department of health and human services associate commissioner,
22	operations .
23	JJ Department of health and human services associate commissioner, population
24	health]
25	5 Department of Health and Human Services; Emergency Services Plan. The department of
26	health and human services in collaboration with all New Hampshire hospitals that operate
27	emergency facilities shall draft a plan to be presented to the speaker of the house of representatives,

the senate president and the governor's office by September 1, 2021 that details the necessary

emergency services offered for medical treatment of both physical and behavioral health. Such a

SB 162-FN - AS AMENDED BY THE SENATE - Page 2 -

plan shall include any recommendations for future legislation or required funding to ensure sufficient physical and behavioral health services.

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- 6 New Subparagraph; New Hampshire Retirement System; Definitions. Amend RSA 100-A:1, VIII by inserting after subparagraph (b) the following new subparagraph:
- (c) The bureau chief for emergency preparedness and response with the department of health and human services, division of health public services who:
- (1) Has the authority and responsibility to engage in the prevention and control of public health incidents or emergencies;
- (2) As a job requirement is fully certified as an emergency preparedness official qualified to administer emergency planning, response and recovery activities in the event of natural disasters, public health crises or similar incidents; and
- (3) As a job requirement shall meet all physical, mental, educational, and other qualifications for continuing certification as an emergency preparedness official that may be established by the certifying authority.
 - 7 Radiological Health Programs; Civil Penalties. Amend RSA 125-F:22, IV to read as follows:
- IV. Upon request of the department of health and human services, the department of justice is authorized to institute civil action to collect a penalty imposed pursuant to this section. The attorney general shall have the exclusive power to compromise, mitigate, or remit such civil penalties as are referred to [him] the attorney general for collection. All civil penalties collected under this section shall be forwarded to the state treasurer. The state treasurer shall deposit all moneys received under this section, and interest received on such money, to the public health services special fund, [which shall be nonlapsing], established in RSA 143:11, from which the department of health and human services shall pay expenses incident to the administration of this chapter.
- 8 Department of Health and Human Services; Office of the Ombudsman. Amend RSA 126-A:4, III to read as follows:
- III. The department shall establish an office of the ombudsman to provide assistance to clients [and employees] of the department by investigating and resolving complaints regarding any matter within the jurisdiction of the department including services or assistance provided by the department or its contractors. The ombudsman's office may provide mediation or other means for informally resolving complaints. The records of the ombudsman's office shall be confidential and shall not be disclosed without the consent of the client [er-employee] on whose behalf the complaint is made, except as may be necessary to assist the service provider [er-the-employee's supervisor] to resolve the complaint, or as required by law.
- 9 Repeal. RSA 126-A:5, II-a, relative to an annual report of an aggregate schedule of payables for class 90 grant lines, is repealed.

SB 162-FN - AS AMENDED BY THE SENATE - Page 3 -

- 10 New Section; Department of Health and Human Services; Status in Retirement System.

 Amend RSA 126-A by inserting after section 5-e the following new section:
- 126-A:5-f Status in Retirement System. For purposes of classification under RSA 100-A, any person who is or becomes the bureau chief for emergency preparedness with the department's division of health public services, shall be included in the definition of group II under RSA 100-A:1, VII(h) and VIII(c) under the retirement system, provided that, notwithstanding RSA 100-A:1, VII(h)
- 7 or VIII(c), any person not already a group II member for at least 10 years during or prior to his or
- 8 her appointment shall be eligible for or remain as a group I member for the duration of service as the
- 9 bureau chief for emergency preparedness.

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- 10 11 Repeal. The following are repealed:
- I. RSA 126-A:50 through RSA 126-A:59, RSA 126-A:61, and RSA 126-A:63, relative to the housing security guarantee program.
- II. RSA 6:12, I(b)(255), relative to moneys deposited in the homeless housing and access revolving loan fund, established in RSA 126-A:63.
- 15 12 Youth Access to and Use of Tobacco Products. Amend RSA 126-K:1 to read as follows:
 - 126-K:1 Purpose. The purpose of this chapter is to protect the citizens of New Hampshire from the possibility of addiction, disability, and death resulting from the use of tobacco products by ensuring that tobacco products will not be supplied to persons under the age of 21. This chapter shall not apply to individuals who have been issued a registry identification card under RSA 126-X:4 or alternative treatment centers registered under RSA 126-X:7 with respect to the therapeutic use of cannabis.
- 22 13 Youth Access to and Use of Tobacco Products; Possession and Use. Amend RSA 126-K:6, I to 23 read as follows:
 - I. No person under 21 years of age shall purchase, attempt to purchase, possess, or use any tobacco product, e-cigarette, device, or e-liquid [except individuals who have been issued a registry identification card under RSA 126 X:4 may purchase, possess and use e liquids containing cannabis and applicable devices as allowed under RSA 126 X].
- 28 14 Use of Cannabis for Therapeutic Purposes; Definitions. Amend RSA 126-X:1, VII(b) to read 29 as follows:
 - (b) For a visiting qualifying patient, "provider" means an individual licensed to prescribe drugs to humans in the state of the patient's residence and who possesses an active registration from the United States Drug Enforcement Administration to prescribe controlled substances. [Such visiting patient shall not be eligible to purchase or transfer cannabis from an eligible New Hampshire patient.]
- 35 Use of Cannabis for Therapeutic Purposes; Definitions. Amend RSA 126-X:1, XI to read as follows:

SB 162-FN - AS AMENDED BY THE SENATE - Page 4 -

	- Page 4 -
1	XI. "Registry identification card" means a document indicating the date issued, effective
2	date, and expiration date by the department pursuant to RSA 126-X:4 that identifies an individual
3	as a qualifying patient or a designated caregiver.
4	16 Use of Cannabis for Therapeutic Purposes; Definitions. Amend RSA 126-X:1, XVII to read as
5	follows:
6	XVII. "Written certification" means documentation of a qualifying medical condition by a
7	provider pursuant to rules adopted by the department pursuant to RSA 541-A for the purpose of
.8	issuing registry identification cards, after having completed a full assessment of the patient's
9	medical history and current medical condition made in the course of a provider-patient relationship.
10	[The date of issuance and the patient's qualifying medical condition, symptoms or side effects, the
11	certifying provider's name, medical specialty, and signature shall be specified on the written
12	cortification.]
13	17 New Paragraph; Use of Cannabis for Therapeutic Purposes; Protections. Amend RSA 126-
14	X:2 by inserting after paragraph XVI the following new paragraph:
15	XVII. Authorized employees of the department shall not be subject to arrest by state or local
16	law enforcement, prosecution, or penalty under state or municipal law, or search, when possessing
17	transporting, delivering, or transferring cannabis and cannabis infused products for the purposes of
18	regulatory oversight related to this chapter.
19	18 Use of Cannabis for Therapeutic Purposes; Protections. Amend RSA 126-X:2, IX(c) to read as
20	follows:
21	(c) Deliver, transfer, supply, sell, or dispense cannabis and related supplies and
22	educational materials to qualifying patients [who have designated the alternative treatment center
23	to provide for them], to designated caregivers on behalf of the qualifying patients [who have
24	designated the alternative treatment center], or to other alternative treatment centers.
25	19 Use of Cannabis for Therapeutic Purposes; Prohibitions and Limitations on the Therapeutic
26	Use of Cannabis. Amend RSA 126-X:3, VII-VIII to read as follows:
27	VII. The department may revoke the registry identification card of a qualifying patient or
2 8	designated caregiver for violation of rules adopted by the department or for violation of any other
29	provision of this chapter, including for obtaining more than 2 ounces of cannabis in any 10
30	day period in violation of RSA 126-X:8, XIII(b), and the qualifying patient or designated
31	caregiver shall be subject to any other penalties established in law for the violation.
32	VIII. A facility caregiver shall treat cannabis in a manner similar to controlled

qualifying patients with the therapeutic use of cannabis.

20 Use of Cannabis for Therapeutic Purposes; Departmental Administration. Amend RSA 126-X:4, I(a)-(b) to read as follows:

prescription medications with respect to its storage, security, and administration when assisting

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SB 162-FN - AS AMENDED BY THE SENATE - Page 5 -

(a) Written certification [as defined in RSA 126-X:1] which includes the date of issuance, the patient's qualifying medical condition, symptoms, or side effects, and the certifying provider's name, medical specialty, and signature. If a written certification has been previously issued for fewer than 3 years, a provider may extend the written certification, provided that the written certification shall not exceed 3 years.

- (b) An application or a renewal application accompanied by the application or renewal fee. A renewal application and fee shall not be required if the applicant receives an extension to the written certification previously issued for fewer than 3 years.
- 21 Use of Cannabis for Therapeutic Purposes; Registry Identification Cards. Amend RSA 126-X:4, I(e) and the introductory paragraph of I(f) to read as follows:
 - (e) Name[, address, and telephone number] of the applicant's provider.
- 12 (f) Name[, address,] and date of birth of the applicant's designated caregiver, if any. A
 13 qualifying patient shall have only one designated caregiver, except as follows:
- 14 22 Use of Cannabis for Therapeutic Purposes; Registry Identification Cards. Amend RSA 126 15 X:4, II(d) to read as follows:
 - (d) Name, residential and mailing address, and date of birth of each qualifying patient for whom the applicant will act as designated caregiver, except that if the qualifying patient is homeless, no residential address is required. [An applicant shall not act as a designated caregiver for more than 5 qualifying patients.]
 - 23 Use of Cannabis for Therapeutic Purposes; Registry Identification Cards. Amend the introductory paragraph in RSA 126-X:4, IV and RSA 126-X:4, IV(a)-(b) to read as follows:
 - IV. The department shall create and issue a registry identification card to a person applying as a qualifying patient or designated caregiver within 5 days of approving an application or renewal. Each registry identification card shall expire one year after the [date of issuance] effective date of the card, unless the provider states in the written certification that the certification should expire at an earlier [specified date] or later effective date, not to exceed 3 years, then the registry identification card shall expire on that date. Registry identification cards shall contain all of the following:
 - (a) Name, mailing address, and date of birth of the qualifying patient or designated caregiver.
- 31 (b) The date of issuance, effective date, and expiration date of the registry 32 identification card.
- 24 Use of Cannabis for Therapeutic Purposes; Registry Identification Cards. Amend RSA 126-34 X:4, VII(a) to read as follows:
 - VII.(a) The department shall track the number of qualifying patients [who have designated each-alternative treatment center] and issue a weekly written statement to the alternative treatment center identifying the number of qualifying patients [who have designated that

SB 162-FN - AS AMENDED BY THE SENATE - Page 6 -

- alternative treatment center] along with the registry identification numbers of each qualifying 1 patient and each qualifying patient's designated caregiver. $\mathbf{2}$ 25 Use of Cannabis for Therapeutic Purposes; Registry Identification Cards. Amend RSA 126-3 4 X:4, VIII to read as follows: VIII. In addition to the weekly reports, the department shall also provide written notice to 5 an alternative treatment center which identifies the names and registration identification numbers 6 of a qualifying patient and his or her designated caregiver whenever [any] either of the following 7 8 events occur: (a) A qualifying patient [designates-the alternative treatment-center to serve-his or her 9 needs] is registered as a participating patient under this chapter; or 10 (b) [A qualifying patient revokes the designation of the alternative treatment center; or 11 (e)] A qualifying patient [who has designated the alternative treatment center] loses his 12 or her status as a qualifying patient under this chapter. 13 26 Use of Cannabis for Therapeutic Purposes; Registry Identification Cards. Amend RSA 126-14 15 X:4, IX(a) to read as follows: IX.(a) A qualifying patient shall notify the department before changing his or her designated 16 17 caregiver [or alternative treatment center]. 27 Use of Cannabis for Therapeutic Purposes; Registry Identification Cards. Amend RSA 126-18 19 X:4, XI(a) to read as follows: XI.(a) The department shall create and maintain a confidential registry of each individual 20 who has applied for and received a registry identification card as a qualifying patient or a designated 21 caregiver in accordance with the provisions of this chapter. Each entry in the registry shall contain 22 the qualifying patient's or designated caregiver's name, mailing address, date of birth, date of 23 registry identification card issuance, effective date of registry identification, date of registry 24 identification card expiration, and random 10-digit identification number[, and registry 25 identification number of the qualifying patient's designated alternative treatment center, if any]. 26 The confidential registry and the information contained in it shall be exempt from disclosure under 27 28 RSA 91-A. 28 Use of Cannabis for Therapeutic Purposes; Registry Identification Cards. Amend RSA 126-29 X:4, XI(b)(5) to read as follows: 30 (5) Counsel for the department may notify law enforcement officials about falsified 31 or fraudulent information submitted to the department where counsel has [made a legal 32 determination that there is probable cause] reason to believe the information is false or falsified. 33
 - (b) The form and content of providers' written certifications, including the administrative process for tracking extensions pursuant to RSA 126-X:4, I.

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read as follows:

29 Use of Cannabis for Therapeutic Purposes; Departmental Rules. Amend RSA 126-X:6, I(b) to

SB 162-FN - AS AMENDED BY THE SENATE

1	30 Use of Cannabis for Therapeutic Purposes; Alternative Treatment Centers. Amend RSA 126-
2	X:8, VII(a) to read as follows:
3	(a) Records of the disposal of cannabis that is not distributed by the alternative
4	treatment center to qualifying patients [who have designated the alternative treatment center to
5	eultivate for them].
6	31 Use of Cannabis for Therapeutic Purposes; Alternative Treatment Centers. Amend RSA 126-
7	X:8, XV(a)-(b) to read as follows:
8	XV.(a) An alternative treatment center shall not possess or cultivate cannabis in excess of
9	the following quantities:
10	(1) Eighty cannabis plants, 160 seedlings, and 80 ounces of usable cannabis, or 6
11	ounces of usable cannabis per qualifying patient; and
12	(2) Three mature cannabis plants, 12 seedlings, and 6 ounces for each qualifying
13	patient [who has designated the alternative treatment center to provide him or her with cannabis for
14	therapeutic use] registered as a qualifying patient under this chapter.
15	(b) An alternative treatment center or alternative treatment center agent shall not
16	dispense, deliver, or otherwise transfer cannabis to any person or entity other than:
17	(1) A qualifying patient [who has designated the relevant alternative treatment
18	eenter]; or
19	(2) Such patient's designated caregiver; or
20	(3) Another alternative treatment center.
21	32 Repeal. The following are repealed:
22	I. RSA 126-X:4, I(g), relative to patients designating an alternative treatment center.
23	II. RSA 126-X:4, Π (e), relative to street address of the alternative treatment center.
24	III. RSA 126-X:4, IX(e), relative to failure of a qualifying patient or designated caregiver for
25	providing changes to name, address or designated caregiver.
26	IV. RSA 126-X:6, I(e), relative to departmental rules regarding certain fines.
27	33 New Hampshire Granite Advantage Health Care Trust Fund. Amend RSA 126-AA;3, I(e)-(f)
28	to read as follows:
29	(e) Funds received from the assessment under RSA 404-G; [and]
30	(f) Revenue from the Medicaid enhancement tax to meet the requirements
31	provided in RSA 167:64; and
32	(g) Funds recovered or returnable to the fund that were originally spent on the cost of
33	coverage of the granite advantage health care program.
34	34 Repeal. RSA 126-A:70 and 71, relative to administration of epinephrine, are repealed.
35	35 Communicable Disease; Mosquito Control Fund. Amend RSA 141-C:25, I to read as follows:
36	I. There is hereby established a nonlapsing and continually appropriated mosquito control

fund to assist cities, towns, and mosquito control districts by providing funding for the purpose of

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- offsetting the cost of mosquito control activities including, but not limited to, the purchase and application of chemical pesticides. The purpose of the fund is to provide financial assistance, when needed, to cities, towns, and mosquito control districts engaging in mosquito control and abatement activities in response to a declared threat to the public health. [Any balance remaining in the mosquito control fund at the close of the fiscal year ending June 30, 2009 shall lapse to the general fund.]
 - 36 Sanitary Production and Distribution of Food; Shellfish Certificate Fees. Amend RSA 143:11, III to read as follows:

- III. There is hereby established in the state treasury the public health services special fund, which shall be kept separate and distinct from all other funds. The fund shall be nonlapsing and continually appropriated to the department of health and human services. All fees collected under this subdivision shall be forwarded to the state treasurer. The state treasurer who shall credit all [moneys received under this subdivision,] such moneys and interest received on such money, to [a special] the fund from which [he] the department of health and human services shall pay all the expenses of the department incident to the administration of this subdivision. [This fund shall not lapse.]
- 37 Sanitary Production and Distribution of Food; Shellfish Certificate Fees. Amend RSA 143:22-a to read as follows:
- 143:22-a Shellfish Certificate Fees. The commissioner of the department of health and human services shall prescribe and collect fees for certificates for establishments which process or pack shellfish. Such fees shall be in accordance with rules adopted under RSA 541-A. All fees collected under this subdivision shall be forwarded to the state treasurer to be deposited in the [general-fund] public health services special fund established in RSA 143:11. The department of health and human services shall use such funds to pay expenses of the department incident to the administration of this subdivision.
 - 38 Food Service Licensure; Application. Amend RSA 143-A:6, VI to read as follows:
- VI. From the amounts collected by the commissioner under paragraph V, up to \$300,000 each fiscal year may be included in the state biennial operating budget as restricted revenue to support the activities required in this chapter. The state treasurer shall credit all moneys received under this paragraph, and interest received on such money, to the public health services special fund, established under RSA 143:11, from which the department shall pay expenses incident to the administration of this chapter.
 - 39 Nursing Home Administrators; Patient Accounts. Amend RSA 151-A:15, I to read as follows:
- I. If within 30 days after the date of a testate or intestate patient's death in any nursing home no petition for probate has been filed under any section of RSA 553 and the gross value of the personal property remaining at the nursing home belonging to the deceased, including any amount left in a patient account, is no more than [\$5,000] \$10,000, the nursing home administrator shall file

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- 1 in the probate court in the county where the nursing home is located an affidavit for the purpose of
- 2 disposing of such deceased patient's estate. The form of the affidavit, and the rules governing
- 3 proceedings under this section, shall be provided by the probate court pursuant to RSA 547:33. The
- 4 nursing home administrator shall not file a death certificate with the probate court, but shall attest
- 5 to the death in the affidavit. If the nursing home patient died testate and if the nursing home
- 6 administrator has the will or a copy of the will, the nursing home administrator shall file the same
- 7 in the probate court in the county where the nursing home is located. The probate court shall waive
- . 8 all filing fees.
- 9 40 Applicability. Section 39 of this act shall apply to affidavits filed on or after the effective date
- 10 of this section.
- 11 41 Repeal. RSA 151-E:11, II, relative to an annual report on the utilization of non-nursing home
- 12 services, is repealed.
- 13 42 Protective Services to Adults; Reports of Adult Abuse. Amend the introductory paragraph of
- 14 RSA 161-F:46 to read as follows:
- Any person, including, but not limited to, physicians, other health care professionals, social
- 16 workers, clergy, and law enforcement officials, suspecting or believing in good faith that any adult
- 17 who is or who is suspected to be vulnerable, at the time of the incident, has been subjected to
- abuse, neglect, self-neglect, or exploitation or is, or was living in hazardous conditions shall report
- 19 or cause a report to be made as follows:
- 20 43 Repeal. The following are repealed:
- 21 I. RSA 161-F:64, relative to an annual report on review of homemaker services.
- 22 II. RSA 161-I:4, VI, relative to reports regarding the home and community-based care
- 23 waiver for the elderly and chronically ill.
- 24 III. RSA 165:20-c, relative to liability for support and reimbursement from the state.
- 25 IV. RSA 165:35, relative to rulemaking for forms and claims for reimbursement from the
- 26 state.
- V. RSA 167:3-j. III, relative to semi-annual reports on net savings realized for aid to the
- 28 permanently and totally disabled grants.
- 29 44 Aid to Assisted Persons; Expense of General Assistance. Amend RSA 165:2-a to read as
- 30 follows:
- 31 165:2-a Expense of General Assistance. The financial responsibility for general assistance for
- 32 assisted persons shall be the responsibility of the town or city in which the person making
- 33 application resides, except as otherwise provided in RSA 165:1-c [and 165:20-e].
- 34 45 Public Assistance; Financial Disclosure by Applicants and Recipients. Amend RSA 167:4-a,
- 35 VI to read as follows:
- 36 VI. The department, in coordination with financial institutions doing business in the state,
- 37 may develop and operate a data match system, using automated data exchanges to the maximum

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extent feasible, in which each financial institution is required to provide, when requested by the department and subject to reasonable reimbursement as set forth in Public Law 110-252, up to 5 years of information regarding the name, record address, social security number or other taxpayer identification number, monthly account balance, and other identifying information for each applicant or recipient who maintains an account at the financial institution, as identified by the department by name and social security number or other taxpayer identification number. The system shall be based on a cost-effective search algorithm and shall include means to assure compliance with the [The department shall -provide a status report regarding the provisions of this section. implementation of the data match system to the oversight committee on health and human services, established in RSA 126-A:13, on or before November 1, 2010, and annually thereafter, until implementation has been fully completed. The report shall summarize the department's findings and recommendations to date, including savings generated by both incremental asset identification and the time and labor associated with the process, the feedback and reactions of applicants and recipients, any barriers to implementation, anticipated future actions, and the department's assessment of the relative success of the project.]

46 New Section; Child Protection Act; Investigatory Interviews and Evaluations. Amend RSA 169-C by inserting after section 12-f the following new section:

169-C:12-g Investigatory Interviews and Evaluations. The court may order a parent, guardian, custodian, or other caregiver to produce a child for the purpose of an investigatory interview, including a multidisciplinary team interview in accordance with RSA 169-C:34-a or an interview or evaluation by any other expert necessary for the purpose of the investigation of suspected abuse or neglect.

47 Child Protection Act; Central Registry. Amend RSA 169-C:35, II to read as follows:

II. Upon receipt by the department of a written request and verified proof of identity, an individual shall be informed by the department whether that individual's name is listed in the founded reports maintained in the central registry. It shall be unlawful for any employer other than those providing services pursuant to RSA 169-B, RSA 169-C, RSA 169-D, and RSA 135-C, and those specified in RSA 170-E [and], RSA 170-G:8-c, and RSA 171-A to require as a condition of employment that the employee submit his or her name for review against the central registry of founded reports of abuse and neglect. Any violation of this provision shall be punishable as a violation.

48 Interstate Compact for the Placement of Children. RSA 170-A is repealed and reenacted to read as follows:

CHAPTER 170-A INTERSTATE COMPACT FOR THE PLACEMENT OF CHILDREN

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170-A:1 Interstate Compact for the Placement of Children. On the effective date of this chapter,
based upon the enactment of the Interstate Compact for the Placement of Children into law by the
thirty-fifth compacting state, the governor is authorized and directed to execute a compact on behalf
of this state with any other state or states legally joining therein in the form substantially as follows:
ARTICLE I
Purpose
The purpose of this Interstate Compact for the Placement of Children is to:
I. Provide a process through which children subject to this compact are placed in safe and
suitable homes in a timely manner.
II. Facilitate ongoing supervision of a placement, the delivery of services, and
communication between the states.
III. Provide operating procedures that will ensure that children are placed in safe and
suitable homes in a timely manner.
IV. Provide for the promulgation and enforcement of administrative rules implementing the
provisions of this compact and regulating the covered activities of the member states.
V. Provide for uniform data collection and information sharing between member states
under this compact.
VI. Promote coordination between this compact, the Interstate Compact for Juveniles, the
Interstate Compact on Adoption and Medical Assistance, and other compacts affecting the placement
of and which provide services to children otherwise subject to this compact.
VII. Provide for a state's continuing legal jurisdiction and responsibility for placement and
care of a child that it would have had if the placement were intrastate.
VIII. Provide for the promulgation of guidelines, in collaboration with Indian tribes, for
interstate cases involving Indian children as is or may be permitted by federal law.
ARTICLE II
Definitions
As used in this compact:
I. "Approved placement" means the public child-placing agency in the receiving state has
determined that the placement is both safe and suitable for the child.
II. "Assessment" means an evaluation of a prospective placement by a public child-placing
agency in the receiving state to determine if the placement meets the individualized needs of the
child, including, but not limited to, the child's safety and stability, health and well-being, and
mental, emotional, and physical development. An assessment is only applicable to a placement by a
public child-placing agency.
III. "Child" means an individual who has not attained the age of 18.
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1	V. "Default" means the failure of a member state to perform the obligations or
2	responsibilities imposed upon it by this compact or the bylaws or rules of the Interstate Commission.
3	VI. "Home study" means an evaluation of a home environment conducted in accordance with
4	the applicable requirements of the state in which the home is located and that documents the
5	preparation and the suitability of the placement resource for placement of a child in accordance with
6	the laws and requirements of the state in which the home is located.
7	VII. "Indian tribe" means any Indian tribe, band, nation, or other organized group or
8	community of Indians recognized as eligible for services provided to Indians by the Secretary of the
9	Interior because of their status as Indians, including any Alaskan native village as defined in section
10	3(c) of the Alaska Native Claims Settlement Act, 43 U.S.C. section 1602(c).
11	VIII. "Interstate Commission for the Placement of Children" means the commission that is
12	created under Article VIII of this compact and which is generally referred to as the "Interstate
13	Commission."
14	IX. "Jurisdiction" means the power and authority of a court to hear and decide matters.
15	X. "Legal risk placement" or "legal risk adoption" means a placement made preliminary to
16	an adoption where the prospective adoptive parents acknowledge in writing that a child can be
17	ordered returned to the sending state or the birth mother's state of residence, if different from the
18	sending state, and a final decree of adoption shall not be entered in any jurisdiction until al
19	required consents are obtained or are dispensed with in accordance with applicable law.
20	XI. "Member state" means a state that has enacted this compact.
21	XII. "Noncustodial parent" means a person who, at the time of the commencement of cour
22	proceedings in the sending state, does not have sole legal custody of the child or has joint legal
23	custody of a child, and who is not the subject of allegations or findings of child abuse or neglect.
24	XIII. "Nonmember state" means a state which has not enacted this compact.
25	XIV. "Notice of residential placement" means information regarding a placement into
26	residential facility provided to the receiving state, including, but not limited to, the name, date, and
27	place of birth of the child, the identity and address of the parent or legal guardian, evidence of
28	authority to make the placement, and the name and address of the facility in which the child will b
29	placed. Notice of residential placement shall also include information regarding a discharge and an
30	unauthorized absence from the facility.
31	XV. "Placement" means the act by a public or private child-placing agency intended t
32	arrange for the care or custody of a child in another state.
33	XVI. "Private child-placing agency" means any private corporation, agency, foundation
34	institution, or charitable organization, or any private person or attorney, that facilitates, causes, or
35	is involved in the placement of a child from one state to another and that is not an instrumentality of
36	the state or acting under color of state law.

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 XVII. "Provisional placement" means a determination made by the public child-placing agency in the receiving state that the proposed placement is safe and suitable, and, to the extent allowable, the receiving state has temporarily waived its standards or requirements otherwise applicable to prospective foster or adoptive parents so as to not delay the placement. Completion of the receiving state requirements regarding training for prospective foster or adoptive parents shall not delay an otherwise safe and suitable placement.

XVIII. "Public child-placing agency" means any government child welfare agency or child protection agency or a private entity under contract with such an agency, regardless of whether the entity acts on behalf of a state, a county, a municipality, or another governmental unit, and which facilitates, causes, or is involved in the placement of a child from one state to another.

XIX. "Receiving state" means the state to which a child is sent, brought, or caused to be sent or brought.

XX. "Relative" means someone who is related to the child as a parent, stepparent, sibling by half or whole blood or by adoption, grandparent, aunt, uncle, or first cousin or a nonrelative with such significant ties to the child that the nonrelative may be regarded as a relative as determined by the court in the sending state.

XXI. "Residential facility" means a facility providing a level of care that is sufficient to substitute for parental responsibility or foster care and that is beyond what is needed for assessment or treatment of an acute condition. For purposes of the compact, the term "residential facility" does not include institutions primarily educational in character, hospitals, or other medical facilities.

XXII. "Rule" means a written directive, mandate, standard, or principle issued by the Interstate Commission promulgated pursuant to Article XI of this compact that is of general applicability and that implements, interprets, or prescribes a policy or provision of the compact. A rule has the force and effect of an administrative rule in a member state and includes the amendment, repeal, or suspension of an existing rule.

XXIII. "Sending state" means the state from which the placement of a child is initiated.

XXIV. "Service member's permanent duty station" means the military installation where an active duty United States Armed Services member is currently assigned and is physically located under competent orders that do not specify the duty as temporary.

XXV. "Service member's state of legal residence" means the state in which the active duty United States Armed Services member is considered a resident for tax and voting purposes.

XXVI. "State" means a state of the United States, the District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, the United States Virgin Islands, Guam, American Samoa, the Northern Mariana Islands, and any other territory of the United States.

XXVII. "State court" means a judicial body of a state that is vested by law with responsibility for adjudicating cases involving abuse, neglect, deprivation, delinquency, or status offenses of individuals who have not attained the age of 18.

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1	XXVIII. "Supervision" means monitoring provided by the receiving state once a child has
2	been placed in a receiving state pursuant to this compact.
3	ARTICLE III
4	Applicability
5	I. Except as otherwise provided in paragraph II, this compact shall apply to:
6	(a) The interstate placement of a child subject to ongoing court jurisdiction in the
7	sending state, due to allegations or findings that the child has been abused, neglected, or deprived as
8	defined by the laws of the sending state; provided, however, that the placement of such a child into a
9	residential facility shall only require notice of residential placement to the receiving state prior to
10	placement.
11	(b) The interstate placement of a child adjudicated delinquent or unmanageable based
12	on the laws of the sending state and subject to ongoing court jurisdiction of the sending state if:
13	(1) The child is being placed in a residential facility in another member state and is
14	not covered under another compact; or
15	(2) The child is being placed in another member state and the determination of
16	safety and suitability of the placement and services required is not provided through another
17	compact.
18	(c) The interstate placement of any child by a public child-placing agency or private
19	child-placing agency as a preliminary step to a possible adoption.
20	II. The provisions of this compact shall not apply to:
21	(a) The interstate placement of a child in a custody proceeding in which a public child-
22	placing agency is not a party; provided, however, that the placement is not intended to effectuate an
23	adoption.
24	(b) The interstate placement of a child with a nonrelative in a receiving state by a parent
25	with the legal authority to make such a placement; provided, however, that the placement is not
26	intended to effectuate an adoption.
27	(c) The interstate placement of a child by one relative with the lawful authority to make
28	such a placement directly with a relative in a receiving state.
29	(d) The placement of a child, not subject to paragraph I, into a residential facility by his
30	or her parent.
31	(e) The placement of a child with a noncustodial parent, provided that:
32	(1) The noncustodial parent proves to the satisfaction of a court in the sending state
33	a substantial relationship with the child;
34	(2) The court in the sending state makes a written finding that placement with the

(3) The court in the sending state dismisses its jurisdiction in interstate placements in which the public child-placing agency is a party to the proceeding.

noncustodial parent is in the best interests of the child; and

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- (f) A child entering the United States from a foreign country for the purpose of adoption or leaving the United States to go to a foreign country for the purpose of adoption in that country.
- (g) Cases in which a child who is a United States citizen living overseas with his or her family, at least one of whom is in the United States Armed Services and stationed overseas, is removed and placed in a state.
- (h) The sending of a child by a public child-placing agency or a private child-placing agency for a visit as defined by the rules of the Interstate Commission.
- III. For purposes of determining the applicability of this compact to the placement of a child with a family member in the United States Armed Services, the public child-placing agency or private child-placing agency may choose the state of the service member's permanent duty station or the service member's declared legal residence.
- IV. Nothing in this compact shall be construed to prohibit the concurrent application of the provisions of this compact with other applicable interstate compacts, including the Interstate Compact for Juveniles and the Interstate Compact on Adoption and Medical Assistance. Interstate Commission may, in cooperation with other interstate compact commissions having responsibility for the interstate movement, placement, or transfer of children, promulgate similar rules to ensure the coordination of services, timely placement of children, and reduction of unnecessary or duplicative administrative or procedural requirements.

19 ARTICLE IV 20

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Jurisdiction

- I. Except as provided in Article IV, paragraph VIII, and Article V, subparagraph II(b) and (c), concerning private and independent adoptions, and in interstate placements in which the public child-placing agency is not a party to a custody proceeding, the sending state shall retain jurisdiction over a child with respect to all matters of custody and disposition of the child which it would have had if the child had remained in the sending state. Such jurisdiction shall also include the power to order the return of the child to the sending state.
- II. When an issue of child protection or custody is brought before a court in the receiving state, such court shall confer with the court of the sending state to determine the most appropriate forum for adjudication.
- III. In cases that are before courts and subject to this compact, the taking of testimony for hearings before any judicial officer may occur in person or by telephone, audio-video conference, or such other means as approved by the rules of the Interstate Commission, and judicial officers may communicate with other judicial officers and persons involved in the interstate process as may be permitted by their code of judicial conduct and any rules promulgated by the Interstate Commission.
- IV. In accordance with its own laws, the court in the sending state shall have authority to terminate its jurisdiction if:

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1	(a) The child is reunified with the parent in the receiving state who is the subject of
2	allegations or findings of abuse or neglect, only with the concurrence of the public child-placing
3	agency in the receiving state;
4	(b) The child is adopted;
5	(c) The child reaches the age of majority under the laws of the sending state;
6	(d) The child achieves legal independence pursuant to the laws of the sending state;
7	(e) A guardianship is created by a court in the receiving state with the concurrence of
8	the court in the sending state;
9	(f) An Indian tribe has petitioned for and received jurisdiction from the court in the
10	sending state; or
11	(g) The public child-placing agency of the sending state requests termination and has
12	obtained the concurrence of the public child-placing agency in the receiving state.
13	V. When a sending state court terminates its jurisdiction, the receiving state child-placing
14	agency shall be notified.
15	VI. Nothing in this article shall defeat a claim of jurisdiction by a receiving state court
16	sufficient to deal with an act of truancy, delinquency, crime, or behavior involving a child as defined
17	by the laws of the receiving state committed by the child in the receiving state which would be a
18	violation of its laws.
19	VII. Nothing in this article shall limit the receiving state's ability to take emergency
20	jurisdiction for the protection of the child.
21	VIII. The substantive laws of the state in which an adoption will be finalized shall solely
22	govern all issues relating to the adoption of the child, and the court in which the adoption proceeding
23	is filed shall have subject matter jurisdiction regarding all substantive issues relating to the
24	adoption, except:
25	(a) When the child is a ward of another court that established jurisdiction over the child
26	prior to the placement;
27	(b) When the child is in the legal custody of a public agency in the sending state; or
28	(c) When a court in the sending state has otherwise appropriately assumed jurisdiction
29	over the child prior to the submission of the request for approval of placement.
30	IX. A final decree of adoption shall not be entered in any jurisdiction until the placement is
31	authorized as an "approved placement" by the public child-placing agency in the receiving state.
32	ARTICLE V
33	Placement Evaluation
34	I. Prior to sending, bringing, or causing a child to be sent or brought into a receiving state,
35	the public child-placing agency shall provide a written request for assessment to the receiving state.

II. For placements by a private child-placing agency, a child may be sent or brought, or

caused to be sent or brought, into a receiving state upon receipt and immediate review of the

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required content in a request for approval of a placement in both the sending and receiving state public child-placing agencies. The required content to accompany a request for approval shall include all of the following:

- (a) A request for approval identifying the child, the birth parents, the prospective adoptive parents, and the supervising agency, signed by the person requesting approval.
- (b) The appropriate consents or relinquishments signed by the birth parents in accordance with the laws of the sending state or, where permitted, the laws of the state where the adoption will be finalized.
- (c) Certification by a licensed attorney or authorized agent of a private adoption agency that the consent or relinquishment is in compliance with the applicable laws of the sending state or, where permitted, the laws of the state where finalization of the adoption will occur.
 - (d) A home study.

- (e) An acknowledgment of legal risk signed by the prospective adoptive parents.
- III. The sending state and the receiving state may request additional information or documents prior to finalization of an approved placement, but they may not delay travel by the prospective adoptive parents with the child if the required content for approval has been submitted, received, and reviewed by the public child-placing agency in both the sending state and the receiving state.
- IV. Approval from the public child-placing agency in the receiving state for a provisional or
 approved placement is required as provided for in the rules of the Interstate Commission.
 - V. The procedures for making the request for an assessment shall contain all information and be in such form as provided for in the rules of the Interstate Commission.
 - VI. Upon receipt of a request from the public child-placing agency of the sending state, the receiving state shall initiate an assessment of the proposed placement to determine its safety and suitability. If the proposed placement is a placement with a relative, the public child-placing agency of the sending state may request a determination for a provisional placement.
 - VII. The public child-placing agency in the receiving state may request from the public childplacing agency or the private child-placing agency in the sending state, and shall be entitled to receive, supporting or additional information necessary to complete the assessment or approve the placement.
 - VIII. The public child-placing agency in the receiving state shall approve a provisional placement and complete or arrange for the completion of the assessment within the timeframes established by the rules of the Interstate Commission.
 - IX. For a placement by a private child-placing agency, the sending state shall not impose any additional requirements to complete the home study that are not required by the receiving state, unless the adoption is finalized in the sending state.

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1	X. The Interstate Commission may develop uniform standards for the assessment of the
2	safety and suitability of interstate placements.
3	ARTICLE VI
4	Placement Authority
5	I. Except as otherwise provided in this compact, no child subject to this compact shall be
6 、	placed in a receiving state until approval for such placement is obtained.
7	II. If the public child-placing agency in the receiving state does not approve the proposed
8	placement, then the child shall not be placed. The receiving state shall provide written
9	documentation of any such determination in accordance with the rules promulgated by the
LO	Interstate Commission. Such determination is not subject to judicial review in the sending state.
L1	· III. If the proposed placement is not approved, any interested party shall have standing to
12	seek an administrative review of the receiving state's determination.
13	(a) The administrative review and any further judicial review associated with the
14	determination shall be conducted in the receiving state pursuant to its applicable administrative
15	procedures act.
16	(b) If a determination not to approve the placement of the child in the receiving state is
L 7	overturned upon review, the placement shall be deemed approved; provided, however, that all
18	administrative or judicial remedies have been exhausted or the time for such remedies has passed.
19	ARTICLE VII
20	Placing Agency Responsibility
21	I. For the interstate placement of a child made by a public child-placing agency or state
22	court:
23	(a) The public child-placing agency in the sending state shall have financial
24	responsibility for:
25	(1) The ongoing support and maintenance for the child during the period of the
2Ġ	placement, unless otherwise provided for in the receiving state; and
27	(2) As determined by the public child-placing agency in the sending state, services
28	for the child beyond the public services for which the child is eligible in the receiving state.
29	(b) The receiving state shall only have financial responsibility for:
30	(1) Any assessment conducted by the receiving state; and
31	(2) Supervision conducted, by the receiving state at the level necessary to support the
32	placement as agreed upon by the public child-placing agencies of the receiving and sending states.
33	(c) Nothing in this section shall prohibit public child-placing agencies in the sending
34	state from entering into agreements with licensed agencies or persons in the receiving state to
35	conduct assessments and provide supervision.
36	II. For the placement of a child by a private child-placing agency preliminary to a possible
37	adoption, the private child-placing agency shall be:

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- Page 19 -(a) Legally responsible for the child during the period of placement as provided for in the law of the sending state until the finalization of the adoption. (b) Financially responsible for the child absent a contractual agreement to the contrary. III. The public child-placing agency in the receiving state shall provide timely assessments, as provided for in the rules of the Interstate Commission. IV. The public child-placing agency in the receiving state shall provide, or arrange for the provision of, supervision and services for the child, including timely reports, during the period of the placement. V. Nothing in this compact shall be construed to limit the authority of the public childplacing agency in the receiving state from contracting with a licensed agency or person in the receiving state for an assessment or the provision of supervision or services for the child or otherwise authorizing the provision of supervision or services by a licensed agency during the period of placement. VI. Each member state shall provide for coordination among its branches of government concerning the state's participation in and compliance with the compact and Interstate Commission activities through the creation of an advisory council or use of an existing body or board. Each member state shall establish a central state compact office which shall be responsible for state compliance with the compact and the rules of the Interstate Commission. VIII. The public child-placing agency in the sending state shall oversee compliance with the provisions of the Indian Child Welfare Act, 25 U.S.C. section 1901 et seq., for placements subject to the provisions of this compact, prior to placement. With the consent of the Interstate Commission, states may enter into limited IX. agreements that facilitate the timely assessment and provision of services and supervision of placements under this compact. ARTICLE VIII Interstate Commission for the Placement of Children The member states hereby establish, by way of this compact, a commission known as the "Interstate Commission for the Placement of Children." The activities of the Interstate Commission are the formation of public policy and are a discretionary state function. The Interstate Commission shall: I. Be a joint commission of the member states and shall have the responsibilities, powers, and duties set forth herein and such additional powers as may be conferred upon it by subsequent concurrent action of the respective legislatures of the member states. II. Consist of one commissioner from each member state who shall be appointed by the executive head of the state human services administration with ultimate responsibility for the child welfare program. The appointed commissioner shall have the legal authority to vote on policyrelated matters governed by this compact binding the state.

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(a) Each member state represented at a meeting of the Interstate Commission is entitled 1 2 to one vote. (b) A majority of the member states shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of 3 business, unless a larger quorum is required by the bylaws of the Interstate Commission. 4 5 (c) A representative shall not delegate a vote to another member state. 6 (d) A representative may delegate voting authority to another person from that state for 7 a specified meeting. III. Include, in addition to the commissioners of each member state, persons who are 8 members of interested organizations as defined in the bylaws or rules of the Interstate Commission. 9 Such members shall be ex officio and shall not be entitled to vote on any matter before the Interstate 10 11 Commission. 12 IV. Establish an executive committee which shall have the authority to administer the day-13 to-day operations and administration of the Interstate Commission. The executive committee shall 14 not have the power to engage in rulemaking. ARTICLE IX 15 Powers and Duties of the Interstate Commission 16 17 The Interstate Commission shall have the following powers: 18 I. To promulgate rules and take all necessary actions to effect the goals, purposes, and 19 obligations as enumerated in this compact. 20 II. To provide for dispute resolution among member states. 21 III. To issue, upon request of a member state, advisory opinions concerning the meaning or 22 interpretation of the interstate compact, its bylaws, rules, or actions. 23 To enforce compliance with this compact or the bylaws or rules of the Interstate 24 Commission pursuant to Article XII. 25 V. Collect standardized data concerning the interstate placement of children subject to this compact as directed through its rules, which shall specify the data to be collected, the means of 26 27 collection and data exchange, and reporting requirements. 28 VI. To establish and maintain offices as may be necessary for the transacting of its business. 29 VII. To purchase and maintain insurance and bonds. 30 VIII. To hire or contract for services of personnel or consultants as necessary to carry out its functions under the compact and establish personnel qualification policies and rates of 31 32 compensation. IX. To establish and appoint committees and officers, including, but not limited to, an

X. To accept any and all donations and grants of money, equipment, supplies, materials, and services, and to receive, utilize, and dispose thereof.

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executive committee as required by Article X.

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1	XI. To lease, purchase, accept contributions or donations of, or otherwise to own, hold,
2	improve, or use any property, real, personal, or mixed.
3	XII. To sell, convey, mortgage, pledge, lease, exchange, abandon, or otherwise dispose of any
4	property, real, personal, or mixed.
5	XIII. To establish a budget and make expenditures.
6	XIV. To adopt a seal and bylaws governing the management and operation of the Interstate
7	Commission.
8	XV. To report annually to the legislatures, the governors, the judiciary, and the state
9	advisory councils of the member states concerning the activities of the Interstate Commission during
10	the preceding year. Such reports shall also include any recommendations that may have been
11	adopted by the Interstate Commission.
12	XVI. To coordinate and provide education, training, and public awareness regarding the
13	interstate movement of children for officials involved in such activity.
14	XVII. To maintain books and records in accordance with the bylaws of the Interstate
15	Commission.
16	XVIII. To perform such functions as may be necessary or appropriate to achieve the
17	purposes of this compact.
18	ARTICLE X
19	Organization and Operation of the Interstate Commission
20	I. Organization.
21	(a) Within 12 months after the first Interstate Commission meeting, the Interstate
22	Commission shall adopt rules to govern its conduct as may be necessary or appropriate to carry out
23	the purposes of the compact.
24	(b) The Interstate Commission's rules shall establish conditions and procedures under
25	which the Interstate Commission shall make its information and official records available to the
26	public for inspection or copying.
27	II. Meetings.
28	(a) The Interstate Commission shall meet at least once each calendar year. The
29	chairperson may call additional meetings and, upon the request of a simple majority of the member
30	states, shall call additional meetings.
31	(b) Public notice shall be given by the Interstate Commission of all meetings, and all
32	meetings shall be open to the public.
33	(c) The bylaws may provide for meetings of the Interstate Commission to be conducted
34	by telecommunication or other electronic communication.
35	III. Officers and staff.
36	(a) The Interstate Commission may, through its executive committee, appoint or retain a

staff director for such period, upon such terms and conditions, and for such compensation as the

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- Interstate Commission may deem appropriate. The staff director shall serve as secretary to the Interstate Commission but shall not have a vote. The staff director may hire and supervise such other staff as may be authorized by the Interstate Commission.
- (b) The Interstate Commission shall elect, from among its members, a chairperson and a vice chairperson of the executive committee, and other necessary officers, each of whom shall have such authority and duties as may be specified in the bylaws.
 - IV. Qualified immunity, defense, and indemnification.

- (a) The Interstate Commission's staff director and its employees shall be immune from suit and liability, either personally or in their official capacity, for a claim for damage to or loss of property or personal injury or other civil liability caused or arising out of or relating to an actual or alleged act, error, or omission that occurred or that such person had a reasonable basis for believing occurred within the scope of Interstate Commission employment, duties, or responsibilities; provided, however, that such person shall not be protected from suit or liability for damage, loss, injury, or liability caused by a criminal act or the intentional or willful and wanton misconduct of such person.
- (b)(1) The liability of the Interstate Commission's staff director and employees or Interstate Commission representatives, acting within the scope of such person's employment or duties, for acts, errors, or omissions occurring within such person's state may not exceed the limits of liability set forth under the Constitution and laws of that state for state officials, employees, and agents. The Interstate Commission is considered to be an instrumentality of the states for the purposes of any such action. Nothing in this subsection shall be construed to protect such person from suit or liability for damage, loss, injury, or liability caused by a criminal act or the intentional or willful and wanton misconduct of such person.
- (2) The Interstate Commission shall defend the staff director and its employees and, subject to the approval of the attorney general or other appropriate legal counsel of the member state, shall defend the commissioner of a member state in a civil action seeking to impose liability arising out of an actual or alleged act, error, or omission that occurred within the scope of Interstate Commission employment, duties, or responsibilities, or that the defendant had a reasonable basis for believing occurred within the scope of Interstate Commission employment, duties, or responsibilities; provided, however, that the actual or alleged act, error, or omission did not result from intentional or willful and wanton misconduct on the part of such person.
- (3) To the extent not covered by the state involved, a member state, or the Interstate Commission, the representatives or employees of the Interstate Commission shall be held harmless in the amount of a settlement or judgment, including attorney's fees and costs, obtained against such persons arising out of an actual or alleged act, error, or omission that occurred within the scope of Interstate Commission employment, duties, or responsibilities, or that such persons had a reasonable basis for believing occurred within the scope of Interstate Commission employment,

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the members during the first meeting.

duties, or responsibilities; provided, however, that the actual or alleged act, error, or omission did not result from intentional or willful and wanton misconduct on the part of such persons. ARTICLE XI Rulemaking Functions of the Interstate Commission I. The Interstate Commission shall promulgate and publish rules in order to effectively and efficiently achieve the purposes of the compact. II. Rulemaking shall occur pursuant to the criteria set forth in this article and the bylaws and rules adopted pursuant thereto. Such rulemaking shall substantially conform to the principles of the "Model State Administrative Procedures Act," 1981 Act, Uniform Laws Annotated, Vol. 15, p. 1 (2000), or such other administrative procedure acts as the Interstate Commission deems appropriate, consistent with due process requirements under the United States Constitution as now or hereafter interpreted by the United States Supreme Court. All rules and amendments shall become binding as of the date specified, as published with the final version of the rule as approved by the Interstate Commission. III. When promulgating a rule, the Interstate Commission shall, at a minimum: (a) Publish the proposed rule's entire text stating the reasons for that proposed rule; (b) Allow and invite any and all persons to submit written data, facts, opinions, and arguments, which information shall be added to the record and made publicly available; and (c) Promulgate a final rule and its effective date, if appropriate, based on input from state or local officials or interested parties. IV. Rules promulgated by the Interstate Commission shall have the force and effect of administrative rules and shall be binding in the compacting states to the extent and in the manner provided for in this compact. V. Not later than 60 days after a rule is promulgated, an interested person may file a petition in the United States District Court for the District of Columbia or in the federal district court where the Interstate Commission's principal office is located for judicial review of such rule. If the court finds that the Interstate Commission's action is not supported by substantial evidence in the rulemaking record, the court shall hold the rule unlawful and set it aside. VI. If a majority of the legislatures of the member states rejects a rule, those states may by enactment of a statute or resolution in the same manner used to adopt the compact cause that such rule shall have no further force and effect in any member state. VII. The existing rules governing the operation of the Interstate Compact on the Placement

VIII. Within the first 12 months of operation, the Interstate Commission shall promulgate rules addressing the following:

of Children superseded by this act shall be null and void no less than 12 months but no more than 24

months after the first meeting of the Interstate Commission created hereunder, as determined by

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1	(a) Transition rules.
2	(b) Forms and procedures.
3	(c) Timelines.
4	(d) Data collection and reporting.
5	(e) Rulemaking.
6	(f) Visitation.
7	(g) Progress reports and supervision.
8	(h) Sharing of information and confidentiality.
9	(i) Financing of the Interstate Commission.
10	(j) Mediation, arbitration, and dispute resolution.
11	(k) Education, training, and technical assistance.
12	(l) Enforcement.
13	(m) Coordination with other interstate compacts.
14	IX. Upon determination by a majority of the members of the Interstate Commission that an
15	emergency exists:
16	(a) The Interstate Commission may promulgate an emergency rule only if it is required
17	to:
18	(1) Protect the children covered by this compact from an imminent threat to their
19	health, safety, and well-being;
20	(2) Prevent loss of federal or state funds; or
21	(3) Meet a deadline for the promulgation of an administrative rule required by
22	federal law.
23	(b) An emergency rule shall become effective immediately upon adoption, provided that
24	the usual rulemaking procedures provided hereunder shall be retroactively applied to the emergency
25	rule as soon as reasonably possible, but no later than 90 days after the effective date of the
26	emergency rule.
2 7	(c) An emergency rule shall be promulgated as provided for in the rules of the Interstate
28	Commission.
29	ARTICLE XII
30	Oversight, Dispute Resolution, and Enforcement
31	I. Oversight.
32	(a) The Interstate Commission shall oversee the administration and operation of the
33	compact.
34	(b) The executive, legislative, and judicial branches of state government in each member
35	state shall enforce this compact and the rules of the Interstate Commission and shall take all actions
36	necessary and appropriate to effectuate the compact's purposes and intent. The compact and its

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- Page 25 rules shall be binding in the compacting states to the extent and in the manner provided for in this 1 2 compact. (c) All courts shall take judicial notice of the compact and the rules in any judicial or 3 administrative proceeding in a member state pertaining to the subject matter of this compact. 4 (d) The Interstate Commission shall be entitled to receive service of process in any 5 action in which the validity of a compact provision or rule is the issue for which a judicial 6 7 determination has been sought and shall have standing to intervene in any proceedings. Failure to provide service of process to the Interstate Commission shall render any judgment, order, or other 8 determination, however so captioned or classified, void as to this compact, its bylaws, or rules of the 9 10 Interstate Commission. 11 II. Dispute resolution. 12 (a) The Interstate Commission shall attempt, upon the request of a member state, to 13 resolve disputes which are subject to the compact and which may arise among member states and 14 between member and nonmember states. (b) The Interstate Commission shall promulgate a rule providing for both mediation and 15 binding dispute resolution for disputes among compacting states. The costs of such mediation or 16 17 dispute resolution shall be the responsibility of the parties to the dispute. 18 Enforcement. If the Interstate Commission determines that a member state has 19 defaulted in the performance of its obligations or responsibilities under this compact, its bylaws, or 20 rules of the Interstate Commission, the Interstate Commission may: 21 (a) Provide remedial training and specific technical assistance; 22 (b) Provide written notice to the defaulting state and other member states of the nature 23 of the default and the means of curing the default. The Interstate Commission shall specify the 24 conditions by which the defaulting state must cure its default; 25 (c) By majority vote of the members, initiate against a defaulting member state legal action in the United States District Court for the District of Columbia or, at the discretion of the 26 Interstate Commission, in the federal district where the Interstate Commission has its principal 27 28 office, to enforce compliance with the provisions of the compact, its bylaws, or rules of the Interstate 29 Commission. The relief sought may include both injunctive relief and damages. In the event judicial

ARTICLE XIII

enforcement is necessary, the prevailing party shall be awarded all costs of such litigation including

(d) Avail itself of any other remedies available under state law or the regulation of

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reasonable attorney's fees; or

official or professional conduct.

Financing of the Commission

I. The Interstate Commission shall pay, or provide for the payment of, the reasonable expenses of its establishment, organization, and ongoing activities.

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II. The Interstate Commission may levy on and collect an annual assessment from each
member state to cover the cost of the operations and activities of the Interstate Commission and its
staff, which must be in a total amount sufficient to cover the Interstate Commission's annual budget
as approved by its members each year. The aggregate annual assessment amount shall be allocated
based upon a formula to be determined by the Interstate Commission, which shall promulgate a rule
binding upon all member states.
III. The Interstate Commission shall not incur obligations of any kind prior to securing the
funds adequate to meet those obligations, nor shall the Interstate Commission pledge the credit of
any of the member states, except by and with the authority of the member state.
IV. The Interstate Commission shall keep accurate accounts of all receipts and
disbursements. The receipts and disbursements of the Interstate Commission shall be subject to the
audit and accounting procedures established under its bylaws. However, all receipts and
disbursements of funds handled by the Interstate Commission shall be audited yearly by a certified
or licensed public accountant, and the report of the audit shall be included in and become part of the
annual report of the Interstate Commission.
ARTICLE XIV
Member States, Effective Date, and Amendment
I. Any state is eligible to become a member state.
II. The compact shall become effective and binding upon legislative enactment of the
compact into law by no less than 35 states. The effective date shall be the later of July 1, 2007, or
upon enactment of the compact into law by the thirty-fifth state. Thereafter, it shall become
effective and binding as to any other member state upon enactment of the compact into law by that
state. The executive heads of the state human services administration with ultimate responsibility
for the child welfare program of nonmember states or their designees shall be invited to participate
in the activities of the Interstate Commission on a nonvoting basis prior to adoption of the compact
by all states.
III. The Interstate Commission may propose amendments to the compact for enactment by
the member states. No amendment shall become effective and binding on the member states unless
and until it is enacted into law by unanimous consent of the member states.
ARTICLE XV
Withdrawal and Dissolution
I. Withdrawal.
(a) Once effective, the compact shall continue in force and remain binding upon each and
every member state, provided that a member state may withdraw from the compact by specifically
repealing the statute which enacted the compact into law.

(b) Withdrawal from this compact shall be by the enactment of a statute repealing the compact. The effective date of withdrawal shall be the effective date of the repeal of the statute.

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(c) The withdrawing state shall immediately notify the president of the Interstate
Commission in writing upon the introduction of legislation repealing this compact in the
withdrawing state. The Interstate Commission shall then notify the other member states of the
withdrawing state's intent to withdraw.
(d) The withdrawing state is responsible for all assessments, obligations, and liabilities
incurred through the effective date of withdrawal.
(e) Reinstatement following withdrawal of a member state shall occur upon the
withdrawing state reenacting the compact or upon such later date as determined by the members of
the Interstate Commission.
II. Dissolution of compact.
(a) This compact shall dissolve effective upon the date of the withdrawal or default of the
member state which reduces the membership in the compact to one member state.
(b) Upon the dissolution of this compact, the compact becomes null and void and shall be
of no further force or effect, and the business and affairs of the Interstate Commission shall be
concluded and surplus funds shall be distributed in accordance with the bylaws.
ARTICLE XVI
Severability and Construction
I. The provisions of this compact shall be severable, and, if any phrase, clause, sentence, or
provision is deemed unenforceable, the remaining provisions of the compact shall be enforceable.
II. The provisions of this compact shall be liberally construed to effectuate its purposes.
III. Nothing in this compact shall be construed to prohibit the concurrent applicability of
other interstate compacts to which the states are members.
ARTICLE XVII
Binding Effect of Compact and Other Laws
I. Other laws. Nothing in this compact prevents the enforcement of any other law of a
member state that is not inconsistent with this compact.
II. Binding effect of the compact.
(a) All lawful actions of the Interstate Commission are binding upon the member states.
(b) All agreements between the Interstate Commission and the member states are
binding in accordance with their terms.
(c) In the event any provision of this compact exceeds the constitutional limits imposed
on the legislature or executive branch of any member state, such provision shall be ineffective to the
extent of the conflict with the constitutional provision in question in that member state.
ARTICLE XVIII
Indian Tribes
Notwithstanding any other provision in this compact, the Interstate Commission may promulgate
guidelines to permit Indian tribes to utilize the compact to achieve any or all of the nurposes of the

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compact as specified in Article I. The Interstate Commission shall make reasonable efforts to consult with Indian tribes in promulgating guidelines to reflect the diverse circumstances of the various Indian tribes.

49 Adoption; Assessment. Amend RSA 170-B:18, IV to read as follows:

- IV. The department or a licensed child-placing agency making the required assessment may request other departments or licensed child-placing agencies within or outside this state to make the assessment or designated portions thereof as may be appropriate. Where such written assessments are made, a written report shall be filed with the court; provided, however, said report shall not violate RSA 170-A, the interstate compact [en] for the placement of children.
- 50 Applicability Sections 48-49 of this act, relative to the 2009 edition of the Interstate Compact for the Placement of Children, shall take effect on the date that the commissioner of the department of health and human services certifies to the director of the office of legislative services and the secretary of state that 35 compacting states, including New Hampshire, have enacted the 2009 edition of the Interstate Compact for the Placement of Children.
- 51 Child Day Care Licensing; Definitions RSA 170-E:2, IV(g) is repealed and reenacted to read as follows:
- (g) "School-age program" means a child day care agency providing child day care before or after, or before and after, regular school hours, and all day any time school is not in session, for 6 or more children enrolled in school, who are 4 years and 8 months of age or older, and which is not licensed under RSA 170-E:56. The number of children shall include all children present during the period of the program, including those children related to the caregiver.
- 52 New Section; Residential Care and Child-Placing Agency Licensing; Deemed Licensed. Amend RSA 170-E by inserting after section 31 the following new section:
- 170-E:31-a Deemed Licensed. Any qualified residential treatment program accredited by organizations as specified in Title 42 of the Social Security Act, 42 U.S.C. section 672(k)(4)(G), as amended, shall submit a completed license application or renewal application. Such child care institutions and child care agencies defined as group homes, specialized care, or homeless youth programs, shall be deemed licensed under this subdivision and shall be exempt from inspections carried out under RSA 170-E:31, IV. This section shall only apply to the activities or portions of the facility or agency accredited under Title 42 of the Social Security Act, 42 U.S.C. section 672(k)(4)(G), as amended.
- 53 Recreation Camp Licensing; Availability of Epinephrine Auto-Injector. Amend RSA 170-E:61 to read as follows:
- 170-E:61 Availability of Epinephrine Auto-Injector. The recreational camp nurse or, if a nurse is not assigned to the camp, the recreational camp administrator shall maintain for the use of a child with severe allergies at least one epinephrine auto-injector, provided by the child or the child's parent or guardian, [in-the-nurse's office or in-a similarly accessible location] which shall be

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readily accessible to the recreational camp staff caring for children requiring such medications.

54 New Section; Recreation Camp Licensing; Availability of Asthma Inhalers. Amend RSA 170-E by inserting after section 63 the following new section:

170-E:63-a Availability of Asthma Inhalers. The recreational camp nurse or, if a nurse is not assigned to the camp, the recreational camp administrator shall maintain for the use of a child with asthma at least one metered dose inhaler or a dry powder inhaler, provided by the child or the child's parent or guardian, which shall be readily accessible to the recreational camp staff caring for children requiring such medications.

55 New Paragraph; Services for Children, Youth, and Families; Peer Support Program. Amend RSA 170-G:3 by inserting after paragraph VII the following new paragraph:

VIII. The commissioner may establish a confidential peer support program for the purpose of providing critical incident stress management and crisis intervention services for staff exposed to critical incidents and trauma through the course of their employment.

(a) In this section:

- (1) "Critical incident" means any incident that has a high emotional impact on the responders, or is beyond the realm of a person's usual experience that overwhelms his or her sense of vulnerability and/or lack of control over the situation.
- (2) "Critical incident stress" means a normal reaction to an abnormal event that has the potential to interfere with normal functioning and that results from the response to a critical incident or long-term occupational exposure to a series of critical incident responses over a period of time that are believed to be causing debilitating stress that is affecting an emergency service provider and his or her work performance or family situation. This may include, but is not limited to, physical and emotional illness, failure of usual coping mechanisms, loss of interest in the job, personality changes, or loss of ability to function.
- (3) "Critical incident stress management" means a process of crisis intervention designed to assist employees in coping with the psychological trauma resulting from response to a critical incident.
- (4) "Critical incident stress management and crisis intervention services" means consultation, counseling, debriefing, defusing, intervention services, management, prevention, and referral provided by a critical incident stress management team member.
- (5) "Critical incident stress management team" or "team" means the group of one or more trained volunteers, including members of peer support groups who offer critical incident stress management and crisis intervention services following a critical incident or long term or continued, debilitating stress being experienced by employees and affecting them or their family situation.

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(6) "Critical incident stress management team member" or "team member" means an employee, including any specially trained to provide critical incident stress management and crisis intervention services as a member of an organized team.

- (7) "Debriefing" means a closed, confidential discussion of a critical incident relating to the feelings and perceptions of those directly involved prior to, during, and after a stressful event. It is intended to provide support, education, and an outlet for associated views and feelings. Debriefings do not provide counseling or an operational critique of the incident.
- (b)(1) Any information divulged to the team or a team member during the provision of critical incident stress management and crisis intervention services shall be kept confidential and shall not be disclosed to a third party or in a criminal, civil, or administrative proceeding. Records kept by critical incident stress management team members are not subject to subpoena, discovery, or introduction into evidence in a criminal, civil, or administrative action. Except as provided in subparagraph (c), no person, whether critical incident stress management team member or team leader providing or receiving critical incident stress management and crisis intervention services, shall be required to testify or divulge any information obtained solely through such crisis intervention.
- (2) In any civil action against any individual, or the department, including the state of New Hampshire, arising out of the conduct of a member of such team, this section is not intended and shall not be admissible to establish negligence in any instance where requirements herein are higher than the standard of care that would otherwise have been applicable in such action under state law.
 - (c) A communication shall not be deemed confidential pursuant to this section if:
- (1) The communication indicates the existence of a danger to the individual who receives critical incident stress management and crisis intervention services or to any other person or persons;
- (2) The communication indicates the existence of past child abuse or neglect of the individual, abuse of an adult as defined by law, or family violence as defined by law; or
- (3) The communication indicates the existence of a danger to the individual who receives critical incident stress management and crisis intervention services or to any other person or persons.
- 56 New Paragraph; Services for Children, Youth, and Families; Procurement Model for Services. Amend RSA 170-G:4-d by inserting after paragraph I the following new paragraph:
- I-a. The commissioner shall employ a procurement model for administering the provision of therapeutic-based residential behavioral health treatment services provided pursuant to RSA 170-G and RSA 135-F. All contracts shall incorporate the use of trauma-focused models of care. In cases where the unique needs of a juvenile or the capacity of a contracted provider prevent the use of a contracted provider, the commissioner may approve and shall pay for placement with another

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- certified provider on a temporary basis if the commissioner determines that the placement is necessary to meet the juvenile's immediate treatment needs.
- 57 Repeal. RSA 170-G:8-b, IV, relative to an annual report of informational materials relating to missing children issues and matters, is repealed.
 - 58 Services for the Developmentally Disabled; Funding for Wait List. Amend the introductory paragraph of RSA 171-A:1-a, I to read as follows:
 - I. The department of health and human services and area agencies shall provide services to eligible persons under this chapter and persons eligible for the brain injury program under RSA 137-K in a timely manner. The department and area agencies shall provide *funding for* services in such a manner that:
 - 59 Coverage Plan for Services to Individuals with Developmental Disabilities. The department of health and human services in collaboration with the department of education, the Disability Rights Center-New Hampshire, and the representatives of the 10 area agencies shall develop a plan by October 1, 2021 that provides coverage for services to individuals with developmental disabilities aged 18-21 enrolled in school and determined eligible for developmental services that are not the responsibility of the local education agency, another state agency, or another division of the department. Such a plan shall estimate the number of eligible individuals likely to need such services, the costs of providing such services, and reimbursement mechanisms for service providers.
- 19 60 Services for the Developmentally Disabled; Wait List. Amend RSA 171-A:1-a, II to read as 20 follows:
 - II. [Beginning with the fiscal year ending June 30, 2010, and thereafter,] The department of health and human services shall incorporate *in its appropriation requests* the cost of fully funding services to eligible persons, in accordance with the requirements of paragraph I, and as otherwise required under RSA 171-A, and the legislature shall appropriate sufficient funds to meet such costs and requirements.
 - 61 Fund for Domestic Violence Grant Program. Amend RSA 173-B:15 to read as follows:
 - 173-B:15 Fund for Domestic Violence Grant Program. A special fund for domestic violence programs is established. The sole purpose of the fund shall be to provide revenues for the domestic violence program established in RSA 173-B:16, and shall not be available for any other purpose. The state treasurer shall deposit all fees received by the department under RSA 457:29, 457:32-b, and 631:2-b, V in the fund. All moneys deposited in the fund shall be continually appropriated for the purposes of the domestic violence grant program and shall not lapse.
- 33 62 Granite Workforce Program. Amend 2018, 342:9, as amended by 2019, 346:158, to read as 34 follows:
- 35 342:9 Termination of Granite Workforce Program.

I. The commissioner of the department of health and human services shall be responsible for determining, every 3 months commencing no later than December 31, 2018, whether available TANF

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- reserve funds total at least \$5,000,000. If at any time the commissioner determines that available TANF reserve funds have fallen below \$5,000,000, the commissioners of the departments of health and human services and employment security shall, within 20 business days of such determination, terminate the granite workforce program. The commissioners shall notify the governor, the speaker of the house of representatives, the president of the senate, the chairperson of the fiscal committee of the general court, and granite workforce participants of the program's pending termination. The commissioners shall have the discretion to limit granite workforce program services based
 - II. If at any time the New Hampshire granite advantage health care program, established under RSA 126-AA, terminates, the commissioners of the departments of health and human services and employment security shall terminate the granite workforce program. The date of the granite workforce program's termination shall align with that of the New Hampshire granite advantage health care program.
 - III. If the work and community engagement waiver is held invalid, or is not approved, or is withdrawn by the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services, the granite workforce program shall be suspended until such time that the work and community engagement waiver is approved or revalidated.
- 18 63 Health Facility Licensure; Effective Dates Amended. Amend 2020, 39:72, V-VI to read as 19 follows:
 - V. Sections 55-57[, 64-67, and 69] and 64 of this act shall take effect July 1, 2020.
- VI. Sections 5[7] and 60[7] and 68[7] of this act shall take effect July 1, 2021.

on the availability of appropriated, available, or reserve funds.

- 22 64 Milk Sanitation Code; Terms Defined. Amend RSA 184:79, XIII to read as follows:
 - XIII. The term "milk plant" means any place, premises, or establishment where milk or milk products are collected, handled, processed, stored, pasteurized, bottled, packaged, or prepared for distribution, except an establishment where milk or milk products are sold at retail only. This term shall include wash stations where milk tank trucks are cleaned and sanitized.
 - 65 Milk Sanitation Code; License Fees. Amend RSA 184:85, IV to read as follows:
 - IV. All fees collected under this section shall be forwarded to the state treasurer. The state treasurer shall credit all moneys received under this section, and interest received on such money, to [a] the public health services special fund established in RSA 143:11, from which [he] the department shall pay all the expenses of the department incident to the licensing and regulation of milk plants, milk distributors and milk producer-distributors. [This fund shall not lapse.]
 - 66 New Subdivision; Administration of Epinephrine. Amend RSA 329 by inserting after section 1-g the following new subdivision:

Administration of Epinephrine

- 36 329:1-h Administration of Epinephrine.
- 37 I. In this section:

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SB 162-FN - AS AMENDED BY THE SENATE - Page 33 -

(a) "Administer" means the direct application of an epinephrine auto-injector to the body of an individual.

- (b) "Authorized entity" means any entity or organization in which allergens capable of causing anaphylaxis may be present, including recreation camps and day care facilities. Authorized entity shall not include an elementary or secondary school or a postsecondary educational institution eligible to establish policies and guidelines for the emergency administration of epinephrine under RSA 200-N.
- (c) "Epinephrine auto-injector" means a single-use device used for the automatic injection of a premeasured dose of epinephrine into the human body.
- (d) "Health care practitioner" means a person who is lawfully entitled to prescribe, administer, dispense, or distribute controlled drugs.
 - (e) "Provide" means to furnish one or more epinephrine auto-injectors to an individual.
- II. A health care practitioner may prescribe epinephrine auto-injectors in the name of an authorized entity for use in accordance with this section, and pharmacists and health care practitioners may dispense epinephrine auto-injectors pursuant to a prescription issued in the name of an authorized entity.
- III. An authorized entity may acquire and maintain a supply of epinephrine auto-injectors pursuant to a prescription issued in accordance with this section. Such epinephrine auto-injectors shall be stored in a location readily accessible in an emergency and in accordance with the instructions for use, and any additional requirements that may be established by board of medicine. An authorized entity shall designate employees or agents who have completed the training required by paragraph V to be responsible for the storage, maintenance, control, and general oversight of epinephrine auto-injectors acquired by the authorized entity.
- IV. An employee or agent of an authorized entity, or other individual, who has completed the training required by paragraph V may use epinephrine auto-injectors prescribed pursuant to this section to:
- (a) Provide an epinephrine auto-injector to any individual who the employee agent or other individual believes in good faith is experiencing anaphylaxis, or the parent, guardian, or caregiver of such individual, for immediate administration, regardless of whether the individual has a prescription for an epinephrine auto-injector or has previously been diagnosed with an allergy.
- (b) Administer an epinephrine auto-injector to any individual who the employee, agent, or other individual believes in good faith is experiencing anaphylaxis, regardless of whether the individual has a prescription for an epinephrine auto-injector or has previously been diagnosed with an allergy.
- V.(a) An employee, agent, or other individual described in paragraph IV shall complete an anaphylaxis training program at least every 2 years, following completion of the initial anaphylaxis training program. Such training shall be conducted by a nationally-recognized organization

SB 162-FN - AS AMENDED BY THE SENATE - Page 34 -

- experienced in training unlicensed persons in emergency health care treatment or an entity or individual approved by the board of medicine. Training may be conducted online or in person and, at a minimum, shall cover:
- 4 (1) How to recognize signs and symptoms of severe allergic reactions, including 5 anaphylaxis;
 - (2) Standards and procedures for the storage and administration of an epinephrine auto-injector; and
 - (3) Emergency follow-up procedures.

(b) The entity or individual that conducts the training shall issue a certificate, on a form developed or approved by the board of medicine to each person who successfully completes the anaphylaxis training program.

VI. No authorized entity that possesses and makes available epinephrine auto-injectors and its employees, agents, and other individuals, or health care practitioner that prescribes or dispenses epinephrine auto-injectors to an authorized entity, or pharmacist or health care practitioner that dispenses epinephrine auto-injectors to an authorized entity, or individual or entity that conducts the training described in paragraph V, shall be liable for any injuries or related damages that result from any act or omission pursuant to this section, unless such injury or damage is the result of willful or wanton misconduct. The administration of an epinephrine auto-injector in accordance with this section shall not be considered to be the practice of medicine or any other profession that otherwise requires licensure. This section shall not be construed to eliminate, limit, or reduce any other immunity or defense that may be available under state law. An entity located in this state shall not be liable for any injuries or related damages that result from the provision or administration of an epinephrine auto-injector outside of this state if the entity would not have been liable for such injuries or related damages and the provision or administration occurred within this state, or is not liable for such injuries or related damages under the law of the state in which such provision or administration occurred.

67 Guardians and Conservators; Termination of Guardianship. Amend RSA 464-A:40, V(a) to read as follows:

V.(a) If, within 30 days after the date of a testate or intestate ward's death, no petition for probate has been filed under any section of RSA 553 and the gross value of the personal property remaining in the possession of the guardian belonging to the deceased, including any amount left in designated accounts for the ward, is no more than [\$5,000] \$10,000, the guardian may file in the probate court in the county having jurisdiction over the guardianship an affidavit for the purpose of disposing of such deceased ward's estate. Once approved by the court, the guardian shall be authorized to dispose of the ward's accounts in a manner consistent with the court's order. The form of the affidavit, and the rules governing proceedings under this section, shall be provided by the probate court pursuant to RSA 547:33.

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68 Custody and Escheat of Unclaimed or Abandoned Property; Filing of Claim. Amend RSA 1 2 471-C:26, I(c)(2)-(3) to read as follows: (2) Except as provided in subparagraphs (5)-(7), in the case of a closed estate where 3 the unclaimed property is valued at less than [\$5,000] \$10,000 and does not include securities in 4 share form, in accordance with the final distribution of assets as approved by the probate court. 5 (3) Except as provided in subparagraphs (5)-(7), in the absence of an open estate or 6 probate court decree of final distribution, and the unclaimed property is valued at less than [\$5,000] 7 \$10,000 and does not include securities in share form, by the surviving spouse of the deceased 8 owner, or, if there is no surviving spouse, then to the next of kin in accordance with the provisions of 9 10 RSA 561:1. 69 Applicability. Sections 67-68 of this act shall apply to affidavits or claims filed on or after the 11 effective date of this section. 1270 New Subparagraph; New Hampshire Retirement System; Definitions. Amend RSA 100-A:1, 13 14 VII by inserting after subparagraph (g) the following new subparagraph: (h) The bureau chief for emergency preparedness and response with the department of 15 health and human services, division of health public services who: 16 (1) Has the authority and responsibility to engage in the prevention and control of 17 public health incidents or emergencies; 18 (2) As a job requirement is fully certified as an emergency preparedness official 19 qualified to administer emergency planning, response and recovery activities in the event of natural 20 disasters, public health crises or similar incidents; and 21 (3) As a job requirement shall meet all physical, mental, educational, and other 22 qualifications for continuing certification as an emergency preparedness official that may be 23 24 established by the certifying authority. 71 Department of Health and Human Services; Plan for Legislation. The department of health 25 and human services shall consult with representatives of case management agencies and providers 26 to discuss potential licensure of case managers and present a plan for draft legislation to the speaker 27 of the house of representatives and the senate president by November 1, 2021. 28 72 Effective Date. 29 30 I. Sections 48-49 of this act shall take effect as provided in section 50 of this act. II. Sections 3-4, 6, 10, 12-32, and 70 of this act shall take effect 60 days after its passage. 31

III. Sections 39-40 and 67-69 of this act shall take effect July 1, 2021.

IV. The remainder of this act shall take effect upon its passage.

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SB 162-FN- FISCAL NOTE

AS AMENDED BY THE SENATE (AMENDMENTS #2021-0778s and #2021-0850s)

AN ACT

relative to the department of health and human services, the New Hampshire granite advantage health care trust fund, and health facility licensure.

FISCAL IMPACT:

[X] State

[] County

[] Local

[] None

Estimated Increase / (Decrease)				
STATE:	FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023	FY 2024
Appropriation	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Revenue	Indeterminable	Indeterminable	Indeterminable	Indeterminable
Expenditures	Indeterminable	Indeterminable	Indeter <u>minable</u>	Indeterminable
Funding Source:	[X] General	[] Education	[] Highway	[X] Other

METHODOLOGY:

This bill amends several provisions relative to programs administered by the Department of Health and Human Services (DHHS) as summarized below. DHHS and other affected agencies anticipated no fiscal impact unless otherwise specified.

- Sections 1, 2, 7, 35-38, 61 and 65 all relate to a DHHS internal project to review dedicated funds administered by the agency and identify statutory gaps, aligning funds for specific programs and application of receipts to a specific corresponding treasury account in RSA 6:12, I(b). Funds that have been identified for this statutory "clean-up" exercise include: the fund for Domestic Violence Grant Program, the Public Health Services Special Fund, Radiological Health Programs, and the Mosquito Control Fund.
- Sections 3 aligns the working and legal title for the unclassified director of Medicaid enterprise development.
- Section 4 eliminates certain qualifiers for three unclassified associate commissioner
 to provide greater flexibility for the DHHS Commissioner to align these positions as
 needed to certain programmatic areas as the agency evolves to create greater
 efficiencies.
- Section 5 requires an emergency services plan. DHHS expects no fiscal impact.

- Sections 6, 10, and 70 authorize DHHS to recruit prospective candidates from Group II retirement, without the candidate losing Group II status, for the position of bureau chief for emergency preparedness and response with the DHHS Division of Public Health Services. The New Hampshire Retirement System states that since the extension of Group II status will affect only one position, the fiscal impact of this provision will likely be minimal.
- Section 8 amends the DHHS ombudsman's authority to focus responsibilities to servicing clients and eliminating the reference to "employees" where support is provided through the employee assistance program and existing personnel process through human resources.
- Sections 9, 41, 43, 45, and 57 eliminate redundant, outdated, and unnecessary reporting requirements, and DHHS consequently anticipates an indeterminable decease in demand on agency staff and personnel resources.
- Section 11 repeals RSA 126-A:50 through RSA 126-A:59, RSA 126-A:61, and RSA 126-A:63, relative to the housing security guarantee program and related treasury fund where DHHS funds housing support services through another funding mechanism.
- Sections 12-32 makes numerous technical revisions to the statutes related to the DHHS Therapeutic Cannabis Program under RSA 126-X.
- Section 33 amends RSA 126-AA;3, I, to authorize Medicaid enhancement tax (MET) funds be deposited into the Granite Advantage Health Care Program Trust Fund for certain purposes. Specifically, the funds will be used for the limited purpose of funding the Granite Advantage Health Care Program member portion of provider payments, in the form of directed payments, payable to critical access hospitals as outlined in RSA 167:64 (as amended by HB 1817, Chapter 162:32 Laws of 2018).
- Sections 39, 40 and 67-68 relate to increasing the jurisdiction limits from \$5,000 to \$10,000 for probate administration of estates that have minimal assets. These sections are anticipated to reduce demands on DHHS estate recoveries unit staffing resources in an indeterminable amount.
- Section 42 amends RSA 161-F:46 to authorize a report to the DHHS adult protective services central registry in circumstances where the vulnerable adult is no longer

living. Current law has been interpreted to only allow reports in cases where the vulnerable adult is living at the time of the investigation and finding of abuse or neglect.

- Sections 42 (paragraph III) and 44 relate to the repeal of RSA 165:20-c relative to the DHHS liability to municipalities for reimbursement of certain cash benefits in the event the agency fails to timely process an application for eligible benefits from the agency. The reimbursement is capped at an aggregate of \$100,000 annually for municipalities making such a claim. DHHS notes that since the law has been in effect that there have only been inquiries from certain municipalities on RSA 165:20-c, however, no claims have been filed with DHHS as of this date. Therefore, the fiscal impact of this section is indeterminable with the greatest exposure for recovery of \$100,000 against DHHS in any given year.
- Section 46 establishes a new RSA 169-C:12-f I, providing that the court may order a
 parent, guardian, custodian, or other caregiver to produce a child for the purpose of
 an investigatory interview, including a multidisciplinary team interview in
 accordance with RSA 169-C:34-a or an interview or evaluation by any other expert
 necessary for the purpose of the investigation of suspected abuse or neglect. DHHS
 assumes that it will absorb any cost within existing staffing and administrative
 resources.
- Section 47 is follow-up legislation from HB 1162 (2020) that expands the type of employers permitted to require that employees submit their names to the child abuse and neglect central registry as a condition of employment to include those residential settings providing developmental services under RSA 171-A.
- Sections 48-50 enacts the 2009 edition of the Interstate Compact on Child Placement, contingent upon its enactment in 34 other states. The Judicial Branch anticipates that the fiscal impact will be minor if the Interstate Compact on Child Placement is implemented.
- Section 51 repeals and reenacts the definition of "school-age program" under child care licensing found at RSA 170-E:2, IV(g) to read as follows: "(g) "School-age program" means a child day care agency providing child day care before or after, or before and after, regular school hours, and all day any time school is not in session, for 6 or more children enrolled in school, who are 4 years and 11 months of age or older, and which is not licensed under RSA 170-E:56. The number of children shall

include all children present during the period of the program, including those children related to the caregiver."

- Section 52 provides that qualified residential treatment programs accredited under federal law shall be deemed licensed under RSA 170-E. This section required pursuant to Social Security Act, 42 U.S.C. section 672(k)(4)(G), as amended. DHHS anticipates the fiscal impact for this section is indeterminable.
- Sections 53 and 54 provides that summer camps licensed by DHHS shall have asthma inhalers and epi-pens immediately accessible under RSA 170-E.
- Section 55 authorizes the DHHS Commissioner to establish a confidential peer support program to provide stress management and crisis intervention services to staff exposed to critical incidents and trauma through the course of their employment. DHHS anticipates any cost for the proposed peer support program to be absorbed using existing resources.
- Section 56 establishes criteria governing the use of contracted providers in the DHHS child welfare program.
- Sections 58-60 require coverage plans for services to individuals with developmental disabilities. DHHS assumes no fiscal impact will result from this provision.
- Section 62 relates to the Granite Workforce Program authorizing the commissioners from Employment Security and DHHS the discretion to limit Granite Workforce Program services based on the availability of appropriated, available, or reserve funds. It also provides if the work and community engagement waiver is held invalid, or is not approved by the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services, the granite workforce program be suspended until such time that the work and community engagement waiver is approved or revalidated.
- Section 63 seeks to align the effective dates to July 1, 2020 regarding repeal of the old process and establishment of the new special health care licensing review and approval process under RSA 151:4-a.
- Section 64 amends RSA 184:79, XIII to include as part of milk sanitation to the definition of "milk plant" shall include wash stations where milk tank trucks are

cleaned and sanitized. DHHS assumes that it will absorb any cost within existing staffing and administrative resources.

Sections 65-66 transfer the responsibilities for certain training around the
administration of epinephrine in non-academic or school settings from DHHS to the
Office of Professional Licensure and Certification, Board of Medicine. DHHS
anticipates that any fiscal impact resulting from these sections would be less than
\$10,000.

AGENCIES CONTACTED:

Judicial Branch, State Treasury, Department of Health and Human Services, and New Hampshire Retirement System

SB 162-FN - AS AMENDED BY THE HOUSE

03/18/2021 0778s 03/18/2021 0850s 04/01/2021 1054s 3Jun2021... 1402h 3Jun2021... 1763h

2021 SESSION

21-0464 04/10

SENATE BILL

162-FN

AN ACT

relative to the department of health and human services, the New Hampshire granite advantage health care trust fund, and health facility licensure.

SPONSORS:

Sen. Bradley, Dist 3

COMMITTEE:

Health and Human Services

AMENDED ANALYSIS

This bill makes numerous revisions to funds, positions, and programs within the department of health and human services, including the therapeutic cannabis program; youth tobacco use; the interstate compact for the placement of children; residential care and child placement licensing procedures; availability of epinephrine auto-injectors and asthma inhalers at recreation camps; the developmentally disabled wait list; the New Hampshire granite workforce program; and child protection investigations. The bill also establishes a public health services special fund and directs certain fees to that fund to be used by the department for program oversight and establishes assessment procedures for a child placed in a qualified residential treatment program.

Explanation:

Matter added to current law appears in bold italics.

Matter removed from current law appears [in brackets and struckthrough.]

Matter which is either (a) all new or (b) repealed and reenacted appears in regular type.

SB 162-FN - AS AMENDED BY THE HOUSE

03/18/2021 0778s 03/18/2021 0850s 04/01/2021 1054s 3Jun2021... 1402h 3Jun2021... 1763h

21-0464 04/10

STATE OF NEW HAMPSHIRE

In the Year of Our Lord Two Thousand Twenty One

AN ACT

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relative to the department of health and human services, the New Hampshire granite advantage health care trust fund, and health facility licensure.

Be it Enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Court convened:

1	1 Application of Receipts; Fund for Domestic Violence Grant Program. Amend RSA 6:12,
2	I(b)(12) to read as follows:
3	(12) Moneys received under RSA 457:29, 457:32-b, and 631:2-b, V which shall be
4	credited to the special fund for domestic violence programs established in RSA 173-B:15.
5	2 Application of Receipts; Public Health Services Special Fund. Amend RSA 6:12, I(b)(15) to
6	read as follows:
7	(15) Money received under RSA 125-F:22, 143:11, 143:22-a, 143-A:6, and 184:85,
8	which shall be credited to the public health services special fund established in RSA 143:11, III.
9	3 Compensation of Certain State Officers; Health and Human Services Positions Amended.
10	Amend the following position in RSA 94:1-a, I(b), grade GG to read as follows:
11	GG Department of health and human services director of [program planning and
12	integrity] Medicaid enterprise development
13	4 Compensation of Certain State Officers; Health and Human Services Positions Amended.
14	Amend the following positions in RSA 94:1-a, I(b), grade JJ to read as follows:
15	JJ Department of health and human services associate commissioner [of human
16	services and behavioral health
17	JJ Department of health and human services associate commissioner [ef
18	operations]
19	JJ Department of health and human services associate commissioner [for
20	population health]
21	[JJ Department of health and human services associate commissioner,
22	operations
23	JJ Department of health and human services associate commissioner, population
24	health]

5 Department of Health and Human Services; Emergency Services Plan. The department of

health and human services in collaboration with all New Hampshire hospitals that operate

emergency facilities shall draft a plan to be presented to the speaker of the house of representatives,

SB 162-FN - AS AMENDED BY THE HOUSE - Page 2 -

the senate president and the governor's office by September 1, 2021 that details the necessary emergency services offered for medical treatment of both physical and behavioral health. Such a plan shall include any recommendations for future legislation or required funding to ensure sufficient physical and behavioral health services.

- 6 New Subparagraph; New Hampshire Retirement System; Definitions. Amend RSA 100-A:1, VIII by inserting after subparagraph (b) the following new subparagraph:
 - (c) The bureau chief for emergency preparedness and response with the department of health and human services, division of health public services who:
 - (1) Has the authority and responsibility to engage in the prevention and control of public health incidents or emergencies;
 - (2) As a job requirement is fully certified as an emergency preparedness official qualified to administer emergency planning, response and recovery activities in the event of natural disasters, public health crises or similar incidents; and
 - (3) As a job requirement shall meet all physical, mental, educational, and other qualifications for continuing certification as an emergency preparedness official that may be established by the certifying authority.
 - 7 Radiological Health Programs; Civil Penalties. Amend RSA 125-F:22, IV to read as follows:
 - IV. Upon request of the department of health and human services, the department of justice is authorized to institute civil action to collect a penalty imposed pursuant to this section. The attorney general shall have the exclusive power to compromise, mitigate, or remit such civil penalties as are referred to [him] the attorney general for collection. All civil penalties collected under this section shall be forwarded to the state treasurer. The state treasurer shall deposit all moneys received under this section, and interest received on such money, to the public health services special fund, [which shall be nonlapsing], established in RSA 143:11, from which the department of health and human services shall pay expenses incident to the administration of this chapter.
 - 8 Department of Health and Human Services; Office of the Ombudsman. Amend RSA 126-A:4, III to read as follows:
 - III. The department shall establish an office of the ombudsman to provide assistance to clients [and-employees] of the department by investigating and resolving complaints regarding any matter within the jurisdiction of the department including services or assistance provided by the department or its contractors. The ombudsman's office may provide mediation or other means for informally resolving complaints. The records of the ombudsman's office shall be confidential and shall not be disclosed without the consent of the client [or employee] on whose behalf the complaint is made, except as may be necessary to assist the service provider [or the employee's supervisor] to resolve the complaint, or as required by law.

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- 9 Repeal. RSA 126-A:5, II-a, relative to an annual report of an aggregate schedule of payables 1 2 for class 90 grant lines, is repealed.
- 10 New Section; Department of Health and Human Services; Status in Retirement System. 3 Amend RSA 126-A by inserting after section 5-e the following new section: 4
- 126-A:5-f Status in Retirement System. For purposes of classification under RSA 100-A, any 5 person who is or becomes the bureau chief for emergency preparedness with the department's 6 division of health public services, shall be included in the definition of group II under RSA 100-A:1, 7 VII(h) and VIII(c) under the retirement system, provided that, notwithstanding RSA 100-A:1, VII(h) 8 or VIII(c), any person not already a group II member for at least 10 years during or prior to his or 9 10 her appointment shall be eligible for or remain as a group I member for the duration of service as the
- 12 11 Repeal. The following are repealed:

bureau chief for emergency preparedness.

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- I. RSA 126-A:50 through RSA 126-A:59, RSA 126-A:61, and RSA 126-A:63, relative to the 13 14 housing security guarantee program.
- II. RSA 6:12, I(b)(255), relative to moneys deposited in the homeless housing and access 15 revolving loan fund, established in RSA 126-A:63. 16
- 17 12 Youth Access to and Use of Tobacco Products. Amend RSA 126-K:1 to read as follows:
 - 126-K:1 Purpose. The purpose of this chapter is to protect the citizens of New Hampshire from the possibility of addiction, disability, and death resulting from the use of tobacco products by ensuring that tobacco products will not be supplied to persons under the age of 21. This chapter shall not apply to alternative treatment centers registered under RSA 126-X:7 or to individuals who have been issued a registry identification card under RSA 126-X:4 only with respect to the therapeutic use of cannabis; this chapter shall still apply to alternative $treatment\ centers\ and\ these\ individuals\ with\ respect\ to\ to bacco\ products.$
- 25 13 Youth Access to and Use of Tobacco Products; Possession and Use. Amend RSA 126-K:6, I to 26 read as follows:
 - I. No person under 21 years of age shall purchase, attempt to purchase, possess, or use any tobacco product, e-cigarette, device, or e-liquid [except-individuals who have been issued a registry identification card under RSA 126-X:4 may purchase, possess and use e liquids containing cannabis and applicable devices as allowed under RSA 126 X].
- 14 Use of Cannabis for Therapeutic Purposes; Definitions. Amend RSA 126-X:1, VII(b) to read 31 . as follows:
 - (b) For a visiting qualifying patient, "provider" means an individual licensed to prescribe drugs to humans in the state of the patient's residence and who possesses an active registration from the United States Drug Enforcement Administration to prescribe controlled substances. Such visiting patient shall not be eligible to purchase or transfer cannabis from an eligible New Hampshire patient.]

SB 162-FN - AS AMENDED BY THE HOUSE - Page 4 -

- 1 Use of Cannabis for Therapeutic Purposes; Definitions. Amend RSA 126-X:1, XI to read as
 2 follows:
 3 XI. "Registry identification card" means a document indicating the date issued, effective
 4 date, and expiration date by the department pursuant to RSA 126-X:4 that identifies an individual
- 6 16 Use of Cannabis for Therapeutic Purposes; Definitions. Amend RSA 126-X:1, XVII to read as 7 follows:

as a qualifying patient or a designated caregiver.

- XVII. "Written certification" means documentation of a qualifying medical condition by a provider pursuant to rules adopted by the department pursuant to RSA 541-A for the purpose of issuing registry identification cards, after having completed a full assessment of the patient's medical history and current medical condition made in the course of a provider-patient relationship. [The date of issuance and the patient's qualifying medical condition, symptoms or side effects, the certifying provider's name, medical specialty, and signature shall be specified on the written certification.]
- 17 New Paragraph; Use of Cannabis for Therapeutic Purposes; Protections. Amend RSA 126-X:2 by inserting after paragraph XVI the following new paragraph:
- XVII. Authorized employees of the department shall not be subject to arrest by state or local law enforcement, prosecution, or penalty under state or municipal law, or search, when possessing, transporting, delivering, or transferring cannabis and cannabis infused products for the purposes of regulatory oversight related to this chapter.
- 21 18 Use of Cannabis for Therapeutic Purposes; Protections. Amend RSA 126-X:2, IX(c) to read as 22 follows:
 - (c) Deliver, transfer, supply, sell, or dispense cannabis and related supplies and educational materials to qualifying patients [who have designated the alternative treatment center to provide for them], to designated caregivers on behalf of the qualifying patients [who have designated the alternative treatment center], or to other alternative treatment centers.
 - 19 Use of Cannabis for Therapeutic Purposes; Prohibitions and Limitations on the Therapeutic Use of Cannabis. Amend RSA 126-X:3, VII-VIII to read as follows:
 - VII. The department may revoke the registry identification card of a qualifying patient or designated caregiver for violation of rules adopted by the department or for violation of any other provision of this chapter, including for obtaining more than 2 ounces of cannabis in any 10-day period in violation of RSA 126-X:8, XIII(b), and the qualifying patient or designated caregiver shall be subject to any other penalties established in law for the violation.
 - VIII. A facility caregiver shall treat cannabis in a manner similar to *controlled* prescription medications with respect to its storage, security, and administration when assisting qualifying patients with the therapeutic use of cannabis.

SB 162-FN - AS AMENDED BY THE HOUSE - Page 5 -

20 Use of Cannabis for Therapeutic Purposes; Departmental Administration. Amend RSA 126-X:4, I(a)-(b) to read as follows:

- (a) Written certification [as defined in RSA 126 X:1] which includes the date of issuance, the patient's qualifying medical condition, symptoms, or side effects, and the certifying provider's name, medical specialty, and signature. If a written certification has been previously issued for fewer than 3 years, a provider may extend the written certification, provided that the written certification shall not exceed 3 years.
- (b) An application or a renewal application accompanied by the application or renewal fee. A renewal application and fee shall not be required if the applicant receives an extension to the written certification previously issued for fewer than 3 years.
- 21 Use of Cannabis for Therapeutic Purposes; Registry Identification Cards. Amend RSA 126-12 X:4, I(e) and the introductory paragraph of I(f) to read as follows:
 - (e) Name[-address, and telephone number] of the applicant's provider.
 - (f) Name[, address,] and date of birth of the applicant's designated caregiver, if any. A qualifying patient shall have only one designated caregiver, except as follows:
 - 22 Use of Cannabis for Therapeutic Purposes; Registry Identification Cards. Amend RSA 126-X:4, Π(d) to read as follows:
 - (d) Name, residential and mailing address, and date of birth of each qualifying patient for whom the applicant will act as designated caregiver, except that if the qualifying patient is homeless, no residential address is required. [An applicant shall not act as a designated caregiver for more than 5 qualifying patients.]
 - 23 Use of Cannabis for Therapeutic Purposes; Registry Identification Cards. Amend the introductory paragraph in RSA 126-X:4, IV and RSA 126-X:4, IV(a)-(b) to read as follows:
 - IV. The department shall create and issue a registry identification card to a person applying as a qualifying patient or designated caregiver within 5 days of approving an application or renewal. Each registry identification card shall expire one year after the [date of issuance] effective date of the card, unless the provider states in the written certification that the certification should expire at an earlier [specified date] or later effective date, not to exceed 3 years, then the registry identification card shall expire on that date. Registry identification cards shall contain all of the following:
 - (a) Name, mailing address, and date of birth of the qualifying patient or designated caregiver.
- 33 (b) The date of issuance, *effective date*, and expiration date of the registry 34 identification card.
- 24 Use of Cannabis for Therapeutic Purposes; Registry Identification Cards. Amend RSA 126-36 X:4, VII(a) to read as follows:

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1	VII.(a) The department shall track the number of qualifying patients [who have designated
2	each alternative treatment center] and issue a weekly written statement to the alternative
3	treatment center identifying the number of qualifying patients [who have designated that
4	alternative treatment center] along with the registry identification numbers of each qualifying
5	patient and each qualifying patient's designated caregiver.
6	25 Use of Cannabis for Therapeutic Purposes; Registry Identification Cards. Amend RSA 126-
7	X:4, VIII to read as follows:
8	VIII. In addition to the weekly reports, the department shall also provide written notice to
9	an alternative treatment center which identifies the names and registration identification numbers
10	of a qualifying patient and his or her designated caregiver whenever [any] either of the following
11	events occur:
12	(a) A qualifying patient [designates the alternative treatment center to serve his or her
13	needs] is registered as a participating patient under this chapter; or
14	(b) [A qualifying patient revokes the designation of the alternative treatment center; or
15	(e)] A qualifying patient [who has designated the alternative treatment center] loses his
16	or her status as a qualifying patient under this chapter.
17	26 Use of Cannabis for Therapeutic Purposes; Registry Identification Cards. Amend RSA 126-
18	X:4, IX(a) to read as follows:
19	IX.(a) A qualifying patient shall notify the department before changing his or her designated
20	caregiver [or alternative treatment center].
21	27 Use of Cannabis for Therapeutic Purposes; Registry Identification Cards. Amend RSA 126-
22	X:4, XI(a) to read as follows:
23	XI.(a) The department shall create and maintain a confidential registry of each individual
24	who has applied for and received a registry identification card as a qualifying patient or a designated
25	caregiver in accordance with the provisions of this chapter. Each entry in the registry shall contain
26	the qualifying patient's or designated caregiver's name, mailing address, date of birth, date of
27	registry identification card issuance, effective date of registry identification, date of registry
2 8	identification card expiration, and random 10-digit identification number[, and registry
29	identification number of the qualifying patient's designated alternative treatment center, if any].
30	The confidential registry and the information contained in it shall be exempt from disclosure under
31	RSA 91-A.
32	28 Use of Cannabis for Therapeutic Purposes; Registry Identification Cards. Amend RSA 126-
33	X:4, XI(b)(5) to read as follows:

(5) Counsel for the department may notify law enforcement officials about falsified

or fraudulent information submitted to the department where counsel has [made a -legal

determination that there is probable cause] reason to believe the information is false or falsified.

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1	29 Use of Cannabis for Therapeutic Purposes; Departmental Rules. Amend RSA 126-X:6, I(b) to
2	read as follows:
3	(b) The form and content of providers' written certifications, including the
4	administrative process for tracking extensions pursuant to RSA 126-X:4, I.
5	30 Use of Cannabis for Therapeutic Purposes; Alternative Treatment Centers. Amend RSA 126-
6	X:8, VII(a) to read as follows:
7	(a) Records of the disposal of cannabis that is not distributed by the alternative
8	treatment center to qualifying patients [who have designated the alternative treatment center to
9	cultivate for them].
10	31 Use of Cannabis for Therapeutic Purposes; Alternative Treatment Centers. Amend RSA 126-
11	X:8, XV(a)-(b) to read as follows:
12	XV.(a) An alternative treatment center shall not possess or cultivate cannabis in excess of
13	the following quantities:
14	(1) Eighty cannabis plants, 160 seedlings, and 80 ounces of usable cannabis, or 6
15	ounces of usable cannabis per qualifying patient; and
16	(2) Three mature cannabis plants, 12 seedlings, and 6 ounces for each qualifying
17	patient [who has designated the alternative treatment center to provide him or her with cannabis for
18	therapeutic use] registered as a qualifying patient under this chapter.
19	(b) An alternative treatment center or alternative treatment center agent shall not
20	dispense, deliver, or otherwise transfer cannabis to any person or entity other than:
21	(1) A qualifying patient [who-has designated the relevant alternative treatment
22	eenter]; or
23	(2) Such patient's designated caregiver; or
24	(3) Another alternative treatment center.
25	32 Repeal. The following are repealed:
26	I. RSA 126-X:4, I(g), relative to patients designating an alternative treatment center.
27	II. RSA 126-X:4, II(e), relative to street address of the alternative treatment center.
28	III. RSA 126-X:4, IX(e), relative to failure of a qualifying patient or designated caregiver for
29	providing changes to name, address or designated caregiver.
30	IV. RSA 126-X:6, I(e), relative to departmental rules regarding certain fines.
31	33 New Hampshire Granite Advantage Health Care Trust Fund. Amend RSA 126-AA;3, I(e)-(f)
32	to read as follows:
33	(e) Funds received from the assessment under RSA 404-G; [and]
34	(f) Revenue from the Medicaid enhancement tax to meet the requirements
35	provided in RSA 167:64; and
36	(g) Funds recovered or returnable to the fund that were originally spent on the cost of

coverage of the granite advantage health care program.

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34 Repeal. RSA 126-A:70 and 71, relative to administration of epinephrine, are repealed.

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- 35 Communicable Disease; Mosquito Control Fund. Amend RSA 141-C:25, I to read as follows:
- I. There is hereby established a nonlapsing and continually appropriated mosquito control fund to assist cities, towns, and mosquito control districts by providing funding for the purpose of offsetting the cost of mosquito control activities including, but not limited to, the purchase and application of chemical pesticides. The purpose of the fund is to provide financial assistance, when needed, to cities, towns, and mosquito control districts engaging in mosquito control and abatement activities in response to a declared threat to the public health. [Any balance remaining in the mosquito control fund at the close of the fiscal year ending June 30, 2009 shall lapse to the general fund.]
- 36 Sanitary Production and Distribution of Food; Shellfish Certificate Fees. Amend RSA 12 143:11, III to read as follows:
 - III. There is hereby established in the state treasury the public health services special fund, which shall be kept separate and distinct from all other funds. The fund shall be nonlapsing and continually appropriated to the department of health and human services. All fees collected under this subdivision shall be forwarded to the state treasurer. The state treasurer who shall credit all [moneys received under this subdivision,] such moneys and interest received on such money, to [a-special] the fund from which [he] the department of health and human services shall pay all the expenses of the department incident to the administration of this subdivision. [This fund shall not lapse.]
 - 37 Sanitary Production and Distribution of Food; Shellfish Certificate Fees. Amend RSA 143:22-a to read as follows:
 - 143:22-a Shellfish Certificate Fees. The commissioner of the department of health and human services shall prescribe and collect fees for certificates for establishments which process or pack shellfish. Such fees shall be in accordance with rules adopted under RSA 541-A. All fees collected under this subdivision shall be forwarded to the state treasurer to be deposited in the [general fund] public health services special fund established in RSA 143:11. The department of health and human services shall use such funds to pay expenses of the department incident to the administration of this subdivision.
 - 38 Food Service Licensure; Application. Amend RSA 143-A:6, VI to read as follows:
 - VI. From the amounts collected by the commissioner under paragraph V, up to \$300,000 each fiscal year may be included in the state biennial operating budget as restricted revenue to support the activities required in this chapter. The state treasurer shall credit all moneys received under this paragraph, and interest received on such money, to the public health services special fund, established under RSA 143:11, from which the department shall pay expenses incident to the administration of this chapter.
 - 39 Nursing Home Administrators; Patient Accounts. Amend RSA 151-A:15, I to read as follows:

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- I. If within 30 days after the date of a testate or intestate patient's death in any nursing home no petition for probate has been filed under any section of RSA 553 and the gross value of the personal property remaining at the nursing home belonging to the deceased, including any amount left in a patient account, is no more than [\$5,000] \$10,000, the nursing home administrator shall file in the probate court in the county where the nursing home is located an affidavit for the purpose of disposing of such deceased patient's estate. The form of the affidavit, and the rules governing proceedings under this section, shall be provided by the probate court pursuant to RSA 547:33. The nursing home administrator shall not file a death certificate with the probate court, but shall attest to the death in the affidavit. If the nursing home patient died testate and if the nursing home administrator has the will or a copy of the will, the nursing home administrator shall file the same in the probate court in the county where the nursing home is located. The probate court shall waive all filing fees.
- 40 Applicability. Section 39 of this act shall apply to affidavits filed on or after the effective date of this section.
- 41 Repeal. RSA 151-E:11, II, relative to an annual report on the utilization of non-nursing home services, is repealed.
- 42 Protective Services to Adults; Reports of Adult Abuse. Amend the introductory paragraph of RSA 161-F:46 to read as follows:
 - Any person, including, but not limited to, physicians, other health care professionals, social workers, clergy, and law enforcement officials, suspecting or believing in good faith that any adult who is or who is suspected to be vulnerable, at the time of the incident, has been subjected to abuse, neglect, self-neglect, or exploitation or is, or was living in hazardous conditions shall report or cause a report to be made as follows:
 - 43 Repeal. The following are repealed:

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- RSA 161-F:64, relative to an annual report on review of homemaker services.
- 26 II. RSA 161-I:4, VI, relative to reports regarding the home and community-based care waiver for the elderly and chronically ill.
 - III. RSA 165:20-c, relative to liability for support and reimbursement from the state.
- 29 IV. RSA 165:35, relative to rulemaking for forms and claims for reimbursement from the 30 state.
- V. RSA 167:3-j, III, relative to semi-annual reports on net savings realized for aid to the permanently and totally disabled grants.
- 33 44 Aid to Assisted Persons; Expense of General Assistance. Amend RSA 165:2-a to read as 34 follows:
- 35 165:2-a Expense of General Assistance. The financial responsibility for general assistance for assisted persons shall be the responsibility of the town or city in which the person making application resides, except as otherwise provided in RSA 165:1-c [and 165:20-e].

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45 Public Assistance; Financial Disclosure by Applicants and Recipients. Amend RSA 167:4-a, VI to read as follows:

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VI. The department, in coordination with financial institutions doing business in the state, may develop and operate a data match system, using automated data exchanges to the maximum extent feasible, in which each financial institution is required to provide, when requested by the department and subject to reasonable reimbursement as set forth in Public Law 110-252, up to 5 years of information regarding the name, record address, social security number or other taxpayer identification number, monthly account balance, and other identifying information for each applicant or recipient who maintains an account at the financial institution, as identified by the department by name and social security number or other taxpayer identification number. The system shall be based on a cost-effective search algorithm and shall include means to assure compliance with the [The department shall provide a status report regarding the provisions of this section. implementation of the data match system to the oversight committee on health and human services, established in RSA 126-A:13, on or before November 1, 2010, and annually thereafter, until implementation has been fully completed. The report shall summarize the department's findings and recommendations to date, including savings generated by both incremental asset identification and the time and labor associated with the process, the feedback and reactions of applicants and recipients, any barriers to implementation, anticipated future actions, and the department's assessment of the relative success of the project.]

46 New Section; Child Protection Act; Investigatory Interviews and Evaluations. Amend RSA 169-C by inserting after section 12-f the following new section:

169-C:12-g Investigatory Interviews and Evaluations. The court may order a parent, guardian, custodian, or other caregiver to produce a child for the purpose of an investigatory interview, including a multidisciplinary team interview in accordance with RSA 169-C:34-a or an interview or evaluation by any other expert necessary for the purpose of the investigation of suspected abuse or neglect.

47 Child Protection Act; Central Registry. Amend RSA 169-C:35, II to read as follows:

II. Upon receipt by the department of a written request and verified proof of identity, an individual shall be informed by the department whether that individual's name is listed in the founded reports maintained in the central registry. It shall be unlawful for any employer other than those providing services pursuant to RSA 169-B, RSA 169-C, RSA 169-D, and RSA 135-C, and those specified in RSA 170-E [and], RSA 170-G:8-c, and RSA 171-A to require as a condition of employment that the employee submit his or her name for review against the central registry of founded reports of abuse and neglect. Any violation of this provision shall be punishable as a violation.

48 Child Day Care Licensing; Definitions RSA 170-E:2, IV(g) is repealed and reenacted to read as follows:

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(g) "School-age program" means a child day care agency providing child day care before
or after, or before and after, regular school hours, and all day any time school is not in session, for 6
or more children enrolled in school, who are 4 years and 8 months of age or older, and which is not
licensed under RSA 170-E:56. The number of children shall include all children present during the
period of the program, including those children related to the caregiver.

- 49 New Section; Residential Care and Child-Placing Agency Licensing; Deemed Licensed. Amend RSA 170-E by inserting after section 31 the following new section:
- 170-E:31-a Deemed Licensed. Any qualified residential treatment program accredited by organizations as specified in Title 42 of the Social Security Act, 42 U.S.C. section 672(k)(4)(G), as amended, shall submit a completed license application or renewal application. Such child care institutions and child care agencies defined as group homes, specialized care, or homeless youth programs, shall be deemed licensed under this subdivision and shall be exempt from inspections carried out under RSA 170-E:31, IV. This section shall only apply to the activities or portions of the facility or agency accredited under Title 42 of the Social Security Act, 42 U.S.C. section 672(k)(4)(G), as amended.
- 50 Recreation Camp Licensing; Availability of Epinephrine Auto-Injector. Amend RSA 170-E:61 to read as follows:
- 170-E:61 Availability of Epinephrine Auto-Injector. The recreational camp nurse or, if a nurse is not assigned to the camp, the recreational camp administrator shall maintain for the use of a child with severe allergies at least one epinephrine auto-injector, provided by the child or the child's parent or guardian, [in the nurse's office or in a similarly accessible location] which shall be readily accessible to the recreational camp staff caring for children requiring such medications.
- 51 New Section; Recreation Camp Licensing; Availability of Asthma Inhalers. Amend RSA 170-E by inserting after section 63 the following new section:
- 170-E:63-a Availability of Asthma Inhalers. The recreational camp nurse or, if a nurse is not assigned to the camp, the recreational camp administrator shall maintain for the use of a child with asthma at least one metered dose inhaler or a dry powder inhaler, provided by the child or the child's parent or guardian, which shall be readily accessible to the recreational camp staff caring for children requiring such medications.
- 52 New Paragraph; Services for Children, Youth, and Families; Peer Support Program. Amend RSA 170-G:3 by inserting after paragraph VII the following new paragraph:
- VIII. The commissioner may establish a confidential peer support program for the purpose of providing critical incident stress management and crisis intervention services for staff exposed to critical incidents and trauma through the course of their employment.
 - (a) In this section:

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(1) "Critical incident" means any incident that has a high emotional impact on the responders, or is beyond the realm of a person's usual experience that overwhelms his or her sense of vulnerability and/or lack of control over the situation.

- (2) "Critical incident stress" means a normal reaction to an abnormal event that has the potential to interfere with normal functioning and that results from the response to a critical incident or long-term occupational exposure to a series of critical incident responses over a period of time that are believed to be causing debilitating stress that is affecting an emergency service provider and his or her work performance or family situation. This may include, but is not limited to, physical and emotional illness, failure of usual coping mechanisms, loss of interest in the job, personality changes, or loss of ability to function.
- (3) "Critical incident stress management" means a process of crisis intervention designed to assist employees in coping with the psychological trauma resulting from response to a critical incident.
- (4) "Critical incident stress management and crisis intervention services" means consultation, counseling, debriefing, defusing, intervention services, management, prevention, and referral provided by a critical incident stress management team member.
- (5) "Critical incident stress management team" or "team" means the group of one or more trained volunteers, including members of peer support groups who offer critical incident stress management and crisis intervention services following a critical incident or long term or continued, debilitating stress being experienced by employees and affecting them or their family situation.
- (6) "Critical incident stress management team member" or "team member" means an employee, including any specially trained to provide critical incident stress management and crisis intervention services as a member of an organized team.
- (7) "Debriefing" means a closed, confidential discussion of a critical incident relating to the feelings and perceptions of those directly involved prior to, during, and after a stressful event. It is intended to provide support, education, and an outlet for associated views and feelings. Debriefings do not provide counseling or an operational critique of the incident.
- (b)(1) Any information divulged to the team or a team member during the provision of critical incident stress management and crisis intervention services shall be kept confidential and shall not be disclosed to a third party or in a criminal, civil, or administrative proceeding. Records kept by critical incident stress management team members are not subject to subpoena, discovery, or introduction into evidence in a criminal, civil, or administrative action. Except as provided in subparagraph (c), no person, whether critical incident stress management team member or team leader providing or receiving critical incident stress management and crisis intervention services, shall be required to testify or divulge any information obtained solely through such crisis intervention.

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- (2) In any civil action against any individual, or the department, including the state of New Hampshire, arising out of the conduct of a member of such team, this section is not intended and shall not be admissible to establish negligence in any instance where requirements herein are higher than the standard of care that would otherwise have been applicable in such action under state law.
 - (c) A communication shall not be deemed confidential pursuant to this section if:
- (1) The communication indicates the existence of a danger to the individual who receives critical incident stress management and crisis intervention services or to any other person or persons;
- (2) The communication indicates the existence of past child abuse or neglect of the individual, abuse of an adult as defined by law, or family violence as defined by law; or
- (3) The communication indicates the existence of a danger to the individual who receives critical incident stress management and crisis intervention services or to any other person or persons.
- 53 New Paragraph; Services for Children, Youth, and Families; Procurement Model for Services. Amend RSA 170-G:4-d by inserting after paragraph I the following new paragraph:
- I-a. The commissioner shall employ a procurement model for administering the provision of therapeutic-based residential behavioral health treatment services provided pursuant to RSA 170-G and RSA 135-F. All contracts shall incorporate the use of trauma-focused models of care. In cases where the unique needs of a juvenile or the capacity of a contracted provider prevent the use of a contracted provider, the commissioner may approve and shall pay for placement with another certified provider on a temporary basis if the commissioner determines that the placement is necessary to meet the juvenile's immediate treatment needs.
- 54 Repeal. RSA 170-G:8-b, IV, relative to an annual report of informational materials relating to missing children issues and matters, is repealed.
- 55 Services for the Developmentally Disabled; Funding for Wait List. Amend the introductory paragraph of RSA 171-A:1-a, I to read as follows:
- I. The department of health and human services and area agencies shall provide services to eligible persons under this chapter and persons eligible for the brain injury program under RSA 137-K in a timely manner. The department and area agencies shall provide *funding for* services in such a manner that:
- 56 Coverage Plan for Services to Individuals with Developmental Disabilities. The department of health and human services in collaboration with the department of education, the Disability Rights Center-New Hampshire, and the representatives of the 10 area agencies shall develop a plan by October 1, 2021 that provides coverage for services to individuals with developmental disabilities aged 18-21 enrolled in school and determined eligible for developmental services that are not the responsibility of the local education agency, another state agency, or another division of the

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- department. Such a plan shall estimate the number of eligible individuals likely to need such services, the costs of providing such services, and reimbursement mechanisms for service providers.
- 57 Services for the Developmentally Disabled; Wait List. Amend RSA 171-A:1-a, II to read as follows:
 - II. [Beginning with the fiscal year ending June 30, 2010, and thereafter,] The department of health and human services shall incorporate in its appropriation requests the cost of fully funding services to eligible persons, in accordance with the requirements of paragraph I, and as otherwise required under RSA 171-A, and the legislature shall appropriate sufficient funds to meet such costs and requirements.
 - 58 Fund for Domestic Violence Grant Program. Amend RSA 173-B:15 to read as follows:
 - 173-B:15 Fund for Domestic Violence Grant Program. A special fund for domestic violence programs is established. The sole purpose of the fund shall be to provide revenues for the domestic violence program established in RSA 173-B:16, and shall not be available for any other purpose. The state treasurer shall deposit all fees received by the department under RSA 457:29, 457:32-b, and 631:2-b, V in the fund. All moneys deposited in the fund shall be continually appropriated for the purposes of the domestic violence grant program and shall not lapse.
- 59 Granite Workforce Program. Amend 2018, 342:9, as amended by 2019, 346:158, to read as follows:
 - 342:9 Termination of Granite Workforce Program.

- I. The commissioner of the department of health and human services shall be responsible for determining, every 3 months commencing no later than December 31, 2018, whether available TANF reserve funds total at least \$5,000,000. If at any time the commissioner determines that available TANF reserve funds have fallen below \$5,000,000, the commissioners of the departments of health and human services and employment security shall, within 20 business days of such determination, terminate the granite workforce program. The commissioners shall notify the governor, the speaker of the house of representatives, the president of the senate, the chairperson of the fiscal committee of the general court, and granite workforce participants of the program's pending termination. The commissioners shall have the discretion to limit granite workforce program services based on the availability of appropriated, available, or reserve funds.
- II. If at any time the New Hampshire granite advantage health care program, established under RSA 126-AA, terminates, the commissioners of the departments of health and human services and employment security shall terminate the granite workforce program. The date of the granite workforce program's termination shall align with that of the New Hampshire granite advantage health care program.
- III. If the work and community engagement waiver is held invalid, or is not approved, or is withdrawn by the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services, the granite

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workforce program shall be suspended until such time that the work and community 1 2 engagement waiver is approved or revalidated. 60 Health Facility Licensure; Effective Dates Amended. Amend 2020, 39:72, V-VI to read as 3 4 follows: V. Sections 55-57[-64-67, and 69] and 64 of this act shall take effect July 1, 2020. 5 6 VI. Sections 5[-] and 60[- and 68] of this act shall take effect July 1, 2021. 7 61 Milk Sanitation Code; Terms Defined. Amend RSA 184:79, XIII to read as follows: 8 XIII. The term "milk plant" means any place, premises, or establishment where milk or milk 9 products are collected, handled, processed, stored, pasteurized, bottled, packaged, or prepared for distribution, except an establishment where milk or milk products are sold at retail only. This term 10 shall include wash stations where milk tank trucks are cleaned and sanitized. 11 12 62 Milk Sanitation Code; License Fees. Amend RSA 184:85, IV to read as follows: 13 IV. All fees collected under this section shall be forwarded to the state treasurer. The state treasurer shall credit all moneys received under this section, and interest received on such money, to 14 15 [a] the public health services special fund established in RSA 143:11, from which [he] the 16 department shall pay all the expenses of the department incident to the licensing and regulation of 17 milk plants, milk distributors and milk producer-distributors. [This fund shall not lapse.] 18 63 New Subdivision; Administration of Epinephrine. Amend RSA 329 by inserting after section 19 1-g the following new subdivision: 20 Administration of Epinephrine 21 329:1-h Administration of Epinephrine. 22 I. In this section: (a) "Administer" means the direct application of an epinephrine auto-injector to the body 23 24 of an individual. 25 (b) "Authorized entity" means any entity or organization in which allergens capable of 26 causing anaphylaxis may be present, including recreation camps and day care facilities. Authorized 27 entity shall not include an elementary or secondary school or a postsecondary educational institution eligible to establish policies and guidelines for the emergency administration of epinephrine under 28 29 RSA 200-N. "Epinephrine auto-injector" means a single-use device used for the automatic 30 31 injection of a premeasured dose of epinephrine into the human body. 32 (d) "Health care practitioner" means a person who is lawfully entitled to prescribe,

(e) "Provide" means to furnish one or more epinephrine auto-injectors to an individual.

II. A health care practitioner may prescribe epinephrine auto-injectors in the name of an

authorized entity for use in accordance with this section, and pharmacists and health care

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administer, dispense, or distribute controlled drugs.

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practitioners may dispense epinephrine auto-injectors pursuant to a prescription issued in the name of an authorized entity.

- III. An authorized entity may acquire and maintain a supply of epinephrine auto-injectors pursuant to a prescription issued in accordance with this section. Such epinephrine auto-injectors shall be stored in a location readily accessible in an emergency and in accordance with the instructions for use, and any additional requirements that may be established by board of medicine. An authorized entity shall designate employees or agents who have completed the training required by paragraph V to be responsible for the storage, maintenance, control, and general oversight of epinephrine auto-injectors acquired by the authorized entity.
- IV. An employee or agent of an authorized entity, or other individual, who has completed the training required by paragraph V may use epinephrine auto-injectors prescribed pursuant to this section to:
- (a) Provide an epinephrine auto-injector to any individual who the employee agent or other individual believes in good faith is experiencing anaphylaxis, or the parent, guardian, or caregiver of such individual, for immediate administration, regardless of whether the individual has a prescription for an epinephrine auto-injector or has previously been diagnosed with an allergy.
- (b) Administer an epinephrine auto-injector to any individual who the employee, agent, or other individual believes in good faith is experiencing anaphylaxis, regardless of whether the individual has a prescription for an epinephrine auto-injector or has previously been diagnosed with an allergy.
- V.(a) An employee, agent, or other individual described in paragraph IV shall complete an anaphylaxis training program at least every 2 years, following completion of the initial anaphylaxis training program. Such training shall be conducted by a nationally-recognized organization experienced in training unlicensed persons in emergency health care treatment or an entity or individual approved by the board of medicine. Training may be conducted online or in person and, at a minimum, shall cover:
- (1) How to recognize signs and symptoms of severe allergic reactions, including anaphylaxis;
- (2) Standards and procedures for the storage and administration of an epinephrine auto-injector; and
 - (3) Emergency follow-up procedures.
- (b) The entity or individual that conducts the training shall issue a certificate, on a form developed or approved by the board of medicine to each person who successfully completes the anaphylaxis training program.
- VI. No authorized entity that possesses and makes available epinephrine auto-injectors and its employees, agents, and other individuals, or health care practitioner that prescribes or dispenses epinephrine auto-injectors to an authorized entity, or pharmacist or health care practitioner that

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dispenses epinephrine auto-injectors to an authorized entity, or individual or entity that conducts the training described in paragraph V, shall be liable for any injuries or related damages that result from any act or omission pursuant to this section, unless such injury or damage is the result of willful or wanton misconduct. The administration of an epinephrine auto-injector in accordance with this section shall not be considered to be the practice of medicine or any other profession that otherwise requires licensure. This section shall not be construed to eliminate, limit, or reduce any other immunity or defense that may be available under state law. An entity located in this state shall not be liable for any injuries or related damages that result from the provision or administration of an epinephrine auto-injector outside of this state if the entity would not have been liable for such injuries or related damages had the provision or administration occurred within this state, or is not liable for such injuries or related damages under the law of the state in which such provision or administration occurred.

64 Guardians and Conservators; Termination of Guardianship. Amend RSA 464-A:40, V(a) to read as follows:

- V.(a) If, within 30 days after the date of a testate or intestate ward's death, no petition for probate has been filed under any section of RSA 553 and the gross value of the personal property remaining in the possession of the guardian belonging to the deceased, including any amount left in designated accounts for the ward, is no more than [\$5,000] \$10,000, the guardian may file in the probate court in the county having jurisdiction over the guardianship an affidavit for the purpose of disposing of such deceased ward's estate. Once approved by the court, the guardian shall be authorized to dispose of the ward's accounts in a manner consistent with the court's order. The form of the affidavit, and the rules governing proceedings under this section, shall be provided by the probate court pursuant to RSA 547:33.
- 65 Custody and Escheat of Unclaimed or Abandoned Property; Filing of Claim. Amend RSA 471-C:26, I(c)(2)-(3) to read as follows:
- (2) Except as provided in subparagraphs (5)-(7), in the case of a closed estate where the unclaimed property is valued at less than [\$5,000] \$10,000 and does not include securities in share form, in accordance with the final distribution of assets as approved by the probate court.
- (3) Except as provided in subparagraphs (5)-(7), in the absence of an open estate or probate court decree of final distribution, and the unclaimed property is valued at less than [\$5,000] \$10,000 and does not include securities in share form, by the surviving spouse of the deceased owner, or, if there is no surviving spouse, then to the next of kin in accordance with the provisions of RSA 561:1.
- 66 Applicability. Sections 64-65 of this act shall apply to affidavits or claims filed on or after the effective date of this section.
- 67 New Subparagraph; New Hampshire Retirement System; Definitions. Amend RSA 100-A:1, VII by inserting after subparagraph (g) the following new subparagraph:

SB 162-FN - AS AMENDED BY THE HOUSE

- Page 18 -(h) The bureau chief for emergency preparedness and response with the department of 1 health and human services, division of health public services who: 2 (1) Has the authority and responsibility to engage in the prevention and control of 3 public health incidents or emergencies; 4 (2) As a job requirement is fully certified as an emergency preparedness official 5 qualified to administer emergency planning, response and recovery activities in the event of natural 6 7 disasters, public health crises or similar incidents; and (3) As a job requirement shall meet all physical, mental, educational, and other 8 9
 - qualifications for continuing certification as an emergency preparedness official that may be established by the certifying authority.

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- 68 Department of Health and Human Services; Plan for Legislation. The department of health and human services shall consult with representatives of case management agencies and providers to discuss potential licensure of case managers and present a plan for draft legislation to the speaker of the house of representatives and the senate president by November 1, 2021.
- 69 New Section; Delinquent Children; Placement in a Qualified Residential Treatment Program. 15 Amend RSA 169-B by inserting after section 19-c the following new section: 16
 - 169-B:19-d Placement in a Qualified Residential Treatment Program. For any child placed in a qualified residential treatment program, as defined in the federal Family First Prevention Services Act of 2017, the court shall:
 - I. Order an assessment to be completed within 30 days of placement by a qualified individual as defined by the federal Family First Prevention Services Act of 2017; and
 - II. Review the assessment and issue an order approving the placement or changing the placement within 60 days of placement.
- 70 New Section; Child Protection Act; Placement in a Qualified Residential Treatment Program. 24 25 Amend RSA 169-C by inserting after section 19-e the following new section:
 - 169-C:19-f Placement in a Qualified Residential Treatment Program. For any child placed in a qualified residential treatment program, as defined in the federal Family First Prevention Services Act of 2017, the court shall:
 - Order an assessment to be completed within 30 days of placement by a qualified individual as defined by the federal Family First Prevention Services Act of 2017; and
 - II. Review the assessment and issue an order approving the placement or changing the placement within 60 days of placement.
- 71 New Section; Children in Need of Services; Placement in a Qualified Residential Treatment 33 Program. Amend RSA 169-D by inserting after section 9-c the following new section: . 34
- 169-D:9-d Placement in a Qualified Residential Treatment Program. For any child placed in a 35 qualified residential treatment program, as defined in the federal Family First Prevention Services 36 37 Act of 2017, the court shall:

SB 162-FN - AS AMENDED BY THE HOUSE - Page 19 -

1	I. Order an assessment to be completed within 30 days of placement by a qualified
2	individual as defined by the federal Family First Prevention Services Act of 2017; and
3	II. Review the assessment and issue an order approving the placement or changing the
4	placement within 60 days of placement.
5	72 Effective Date.
6	I. Sections 3-4, 6, 10, 12-32, and 67 of this act shall take effect 60 days after its passage.
7	II. Sections 39-40 and 64-66 of this act shall take effect July 1, 2021.
8	III. The remainder of this act shall take effect upon its passage.

SB 162-FN- FISCAL NOTE

AS AMENDED BY THE SENATE (AMENDMENTS #2021-0778s and #2021-0850s)

AN ACT

relative to the department of health and human services, the New Hampshire granite advantage health care trust fund, and health facility licensure.

FISCAL IMPACT:

[X] State

[] County

[] Local

[] None

	Estimated Increase / (Decrease)			
STATE:	FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023	FY 2024
Appropriation	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Revenue	Indeterminable	Indeterminable	Indeterminable	Indeterminable
Expenditures	Indeterminable	Indeterminable	Indeterminable	Indeterminable
Funding Source:	[X] General	[] Education	[] Highway	[X] Other

METHODOLOGY:

This bill amends several provisions relative to programs administered by the Department of Health and Human Services (DHHS) as summarized below. DHHS and other affected agencies anticipated no fiscal impact unless otherwise specified.

- Sections 1, 2, 7, 35-38, 61 and 65 all relate to a DHHS internal project to review dedicated funds administered by the agency and identify statutory gaps, aligning funds for specific programs and application of receipts to a specific corresponding treasury account in RSA 6:12, I(b). Funds that have been identified for this statutory "clean-up" exercise include: the fund for Domestic Violence Grant Program, the Public Health Services Special Fund, Radiological Health Programs, and the Mosquito Control Fund.
- Sections 3 aligns the working and legal title for the unclassified director of Medicaid enterprise development.
- Section 4 eliminates certain qualifiers for three unclassified associate commissioner
 to provide greater flexibility for the DHHS Commissioner to align these positions as
 needed to certain programmatic areas as the agency evolves to create greater
 efficiencies.
- Section 5 requires an emergency services plan. DHHS expects no fiscal impact.

- Sections 6, 10, and 70 authorize DHHS to recruit prospective candidates from Group II retirement, without the candidate losing Group II status, for the position of bureau chief for emergency preparedness and response with the DHHS Division of Public Health Services. The New Hampshire Retirement System states that since the extension of Group II status will affect only one position, the fiscal impact of this provision will likely be minimal.
- Section 8 amends the DHHS ombudsman's authority to focus responsibilities to servicing clients and eliminating the reference to "employees" where support is provided through the employee assistance program and existing personnel process through human resources.
- Sections 9, 41, 43, 45, and 57 eliminate redundant, outdated, and unnecessary reporting requirements, and DHHS consequently anticipates an indeterminable decease in demand on agency staff and personnel resources.
- Section 11 repeals RSA 126-A:50 through RSA 126-A:59, RSA 126-A:61, and RSA 126-A:63, relative to the housing security guarantee program and related treasury fund where DHHS funds housing support services through another funding mechanism.
- Sections 12-32 makes numerous technical revisions to the statutes related to the DHHS Therapeutic Cannabis Program under RSA 126-X.
- Section 33 amends RSA 126-AA;3, I, to authorize Medicaid enhancement tax (MET) funds be deposited into the Granite Advantage Health Care Program Trust Fund for certain purposes. Specifically, the funds will be used for the limited purpose of funding the Granite Advantage Health Care Program member portion of provider payments, in the form of directed payments, payable to critical access hospitals as outlined in RSA 167:64 (as amended by HB 1817, Chapter 162:32 Laws of 2018).
- Sections 39, 40 and 67-68 relate to increasing the jurisdiction limits from \$5,000 to \$10,000 for probate administration of estates that have minimal assets. These sections are anticipated to reduce demands on DHHS estate recoveries unit staffing resources in an indeterminable amount.
- Section 42 amends RSA 161-F:46 to authorize a report to the DHHS adult protective services central registry in circumstances where the vulnerable adult is no longer

living. Current law has been interpreted to only allow reports in cases where the vulnerable adult is living at the time of the investigation and finding of abuse or neglect.

- Sections 42 (paragraph III) and 44 relate to the repeal of RSA 165:20-c relative to the DHHS liability to municipalities for reimbursement of certain cash benefits in the event the agency fails to timely process an application for eligible benefits from the agency. The reimbursement is capped at an aggregate of \$100,000 annually for municipalities making such a claim. DHHS notes that since the law has been in effect that there have only been inquiries from certain municipalities on RSA 165:20-c, however, no claims have been filed with DHHS as of this date. Therefore, the fiscal impact of this section is indeterminable with the greatest exposure for recovery of \$100,000 against DHHS in any given year.
- Section 46 establishes a new RSA 169-C:12-f I, providing that the court may order a parent, guardian, custodian, or other caregiver to produce a child for the purpose of an investigatory interview, including a multidisciplinary team interview in accordance with RSA 169-C:34-a or an interview or evaluation by any other expert necessary for the purpose of the investigation of suspected abuse or neglect. DHHS assumes that it will absorb any cost within existing staffing and administrative resources.
- Section 47 is follow-up legislation from HB 1162 (2020) that expands the type of employers permitted to require that employees submit their names to the child abuse and neglect central registry as a condition of employment to include those residential settings providing developmental services under RSA 171-A.
- Sections 48-50 enacts the 2009 edition of the Interstate Compact on Child Placement, contingent upon its enactment in 34 other states. The Judicial Branch anticipates that the fiscal impact will be minor if the Interstate Compact on Child Placement is implemented.
- Section 51 repeals and reenacts the definition of "school-age program" under child care licensing found at RSA 170-E:2, IV(g) to read as follows: "(g) "School-age program" means a child day care agency providing child day care before or after, or before and after, regular school hours, and all day any time school is not in session, for 6 or more children enrolled in school, who are 4 years and 11 months of age or older, and which is not licensed under RSA 170-E:56. The number of children shall

include all children present during the period of the program, including those children related to the caregiver."

- Section 52 provides that qualified residential treatment programs accredited under federal law shall be deemed licensed under RSA 170-E. This section required pursuant to Social Security Act, 42 U.S.C. section 672(k)(4)(G), as amended. DHHS anticipates the fiscal impact for this section is indeterminable.
- Sections 53 and 54 provides that summer camps licensed by DHHS shall have asthma inhalers and epi-pens immediately accessible under RSA 170-E.
- Section 55 authorizes the DHHS Commissioner to establish a confidential peer support program to provide stress management and crisis intervention services to staff exposed to critical incidents and trauma through the course of their employment. DHHS anticipates any cost for the proposed peer support program to be absorbed using existing resources.
- Section 56 establishes criteria governing the use of contracted providers in the DHHS child welfare program.
- Sections 58-60 require coverage plans for services to individuals with developmental disabilities. DHHS assumes no fiscal impact will result from this provision.
- Section 62 relates to the Granite Workforce Program authorizing the commissioners from Employment Security and DHHS the discretion to limit Granite Workforce Program services based on the availability of appropriated, available, or reserve funds. It also provides if the work and community engagement waiver is held invalid, or is not approved by the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services, the granite' workforce program be suspended until such time that the work and community engagement waiver is approved or revalidated.
- Section 63 seeks to align the effective dates to July 1, 2020 regarding repeal of the old process and establishment of the new special health care licensing review and approval process under RSA 151:4-a.
- Section 64 amends RSA 184:79, XIII to include as part of milk sanitation to the definition of "milk plant" shall include wash stations where milk tank trucks are

cleaned and sanitized. DHHS assumes that it will absorb any cost within existing staffing and administrative resources.

 Sections 65-66 transfer the responsibilities for certain training around the administration of epinephrine in non-academic or school settings from DHHS to the Office of Professional Licensure and Certification, Board of Medicine. DHHS anticipates that any fiscal impact resulting from these sections would be less than \$10,000.

AGENCIES CONTACTED:

Judicial Branch, State Treasury, Department of Health and Human Services, and New Hampshire Retirement System

CHAPTER 122 SB 162-FN - FINAL VERSION

03/18/2021 0778s 03/18/2021 0850s 04/01/2021 1054s 3Jun2021... 1402h 3Jun2021... 1763h

2021 SESSION

21-0464 04/10

SENATE BILL

162-FN

AN ACT

relative to the department of health and human services, the New Hampshire

granite advantage health care trust fund, and health facility licensure.

SPONSORS:

Sen. Bradley, Dist 3

COMMITTEE:

Health and Human Services

AMENDED ANALYSIS

This bill makes numerous revisions to funds, positions, and programs within the department of health and human services, including the therapeutic cannabis program; youth tobacco use; the interstate compact for the placement of children; residential care and child placement licensing procedures; availability of epinephrine auto-injectors and asthma inhalers at recreation camps; the developmentally disabled wait list; the New Hampshire granite workforce program; and child protection investigations. The bill also establishes a public health services special fund and directs certain fees to that fund to be used by the department for program oversight and establishes assessment procedures for a child placed in a qualified residential treatment program.

Explanation:

Matter added to current law appears in bold italics.

Matter removed from current law appears [in brackets-and-struckthrough.]

Matter which is either (a) all new or (b) repealed and reenacted appears in regular type.

CHAPTER 122 SB 162-FN - FINAL VERSION

03/18/2021 0778s 03/18/2021 0850s 04/01/2021 1054s 3Jun2021... 1402h 3Jun2021... 1763h

21-0464 04/10

STATE OF NEW HAMPSHIRE

In the Year of Our Lord Two Thousand Twenty One

AN ACT

relative to the department of health and human services, the New Hampshire granite advantage health care trust fund, and health facility licensure.

Be it Enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Court convened:

1	122:1 Application of Receipts; Fund for Domestic Violence Grant Program. Amend RSA 6:12,
2	I(b)(12) to read as follows:
3	(12) Moneys received under RSA 457:29, 457:32-b, and 631:2-b, V which shall be
4	credited to the special fund for domestic violence programs established in RSA 173-B:15.
5	122:2 Application of Receipts; Public Health Services Special Fund. Amend RSA 6:12, I(b)(15) to
6	read as follows:
7	(15) Money received under RSA 125-F:22, 143:11, 143:22-a, 143-A:6, and 184:85,
8	which shall be credited to the public health services special fund established in RSA 143:11, III.
9	122:3 Compensation of Certain State Officers; Health and Human Services Positions Amended.
10	Amend the following position in RSA 94:1-a, I(b), grade GG to read as follows:
11	GG Department of health and human services director of [program planning and
12	integrity] Medicaid enterprise development
13	122:4 Compensation of Certain State Officers; Health and Human Services Positions Amended.
14	Amend the following positions in RSA 94:1-a, I(b), grade JJ to read as follows:
15	JJ Department of health and human services associate commissioner [of human
16	services and behavioral health]
17	JJ Department of health and human services associate commissioner [ef
18	operations]
19	JJ Department of health and human services associate commissioner [for
20	population health]
21	[JJ Department of health and human services associate commissioner,
22	operations
23	JJ Department of health and human services associate commissioner, population
24	health]
25	122:5 Department of Health and Human Services; Emergency Services Plan. The department of
26	health and human services in collaboration with all New Hampshire hospitals that operate
27	emergency facilities shall draft a plan to be presented to the speaker of the house of representatives,

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the senate president and the governor's office by September 1, 2021 that details the necessary emergency services offered for medical treatment of both physical and behavioral health. Such a plan shall include any recommendations for future legislation or required funding to ensure sufficient physical and behavioral health services.

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- 122:6 New Subparagraph; New Hampshire Retirement System; Definitions. Amend RSA 100-A:1, VIII by inserting after subparagraph (b) the following new subparagraph:
- (c) The bureau chief for emergency preparedness and response with the department of health and human services, division of health public services who:
- 9 (1) Has the authority and responsibility to engage in the prevention and control of public health incidents or emergencies;
 - (2) As a job requirement is fully certified as an emergency preparedness official qualified to administer emergency planning, response and recovery activities in the event of natural disasters, public health crises or similar incidents; and
 - (3) As a job requirement shall meet all physical, mental, educational, and other qualifications for continuing certification as an emergency preparedness official that may be established by the certifying authority.
- 17 122:7 Radiological Health Programs; Civil Penalties. Amend RSA 125-F:22, IV to read as follows:
 - IV. Upon request of the department of health and human services, the department of justice is authorized to institute civil action to collect a penalty imposed pursuant to this section. The attorney general shall have the exclusive power to compromise, mitigate, or remit such civil penalties as are referred to [him] the attorney general for collection. All civil penalties collected under this section shall be forwarded to the state treasurer. The state treasurer shall deposit all moneys received under this section, and interest received on such money, to the public health services special fund, [which shall be nonlapsing], established in RSA 143:11, from which the department of health and human services shall pay expenses incident to the administration of this chapter.
 - 122:8 Department of Health and Human Services; Office of the Ombudsman. Amend RSA 126-A:4, III to read as follows:
 - III. The department shall establish an office of the ombudsman to provide assistance to clients [and employees] of the department by investigating and resolving complaints regarding any matter within the jurisdiction of the department including services or assistance provided by the department or its contractors. The ombudsman's office may provide mediation or other means for informally resolving complaints. The records of the ombudsman's office shall be confidential and shall not be disclosed without the consent of the client [or employee] on whose behalf the complaint is made, except as may be necessary to assist the service provider [or the employee's supervisor] to resolve the complaint, or as required by law.

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- 1 122:9 Repeal. RSA 126-A:5, II-a, relative to an annual report of an aggregate schedule of 2 payables for class 90 grant lines, is repealed.
- 3 122:10 New Section; Department of Health and Human Services; Status in Retirement System.
- 4 Amend RSA 126-A by inserting after section 5-e the following new section:
- 5 126-A:5-f Status in Retirement System. For purposes of classification under RSA 100-A, any
- 6 person who is or becomes the bureau chief for emergency preparedness with the department's
- 7 division of health public services, shall be included in the definition of group II under RSA 100-A:1,
- 8 VII(h) and VIII(c) under the retirement system, provided that, notwithstanding RSA 100-A:1, VII(h)
- 9 or VIII(c), any person not already a group II member for at least 10 years during or prior to his or
- 10 her appointment shall be eligible for or remain as a group I member for the duration of service as the
- 11 bureau chief for emergency preparedness.
- 12 122:11 Repeal. The following are repealed:
- 13 I. RSA 126-A:50 through RSA 126-A:59, RSA 126-A:61, and RSA 126-A:63, relative to the
- 14 housing security guarantee program.
 - II. RSA 6:12, I(b)(255), relative to moneys deposited in the homeless housing and access
- 16 revolving loan fund, established in RSA 126-A:63.
- 17 122:12 Youth Access to and Use of Tobacco Products. Amend RSA 126-K:1 to read as follows:
- 18 126-K:1 Purpose. The purpose of this chapter is to protect the citizens of New Hampshire from
- 19 the possibility of addiction, disability, and death resulting from the use of tobacco products by
- 20 ensuring that tobacco products will not be supplied to persons under the age of 21. This chapter
- 21 shall not apply to alternative treatment centers registered under RSA 126-X:7 or to
- 22 individuals who have been issued a registry identification card under RSA 126-X:4 only
- 23 with respect to the therapeutic use of cannabis; this chapter shall still apply to alternative
- 24 treatment centers and these individuals with respect to tobacco products.
- 25 122:13 Youth Access to and Use of Tobacco Products; Possession and Use. Amend RSA 126-K:6,
- 26 I to read as follows:

- 27 I. No person under 21 years of age shall purchase, attempt to purchase, possess, or use any
- 28 tobacco product, e-cigarette, device, or e-liquid [except individuals-who have been issued a registry
- 29 identification card under RSA 126 X:4 may purchase, possess and use e liquids containing cannabis
- 30 and applicable devices as allowed under RSA 126 X].
- 31 122:14 Use of Cannabis for Therapeutic Purposes; Definitions. Amend RSA 126-X:1, VII(b) to
- 32 read as follows:
- 33 (b) For a visiting qualifying patient, "provider" means an individual licensed to prescribe
- 34 drugs to humans in the state of the patient's residence and who possesses an active registration from
- 35 the United States Drug Enforcement Administration to prescribe controlled substances. [Such
- 36 visiting patient shall not be eligible to purchase or transfer cannabis from an eligible New
- 37 Hampshire patient.]

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1	122:15 Use of Cannabis for Therapeutic Purposes; Definitions. Amend RSA 126-X:1, XI to read
2	as follows:
3	XI. "Registry identification card" means a document indicating the date issued, effective
4	date, and expiration date by the department pursuant to RSA 126-X:4 that identifies an individual
5	as a qualifying patient or a designated caregiver.
6	122:16 Use of Cannabis for Therapeutic Purposes; Definitions. Amend RSA 126-X:1, XVII to
7	read as follows:
8	XVII. "Written certification" means documentation of a qualifying medical condition by a
9	provider pursuant to rules adopted by the department pursuant to RSA 541-A for the purpose of
10	issuing registry identification cards, after having completed a full assessment of the patient's
11	medical history and current medical condition made in the course of a provider-patient relationship.
12	[The date of issuance and the patient's qualifying medical condition, symptoms or side effects, the
13	certifying provider's name, medical specialty; and signature shall be specified on the written
14	certification.]
15	122:17 New Paragraph; Use of Cannabis for Therapeutic Purposes; Protections. Amend RSA
16	126-X:2 by inserting after paragraph XVI the following new paragraph:
17	XVII. Authorized employees of the department shall not be subject to arrest by state or local
18	law enforcement, prosecution, or penalty under state or municipal law, or search, when possessing,
19	transporting, delivering, or transferring cannabis and cannabis infused products for the purposes of
20	regulatory oversight related to this chapter.
21	122:18 Use of Cannabis for Therapeutic Purposes; Protections. Amend RSA 126-X:2, IX(c) to
22	read as follows:
23	(c) Deliver, transfer, supply, sell, or dispense cannabis and related supplies and
24	educational materials to qualifying patients [who have designated the alternative treatment center
25	to provide for them], to designated caregivers on behalf of the qualifying patients [who have
26	designated the alternative treatment center], or to other alternative treatment centers.
27	122:19 Use of Cannabis for Therapeutic Purposes; Prohibitions and Limitations on the
28	Therapeutic Use of Cannabis. Amend RSA 126-X:3, VII-VIII to read as follows:
29	VII. The department may revoke the registry identification card of a qualifying patient or

VIII. A facility caregiver shall treat cannabis in a manner similar to controlled prescription medications with respect to its storage, security, and administration when assisting qualifying patients with the therapeutic use of cannabis.

designated caregiver for violation of rules adopted by the department or for violation of any other

provision of this chapter, including for obtaining more than 2 ounces of cannabis in any 10-

day period in violation of RSA 126-X:8, XIII(b), and the qualifying patient or designated

caregiver shall be subject to any other penalties established in law for the violation.

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CHAPTER 122 SB 162-FN - FINAL VERSION - Page 5 -

1 122:20 Use of Cannabis for Therapeutic Purposes; Departmental Administration. Amend RSA 126-X:4, I(a)-(b) to read as follows:

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- (a) Written certification [as defined in RSA 126 X:1] which includes the date of issuance, the patient's qualifying medical condition, symptoms, or side effects, and the certifying provider's name, medical specialty, and signature. If a written certification has been previously issued for fewer than 3 years, a provider may extend the written certification, provided that the written certification shall not exceed 3 years.
- (b) An application or a renewal application accompanied by the application or renewal fee. A renewal application and fee shall not be required if the applicant receives an extension to the written certification previously issued for fewer than 3 years.
- 122:21 Use of Cannabis for Therapeutic Purposes; Registry Identification Cards. Amend RSA 12 126-X:4, I(e) and the introductory paragraph of I(f) to read as follows:
 - (e) Name[, address, and telephone number] of the applicant's provider.
 - (f) Name[, address,] and date of birth of the applicant's designated caregiver, if any. A qualifying patient shall have only one designated caregiver, except as follows:
- 16 122:22 Use of Cannabis for Therapeutic Purposes; Registry Identification Cards. Amend RSA 126-X:4, II(d) to read as follows:
 - (d) Name, residential and mailing address, and date of birth of each qualifying patient for whom the applicant will act as designated caregiver, except that if the qualifying patient is homeless, no residential address is required. [An applicant shall not act as a designated earegiver for more than 5 qualifying patients.]
 - 122:23 Use of Cannabis for Therapeutic Purposes; Registry Identification Cards. Amend the introductory paragraph in RSA 126-X:4, IV and RSA 126-X:4, IV(a)-(b) to read as follows:
 - IV. The department shall create and issue a registry identification card to a person applying as a qualifying patient or designated caregiver within 5 days of approving an application or renewal. Each registry identification card shall expire one year after the [date of issuance] effective date of the card, unless the provider states in the written certification that the certification should expire at an earlier [specified date] or later effective date, not to exceed 3 years, then the registry identification card shall expire on that date. Registry identification cards shall contain all of the following:
- 31 (a) Name, mailing address, and date of birth of the qualifying patient or designated 32 caregiver.
- 33 (b) The date of issuance, effective date, and expiration date of the registry 34 identification card.
- 35 122:24 Use of Cannabis for Therapeutic Purposes; Registry Identification Cards. Amend RSA 126-X:4, VII(a) to read as follows:

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1	VII.(a) The department shall track the number of qualifying patients [who have designated
2	each alternative treatment center] and issue a weekly written statement to the alternative
3	treatment center identifying the number of qualifying patients [who have designated that
4	alternative treatment center] along with the registry identification numbers of each qualifying
5	patient and each qualifying patient's designated caregiver.
6	122:25 Use of Cannabis for Therapeutic Purposes; Registry Identification Cards. Amend RSA
7	126-X:4, VIII to read as follows:
8	VIII. In addition to the weekly reports, the department shall also provide written notice to
9	an alternative treatment center which identifies the names and registration identification numbers
LO	of a qualifying patient and his or her designated caregiver whenever [any] either of the following
l1	events occur:
12	(a) A qualifying patient [designates the alternative treatment center to serve his or her
13	needs] is registered as a participating patient under this chapter; or
l 4	(b) [A qualifying patient revokes the designation of the alternative treatment center; or
L 5	(e)] A qualifying patient [who has designated the alternative treatment center] loses his
L6	or her status as a qualifying patient under this chapter.
17	122:26 Use of Cannabis for Therapeutic Purposes; Registry Identification Cards. Amend RSA
18	126-X:4, IX(a) to read as follows:
19	IX.(a) A qualifying patient shall notify the department before changing his or her designated
20	caregiver [or alternative treatment center].
21 .	122:27 Use of Cannabis for Therapeutic Purposes; Registry Identification Cards. Amend RSA
22	126-X:4, XI(a) to read as follows:
23	XI.(a) The department shall create and maintain a confidential registry of each individual
24	who has applied for and received a registry identification card as a qualifying patient or a designated
25	caregiver in accordance with the provisions of this chapter. Each entry in the registry shall contain
26	the qualifying patient's or designated caregiver's name, mailing address, date of birth, date of
27	registry identification card issuance, effective date of registry identification, date of registry
28	identification card expiration, and random 10-digit identification number[, and registry
29	identification number of the qualifying patient's designated alternative treatment center, if any].
30	The confidential registry and the information contained in it shall be exempt from disclosure under
31	RSA 91-A.
32	122:28 Use of Cannabis for Therapeutic Purposes: Registry Identification Cards. Amend RSA

(5) Counsel for the department may notify law enforcement officials about falsified or fraudulent information submitted to the department where counsel has [made a legal determination that there is probable cause] reason to believe the information is false or falsified.

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126-X:4, XI(b)(5) to read as follows:

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	<u> </u>
1	122:29 Use of Cannabis for Therapeutic Purposes; Departmental Rules. Amend RSA 126-X:6,
. 2	I(b) to read as follows:
3	(b) The form and content of providers' written certifications, including the
4	administrative process for tracking extensions pursuant to RSA 126-X:4, I.
5	122:30 Use of Cannabis for Therapeutic Purposes; Alternative Treatment Centers. Amend RSA
6	126-X:8, VII(a) to read as follows:
7	(a) Records of the disposal of cannabis that is not distributed by the alternative
8	treatment center to qualifying patients [who have designated the alternative treatment center to
9	cultivate for them].
10	122:31 Use of Cannabis for Therapeutic Purposes; Alternative Treatment Centers. Amend RSA
11	126-X:8, XV(a)-(b) to read as follows:
12	XV.(a) An alternative treatment center shall not possess or cultivate cannabis in excess of
13	the following quantities:
14	(1) Eighty cannabis plants, 160 seedlings, and 80 ounces of usable cannabis, or 6
15	ounces of usable cannabis per qualifying patient; and
16	(2) Three mature cannabis plants, 12 seedlings, and 6 ounces for each qualifying
17	patient [who has designated the alternative treatment center to provide him or her with cannabis for
18	therapeutic use] registered as a qualifying patient under this chapter.
19	(b) An alternative treatment center or alternative treatment center agent shall not
20	dispense, deliver, or otherwise transfer cannabis to any person or entity other than:
21	(1) A qualifying patient [who has designated the relevant alternative treatment
22	eenter]; or
23	(2) Such patient's designated caregiver; or
24	(3) Another alternative treatment center.
25	122:32 Repeal. The following are repealed:
26	I. RSA 126-X:4, I(g), relative to patients designating an alternative treatment center.
27	II. RSA 126-X:4, II(e), relative to street address of the alternative treatment center.
28	III. RSA 126-X:4, IX(e), relative to failure of a qualifying patient or designated caregiver for
29	providing changes to name, address or designated caregiver.
30	IV. RSA 126-X:6, I(e), relative to departmental rules regarding certain fines.
31	122:33 New Hampshire Granite Advantage Health Care Trust Fund. Amend RSA 126-AA;3,
32	I(e)-(f) to read as follows:
33	(e) Funds received from the assessment under RSA 404-G; [and]
34	(f) Revenue from the Medicaid enhancement tax to meet the requirements
35	provided in RSA 167:64; and
36	(g) Funds recovered or returnable to the fund that were originally spent on the cost of

coverage of the granite advantage health care program.

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1 122:34 Repeal. RSA 126-A:70 and 71, relative to administration of epinephrine, are repealed.

2 122:35 Communicable Disease; Mosquito Control Fund. Amend RSA 141-C:25, I to read as 3 follows:

- I. There is hereby established a nonlapsing and continually appropriated mosquito control fund to assist cities, towns, and mosquito control districts by providing funding for the purpose of offsetting the cost of mosquito control activities including, but not limited to, the purchase and application of chemical pesticides. The purpose of the fund is to provide financial assistance, when needed, to cities, towns, and mosquito control districts engaging in mosquito control and abatement activities in response to a declared threat to the public health. [Any balance remaining in the mosquito control fund at the close of the fiscal year ending June 30, 2009 shall lapse to the general fund.]
- 122:36 Sanitary Production and Distribution of Food; Shellfish Certificate Fees. Amend RSA 143:11, III to read as follows:
- III. There is hereby established in the state treasury the public health services special fund, which shall be kept separate and distinct from all other funds. The fund shall be nonlapsing and continually appropriated to the department of health and human services. All fees collected under this subdivision shall be forwarded to the state treasurer. The state treasurer who shall credit all [moneys received under this subdivision,] such moneys and interest received on such money, to [a special] the fund from which [he] the department of health and human services shall pay all the expenses of the department incident to the administration of this subdivision. [This fund shall not lapse.]
- 122:37 Sanitary Production and Distribution of Food; Shellfish Certificate Fees. Amend RSA 143:22-a to read as follows:
- 143:22-a Shellfish Certificate Fees. The commissioner of the department of health and human services shall prescribe and collect fees for certificates for establishments which process or pack shellfish. Such fees shall be in accordance with rules adopted under RSA 541-A. All fees collected under this subdivision shall be forwarded to the state treasurer to be deposited in the [general fund] public health services special fund established in RSA 143:11. The department of health and human services shall use such funds to pay expenses of the department incident to the administration of this subdivision.
 - 122:38 Food Service Licensure; Application. Amend RSA 143-A:6, VI to read as follows:
- VI. From the amounts collected by the commissioner under paragraph V, up to \$300,000 each fiscal year may be included in the state biennial operating budget as restricted revenue to support the activities required in this chapter. The state treasurer shall credit all moneys received under this paragraph, and interest received on such money, to the public health services special fund, established under RSA 143:11, from which the department shall pay expenses incident to the administration of this chapter.

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1 122:39 Nursing Home Administrators; Patient Accounts. Amend RSA 151-A:15, I to read as 2 follows:

I. If within 30 days after the date of a testate or intestate patient's death in any nursing home no petition for probate has been filed under any section of RSA 553 and the gross value of the personal property remaining at the nursing home belonging to the deceased, including any amount left in a patient account, is no more than [\$5,000] \$10,000, the nursing home administrator shall file in the probate court in the county where the nursing home is located an affidavit for the purpose of disposing of such deceased patient's estate. The form of the affidavit, and the rules governing proceedings under this section, shall be provided by the probate court pursuant to RSA 547:33. The nursing home administrator shall not file a death certificate with the probate court, but shall attest to the death in the affidavit. If the nursing home patient died testate and if the nursing home administrator has the will or a copy of the will, the nursing home administrator shall file the same in the probate court in the county where the nursing home is located. The probate court shall waive all filing fees.

15 122:40 Applicability. Section 39 of this act shall apply to affidavits filed on or after the effective date of this section.

17 122:41 Repeal. RSA 151-E:11, II, relative to an annual report on the utilization of non-nursing home services, is repealed.

122:42 Protective Services to Adults; Reports of Adult Abuse. Amend the introductory paragraph of RSA 161-F:46 to read as follows:

Any person, including, but not limited to, physicians, other health care professionals, social workers, clergy, and law enforcement officials, suspecting or believing in good faith that any adult who is or who is suspected to be vulnerable, at the time of the incident, has been subjected to abuse, neglect, self-neglect, or exploitation or is, or was living in hazardous conditions shall report or cause a report to be made as follows:

122:43 Repeal. The following are repealed:

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- I. RSA 161-F:64, relative to an annual report on review of homemaker services.
- 28 II. RSA 161-I:4, VI, relative to reports regarding the home and community-based care 29 waiver for the elderly and chronically ill.
 - III. RSA 165:20-c, relative to liability for support and reimbursement from the state.
- 31 IV. RSA 165:35, relative to rulemaking for forms and claims for reimbursement from the 32 state.
- V. RSA 167:3-j, III, relative to semi-annual reports on net savings realized for aid to the permanently and totally disabled grants.
- 35 122:44 Aid to Assisted Persons; Expense of General Assistance. Amend RSA 165:2-a to read as 36 follows:

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165:2-a Expense of General Assistance. The financial responsibility for general assistance for assisted persons shall be the responsibility of the town or city in which the person making application resides, except as otherwise provided in RSA 165:1-c [and 165:20-c].

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35 36 122:45 Public Assistance; Financial Disclosure by Applicants and Recipients. Amend RSA 167:4-a, VI to read as follows:

VI. The department, in coordination with financial institutions doing business in the state, may develop and operate a data match system, using automated data exchanges to the maximum extent feasible, in which each financial institution is required to provide, when requested by the department and subject to reasonable reimbursement as set forth in Public Law 110-252, up to 5 years of information regarding the name, record address, social security number or other taxpayer identification number, monthly account balance, and other identifying information for each applicant or recipient who maintains an account at the financial institution, as identified by the department by name and social security number or other taxpayer identification number. The system shall be based on a cost-effective search algorithm and shall include means to assure compliance with the provisions of this section. [The department shall provide a status report regarding the implementation of the data match system to the oversight committee on health and human services, established in RSA 126 A:13, on or before November 1, 2010, and annually thereafter, until implementation has been fully completed. The report shall-summarize the department's findings and recommendations to date, including savings generated by both incremental asset identification and the time and labor associated with the process, the feedback and reactions of applicants and recipients, any barriers to implementation, anticipated future actions, and the department's assessment of the relative success of the project.]

122:46 New Section; Child Protection Act; Investigatory Interviews and Evaluations. Amend RSA 169-C by inserting after section 12-f the following new section:

169-C:12-g Investigatory Interviews and Evaluations. The court may order a parent, guardian, custodian, or other caregiver to produce a child for the purpose of an investigatory interview, including a multidisciplinary team interview in accordance with RSA 169-C:34-a or an interview or evaluation by any other expert necessary for the purpose of the investigation of suspected abuse or neglect.

122:47 Child Protection Act; Central Registry. Amend RSA 169-C:35, II to read as follows:

II. Upon receipt by the department of a written request and verified proof of identity, an individual shall be informed by the department whether that individual's name is listed in the founded reports maintained in the central registry. It shall be unlawful for any employer other than those providing services pursuant to RSA 169-B, RSA 169-C, RSA 169-D, and RSA 135-C, and those specified in RSA 170-E [and], RSA 170-G:8-c, and RSA 171-A to require as a condition of employment that the employee submit his or her name for review against the central registry of

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- founded reports of abuse and neglect. Any violation of this provision shall be punishable as a violation.
- 3 122:48 Child Day Care Licensing; Definitions. RSA 170-E:2, IV(g) is repealed and reenacted to read as follows:

- (g) "School-age program" means a child day care agency providing child day care before or after, or before and after, regular school hours, and all day any time school is not in session, for 6 or more children enrolled in school, who are 4 years and 8 months of age or older, and which is not licensed under RSA 170-E:56. The number of children shall include all children present during the period of the program, including those children related to the caregiver.
- 10 122:49 New Section; Residential Care and Child-Placing Agency Licensing; Deemed Licensed.

 11 Amend RSA 170-E by inserting after section 31 the following new section:
 - 170-E:31-a Deemed Licensed. Any qualified residential treatment program accredited by organizations as specified in Title 42 of the Social Security Act, 42 U.S.C. section 672(k)(4)(G), as amended, shall submit a completed license application or renewal application. Such child care institutions and child care agencies defined as group homes, specialized care, or homeless youth programs, shall be deemed licensed under this subdivision and shall be exempt from inspections carried out under RSA 170-E:31, IV. This section shall only apply to the activities or portions of the facility or agency accredited under Title 42 of the Social Security Act, 42 U.S.C. section 672(k)(4)(G), as amended.
- 20 122:50 Recreation Camp Licensing; Availability of Epinephrine Auto-Injector. Amend RSA 170-21 E:61 to read as follows:
 - 170-E:61 Availability of Epinephrine Auto-Injector. The recreational camp nurse or, if a nurse is not assigned to the camp, the recreational camp administrator shall maintain for the use of a child with severe allergies at least one epinephrine auto-injector, provided by the child or the child's parent or guardian, [in the nurse's office or in a similarly accessible location] which shall be readily accessible to the recreational camp staff caring for children requiring such medications.
 - 122:51 New Section; Recreation Camp Licensing; Availability of Asthma Inhalers. Amend RSA 170-E by inserting after section 63 the following new section:
 - 170-E:63-a Availability of Asthma Inhalers. The recreational camp nurse or, if a nurse is not assigned to the camp, the recreational camp administrator shall maintain for the use of a child with asthma at least one metered dose inhaler or a dry powder inhaler, provided by the child or the child's parent or guardian, which shall be readily accessible to the recreational camp staff caring for children requiring such medications.
- 122:52 New Paragraph; Services for Children, Youth, and Families; Peer Support Program.

 Amend RSA 170-G:3 by inserting after paragraph VII the following new paragraph:

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VIII. The commissioner may establish a confidential peer support program for the purpose of providing critical incident stress management and crisis intervention services for staff exposed to critical incidents and trauma through the course of their employment.

(a) In this section:

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- (1) "Critical incident" means any incident that has a high emotional impact on the responders, or is beyond the realm of a person's usual experience that overwhelms his or her sense of vulnerability and/or lack of control over the situation.
- (2) "Critical incident stress" means a normal reaction to an abnormal event that has the potential to interfere with normal functioning and that results from the response to a critical incident or long-term occupational exposure to a series of critical incident responses over a period of time that are believed to be causing debilitating stress that is affecting an emergency service provider and his or her work performance or family situation. This may include, but is not limited to, physical and emotional illness, failure of usual coping mechanisms, loss of interest in the job, personality changes, or loss of ability to function.
- (3) "Critical incident stress management" means a process of crisis intervention designed to assist employees in coping with the psychological trauma resulting from response to a critical incident.
- (4) "Critical incident stress management and crisis intervention services" means consultation, counseling, debriefing, defusing, intervention services, management, prevention, and referral provided by a critical incident stress management team member.
- (5) "Critical incident stress management team" or "team" means the group of one or more trained volunteers, including members of peer support groups who offer critical incident stress management and crisis intervention services following a critical incident or long term or continued, debilitating stress being experienced by employees and affecting them or their family situation.
- (6) "Critical incident stress management team member" or "team member" means an employee, including any specially trained to provide critical incident stress management and crisis intervention services as a member of an organized team.
- (7) "Debriefing" means a closed, confidential discussion of a critical incident relating to the feelings and perceptions of those directly involved prior to, during, and after a stressful event. It is intended to provide support, education, and an outlet for associated views and feelings. Debriefings do not provide counseling or an operational critique of the incident.
- (b)(1) Any information divulged to the team or a team member during the provision of critical incident stress management and crisis intervention services shall be kept confidential and shall not be disclosed to a third party or in a criminal, civil, or administrative proceeding. Records kept by critical incident stress management team members are not subject to subpoena, discovery, or introduction into evidence in a criminal, civil, or administrative action. Except as provided in subparagraph (c), no person, whether critical incident stress management team member or team

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leader providing or receiving critical incident stress management and crisis intervention services, shall be required to testify or divulge any information obtained solely through such crisis intervention.

- (2) In any civil action against any individual, or the department, including the state of New Hampshire, arising out of the conduct of a member of such team, this section is not intended and shall not be admissible to establish negligence in any instance where requirements herein are higher than the standard of care that would otherwise have been applicable in such action under state law.
 - (c) A communication shall not be deemed confidential pursuant to this section if:
- (1) The communication indicates the existence of a danger to the individual who receives critical incident stress management and crisis intervention services or to any other person or persons;
- (2) The communication indicates the existence of past child abuse or neglect of the individual, abuse of an adult as defined by law, or family violence as defined by law; or-
- (3) The communication indicates the existence of a danger to the individual who receives critical incident stress management and crisis intervention services or to any other person or persons.
- 122:53 New Paragraph; Services for Children, Youth, and Families; Procurement Model for Services. Amend RSA 170-G:4-d by inserting after paragraph I the following new paragraph:
- I-a. The commissioner shall employ a procurement model for administering the provision of therapeutic-based residential behavioral health treatment services provided pursuant to RSA 170-G and RSA 135-F. All contracts shall incorporate the use of trauma-focused models of care. In cases where the unique needs of a juvenile or the capacity of a contracted provider prevent the use of a contracted provider, the commissioner may approve and shall pay for placement with another certified provider on a temporary basis if the commissioner determines that the placement is necessary to meet the juvenile's immediate treatment needs.
- 122:54 Repeal. RSA 170-G:8-b, IV, relative to an annual report of informational materials relating to missing children issues and matters, is repealed.
- 122:55 Services for the Developmentally Disabled; Funding for Wait List. Amend the introductory paragraph of RSA 171-A:1-a, I to read as follows:
- I. The department of health and human services and area agencies shall provide services to eligible persons under this chapter and persons eligible for the brain injury program under RSA 137K in a timely manner. The department and area agencies shall provide *funding for* services in such a manner that:
 - 122:56 Coverage Plan for Services to Individuals with Developmental Disabilities. The department of health and human services in collaboration with the department of education, the Disability Rights Center-New Hampshire, and the representatives of the 10 area agencies shall

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develop a plan by October 1, 2021 that provides coverage for services to individuals with developmental disabilities aged 18-21 enrolled in school and determined eligible for developmental services that are not the responsibility of the local education agency, another state agency, or another division of the department. Such a plan shall estimate the number of eligible individuals likely to need such services, the costs of providing such services, and reimbursement mechanisms for service providers.

122:57 Services for the Developmentally Disabled; Wait List. Amend RSA 171-A:1-a, II to read as follows:

II. [Beginning with the fiscal year ending June 30, 2010, and thereafter,] The department of health and human services shall incorporate *in its appropriation requests* the cost of fully funding services to eligible persons, in accordance with the requirements of paragraph I, and as otherwise required under RSA 171-A, and the legislature shall appropriate sufficient funds to meet such costs and requirements.

122:58 Fund for Domestic Violence Grant Program. Amend RSA 173-B:15 to read as follows:

173-B:15 Fund for Domestic Violence Grant Program. A special fund for domestic violence programs is established. The sole purpose of the fund shall be to provide revenues for the domestic violence program established in RSA 173-B:16, and shall not be available for any other purpose. The state treasurer shall deposit all fees received by the department under RSA 457:29, 457:32-b, and 631:2-b, V in the fund. All moneys deposited in the fund shall be continually appropriated for the purposes of the domestic violence grant program and shall not lapse.

122:59 Granite Workforce Program. Amend 2018, 342:9, as amended by 2019, 346:158, to read as follows:

342:9 Termination of Granite Workforce Program.

I. The commissioner of the department of health and human services shall be responsible for determining, every 3 months commencing no later than December 31, 2018, whether available TANF reserve funds total at least \$5,000,000. If at any time the commissioner determines that available TANF reserve funds have fallen below \$5,000,000, the commissioners of the departments of health and human services and employment security shall, within 20 business days of such determination, terminate the granite workforce program. The commissioners shall notify the governor, the speaker of the house of representatives, the president of the senate, the chairperson of the fiscal committee of the general court, and granite workforce participants of the program's pending termination. The commissioners shall have the discretion to limit granite workforce program services based on the availability of appropriated, available, or reserve funds.

II. If at any time the New Hampshire granite advantage health care program, established under RSA 126-AA, terminates, the commissioners of the departments of health and human services and employment security shall terminate the granite workforce program. The date of the granite

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workforce program's termination shall align with that of the New Hampshire granite advantage 1 2 health care program. 3 III. If the work and community engagement waiver is held invalid, or is not approved, or is withdrawn by the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services, the granite 4 workforce program shall be suspended until such time that the work and community 5 6 engagement waiver is approved or revalidated. 7 122:60 Health Facility Licensure; Effective Dates Amended. Amend 2020, 39:72, V-VI to read as 8 follows: 9 V. Sections 55-57[, 64-67, and 69] and 64 of this act shall take effect July 1, 2020. VI. Sections 5[7] and 60[7, and 68] of this act shall take effect July 1, 2021. 10 122:61 Milk Sanitation Code; Terms Defined. Amend RSA 184:79, XIII to read as follows: 11 12 XIII. The term "milk plant" means any place, premises, or establishment where milk or milk products are collected, handled, processed, stored, pasteurized, bottled, packaged, or prepared for 13 14 distribution, except an establishment where milk or milk products are sold at retail only. This term 15 shall include wash stations where milk tank trucks are cleaned and sanitized. 16 122:62 Milk Sanitation Code; License Fees. Amend RSA 184:85, IV to read as follows: 17 IV. All fees collected under this section shall be forwarded to the state treasurer. The state 18 treasurer shall credit all moneys received under this section, and interest received on such money, to [a] the public health services special fund established in RSA 143:11, from which [he] the 19 20 department shall pay all the expenses of the department incident to the licensing and regulation of milk plants, milk distributors and milk producer-distributors. [This-fund-shall-not-lapse.] 21 22 122:63 New Subdivision; Administration of Epinephrine. Amend RSA 329 by inserting after 23 section 1-g the following new subdivision: Administration of Epinephrine 24 25 329:1-h Administration of Epinephrine. 26 I. In this section: 27 (a) "Administer" means the direct application of an epinephrine auto-injector to the body 28 of an individual. 29 (b) "Authorized entity" means any entity or organization in which allergens capable of 30 causing anaphylaxis may be present, including recreation camps and day care facilities. Authorized 31 entity shall not include an elementary or secondary school or a postsecondary educational institution

(c) "Epinephrine auto-injector" means a single-use device used for the automatic injection of a premeasured dose of epinephrine into the human body.

eligible to establish policies and guidelines for the emergency administration of epinephrine under

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RSA 200-N.

(d) "Health care practitioner" means a person who is lawfully entitled to prescribe, administer, dispense, or distribute controlled drugs.

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1	(e) "Provide" means to furnish one or more epinephrine auto-injectors to an individual.
2	II. A health care practitioner may prescribe epinephrine auto-injectors in the name of an
3	authorized entity for use in accordance with this section, and pharmacists and health care
4	practitioners may dispense epinephrine auto-injectors pursuant to a prescription issued in the name
5	of an authorized entity.
6	III. An authorized entity may acquire and maintain a supply of epinephrine auto-injectors
7	pursuant to a prescription issued in accordance with this section. Such epinephrine auto-injectors
8	shall be stored in a location readily accessible in an emergency and in accordance with the
9	instructions for use, and any additional requirements that may be established by board of medicine.
10	An authorized entity shall designate employees or agents who have completed the training required
11	by paragraph V to be responsible for the storage, maintenance, control, and general oversight of
12	epinephrine auto-injectors acquired by the authorized entity.
13	IV. An employee or agent of an authorized entity, or other individual, who has completed the
14	training required by paragraph V may use epinephrine auto-injectors prescribed pursuant to this
15	section to:
16	(a) Provide an epinephrine auto-injector to any individual who the employee agent or
17	other individual believes in good faith is experiencing anaphylaxis, or the parent, guardian, or
18	caregiver of such individual, for immediate administration, regardless of whether the individual has
19	a prescription for an epinephrine auto-injector or has previously been diagnosed with an allergy.
20	(b) Administer an epinephrine auto-injector to any individual who the employee, agent,
21	or other individual believes in good faith is experiencing anaphylaxis, regardless of whether the
22	individual has a prescription for an epinephrine auto-injector or has previously been diagnosed with
23	an allergy.
24	V.(a) An employee, agent, or other individual described in paragraph IV shall complete an
25	anaphylaxis training program at least every 2 years, following completion of the initial anaphylaxis
26	training program. Such training shall be conducted by a nationally-recognized organization
27	experienced in training unlicensed persons in emergency health care treatment or an entity or
28	individual approved by the board of medicine. Training may be conducted online or in person and, at
29	a minimum, shall cover:
30	(1) How to recognize signs and symptoms of severe allergic reactions, including
31	anaphylaxis;
32	(2) Standards and procedures for the storage and administration of an epinephrine
33	auto-injector; and
34	(3) Emergency follow-up procedures.

(b) The entity or individual that conducts the training shall issue a certificate, on a form developed or approved by the board of medicine to each person who successfully completes the anaphylaxis training program.

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VI. No authorized entity that possesses and makes available epinephrine auto-injectors and its employees, agents, and other individuals, or health care practitioner that prescribes or dispenses epinephrine auto-injectors to an authorized entity, or pharmacist or health care practitioner that dispenses epinephrine auto-injectors to an authorized entity, or individual or entity that conducts the training described in paragraph V, shall be liable for any injuries or related damages that result from any act or omission pursuant to this section, unless such injury or damage is the result of willful or wanton misconduct. The administration of an epinephrine auto-injector in accordance with this section shall not be considered to be the practice of medicine or any other profession that otherwise requires licensure. This section shall not be construed to eliminate, limit, or reduce any other immunity or defense that may be available under state law. An entity located in this state shall not be liable for any injuries or related damages that result from the provision or administration of an epinephrine auto-injector outside of this state if the entity would not have been liable for such injuries or related damages under the law of the state in which such provision or administration occurred.

122:64 Guardians and Conservators; Termination of Guardianship. Amend RSA 464-A:40, V(a) to read as follows:

V.(a) If, within 30 days after the date of a testate or intestate ward's death, no petition for probate has been filed under any section of RSA 553 and the gross value of the personal property remaining in the possession of the guardian belonging to the deceased, including any amount left in designated accounts for the ward, is no more than [\$5,000] \$10,000, the guardian may file in the probate court in the county having jurisdiction over the guardianship an affidavit for the purpose of disposing of such deceased ward's estate. Once approved by the court, the guardian shall be authorized to dispose of the ward's accounts in a manner consistent with the court's order. The form of the affidavit, and the rules governing proceedings under this section, shall be provided by the probate court pursuant to RSA 547:33.

122:65 Custody and Escheat of Unclaimed or Abandoned Property; Filing of Claim. Amend RSA 471-C:26, I(c)(2)-(3) to read as follows:

- (2) Except as provided in subparagraphs (5)-(7), in the case of a closed estate where the unclaimed property is valued at less than [\$5,000] \$10,000 and does not include securities in share form, in accordance with the final distribution of assets as approved by the probate court.
- (3) Except as provided in subparagraphs (5)-(7), in the absence of an open estate or probate court decree of final distribution, and the unclaimed property is valued at less than [\$5,000] \$10,000 and does not include securities in share form, by the surviving spouse of the deceased owner, or, if there is no surviving spouse, then to the next of kin in accordance with the provisions of RSA 561:1.

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122:66 Applicability. Sections 64-65 of this act shall apply to affidavits or claims filed on or 1 2 after the effective date of this section. 122:67 New Subparagraph; New Hampshire Retirement System; Definitions. Amend RSA 100-3 A:1, VII by inserting after subparagraph (g) the following new subparagraph: 4 (h) The bureau chief for emergency preparedness and response with the department of 5 6 health and human services, division of health public services who: (1) Has the authority and responsibility to engage in the prevention and control of 7 8 public health incidents or emergencies; (2) As a job requirement is fully certified as an emergency preparedness official 9 qualified to administer emergency planning, response and recovery activities in the event of natural 10 disasters, public health crises or similar incidents; and 11 (3) As a job requirement shall meet all physical, mental, educational, and other 12qualifications for continuing certification as an emergency preparedness official that may be 13 14 established by the certifying authority. 122:68 Department of Health and Human Services; Plan for Legislation. The department of 15 health and human services shall consult with representatives of case management agencies and 16 providers to discuss potential licensure of case managers and present a plan for draft legislation to 17 the speaker of the house of representatives and the senate president by November 1, 2021. 18 122:69 New Section; Delinquent Children; Placement in a Qualified Residential Treatment 19 20 Program. Amend RSA 169-B by inserting after section 19-c the following new section: 169-B:19-d Placement in a Qualified Residential Treatment Program. For any child placed in a 21 qualified residential treatment program, as defined in the federal Family First Prevention Services 22 23 Act of 2017, the court shall: I. Order an assessment to be completed within 30 days of placement by a qualified 24individual as defined by the federal Family First Prevention Services Act of 2017; and 25 26 II. Review the assessment and issue an order approving the placement or changing the 27 placement within 60 days of placement. 28 122:70 New Section; Child Protection Act; Placement in a Qualified Residential Treatment 29 Program. Amend RSA 169-C by inserting after section 19-e the following new section: 169-C:19-f Placement in a Qualified Residential Treatment Program. For any child placed in a 30 qualified residential treatment program, as defined in the federal Family First Prevention Services 31 32 Act of 2017, the court shall: I. Order an assessment to be completed within 30 days of placement by a qualified 33

II. Review the assessment and issue an order approving the placement or changing the placement within 60 days of placement.

individual as defined by the federal Family First Prevention Services Act of 2017; and

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122:71 New Section: Children in Need of Services; Placement in a Qualified Residential · 1 Treatment Program. Amend RSA 169-D by inserting after section 9-c the following new section: 2 3 169-D:9-d Placement in a Qualified Residential Treatment Program. For any child placed in a qualified residential treatment program, as defined in the federal Family First Prevention Services 4 Act of 2017, the court shall: 5 I. Order an assessment to be completed within 30 days of placement by a qualified 6 individual as defined by the federal Family First Prevention Services Act of 2017; and 7 8 II. Review the assessment and issue an order approving the placement or changing the 9 placement within 60 days of placement. 122:72 Effective Date. 10 I. Sections 3-4, 6, 10, 12-32, and 67 of this act shall take effect 60 days after its passage. 11 II. Sections 39-40 and 64-66 of this act shall take effect July 1, 2021. 12 III. The remainder of this act shall take effect upon its passage. 13

Approved: July 09, 2021

Effective Date:

I. Sections 3-4, 6, 10, 12-32 and 67 shall take effect Sept. 7, 2021.

II. Sections 39-40 and 64-66 shall take effect July 1, 2021.

III. Remainder shall take effect July 9, 2021

Amendments

Amendment to SB 162-FN

1	Amend the bill by replacing all after the enacting clause with the following:
2	and the contract of the contra
3	1 Application of Receipts; Fund for Domestic Violence Grant Program, Amend RSA 6:12,
4	I(b)(12) to read as follows:
5	(12) Moneys received under RSA 457:29, 457:32-b, and 631:2-b, V which shall be
6	credited to the special fund for domestic violence programs established in RSA 173-B:15.
7	2 Application of Receipts; Public Health Services Special Fund. Amend RSA 6:12, I(b)(15) to
8	read as follows:
9	(15) Money received under RSA 125-E:22, 143:11, 143:22-a, 143-A:6, and 184:85,
10	which shall be credited to the public health services special fund established in RSA 143:11, III.
11	3 Compensation of Certain State Officers; Health and Human Services Positions Amended.
12	Amend the following position in RSA 94:1-a, I(b), grade GG to read as follows:
13	GG Department of health and human services director of [program planning and
14	integrity] Medicaid enterprise devélopment
15	4 Compensation of Certain State Officers; Health and Human Services Positions Amended.
16	Amend the following positions in RSA 94:1-a, I(b), grade JJ to read as follows:
17	JJ Department of health and human services associate commissioner [ef human
18	services and behavioral health
19	Ju Department of health and human services associate commissioner [ef
20	operations]
21	JJ Department of health and human services associate commissioner [for
22	populátion health]
23	[JJ Department of health and human services associate commissioner,
24	operations V
25	JJ Department of health and human services associate commissioner, population
26	health]
27	5 Department of Health and Human Services; Emergency Services Plan. The department of
28	health and human services in collaboration with all New Hampshire hospitals that operate
29	emergency facilities shall draft a plan to be presented to the speaker of the house of representatives,
30	the senate president and the governor's office by September 1, 2021 that details the necessary
31	emergency services offered for medical treatment of both physical and behavioral health. Such a

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plan shall include any recommendations for future legislation or required funding to ensure sufficient physical and behavioral health services.

- 6 New Subparagraph; New Hampshire Retirement System; Definitions. Amend RSA 100-A:1, VIII by inserting after subparagraph (b) the following new subparagraph:
- (c) The bureau chief for emergency preparedness and response with the department of health and human services, division of health public services who:
- (1) Has the authority and responsibility to engage in the prevention and control of public health incidents or emergencies;
- (2) As a job requirement is fully certified as an emergency preparedness official qualified to administer emergency planning, response and recovery activities in the event of natural disasters, public health crises or similar incidents; and
- (3) As a job requirement shall meet all physical mental, educational, and other qualifications for continuing certification as an emergency preparedness official that may be established by the certifying authority.
 - 7 Radiological Health Programs; Civil Penalties, Amend RSA 125-F:22, IV to read as follows:
- IV. Upon request of the department of health and human services, the department of justice is authorized to institute civil action to collect a penalty-imposed pursuant to this section. The attorney general shall have the exclusive power to compromise, mitigate, or remit such civil penalties as are referred to [him] the attorney general for collection. All civil penalties collected under this section shall be forwarded to the state treasurer. The state treasurer shall deposit all moneys received under this section, and interest received on such money, to the public health services special fund, [which shall be nonlapsing], established in RSA 143:11, from which the department of health and human services shall pay expenses incident to the administration of this chapter.
- 8 Department of Health and Human Services; Office of the Ombudsman. Amend RSA 126-A:4, III to read as follows:
- III. The department shall establish an office of the ombudsman to provide assistance to clients [and employees] of the department by investigating and resolving complaints regarding any matter within the jurisdiction of the department including services or assistance provided by the department or its contractors. The ombudsman's office may provide mediation or other means for informally resolving complaints. The records of the ombudsman's office shall be confidential and shall not be disclosed without the consent of the client [or employee] on whose behalf the complaint is made, except as may be necessary to assist the service provider [or the employee's supervisor] to resolve the complaint, or as required by law.
- 9 Repeal. RSA 126-A:5, II-a, relative to an annual report of an aggregate schedule of payables for class 90 grant lines, is repealed.

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1	10 New Section; Department of Health and Human Services; Status in Retirement System.
2	Amend RSA 126-A by inserting after section 5-e the following new section:
3	126-A:5-f Status in Retirement System. For purposes of classification under RSA 100-A, any
4	person who is or becomes the bureau chief for emergency preparedness with the department's
5	division of health public services, shall be included in the definition of group II under RSA 100-A:1,
6	VII(h) and VIII(c) under the retirement system, provided that, notwithstanding RSA 100-A:1, VII(h)
7	or VIII(c), any person not already a group II member for at least 10 years during or prior to his or
8	her appointment shall be eligible for or remain as a group I member for the duration of service as the
9	bureau chief for emergency preparedness.
10	11 Repeal. The following are repealed:
11	I. RSA 126-A:50 through RSA 126-A:59, RSA 126-A:61, and RSA 126-A:63, relative to the
12	housing security guarantee program.
13	II. RSA 6:12, I(b)(255), relative to moneys deposited in the homeless housing and access
14	revolving loan fund, established in RSA 126-A:63.
15	12 Youth Access to and Use of Tobacco Products, Amend RSA 126-K:1 to read as follows:
16	126-K:1 Purpose. The purpose of this chapter is to protect the citizens of New Hampshire from
17	the possibility of addiction, disability, and death resulting from the use of tobacco products by
18	ensuring that tobacco products will not be supplied to persons under the age of 21. This chapter
19	shall not apply to individuals who have been issued a registry identification card under
20	RSA 126-X:4 or alternative treatment centers registered under RSA 126-X:7 with respect to
21	the therapeutic use of cannabis.
22	13 Youth Access to and Use of Tobacco Products; Possession and Use. Amend RSA 126-K:6, I to
23	read as follows:
24	I. No person under 21 years of age shall purchase, attempt to purchase, possess, or use any
25	tobacco product, e-cigarette, dévice, or e-liquid [except individuals who have been issued a registry
26	identification card under RSA 126 X:4 may purchase, possess and use e liquids containing cannabis
27	and applicable devices as allowed under RSA 126-X].
28	14 Use of Cannabis for Therapeutic Purposes; Definitions. Amend RSA 126-X:1, VII(b) to read
29	as follows:
30	(b) For a visiting qualifying patient, "provider" means an individual licensed to prescribe
31	drugs to humans in the state of the patient's residence and who possesses an active registration from
32	the United States Drug Enforcement Administration to prescribe controlled substances. [Such
33	visiting patient shall not be cligible to purchase or transfer cannabis from an cligible New
34	Hampshire patient.]
35	15 Use of Cannabis for Therapeutic Purposes; Definitions. Amend RSA 126-X:1, XI to read as

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follows:

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1	XI. "Registry identification card" means a document indicating the date issued, effective
2	date, and expiration date by the department pursuant to RSA 126-X:4 that identifies an individual
3	as a qualifying patient or a designated caregiver.
4	16 Use of Cannabis for Therapeutic Purposes; Definitions. Amend RSA 126-X:1, XVII to read as
5	follows:
6	XVII. "Written certification" means documentation of a qualifying medical condition by a
7	provider pursuant to rules adopted by the department pursuant to RSA 541-A for the purpose of
8	issuing registry identification cards, after having completed a full assessment of the patient's
9	medical history and current medical condition made in the course of a provider-patient relationship.
10	[The date of issuance and the patient's qualifying medical condition, symptoms or side effects, the
11	certifying provider's name, medical specialty, and signature shall be specified on the written
12	eertification.]
13	17 New Paragraph; Use of Cannabis for Therapeutic Purposes Protections. Amend RSA 126-
14	X:2 by inserting after paragraph XVI the following new paragraph:
15	XVII. Authorized employees of the department shall not be subject to arrest by state or local
16	law enforcement, prosecution, or penalty under state or municipal law, or search, when possessing,
17	transporting, delivering, or transferring cannabis and cannabis infused products for the purposes of
18	regulatory oversight related to this chapter.
19	18 Use of Cannabis for Therapeutic Purposes; Protections. Amend RSA 126-X:2, IX(c) to read as
20	follows:
21	(c) Deliver, transfer, supply, sell, or dispense cannabis and related supplies and
22	educational materials to qualifying patients [who have designated the alternative treatment center
23	to provide for them], to designated caregivers on behalf of the qualifying patients [who have
24	designated the alternative treatment center], or to other alternative treatment centers.
25	19 Use of Cannabis for Therapeutic Purposes; Prohibitions and Limitations on the Therapeutic
26	Use of Cannabis. Amend, RSA 126-X:3, VII-VIII to read as follows:
27	VII. The department may revoke the registry identification card of a qualifying patient or
28	designated caregiver for violation of rules adopted by the department or for violation of any other
29/	provision of this chapter, including for obtaining more than 2 ounces of cannabis in any 10-
30	day period in violation of RSA 126-X:8, XIII(b), and the qualifying patient or designated
31	caregiver shall be subject to any other penalties established in law for the violation.
32	VIII. A facility caregiver shall treat cannabis in a manner similar to controlled
-33	prescription medications with respect to its storage, security, and administration when assisting
34	qualifying patients with the therapeutic use of cannabis.
35	20 Use of Cannabis for Therapeutic Purposes; Departmental Administration. Amend RSA 126-

X:4, I(a)-(b) to read as follows:

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1	(a) Written certification [as defined in RSA-126-X:1] which includes the date of
2	issuance, the patient's qualifying medical condition, symptoms, or side effects, and the
3	certifying provider's name, medical specialty, and signature. If a written certification has
4	been previously issued for fewer than 3 years, a provider may extend the written
5	certification, provided that the written certification shall not exceed 3 years.
6	(b) An application or a renewal application accompanied by the application or renewal
7	fee. A renewal application and fee shall not be required if the applicant receives an
8	extension to the written certification previously issued for fewer than 3 years.
9	21 Use of Cannabis for Therapeutic Purposes; Registry Identification Cards. Amend RSA 126-
10	X:4, I(e) and the introductory paragraph of I(f) to read as follows:
11	(e) Name[, address, and telephone number] of the applicant's provider.
12	(f) Name[, address,] and date of birth of the applicant's designated caregiver, if any. A
13	qualifying patient shall have only one designated caregiver, except as follows:
14	22 Use of Cannabis for Therapeutic Purposes; Registry Identification Cards. Amend RSA 126-
15	X:4, II(d) to read as follows:
16	(d) Name, residential and mailing address, and date of birth of each qualifying patient
17	for whom the applicant will act as designated caregiver except that if the qualifying patient is
18	homeless, no residential address is required. An applicant shall not act as a designated caregiver
19	for more than 5 qualifying patients.
20	23 Use of Cannabis for Therapeutic Purposes; Registry Identification Cards. Amend the
21	introductory paragraph in RSA 126-X:4; IV and RSA 126-X:4, IV(a)-(b) to read as follows:
22	IV. The department shall create and issue a registry identification card to a person applying
23	as a qualifying patient or designated caregiver within 5 days of approving an application or renewal.
24	Each registry identification card shall expire one year after the [date of issuance] effective date of
25	the card, unless the provider states in the written certification that the certification should expire
26	at an earlier [specified date] or later effective date, not to exceed 3 years, then the registry
27	identification card-shall expire on that date. Registry identification cards shall contain all of the
28	following:
29	(a) Name, mailing address, and date of birth of the qualifying patient or designated
30	caregiver.
31	(b) The date of issuance, effective date, and expiration date of the registry
32	identification card.
33	24 Use of Cannabis for Therapeutic Purposes; Registry Identification Cards. Amend RSA 126-
34	X:4, VII(a) to read as follows:
35	VII.(a) The department shall track the number of qualifying patients [who have designated

each alternative treatment center] and issue a weekly written statement to the alternative treatment center identifying the number of qualifying patients [who have designated that

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1	alternative treatment center] along with the registry identification numbers of each qualifying
2	patient and each qualifying patient's designated caregiver.
3	25 Use of Cannabis for Therapeutic Purposes; Registry Identification Cards. Amend RSA 126-
4	X:4, VIII to read as follows:
5	VIII. In addition to the weekly reports, the department shall also provide written notice to
6	an alternative treatment center which identifies the names and registration identification numbers
7	of a qualifying patient and his or her designated caregiver whenever [any] either of the following
8	events occur:
9	(a) A qualifying patient [designates the alternative treatment center to serve his or her
10	needs] is registered as a participating patient under this chapter; or
11	(b) [A qualifying patient revokes the designation of the alternative treatment center; or
12	(e)] A qualifying patient [who has designated the alternative treatment center] losés his
13	or her status as a qualifying patient under this chapter.
14	26 Use of Cannabis for Therapeutic Purposes; Registry Identification Cards. Amend RSA 126-
15	X:4, IX(a) to read as follows:
16	IX.(a) A qualifying patient shall notify the department before changing his or her designated
17	caregiver [or alternative treatment centor].
18	27 Use of Cannabis for Therapeutic Purposes, Registry Identification Cards. Amend RSA 126-
19	X:4, XI(a) to read as follows:
20	XI.(a) The department shall create and maintain a confidential registry of each individual
21	who has applied for and received a registry identification card as a qualifying patient or a designated
22	caregiver in accordance with the provisions of this chapter. Each entry in the registry shall contain
23	the qualifying patient's or designated caregiver's name, mailing address, date of birth, date of
24	registry identification card issuance, effective date of registry identification, date of registry
25	identification card expiration, and random 10-digit identification number[, and registry
26	identification number of the qualifying patient's designated alternative treatment center, if any].
27	The confidential registry and the information contained in it shall be exempt from disclosure under
28	RSA 91-A.
29	28 Use of Cannabis for Therapeutic Purposes; Registry Identification Cards. Amend RSA 126-
30	X.4, XI(b)(5) to read as follows:
31	(5) Counsel for the department may notify law enforcement officials about falsified
32	or fraudulent information submitted to the department where counsel has [made a legal
33	determination that there is probable cause] reason to believe the information is false or falsified.
34	29 Use of Cannabis for Therapeutic Purposes; Departmental Rules. Amend RSA 126-X:6, I(b) to
35	read as follows:

The form and content of providers' written certifications, including the

administrative process for tracking extensions pursuant to RSA 126-X:4, I.

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(b)

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1	30 Use of Cannabis for Therapeutic Purposes; Alternative Treatment Centers. Amend RSA 126-
2	X:8, VII(a) to read as follows:
3	(a) Records of the disposal of cannabis that is not distributed by the alternative
4	treatment center to qualifying patients [who have designated the alternative treatment center to
5	eultivate for them].
6	31 Use of Cannabis for Therapeutic Purposes; Alternative Treatment Centers. Amend RSA 126-
7	X:8, XV(a)-(b) to read as follows:
8	XV.(a) An alternative treatment center shall not possess or cultivate cannabis in excess of
9	the following quantities:
10	(1) Eighty cannabis plants, 160 seedlings, and 80 ounces of usable cannabis, or 6
11	ounces of usable cannabis per qualifying patient; and
12	(2) Three mature cannabis plants, 12 seedlings, and 6 ounces for each qualifying
13	patient [who has designated the alternative treatment conter to provide him or her with cannabis for
14	therapeutic use] registered as a qualifying patient under this chapter.
15	(b) An alternative treatment center of alternative treatment center agent shall not
16	dispense, deliver, or otherwise transfer cannabis to any person or entity other than:
17	(1) A qualifying patient [who has designated the relevant alternative treatment
18	center]; or
19	(2) Such patient's designated caregiver; or
20	(3) Another alternative treatment center.
21	32 Repeal. The following are repealed:
22	I. RSA 126-X:4, I(g), relative to patients designating an alternative treatment center.
23	II. RSA 126-X:4, II(e), relative to street address of the alternative treatment center.
24	III. RSA 126-X-4, IX(e), relative to failure of a qualifying patient or designated caregiver for
25	providing changes to name, address or designated caregiver.
26	IV. RSA 126-X:6, I(e), relative to departmental rules regarding certain fines.
27	33 New Hampshire Granite Advantage Health Care Trust Fund. Amend RSA 126-AA;3, I(e)-(f)
28	to read as follows:
29	(e) Funds received from the assessment under RSA 404-G; [and]
30	(f) Revenue from the Medicaid enhancement tax to meet the requirements
31	provided in RSA 167:64; and
32	(g) Funds recovered or returnable to the fund that were originally spent on the cost of
33	coverage of the granite advantage health care program.
34	34 Repeal. RSA 126-A:70 and 71, relative to administration of epinephrine, are repealed.
35	35 Communicable Disease; Mosquito Control Fund. Amend RSA 141-C:25, I to read as follows:
36	I. There is hereby established a nonlapsing and continually appropriated mosquito control

fund to assist cities, towns, and mosquito control districts by providing funding for the purpose of

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offsetting the cost of mosquito control activities including, but not limited to, the purchase and application of chemical pesticides. The purpose of the fund is to provide financial assistance, when needed, to cities, towns, and mosquito control districts engaging in mosquito control and abatement activities in response to a declared threat to the public health. [Any balance remaining in the mosquito control fund at the close of the fiscal year ending June 30, 2009 shall lapse to the general fund.]

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- 36 Sanitary Production and Distribution of Food; Shellfish Certificate Fees. Amend RSA 143:11, III to read as follows:
- III. There is hereby established in the state treasury the public health services special fund, which shall be kept separate and distinct from all other funds. The fund shall be nonlapsing and continually appropriated to the department of health and human services. All fees collected under this subdivision shall be forwarded to the state treasurer. The state treasurer who shall credit all [moneys received under this subdivision,] such moneys and interest received on such money, to [a special] the fund from which [he] the department of health and human services shall pay all the expenses of the department incident to the administration of this subdivision. [This fund shall not lapse.]
- 37 Sanitary Production and Distribution of Food; Shellfish Certificate Fees. Amend RSA 143:22-a to read as follows:
- 143:22-a Shellfish Certificate Rees. The commissioner of the department of health and human services shall prescribe and collect fees for certificates for establishments which process or pack shellfish. Such fees shall be in accordance with rules adopted under RSA 541-A. All fees collected under this subdivision shall be forwarded to the state treasurer to be deposited in the [general fund] public health services special fund established in RSA 143:11. The department of health and human services shall use such funds to pay expenses of the department incident to the administration of this subdivision.
 - 38 Food Service Licensure; Application. Amend RSA 143-A:6, VI to read as follows:
- VI From the amounts collected by the commissioner under paragraph V, up to \$300,000 each fiscal year may be included in the state biennial operating budget as restricted revenue to support the activities required in this chapter. The state treasurer shall credit all moneys received under this paragraph, and interest received on such money, to the public health services special fund, established under RSA 143:11, from which the department shall pay expenses incident to the administration of this chapter.
 - 39 Nursing Home Administrators; Patient Accounts. Amend RSA 151-A:15, I to read as follows:
- I. If within 30 days after the date of a testate or intestate patient's death in any nursing home no petition for probate has been filed under any section of RSA 553 and the gross value of the personal property remaining at the nursing home belonging to the deceased, including any amount left in a patient account, is no more than [\$5,000] \$10,000, the nursing home administrator shall file

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- 1 in the probate court in the county where the nursing home is located an affidavit for the purpose of 2 disposing of such deceased patient's estate. The form of the affidavit, and the rules governing 3 proceedings under this section, shall be provided by the probate court pursuant to RSA 547:33. The 4 nursing home administrator shall not file a death certificate with the probate court, but shall attest 5 to the death in the affidavit. If the nursing home patient died testate and if the nursing home 6 administrator has the will or a copy of the will, the nursing home administrator shall file the same 7 in the probate court in the county where the nursing home is located. The probate court shall waive 8 all filing fees.
 - 40 Applicability. Section 39 of this act shall apply to affidavits filed on or after the effective date of this section.
- 11 41 Repeal. RSA 151-E:11, II, relative to an annual report on the utilization of non-nursing home services, is repealed.
 - 42 Protective Services to Adults; Reports of Adult Abuse. Amend the introductory paragraph of RSA 161-F:46 to read as follows:

Any person, including, but not limited to, physicians, other health care professionals, social workers, clergy, and law enforcement officials, suspecting or believing in good faith that any adult who is or who is suspected to be vulnerable, at the time of the incident, has been subjected to abuse, neglect, self-neglect, or exploitation or is or was living in hazardous conditions shall report or cause a report to be made as follows:

43 Repeal. The following are repealed:

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- I. RSA 161-F:64, relative to an annual report on review of homemaker services.
- II. RSA 161-I:4, VI; relative to reports regarding the home and community-based care waiver for the elderly and chronically ill.
 - III. RSA 165:20-c, relative to liability for support and reimbursement from the state.
- 25 IV. RSA 165:35, relative to rulemaking for forms and claims for reimbursement from the 26 state.
 - V. RSA-167:3-j, III, relative to semi-annual reports on net savings realized for aid to the permanently and totally disabled grants.
 - 44 Aid to Assisted Persons; Expense of General Assistance. Amend RSA 165:2-a to read as follows:
 - 165:2-a Expense of General Assistance. The financial responsibility for general assistance for assisted persons shall be the responsibility of the town or city in which the person making application resides, except as otherwise provided in RSA 165:1-c [and 165:20-c].
 - 45 Public Assistance; Financial Disclosure by Applicants and Recipients. Amend RSA 167:4-a, VI to read as follows:
 - VI. The department, in coordination with financial institutions doing business in the state, may develop and operate a data match system, using automated data exchanges to the maximum

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extent feasible, in which each financial institution is required to provide, when requested by the department and subject to reasonable reimbursement as set forth in Public Law 110-252, up to 5 years of information regarding the name, record address, social security number or other taxpayer identification number, monthly account balance, and other identifying information for each applicant or recipient who maintains an account at the financial institution, as identified by the department by name and social security number or other taxpayer identification number. The system shall be based on a cost-effective search algorithm and shall include means to assure compliance with the The department shall provide a status report regarding the provisions of this section. implementation of the data match system to the oversight committee on health and human services, established in RSA 126-A:13, on or before November 1, 2010, and annually thereafter, until implementation has been fully completed. The report shall summarize the department's findings and recommendations to date, including savings generated by both incremental asset identification and the time and labor associated with the process, the feedback and reactions of applicants and recipients, any barriers to implementation, anticipated future actions, and the department's assessment of the relative success of the project.]

46 New Section; Child Protection Act; Investigatory Interviews and Evaluations. Amend RSA 169-C by inserting after section 12-f the following new section:

169-C:12-g Investigatory Interviews and Evaluations. The court may order a parent, guardian, custodian, or other caregiver to produce a child for the purpose of an investigatory interview, including a multidisciplinary team interview in accordance with RSA 169-C:34-a or an interview or evaluation by any other expert necessary for the purpose of the investigation of suspected abuse or neglect.

47 Child Protection Act; Central Registry. Amend RSA 169-C:35, II to read as follows:

II. Upon receipt by the department of a written request and verified proof of identity, an individual shall be informed by the department whether that individual's name is listed in the founded reports maintained in the central registry. It shall be unlawful for any employer other than those providing services pursuant to RSA 169-B, RSA 169-C, RSA 169-D, and RSA 135-C, and those specified in RSA 170-E [end], RSA 170-G:8-c, and RSA 171-A to require as a condition of employment that the employee submit his or her name for review against the central registry of founded reports of abuse and neglect. Any violation of this provision shall be punishable as a violation.

48 Interstate Compact for the Placement of Children. RSA 170-A is repealed and reenacted to read as follows:

34 CHAPTER 170-A
35 INTERSTATE COMPACT
36 FOR THE PLACEMENT OF CHILDREN

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1	170-A:1 Interstate Compact for the Placement of Children. On the effective date of this chapter,
2	based upon the enactment of the Interstate Compact for the Placement of Children into law by the
3	thirty-fifth compacting state, the governor is authorized and directed to execute a compact on behalf
4	of this state with any other state or states legally joining therein in the form substantially as follows:
5	ARTICLE I
6	Purpose
7	The purpose of this Interstate Compact for the Placement of Children is to:
8	I. Provide a process through which children subject to this compact are placed in safe and
9	suitable homes in a timely manner.
10	II. Facilitate ongoing supervision of a placement, the delivery of services, and
11	communication between the states.
12	III. Provide operating procedures that will ensure that children are placed in safe and
13	suitable homes in a timely manner.
14	IV. Provide for the promulgation and enforcement of administrative rules implementing the
15	provisions of this compact and regulating the covered activities of the member states.
16	V. Provide for uniform data collection and information sharing between member states
17	under this compact.
18	VI. Promote coordination between this compact, the Interstate Compact for Juveniles, the
19	Interstate Compact on Adoption and Medical Assistance, and other compacts affecting the placement
20	of and which provide services to children otherwise subject to this compact.
21	VII. Provide for a state's continuing legal jurisdiction and responsibility for placement and
22	care of a child that it would have had if the placement were intrastate.
23	VIII. Provide for the promulgation of guidelines, in collaboration with Indian tribes, for
24	interstate cases involving Indian children as is or may be permitted by federal law.
25	ARTICLE II
26	Definitions
27	As used in this compact:
28	I. "Approved placement" means the public child-placing agency in the receiving state has
29	determined that the placement is both safe and suitable for the child.
30	II "Assessment" means an evaluation of a prospective placement by a public child-placing
31	agency in the receiving state to determine if the placement meets the individualized needs of the
32	child, including, but not limited to, the child's safety and stability, health and well-being, and
33	mental, emotional, and physical development. An assessment is only applicable to a placement by a
34	public child-placing agency.
35	III. "Child" means an individual who has not attained the age of 18.

IV. "Certification" means to attest, declare, or swear to before a judge or notary public.

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V. "Default" means the failure of a member state to perform the obligations or responsibilities imposed upon it by this compact or the bylaws or rules of the Interstate Commission.

- VI. "Home study" means an evaluation of a home environment conducted in accordance with the applicable requirements of the state in which the home is located and that documents the preparation and the suitability of the placement resource for placement of a child in accordance with the laws and requirements of the state in which the home is located.
- VII. "Indian tribe" means any Indian tribe, band, nation, or other organized group or community of Indians recognized as eligible for services provided to Indians by the Secretary of the Interior because of their status as Indians, including any Alaskan native village as defined in section 3(c) of the Alaska Native Claims Settlement Act, 43 U.S.C. section 1602(c).
- VIII. "Interstate Commission for the Placement of Children" means the commission that is created under Article VIII of this compact and which is generally referred to as the "Interstate Commission."
 - IX. "Jurisdiction" means the power and authority of a court to hear and decide matters.
- X. "Legal risk placement" or "legal risk adoption" means a placement made preliminary to an adoption where the prospective adoptive parents acknowledge in writing that a child can be ordered returned to the sending state or the birth mother's state of residence, if different from the sending state, and a final decree of adoption shall not be entered in any jurisdiction until all required consents are obtained or are dispensed with in accordance with applicable law.
 - XI. "Member state" means a state that has enacted this compact.
- XII. "Noncustodial parent" means a person who, at the time of the commencement of court proceedings in the sending state, does not have sole legal custody of the child or has joint legal custody of a child, and who is not the subject of allegations or findings of child abuse or neglect.
 - XIII. "Nonmember-state" means a state which has not enacted this compact.
- XIV. Notice of residential placement" means information regarding a placement into a residential facility provided to the receiving state, including, but not limited to, the name, date, and place of birth of the child, the identity and address of the parent or legal guardian, evidence of authority to make the placement, and the name and address of the facility in which the child will be placed. Notice of residential placement shall also include information regarding a discharge and any unauthorized absence from the facility.
- XV. "Placement" means the act by a public or private child-placing agency intended to arrange for the care or custody of a child in another state.
- XVI. "Private child-placing agency" means any private corporation, agency, foundation, institution, or charitable organization, or any private person or attorney, that facilitates, causes, or is involved in the placement of a child from one state to another and that is not an instrumentality of the state or acting under color of state law.

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XVII. "Provisional placement" means a determination	made by the public child-placing
agency in the receiving state that the proposed placement is safe	e and suitable, and, to the extent
allowable, the receiving state has temporarily waived its stand	dards or requirements otherwise
applicable to prospective foster or adoptive parents so as to not de	lay the placement. Completion of
the receiving state requirements regarding training for prospective	ve foster or adoptive parents shall
not delay an otherwise safe and suitable placement.	

XVIII. "Public child-placing agency" means any government child welfare agency or child protection agency or a private entity under contract with such an agency, regardless of whether the entity acts on behalf of a state, a county, a municipality, or another governmental unit, and which facilitates, causes, or is involved in the placement of a child from one state to another.

XIX. "Receiving state" means the state to which a child is sent, brought, or caused to be sent or brought.

XX. "Relative" means someone who is related to the child as a parent, stepparent, sibling by half or whole blood or by adoption, grandparent, aunt, uncle, or first cousin or a nonrelative with such significant ties to the child that the nonrelative may be regarded as a relative as determined by the court in the sending state.

XXI. "Residential facility" means a facility providing a level of care that is sufficient to substitute for parental responsibility or foster care and that is beyond what is needed for assessment or treatment of an acute condition. For purposes of the compact, the term "residential facility" does not include institutions primarily educational in character, hospitals, or other medical facilities.

XXII. "Rule" means a written directive, mandate, standard, or principle issued by the Interstate Commission promulgated pursuant to Article XI of this compact that is of general applicability and that implements, interprets, or prescribes a policy or provision of the compact. A rule has the force and effect of an administrative rule in a member state and includes the amendment, repeal, or suspension of an existing rule.

XXIII. "Sending state" means the state from which the placement of a child is initiated.

XXIV. "Service member's permanent duty station" means the military installation where an active duty United States Armed Services member is currently assigned and is physically located under competent orders that do not specify the duty as temporary.

XXV. "Service member's state of legal residence" means the state in which the active duty United States Armed Services member is considered a resident for tax and voting purposes.

XXVI. "State" means a state of the United States, the District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, the United States Virgin Islands, Guam, American Samoa, the Northern Mariana Islands, and any other territory of the United States.

XXVII. "State court" means a judicial body of a state that is vested by law with responsibility for adjudicating cases involving abuse, neglect, deprivation, delinquency, or status offenses of individuals who have not attained the age of 18.

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1	XXVIII. "Supervision" means monitoring provided by the receiving state once a child has
2	been placed in a receiving state pursuant to this compact.
3	ARTICLE III
4	Applicability
5	I. Except as otherwise provided in paragraph II, this compact shall apply to:
6	(a) The interstate placement of a child subject to ongoing court jurisdiction in the
7	sending state, due to allegations or findings that the child has been abused, neglected, or deprived as
8	defined by the laws of the sending state; provided, however, that the placement of such a child into a
9	residential facility shall only require notice of residential placement to the receiving state prior to
10	placement.
11	(b) The interstate placement of a child adjudicated delinquent or unmanageable based
12	on the laws of the sending state and subject to ongoing court jurisdiction of the sending state if:
13	(1) The child is being placed in a residential facility in another member state and is
14	not covered under another compact; or
15	(2) The child is being placed in another member state and the determination of
16	safety and suitability of the placement and services required is not provided through another
17	compact.
18	(c) The interstate placement of any child by a public child-placing agency or private
19	child-placing agency as a preliminary step to a possible adoption.
20	II. The provisions of this compact shall not apply to:
21	(a) The interstate placement of a child in a custody proceeding in which a public child-
22	placing agency is not a party provided, however, that the placement is not intended to effectuate an
23	adoption.
24	(b) The interstate placement of a child with a nonrelative in a receiving state by a parent
25	with the legal authority to make such a placement; provided, however, that the placement is not
26	intended to effectuate an adoption.
27	(c) The interstate placement of a child by one relative with the lawful authority to make
28	such a placement directly with a relative in a receiving state.
29	(d) The placement of a child, not subject to paragraph I, into a residential facility by his
30	or her parent.
31	(e) The placement of a child with a noncustodial parent, provided that:
32	(1) The noncustodial parent proves to the satisfaction of a court in the sending state
33	a substantial relationship with the child;
34	(2) The court in the sending state makes a written finding that placement with the
35	noncustodial parent is in the best interests of the child; and
36	(3) The court in the sending state dismisses its jurisdiction in interstate placements
37	in which the public child-placing agency is a party to the proceeding.

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(f) A child entering the United States from a foreign country for the purpose of adoption or leaving the United States to go to a foreign country for the purpose of adoption in that country.

- (g) Cases in which a child who is a United States citizen living overseas with his or her family, at least one of whom is in the United States Armed Services and stationed overseas, is removed and placed in a state.
- (h) The sending of a child by a public child-placing agency or a private child-placing agency for a visit as defined by the rules of the Interstate Commission.
- III. For purposes of determining the applicability of this compact to the placement of a child with a family member in the United States Armed Services, the public child-placing agency or private child-placing agency may choose the state of the service member's permanent duty station or the service member's declared legal residence.
- IV. Nothing in this compact shall be construed to prohibit the concurrent application of the provisions of this compact with other applicable interstate compacts, including the Interstate Compact for Juveniles and the Interstate Compact on Adoption and Medical Assistance. The Interstate Commission may, in cooperation with other interstate compact commissions having responsibility for the interstate movement, placement, or transfer of children, promulgate similar rules to ensure the coordination of services, timely placement of children, and reduction of unnecessary or duplicative administrative or procedural requirements.

ARTICLE IV

Jurisdiction

I. Except as provided in Article IV, paragraph VIII, and Article V, subparagraph II(b) and (c), concerning private and independent adoptions, and in interstate placements in which the public child-placing agency is not a party to a custody proceeding, the sending state shall retain jurisdiction over a child with respect to all matters of custody and disposition of the child which it would have had if the child had remained in the sending state. Such jurisdiction shall also include the power to order the return of the child to the sending state.

Mhen-an issue of child protection or custody is brought before a court in the receiving state, such court shall confer with the court of the sending state to determine the most appropriate forum for adjudication.

- III. In cases that are before courts and subject to this compact, the taking of testimony for hearings before any judicial officer may occur in person or by telephone, audio-video conference, or such other means as approved by the rules of the Interstate Commission, and judicial officers may communicate with other judicial officers and persons involved in the interstate process as may be permitted by their code of judicial conduct and any rules promulgated by the Interstate Commission.
- IV. In accordance with its own laws, the court in the sending state shall have authority to terminate its jurisdiction if:

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1	(a) The child is reunified with the parent in the receiving state who is the subject of
2	allegations or findings of abuse or neglect, only with the concurrence of the public child-placing
3	agency in the receiving state;
4	(b) The child is adopted;
5	(c) The child reaches the age of majority under the laws of the sending state;
6	(d) The child achieves legal independence pursuant to the laws of the sending state;
7	(e) A guardianship is created by a court in the receiving state with the concurrence of
8	the court in the sending state;
9	(f) An Indian tribe has petitioned for and received jurisdiction from the court in the
10	sending state; or
11	(g) The public child-placing agency of the sending state requests, termination and has
12	obtained the concurrence of the public child-placing agency in the receiving state.
13	V. When a sending state court terminates its jurisdiction, the receiving state child-placing
14	agency shall be notified.
15	VI. Nothing in this article shall defeat a claim of jurisdiction by a receiving state court
16	sufficient to deal with an act of truancy, delinquency, crime, or behavior involving a child as defined
17	by the laws of the receiving state committed by the child in the receiving state which would be a
18	violation of its laws.
19	VII. Nothing in this article shall limit the receiving state's ability to take emergency
20	jurisdiction for the protection of the child
21	VIII. The substantive laws of the state in which an adoption will be finalized shall solely
22	govern all issues relating to the adoption of the child, and the court in which the adoption proceeding
23	is filed shall have subject matter jurisdiction regarding all substantive issues relating to the
24	adoption, except:
25	(a) When the child is a ward of another court that established jurisdiction over the child
26	prior to the placement;
27	(b) When the child is in the legal custody of a public agency in the sending state; or
28	(c) When a court in the sending state has otherwise appropriately assumed jurisdiction
29	over the child prior to the submission of the request for approval of placement.
30	IX! A final decree of adoption shall not be entered in any jurisdiction until the placement is
31	authorized as an "approved placement" by the public child-placing agency in the receiving state.
32	ARTICLE V
33	Placement Evaluation
34	I. Prior to sending, bringing, or causing a child to be sent or brought into a receiving state,
35	the public child-placing agency shall provide a written request for assessment to the receiving state.

II. For placements by a private child-placing agency, a child may be sent or brought, or

caused to be sent or brought, into a receiving state upon receipt and immediate review of the

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required content in a request for approval of a placement in both the sending and receiving state public child-placing agencies. The required content to accompany a request for approval shall include all of the following:

- (a) A request for approval identifying the child, the birth parents, the prospective adoptive parents, and the supervising agency, signed by the person requesting approval.
- (b) The appropriate consents or relinquishments signed by the birth parents in accordance with the laws of the sending state or, where permitted, the laws of the state where the adoption will be finalized.
- (c) Certification by a licensed attorney or authorized agent of a private adoption agency that the consent or relinquishment is in compliance with the applicable laws of the sending state or, where permitted, the laws of the state where finalization of the adoption will occur.
 - (d) A home study.

- (e) An acknowledgment of legal risk signed by the prospective adoptive parents.
- III. The sending state and the receiving state may request additional information or documents prior to finalization of an approved placement, but they may not delay travel by the prospective adoptive parents with the child if the required content for approval has been submitted, received, and reviewed by the public child-placing agency in both the sending state and the receiving state.
- IV. Approval from the public child-placing agency in the receiving state for a provisional or approved placement is required as provided for in the rules of the Interstate Commission.
- V. The procedures for making the request for an assessment shall contain all information and be in such form as provided for in the rules of the Interstate Commission.
- VI. Upon receipt of a request from the public child-placing agency of the sending state, the receiving state shall initiate an assessment of the proposed placement to determine its safety and suitability. If the proposed placement is a placement with a relative, the public child-placing agency of the sending state may request a determination for a provisional placement.
- VII. The public child-placing agency in the receiving state may request from the public child-placing agency or the private child-placing agency in the sending state, and shall be entitled to receive, supporting or additional information necessary to complete the assessment or approve the placement.
- VIII. The public child-placing agency in the receiving state shall approve a provisional placement and complete or arrange for the completion of the assessment within the timeframes established by the rules of the Interstate Commission.
- IX. For a placement by a private child-placing agency, the sending state shall not impose any additional requirements to complete the home study that are not required by the receiving state, unless the adoption is finalized in the sending state.

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1	X. The Interstate Commission may develop uniform standards for the assessment of the
2	safety and suitability of interstate placements.
3	ARTICLE VI
4	Placement Authority
5	I. Except as otherwise provided in this compact, no child subject to this compact shall be
6	placed in a receiving state until approval for such placement is obtained.
7	II. If the public child-placing agency in the receiving state does not approve the proposed
8	placement, then the child shall not be placed. The receiving state shall provide written
9	documentation of any such determination in accordance with the rules promulgated by the
10	Interstate Commission. Such determination is not subject to judicial review in the sending state.
11	III. If the proposed placement is not approved, any interested party shall have standing to
12	seek an administrative review of the receiving state's determination.
13	(a) The administrative review and any further judicial review associated with the
1.4	determination shall be conducted in the receiving state pursuant to its applicable administrative
15	procedures act.
16	(b) If a determination not to approve the placement of the child in the receiving state is
17	overturned upon review, the placement shall be deemed approved; provided, however, that all
18	administrative or judicial remedies have been exhausted or the time for such remedies has passed.
19	ARTICLE VII
20	Placing Agency Responsibility
21	I. For the interstate placement of a child made by a public child-placing agency or state
22	court:
23	(a) The public child-placing agency in the sending state shall have financial
24	responsibility for:
25	(1) The ongoing support and maintenance for the child during the period of the
26	placement, unless otherwise provided for in the receiving state; and
27	(2) As determined by the public child-placing agency in the sending state, services
28	for the child beyond the public services for which the child is eligible in the receiving state.
29	(b) The receiving state shall only have financial responsibility for:
30	(1) Any assessment conducted by the receiving state; and
31	(2) Supervision conducted by the receiving state at the level necessary to support the
3 2	placement as agreed upon by the public child-placing agencies of the receiving and sending states.
33	(c) Nothing in this section shall prohibit public child-placing agencies in the sending
34	state from entering into agreements with licensed agencies or persons in the receiving state to
35	conduct assessments and provide supervision.
36	II. For the placement of a child by a private child-placing agency preliminary to a possible

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adoption, the private child-placing agency shall be:

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1	(a) Legally responsible for the child during the period of placement as provided for in the
2	law of the sending state until the finalization of the adoption.
3	(b) Financially responsible for the child absent a contractual agreement to the contrary.
4	III. The public child-placing agency in the receiving state shall provide timely assessments
5	as provided for in the rules of the Interstate Commission.
6	IV. The public child-placing agency in the receiving state shall provide, or arrange for the
7	provision of, supervision and services for the child, including timely reports, during the period of the
8	placement.
9	V. Nothing in this compact shall be construed to limit the authority of the public child
10	placing agency in the receiving state from contracting with a licensed agency or person in the
11	receiving state for an assessment or the provision of supervision or services for the child or otherwise
12	authorizing the provision of supervision or services by a licensed agency during the period of
13	placement.
14	VI. Each member state shall provide for coordination among its branches of government
15	concerning the state's participation in and compliance with the compact and Interstate Commission
16	activities through the creation of an advisory council or use of an existing body or board.
17	VII. Each member state shall establish a central state compact office which shall be
18	responsible for state compliance with the compact and the rules of the Interstate Commission.
19	VIII. The public child-placing agency in the sending state shall oversee compliance with the
20	provisions of the Indian Child Welfare Act, 25 U.S.C. section 1901 et seq., for placements subject to
21	the provisions of this compact, prior to placement.
22	IX. With the consent of the Interstate Commission, states may enter into limited
23	agreements that facilitate the timely assessment and provision of services and supervision of
24	placements under this compact.
25	ARTICLE VIII
26	Interstate Commission for the Placement of Children
27	The member states hereby establish, by way of this compact, a commission known as the "Interstate
28	Commission for the Placement of Children." The activities of the Interstate Commission are the
29	formation of public policy and are a discretionary state function. The Interstate Commission shall:
30	I./Be a joint commission of the member states and shall have the responsibilities, powers
31	and duties set forth herein and such additional powers as may be conferred upon it by subsequent
32	concurrent action of the respective legislatures of the member states.
33	II. Consist of one commissioner from each member state who shall be appointed by the
34	executive head of the state human services administration with ultimate responsibility for the child
35	welfare program. The appointed commissioner shall have the legal authority to vote on policy
36	related matters governed by this compact binding the state.

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1	(a) Each member state represented at a meeting of the Interstate Commission is entitled
2	to one vote.
3	(b) A majority of the member states shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of
4	business, unless a larger quorum is required by the bylaws of the Interstate Commission.
5	(c) A representative shall not delegate a vote to another member state.
6	(d) A representative may delegate voting authority to another person from that state for
7	a specified meeting.
8	III. Include, in addition to the commissioners of each member state, persons who are
9	members of interested organizations as defined in the bylaws or rules of the Interstate Commission.
10	Such members shall be ex officio and shall not be entitled to vote on any matter before the Interstate
11	Commission.
12	IV. Establish an executive committee which shall have the authority to administer the day-
13	to-day operations and administration of the Interstate Commission. The executive committee shall
14	not have the power to engage in rulemaking.
15	ARTICLE IX
16	Powers and Duties of the Interstate Commission
17	The Interstate Commission shall have the following powers:
18	I. To promulgate rules and take all necessary actions to effect the goals, purposes, and
19	obligations as enumerated in this compact.
20	II. To provide for dispute resolution among member states.
21	III. To issue, upon request of a member state, advisory opinions concerning the meaning or
22	interpretation of the interstate compact, its bylaws, rules, or actions.
23	IV. To enforce compliance with this compact or the bylaws or rules of the Interstate
24	Commission pursuant to Article XII.
25	V. Collect standardized data concerning the interstate placement of children subject to this
26	compact as directed through its rules, which shall specify the data to be collected, the means of
27	collection and data exchange, and reporting requirements.
28	VI. To establish and maintain offices as may be necessary for the transacting of its business.
29	VII. To purchase and maintain insurance and bonds.
30	VIII. To hire or contract for services of personnel or consultants as necessary to carry out its
31	functions under the compact and establish personnel qualification policies and rates of
32	compensation.
33	IX. To establish and appoint committees and officers, including, but not limited to, an
34	executive committee as required by Article X.
35	X. To accept any and all donations and grants of money, equipment, supplies, materials, and

services, and to receive, utilize, and dispose thereof.

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1	XI. To lease, purchase, accept contributions or donations of, or otherwise to own, hold,
2	improve, or use any property, real, personal, or mixed.
3	XII. To sell, convey, mortgage, pledge, lease, exchange, abandon, or otherwise dispose of any
4	property, real, personal, or mixed.
5	XIII. To establish a budget and make expenditures.
6	XIV. To adopt a seal and bylaws governing the management and operation of the Interstate
7	Commission.
8	XV. To report annually to the legislatures, the governors, the judiciary, and the state
9	advisory councils of the member states concerning the activities of the Interstate Commission during
LO	the preceding year. Such reports shall also include any recommendations that may have been
l1	adopted by the Interstate Commission.
12	XVI. To coordinate and provide education, training, and public awareness regarding the
13	interstate movement of children for officials involved in such activity
4	XVII. To maintain books and records in accordance with the bylaws of the Interstate
15	Commission.
16	XVIII. To perform such functions as may be necessary or appropriate to achieve the
L7	purposes of this compact.
18	ARPICEE.X
19	Organization and Operation of the Interstate Commission
20	I. Organization.
21	(a) Within 12 months after the first Interstate Commission meeting, the Interstate
22	Commission shall adopt rules to govern its conduct as may be necessary or appropriate to carry out
23	the purposes of the compact.
24	(b) The Interstate Commission's rules shall establish conditions and procedures under
25	which the Interstate Commission shall make its information and official records available to the
26	public for inspection or copying.
27	II Meetings.
28 20 -	(a) The Interstate Commission shall meet at least once each calendar year. The
29 <u>/</u>	chairperson may call additional meetings and, upon the request of a simple majority of the member
30	states, shall call additional meetings.
31	(b) Public notice shall be given by the Interstate Commission of all meetings, and all
32	meetings shall be open to the public.
33 34	(c) The bylaws may provide for meetings of the Interstate Commission to be conducted by telecommunication or other electronic communication.
35 35	III. Officers and staff.
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(a) The Interstate Commission may, through its executive committee, appoint or retain a

staff director for such period, upon such terms and conditions, and for such compensation as the

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- Interstate Commission may deem appropriate. The staff director shall serve as secretary to the Interstate Commission but shall not have a vote. The staff director may hire and supervise such other staff as may be authorized by the Interstate Commission.
- (b) The Interstate Commission shall elect, from among its members, a chairperson and a vice chairperson of the executive committee, and other necessary officers, each of whom shall have such authority and duties as may be specified in the bylaws.
 - IV. Qualified immunity, defense, and indemnification.

- (a) The Interstate Commission's staff director and its employees shall be immune from suit and liability, either personally or in their official capacity, for a claim for damage to or loss of property or personal injury or other civil liability caused or arising out of or relating to an actual or alleged act, error, or omission that occurred or that such person had a reasonable basis for believing occurred within the scope of Interstate Commission employment, duties or responsibilities; provided, however, that such person shall not be protected from suit or liability for damage, loss, injury, or liability caused by a criminal act or the intentional or willful and wanton misconduct of such person.
- (b)(1) The liability of the Interstate Commission's staff director and employees or Interstate Commission representatives, acting within the scope of such person's employment or duties, for acts, errors, or omissions occurring within such person's state may not exceed the limits of liability set forth under the Constitution and laws of that state for state officials, employees, and agents. The Interstate Commission is considered to be an instrumentality of the states for the purposes of any such action. Nothing in this subsection shall be construed to protect such person from suit or liability for damage, loss, injury, or liability caused by a criminal act or the intentional or willful and wanton misconduct of such person.
- (2) The Interstate Commission shall defend the staff director and its employees and, subject to the approval of the attorney general or other appropriate legal counsel of the member state, shall defend the commissioner of a member state in a civil action seeking to impose liability arising out of an actual or alleged act, error, or omission that occurred within the scope of Interstate Commission employment, duties, or responsibilities, or that the defendant had a reasonable basis for believing occurred within the scope of Interstate Commission employment, duties, or responsibilities; provided, however, that the actual or alleged act, error, or omission did not result from intentional or willful and wanton misconduct on the part of such person.
- (3) To the extent not covered by the state involved, a member state, or the Interstate Commission, the representatives or employees of the Interstate Commission shall be held harmless in the amount of a settlement or judgment, including attorney's fees and costs, obtained against such persons arising out of an actual or alleged act, error, or omission that occurred within the scope of Interstate Commission employment, duties, or responsibilities, or that such persons had a reasonable basis for believing occurred within the scope of Interstate Commission employment,

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1 duties, or responsibilities; provided, however, that the actual or alleged act, error, or omission did 2 not result from intentional or willful and wanton misconduct on the part of such persons. 3 ARTICLE XI 4 Rulemaking Functions of the Interstate Commission 5 I. The Interstate Commission shall promulgate and publish rules in order to effectively and 6 efficiently achieve the purposes of the compact. 7 II. Rulemaking shall occur pursuant to the criteria set forth in this article and the bylaws 8 and rules adopted pursuant thereto. Such rulemaking shall substantially conform to the principles 9 of the "Model State Administrative Procedures Act," 1981 Act, Uniform Laws Annotated, Vol. 15, p. 1 (2000), or such other administrative procedure acts as the Interstate Commission deems 10 appropriate, consistent with due process requirements under the United States Constitution as now 11 or hereafter interpreted by the United States Supreme Court. All rules and amendments shall 12 become binding as of the date specified, as published with the final version of the rule as approved 13 14 by the Interstate Commission. 15 III. When promulgating a rule, the Interstate Commission shall, at a minimum: (a) Publish the proposed rule's entire text stating the reasons for that proposed rule; 16 (b) Allow and invite any and all persons to submit written data, facts, opinions, and 17 arguments, which information shall be added to the record and made publicly available; and 18 19 (c) Promulgate a final rule and its effective date, if appropriate, based on input from 20 state or local officials or interested parties. IV. Rules promulgated by the Interstate Commission shall have the force and effect of 21 administrative rules and shall be binding in the compacting states to the extent and in the manner 22 23 provided for in this compact. V. Not later than 60 days after a rule is promulgated, an interested person may file a 24 petition in the United States District Court for the District of Columbia or in the federal district 25court where the Interstate Commission's principal office is located for judicial review of such rule. If 26 the court finds that the Interstate Commission's action is not supported by substantial evidence in 27 the rule making record, the court shall hold the rule unlawful and set it aside. 28 VI. If a majority of the legislatures of the member states rejects a rule, those states may by 29 30 enactment of a statute or resolution in the same manner used to adopt the compact cause that such 31 rule shall have no further force and effect in any member state. 32 VII. The existing rules governing the operation of the Interstate Compact on the Placement 33 of Children superseded by this act shall be null and void no less than 12 months but no more than 24 34 months after the first meeting of the Interstate Commission created hereunder, as determined by

VIII. Within the first 12 months of operation, the Interstate Commission shall promulgate rules addressing the following:

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the members during the first meeting.

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1	(a) Transition rules.
2	(b) Forms and procedures.
3	(c) Timelines.
4	(d) Data collection and reporting.
5	(e) Rulemaking.
6	(f) Visitation.
7	(g) Progress reports and supervision.
8	(h) Sharing of information and confidentiality.
9	(i) Financing of the Interstate Commission.
10	(j) Mediation, arbitration, and dispute resolution.
11	(k) Education, training, and technical assistance.
12	(l) Enforcement.
13	(m) Coordination with other interstate compacts
14	IX. Upon determination by a majority of the members of the Interstate Commission that an
15	emergency exists:
16	(a) The Interstate Commission may promulgate an emergency rule only if it is required
17	to:
1.8	(1) Protect the children covered by this compact from an imminent threat to their
19	health, safety, and well-being;
20	(2) Prevent loss of federal or state funds; or
21	(3) Meet a deadline for the promulgation of an administrative rule required by
22	federal law.
23	(b) An emergency rule shall become effective immediately upon adoption, provided that
24	the usual rulemaking procedures provided hereunder shall be retroactively applied to the emergency
25	rule as soon as reasonably possible, but no later than 90 days after the effective date of the
26	emergency rule.
27	(c) An emergency rule shall be promulgated as provided for in the rules of the Interstate
28	Commission.
29	ARTICLE XII
30	Oversight, Dispute Resolution, and Enforcement
31	I. Oversight.
3 2	(a) The Interstate Commission shall oversee the administration and operation of the
33	compact.
34	(b) The executive, legislative, and judicial branches of state government in each member
35	state shall enforce this compact and the rules of the Interstate Commission and shall take all actions
36	necessary and appropriate to effectuate the compact's purposes and intent. The compact and its

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rules shall be binding in the compacting states to the extent and in the manner provided for in this compact.

- (c) All courts shall take judicial notice of the compact and the rules in any judicial or administrative proceeding in a member state pertaining to the subject matter of this compact.
- (d) The Interstate Commission shall be entitled to receive service of process in any action in which the validity of a compact provision or rule is the issue for which a judicial determination has been sought and shall have standing to intervene in any proceedings. Failure to provide service of process to the Interstate Commission shall render any judgment, order, or other determination, however so captioned or classified, void as to this compact, its bylaws, or rules of the Interstate Commission.

II. Dispute resolution.

- (a) The Interstate Commission shall attempt, upon the request of a member state, to resolve disputes which are subject to the compact and which may arise among member states and between member and nonmember states.
- (b) The Interstate Commission shall promulgate a rule providing for both mediation and binding dispute resolution for disputes among compacting states. The costs of such mediation or dispute resolution shall be the responsibility of the parties to the dispute.
- III. Enforcement. If the Interstate Commission determines that a member state has defaulted in the performance of its obligations or responsibilities under this compact, its bylaws, or rules of the Interstate Commission, the Interstate Commission may:
 - (a) Provide remedial training and specific technical assistance;
- (b) Provide written notice to the defaulting state and other member states of the nature of the default and the means of curing the default. The Interstate Commission shall specify the conditions by which the defaulting state must cure its default;
- (c) By majority yote of the members, initiate against a defaulting member state legal action in the United States District Court for the District of Columbia or, at the discretion of the Interstate Commission, in the federal district where the Interstate Commission has its principal office, to enforce compliance with the provisions of the compact, its bylaws, or rules of the Interstate Commission. The relief sought may include both injunctive relief and damages. In the event judicial enforcement is necessary, the prevailing party shall be awarded all costs of such litigation including reasonable attorney's fees; or
- (d) Avail itself of any other remedies available under state law or the regulation of official or professional conduct.

ARTICLE XIII

Financing of the Commission

I. The Interstate Commission shall pay, or provide for the payment of, the reasonable expenses of its establishment, organization, and ongoing activities.

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1	II. The Interstate Commission may levy on and collect an annual assessment from each
2	member state to cover the cost of the operations and activities of the Interstate Commission and its
3	staff, which must be in a total amount sufficient to cover the Interstate Commission's annual budget
4	as approved by its members each year. The aggregate annual assessment amount shall be allocated
5	based upon a formula to be determined by the Interstate Commission, which shall promulgate a rule
6	binding upon all member states.
7	III. The Interstate Commission shall not incur obligations of any kind prior to securing the
8	funds adequate to meet those obligations, nor shall the Interstate Commission pledge the credit of
9	any of the member states, except by and with the authority of the member state.
10	IV. The Interstate Commission shall keep accurate accounts of all receipts and
11	disbursements. The receipts and disbursements of the Interstate Commission shall be subject to the
12	audit and accounting procedures established under its bylaws. However, all receipts and
13	disbursements of funds handled by the Interstate Commission shall be audited yearly by a certified
14	or licensed public accountant, and the report of the audit-shall be included in and become part of the
15	annual report of the Interstate Commission.
16	ARTICLE XIV
17	Member States, Effective Date, and Amendment
18	I. Any state is eligible to become a member state.
19	II. The compact shall become effective and binding upon legislative enactment of the
20	compact into law by no less than 35 states. The effective date shall be the later of July 1, 2007, or
21	upon enactment of the compact into law by the thirty-fifth state. Thereafter, it shall become
22	effective and binding as to any other member state upon enactment of the compact into law by that
23	state. The executive heads of the state human services administration with ultimate responsibility
24	for the child welfare program of nonmember states or their designees shall be invited to participate
25	in the activities of the Interstate Commission on a nonvoting basis prior to adoption of the compact
26	by all states.
27	III. The Interstate Commission may propose amendments to the compact for enactment by
28	the member states. No amendment shall become effective and binding on the member states unless
29	and untilit is enacted into law by unanimous consent of the member states.
30	ARTICLE XV
31	Withdrawal and Dissolution
32	I. Withdrawal.
33	(a) Once effective, the compact shall continue in force and remain binding upon each and
34	every member state, provided that a member state may withdraw from the compact by specifically

(b) Withdrawal from this compact shall be by the enactment of a statute repealing the compact. The effective date of withdrawal shall be the effective date of the repeal of the statute.

repealing the statute which enacted the compact into law.

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1	(c) The withdrawing state shall immediately notify the president of the Interstate							
2	Commission in writing upon the introduction of legislation repealing this compact in the							
3	withdrawing state. The Interstate Commission shall then notify the other member states of the							
4	withdrawing state's intent to withdraw.							
5	(d) The withdrawing state is responsible for all assessments, obligations, and liabilities							
6	incurred through the effective date of withdrawal.							
7	(e) Reinstatement following withdrawal of a member state shall occur upon the							
8	withdrawing state reenacting the compact or upon such later date as determined by the members of							
9	the Interstate Commission.							
10	II. Dissolution of compact.							
11	(a) This compact shall dissolve effective upon the date of the withdrawal or default of the							
12	member state which reduces the membership in the compact to one member state.							
13	(b) Upon the dissolution of this compact, the compact becomes null and void and shall be							
14	of no further force or effect, and the business and affairs of the Interstate Commission shall be							
15	concluded and surplus funds shall be distributed in accordance with the bylaws.							
16	ARTICLE XVI							
17	Severability and Construction							
18	I. The provisions of this compact shall be severable, and, if any phrase, clause, sentence, or							
19	provision is deemed unenforceable, the remaining provisions of the compact shall be enforceable.							
20	II. The provisions of this compact shall be liberally construed to effectuate its purposes.							
21	III. Nothing in this compact shall be construed to prohibit the concurrent applicability of							
22	other interstate compacts to which the states are members.							
23	ARTICLE XVII							
24	Binding Effect of Compact and Other Laws							
25	I. Other laws. Nothing in this compact prevents the enforcement of any other law of a							
26	member state that is not-inconsistent with this compact.							
27	II. Binding effect of the compact.							
28	(à) All lawful actions of the Interstate Commission are binding upon the member states.							
29	(b) All agreements between the Interstate Commission and the member states are							
30	binding in accordance with their terms.							
31	(c) In the event any provision of this compact exceeds the constitutional limits imposed							
32	on the legislature or executive branch of any member state, such provision shall be ineffective to the							
33	extent of the conflict with the constitutional provision in question in that member state.							
34	ARTICLE XVIII							
35	Indian Tribes							

Notwithstanding any other provision in this compact, the Interstate Commission may promulgate

guidelines to permit Indian tribes to utilize the compact to achieve any or all of the purposes of the

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compact as specified in Article I. The Interstate Commission shall make reasonable efforts to consult with Indian tribes in promulgating guidelines to reflect the diverse circumstances of the various Indian tribes.

49 Adoption; Assessment. Amend RSA 170-B:18, IV to read as follows:

- IV. The department or a licensed child-placing agency making the required assessment may request other departments or licensed child-placing agencies within or outside this state to make the assessment or designated portions thereof as may be appropriate. Where such written assessments are made, a written report shall be filed with the court; provided, however, said report shall not violate RSA 170-A, the interstate compact [en] for the placement of children.
- 50 Applicability Sections 48-49 of this act, relative to the 2009 edition of the Interstate Compact for the Placement of Children, shall take effect on the date that the commissioner of the department of health and human services certifies to the director of the office of legislative services and the secretary of state that 35 compacting states, including New Hampshire, have enacted the 2009 edition of the Interstate Compact for the Placement of Children.
- 51 Child Day Care Licensing; Definitions RSA 170-E:2, IV(g) is repealed and reenacted to read as follows:
- (g) "School-age program" means a child day care agency providing child day care before or after, or before and after, regular school hours, and all day any time school is not in session, for 6 or more children enrolled in school, who are 4 years, and 8 months of age or older, and which is not licensed under RSA 170-E:56. The number of children shall include all children present during the period of the program, including those children related to the caregiver.
- 52 New Section; Residential Care and Child-Placing Agency Licensing; Deemed Licensed. Amend RSA 170-E by inserting after section 31 the following new section:
- 170-E:31-a Deemed Licensed. Any qualified residential treatment program accredited by organizations as specified in Title 42 of the Social Security Act, 42 U.S.C. section 672(k)(4)(G), as amended, shall submit a completed license application or renewal application. Such child care institutions and child care agencies defined as group homes, specialized care, or homeless youth programs, shall be deemed licensed under this subdivision and shall be exempt from inspections carried out under RSA 170-E:31, IV. This section shall only apply to the activities or portions of the facility or agency accredited under Title 42 of the Social Security Act, 42 U.S.C. section 672(k)(4)(G), as amended.
- 53 Recreation Camp Licensing; Availability of Epinephrine Auto-Injector. Amend RSA 170-E:61 to read as follows:
- 170-E:61 Availability of Epinephrine Auto-Injector. The recreational camp nurse or, if a nurse is not assigned to the camp, the recreational camp administrator shall maintain for the use of a child with severe allergies at least one epinephrine auto-injector, provided by the child or the child's parent or guardian, [in the nurse's office or in a similarly accessible location] which shall be

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1	readily accessible to the recreational camp staff caring for children requiring such
2	medications.
3	54 New Section; Recreation Camp Licensing; Availability of Asthma Inhalers. Amend RSA 170-
4	E by inserting after section 63 the following new section:
5	170-E:63-a Availability of Asthma Inhalers. The recreational camp nurse or, if a nurse is not
6	assigned to the camp, the recreational camp administrator shall maintain for the use of a child with
7	asthma at least one metered dose inhaler or a dry powder inhaler, provided by the child or the child's
8	parent or guardian, which shall be readily accessible to the recreational camp staff caring for
9	children requiring such medications.
10	55 New Paragraph; Services for Children, Youth, and Families; Peer Support Program. Amend
11	RSA 170-G:3 by inserting after paragraph VII the following new paragraph;
12	VIII. The commissioner may establish a confidential peer support program for the purpose
13	of providing critical incident stress management and crisis intervention services for staff exposed to
14	critical incidents and trauma through the course of their-employment.
15	(a) In this section:
16	(1) "Critical incident" means any incident that has a high emotional impact on the
17	responders, or is beyond the realm of a person's usual experience that overwhelms his or her sense of
18	vulnerability and/or lack of control over the situation.
19	(2) "Critical incident stress" means a normal reaction to an abnormal event that has
20	the potential to interfere with normal functioning and that results from the response to a critical
21	incident or long-term occupational exposure to a series of critical incident responses over a period of
22	time that are believed to be causing debilitating stress that is affecting an emergency service
23	provider and his or her work performance or family situation. This may include, but is not limited
24	to, physical and emotional illness, failure of usual coping mechanisms, loss of interest in the job,
25	personality changes, or loss of ability to function.
26	(3) "Critical incident stress management" means a process of crisis intervention
27	designed to assist-employees in coping with the psychological trauma resulting from response to a
28	critical incident.
29/	(4) "Critical incident stress management and crisis intervention services" means
30	consultation, counseling, debriefing, defusing, intervention services, management, prevention, and
31	referral provided by a critical incident stress management team member.
3 2	(5) "Critical incident stress management team" or "team" means the group of one or
33	more trained volunteers, including members of peer support groups who offer critical incident stress
34	management and crisis intervention services following a critical incident or long term or continued,

debilitating stress being experienced by employees and affecting them or their family situation.

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1	(6) "Critical incident stress management team member" or "team member" means an
2	employee, including any specially trained to provide critical incident stress management and crisis
3	intervention services as a member of an organized team.
4	(7) "Debriefing" means a closed, confidential discussion of a critical incident relating
5	to the feelings and perceptions of those directly involved prior to, during, and after a stressful event.
6	It is intended to provide support, education, and an outlet for associated views and feelings.
7	Debriefings do not provide counseling or an operational critique of the incident.
8	(b)(1) Any information divulged to the team or a team member during the provision of
9	critical incident stress management and crisis intervention services shall be kept confidential and
10	shall not be disclosed to a third party or in a criminal, civil, or administrative proceeding. Records
11	kept by critical incident stress management team members are not subject to subpoena, discovery, or
12	introduction into evidence in a criminal, civil, or administrative action. Except as provided in
13	subparagraph (c), no person, whether critical incident stress management team member or team
14	leader providing or receiving critical incident stress management and crisis intervention services,
15	shall be required to testify or divulge any information obtained solely through such crisis
16	intervention.
17	(2) In any civil action against any individual, or the department, including the state
18	of New Hampshire, arising out of the conduct of a member of such team, this section is not intended
19	and shall not be admissible to establish negligence in any instance where requirements herein are
20	higher than the standard of care that would otherwise have been applicable in such action under
21	state law.
22	(c) A communication shall not be deemed confidential pursuant to this section if:
23	(1) The communication indicates the existence of a danger to the individual who
24	receives critical incident stress management and crisis intervention services or to any other person
2 5	or persons;
26	(2). The communication indicates the existence of past child abuse or neglect of the
27	individual, abuse of an adult as defined by law, or family violence as defined by law; or
28	(3) The communication indicates the existence of a danger to the individual who
29/	receives critical incident stress management and crisis intervention services or to any other person
30	or persons!
31	56-New Paragraph; Services for Children, Youth, and Families; Procurement Model for Services.
32	Amend RSA 170-G:4-d by inserting after paragraph I the following new paragraph:
33	I-a. The commissioner shall employ a procurement model for administering the provision of
34	therapeutic-based residential behavioral health treatment services provided pursuant to RSA 170-G
35	and RSA 135-F. All contracts shall incorporate the use of trauma-focused models of care. In cases
36	where the unique needs of a juvenile or the capacity of a contracted provider prevent the use of a

contracted provider, the commissioner may approve and shall pay for placement with another

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1 certified provider on a temporary basis if the commissioner determines that the placement is 2 necessary to meet the juvenile's immediate treatment needs. 3 57 Repeal. RSA 170-G:8-b, IV, relative to an annual report of informational materials relating to missing children issues and matters, is repealed. 4 5 58 Services for the Developmentally Disabled; Funding for Wait List. Amend the introductory 6 paragraph of RSA 171-A:1-a, I to read as follows: 7 I. The department of health and human services and area agencies shall provide services to 8 eligible persons under this chapter and persons eligible for the brain injury program under RSA 137-9 K in a timely manner. The department and area agencies shall provide funding for services in 10 such a manner that: 59 Committee Established to Study Gaps in Developmental Services for Individuals Still in 11 12 School. I. There is established a committee to study gaps in developmental services for individuals 13 14 still in school. 15 II. (a) The members of the committee shall be as follows: 16 (1) Two members of the senate, one of whom shall be from the majority party and one of whom shall be from the minority party, appointed by the president of the senate. 17 (2) Three members of the house of representatives, appointed by the speaker of the 18 19 house of representatives. 20 (b) Members of the committee shall receive mileage at the legislative rate when 21 attending to the duties of the committee. III. The committee shall study gaps in developmental services for individuals still in school 22 23 including, but not limited to, barriers to successful partnership with the mental health services system for individuals with co-occurring mental health diagnoses; the protections provided to 24 individuals receiving services pursuant to RSA 171-A; and other gaps identified by the governor's 25 26 commission on disability; analysis and report required by 2019, 346:242. The committee shall solicit information and assistance from any governmental entity, 27 organization or person as the committee determines necessary in carrying out its duties including, 28 29 but not limited to, the university of New Hampshire institute on disability, the department of health and human services, the New Hampshire council on developmental disabilities, Granite State 30 31 Independent Living, Community Support Network, Inc., Disability Rights Center-NH, the

V. The members of the study committee shall elect a chairperson from among the members. The first meeting of the committee shall be called by the senate member. The first meeting of the

developmental disabilities and their families and/or guardians.

developmental services quality council of the department of health and human services, the

governor's commission on disability, and any other relevant stakeholders including individuals with

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committee shall be held within 45 days of the effective date of this section. Three members of the committee shall constitute a quorum.

- VI. The committee shall report its findings and any recommendations for proposed legislation to the president of the senate, the speaker of the house of representatives, the senate clerk, the house clerk, the governor, and the state library on or before November 1, 2021.
- 60 Services for the Developmentally Disabled; Wait List. Amend RSA 171-A:1-a, II to read as follows:
- II. [Beginning with the fiscal year ending June 30, 2010, and thereafter.] The department of health and human services shall incorporate in its appropriation requests the cost of fully funding services to eligible persons, in accordance with the requirements of paragraph I, and as otherwise required under RSA 171-A, and the legislature shall appropriate sufficient funds to meet such costs and requirements.
 - 61 Fund for Domestic Violence Grant Program. Amend RSA 173 B:15 to read as follows:
- 173-B:15 Fund for Domestic Violence Grant Program. A special fund for domestic violence programs is established. The sole purpose of the fund shall be to provide revenues for the domestic violence program established in RSA 173-B:16, and shall not be available for any other purpose. The state treasurer shall deposit all fees received by the department under RSA 457:29, 457:32-b, and 631:2-b, V in the fund. All moneys deposited in the fund shall be continually appropriated for the purposes of the domestic violence grant program and shall not lapse.
- 62 Granite Workforce Program, Amend 2018, 342:9, as amended by 2019, 346:158, to read as follows:
 - 342:9 Termination of Granite Workforce Program.

- I. The commissioner of the department of health and human services shall be responsible for determining, every 3 months commencing no later than December 31, 2018, whether available TANF reserve funds total at least \$5,000,000. If at any time the commissioner determines that available TANF reserve funds have fallen below \$5,000,000, the commissioners of the departments of health and human services and employment security shall, within 20 business days of such determination, terminate the granite workforce program. The commissioners shall notify the governor, the speaker of the house of representatives, the president of the senate, the chairperson of the fiscal committee of the general court, and granite workforce participants of the program's pending termination. The commissioners shall have the discretion to limit granite workforce program services based on the availability of appropriated, available, or reserve funds.
- II. If at any time the New Hampshire granite advantage health care program, established under RSA 126-AA, terminates, the commissioners of the departments of health and human services and employment security shall terminate the granite workforce program. The date of the granite workforce program's termination shall align with that of the New Hampshire granite advantage health care program.

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1	III. If the work and community engagement waiver is held invalid, or is not
2	approved by the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services, the granite workforce
3	program shall be suspended until such time that the work and community engagement
4	waiver is approved or revalidated.
5	63 Health Facility Licensure; Effective Dates Amended. Amend 2020, 39:72, V-VI to read as
6	follows:
7	V. Sections 55-57[, 64 67, and 69] and 64 of this act shall take effect July 1, 2020.
8	VI. Sections 5[,] and 60[, and 68] of this act shall take effect July 1, 2021.
9	64 Milk Sanitation Code; Terms Defined. Amend RSA 184:79, XIII to read as follows:
10	XIII. The term "milk plant" means any place, premises, or establishment where milk or milk
11	products are collected, handled, processed, stored, pasteurized, bottled, packaged, or prepared for
12	distribution, except an establishment where milk or milk products are sold at retail only. This term
13	shall include wash stations where milk tank trucks are cleaned and sanitized.
14	65 Milk Sanitation Code; License Fees. Amend RSA-184:85, IV-to read as follows:
15	IV. All fees collected under this section shall be forwarded to the state treasurer. The state
16	treasurer shall credit all moneys received under this section, and interest received on such money, to
17	[a] the public health services special fund established in RSA 143:11, from which [he] the
18	department shall pay all the expenses of the department incident to the licensing and regulation of
19	milk plants, milk distributors and milk producer-distributors. [This fund shall not lapse.]
20	66 New Subdivision; Administration of Epinephrine. Amend RSA 329 by inserting after section
21	1-g the following new subdivision:
22	Administration of Epinephrine
23	329:1-h Administration of Epinephrine.
24	I. In this section:
25	(a) "Administer" means the direct application of an epinephrine auto-injector to the body
26	of an individual.
27	(b) "Authorized entity" means any entity or organization in which allergens capable of
28	causing anaphylaxis may be present, including recreation camps and day care facilities. Authorized
29/	entity shall not include an elementary or secondary school or a postsecondary educational institution
30	eligible to establish policies and guidelines for the emergency administration of epinephrine under
31	RSA 200-N.
32	(c) "Epinephrine auto-injector" means a single-use device used for the automatic
33	injection of a premeasured dose of epinephrine into the human body.
34	(d) "Health care practitioner" means a person who is lawfully entitled to prescribe,
35	administer, dispense, or distribute controlled drugs.

(e) "Provide" means to furnish one or more epinephrine auto-injectors to an individual.

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II.	A heal	th ca	are p	ract	titioner ma	y pres	cribe	epinephr	ine a	uto-injectors	in the	name	of an
authorized	entity	for	use	in	accordance	with	this	section,	and	pharmacists	and	health	care
practitione	rs may	dispe	ense	epir	nephrine au	to-inje	ctors	pursuant	to a	prescription i	ssued	in the	name
of an autho	rized er	itity.											

- III. An authorized entity may acquire and maintain a supply of epinephrine auto-injectors pursuant to a prescription issued in accordance with this section. Such epinephrine auto-injectors shall be stored in a location readily accessible in an emergency and in accordance with the instructions for use, and any additional requirements that may be established by board of medicine. An authorized entity shall designate employees or agents who have completed the training required by paragraph V to be responsible for the storage, maintenance, control, and general oversight of epinephrine auto-injectors acquired by the authorized entity.
- IV. An employee or agent of an authorized entity, or other individual, who has completed the training required by paragraph V may use epinephrine auto-injectors prescribed pursuant to this section to:
- (a) Provide an epinephrine auto-injector to any individual who the employee agent or other individual believes in good faith is experiencing anaphylaxis, or the parent, guardian, or caregiver of such individual, for immediate administration; regardless of whether the individual has a prescription for an epinephrine auto-injector or has previously been diagnosed with an allergy.
- (b) Administer an epinephrine auto-injector to any individual who the employee, agent, or other individual believes in good faith is experiencing anaphylaxis, regardless of whether the individual has a prescription for an epinephrine auto-injector or has previously been diagnosed with an allergy.
- V.(a) An employee, agent, or other individual described in paragraph IV shall complete an anaphylaxis training program at least every 2 years, following completion of the initial anaphylaxis training program. Such training shall be conducted by a nationally-recognized organization experienced in training-unlicensed persons in emergency health care treatment or an entity or individual approved by the board of medicine. Training may be conducted online or in person and, at a minimum, shall cover:
- (1) How to recognize signs and symptoms of severe allergic reactions, including anaphylaxis;
- (2) Standards and procedures for the storage and administration of an epinephrine auto-injector; and
 - (3) Emergency follow-up procedures.
- (b) The entity or individual that conducts the training shall issue a certificate, on a form developed or approved by the board of medicine to each person who successfully completes the anaphylaxis training program.

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VI. No authorized entity that possesses and makes available epinephrine auto-injectors and its employees, agents, and other individuals, or health care practitioner that prescribes or dispenses epinephrine auto-injectors to an authorized entity, or pharmacist or health care practitioner that dispenses epinephrine auto-injectors to an authorized entity, or individual or entity that conducts the training described in paragraph V, shall be liable for any injuries or related damages that result from any act or omission pursuant to this section, unless such injury or damage is the result of willful or wanton misconduct. The administration of an epinephrine auto-injector in accordance with this section shall not be considered to be the practice of medicine or any other profession that otherwise requires licensure. This section shall not be construed to eliminate, limit, or reduce any other immunity or defense that may be available under state law. An entity located in this state shall not be liable for any injuries or related damages that result from the provision or administration of an epinephrine auto-injector outside of this state if the entity would not have been liable for such injuries or related damages ander the law of the state in which such provision or administration occurred.

67 Guardians and Conservators; Termination of Guardianship. Amend RSA 464-A:40, V(a) to read as follows:

V.(a) If, within 30 days after the date of a testate or intestate ward's death, no petition for probate has been filed under any section of RSA 553 and the gross value of the personal property remaining in the possession of the guardian belonging to the deceased, including any amount left in designated accounts for the ward, is no more than [\$5,000] \$10,000, the guardian may file in the probate court in the county having jurisdiction over the guardianship an affidavit for the purpose of disposing of such deceased ward's estate. Once approved by the court, the guardian shall be authorized to dispose of the ward's accounts in a manner consistent with the court's order. The form of the affidavit, and the rules governing proceedings under this section, shall be provided by the probate court pursuant to RSA 547:33.

68 Custody-and Escheat of Unclaimed or Abandoned Property; Filing of Claim. Amend RSA 471-C;26, I(c)(2)-(3) to read as follows:

(2) Except as provided in subparagraphs (5)-(7), in the case of a closed estate where the unclaimed property is valued at less than [\$5,000] \$10,000 and does not include securities in share form, in accordance with the final distribution of assets as approved by the probate court.

(3) Except as provided in subparagraphs (5)-(7), in the absence of an open estate or probate court decree of final distribution, and the unclaimed property is valued at less than [\$5,000] \$10,000 and does not include securities in share form, by the surviving spouse of the deceased owner, or, if there is no surviving spouse, then to the next of kin in accordance with the provisions of RSA 561:1.

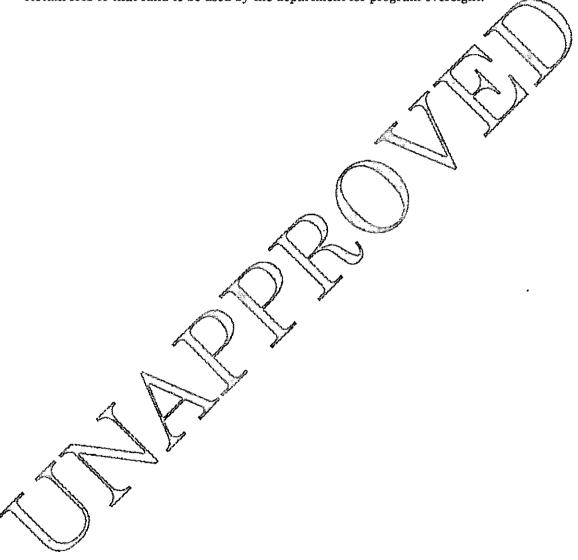
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1 69 Applicability. Sections 67-68 of this act shall apply to affidavits or claims filed on or after the 2 effective date of this section. 3 70 New Subparagraph; New Hampshire Retirement System; Definitions. Amend RSA 100-A:1, 4 VII by inserting after subparagraph (g) the following new subparagraph: 5 (h) The bureau chief for emergency preparedness and response with the department of 6 health and human services, division of health public services who: 7 (1) Has the authority and responsibility to engage in the prevention and control of 8 public health incidents or emergencies; 9 (2) As a job requirement is fully certified as an emergency preparedness official qualified to administer emergency planning, response and recovery activities in the event of natural 10 11 disasters, public health crises or similar incidents; and (3) As a job requirement shall meet all physical, mental, educational, and other 12 qualifications for continuing certification as an emergency preparedness official that may be 13 14 established by the certifying authority. 15 71 Effective Date. I. Sections 48-49 of this act shall take effect as, provided in section 50 of this act. 16 II. Sections 3-4, 6, 10, 12-32, and 70 of this act shall take effect 60 days after its passage. 17 III. Sections 39-40 and 67-69 of this act shall take effect July 1, 2021. 18 IV. The remainder of this act shall take effect upon its passage. 19

2021-0698s

AMENDED ANALYSIS

This bill makes numerous revisions to funds, positions, and programs within the department of health and human services, including the therapeutic cannabis program; youth tobacco use; the interstate compact for the placement of children; residential care and child placement licensing procedures; availability of epinephrine auto-injectors and asthma inhalers at recreation camps; the developmentally disabled wait list; the New Hampshire granite workforce program; and child protection investigations. The bill also establishes a public health services special fund and directs certain fees to that fund to be used by the department for program oversight.



Amendment to SB 162-FN

1	Amend the bill by replacing all after the enacting clause with the following:									
2										
3	1 Application of Receipts; Fund for Domestic Violence Grant Program. Amend RSA 6:12,									
4	I(b)(12) to read as follows:									
5	(12) Moneys received under RSA 457:29, 457:32-b, and 631:2-b, V which shall be									
6	credited to the special fund for domestic violence programs established in RSA 173-B:15.									
7	2 Application of Receipts; Public Health Services Special Fund. Amend RSA 6:12, I(b)(15) to									
8	read as follows:									
9	(15) Money received under RSA 125-F:22, 143:11, 143:22-a, 143-A:6, and 184:85,									
10	which shall be credited to the public health services special fund established in RSA 143:11, III.									
11	3 Compensation of Certain State Officers; Health and Human Services Positions Amended.									
12	Amend the following position in RSA 94:1-a, I(b), grade GG to read as follows:									
13	GG Department of health and human services director of [program planning and									
14	integrity] Medicaid enterprise development									
15	4 Compensation of Certain State Officers; Health and Human Services Positions Amended.									
16	Amend the following positions in RSA 94:1-a, I(b), grade JJ to read as follows:									
17	JJ Department of health and human services associate commissioner [of human									
18	services and behavioral health]									
19	JJ Department of health and human services associate commissioner [ef									
20	operations]									
21	JJ Department of health and human services associate commissioner [for									
22	population health]									
23	[JJ Department of health and human services associate commissioner,									
24	operations									
25	JJ Department of health and human services associate commissioner, population									
26	health]									
27	5 Department of Health and Human Services; Emergency Services Plan. The department of									
28	health and human services in collaboration with all New Hampshire hospitals that operate									
29	emergency facilities shall draft a plan to be presented to the speaker of the house of representatives,									
30	the senate president and the governor's office by September 1, 2021 that details the necessary									
31	emergency services offered for medical treatment of both physical and behavioral health. Such a									

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plan shall include any recommendations for future legislation or required funding to ensure sufficient physical and behavioral health services.

- 6 New Subparagraph; New Hampshire Retirement System; Definitions. Amend RSA 100-A:1, VIII by inserting after subparagraph (b) the following new subparagraph:
- (c) The bureau chief for emergency preparedness and response with the department of health and human services, division of health public services who:
- (1) Has the authority and responsibility to engage in the prevention and control of public health incidents or emergencies;
- (2) As a job requirement is fully certified as an emergency preparedness official qualified to administer emergency planning, response and recovery activities in the event of natural disasters, public health crises or similar incidents; and
- (3) As a job requirement shall meet all physical, mental, educational, and other qualifications for continuing certification as an emergency preparedness official that may be established by the certifying authority.
 - 7 Radiological Health Programs; Civil Penalties. Amend RSA 125-F:22, IV to read as follows:
- IV. Upon request of the department of health and human services, the department of justice is authorized to institute civil action to collect a penalty imposed pursuant to this section. The attorney general shall have the exclusive power to compromise, mitigate, or remit such civil penalties as are referred to [him] the attorney general for collection. All civil penalties collected under this section shall be forwarded to the state treasurer. The state treasurer shall deposit all moneys received under this section, and interest received on such money, to the public health services special fund, [which shall be nonlapsing], established in RSA 143:11, from which the department of health and human services shall pay expenses incident to the administration of this chapter.
- 8 Department of Health and Human Services; Office of the Ombudsman. Amend RSA 126-A:4, III to read as follows:
- III. The department shall establish an office of the ombudsman to provide assistance to clients [and employees] of the department by investigating and resolving complaints regarding any matter within the jurisdiction of the department including services or assistance provided by the department or its contractors. The ombudsman's office may provide mediation or other means for informally resolving complaints. The records of the ombudsman's office shall be confidential and shall not be disclosed without the consent of the client [or employee] on whose behalf the complaint is made, except as may be necessary to assist the service provider [or the employee's supervisor] to resolve the complaint, or as required by law.
- 9 Repeal. RSA 126-A:5, II-a, relative to an annual report of an aggregate schedule of payables for class 90 grant lines, is repealed.

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- 1 New Section; Department of Health and Human Services; Status in Retirement System.
- 2 Amend RSA 126-A by inserting after section 5-e the following new section:
- 3 126-A:5-f Status in Retirement System. For purposes of classification under RSA 100-A, any
- 4 person who is or becomes the bureau chief for emergency preparedness with the department's
- 5 division of health public services, shall be included in the definition of group II under RSA 100-A:1,
- 6 VII(h) and VIII(c) under the retirement system, provided that, notwithstanding RSA 100-A:1, VII(h)
- 7 or VIII(c), any person not already a group II member for at least 10 years during or prior to his or
- 8 her appointment shall be eligible for or remain as a group I member for the duration of service as the
- 9 bureau chief for emergency preparedness.

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- 11 Repeal. The following are repealed:
- I. RSA 126-A:50 through RSA 126-A:59, RSA 126-A:61, and RSA 126-A:63, relative to the housing security guarantee program.
 - II. RSA 6:12, I(b)(255), relative to moneys deposited in the homeless housing and access revolving loan fund, established in RSA 126-A:63.
- 15 12 Youth Access to and Use of Tobacco Products. Amend RSA 126-K:1 to read as follows:
- 126-K:1 Purpose. The purpose of this chapter is to protect the citizens of New Hampshire from the possibility of addiction, disability, and death resulting from the use of tobacco products by ensuring that tobacco products will not be supplied to persons under the age of 21. This chapter shall not apply to individuals who have been issued a registry identification card under RSA 126-X:4 or alternative treatment centers registered under RSA 126-X:7 with respect to
- 21 the therapeutic use of cannabis.
- 22 13 Youth Access to and Use of Tobacco Products; Possession and Use. Amend RSA 126-K:6, I to read as follows:
 - I. No person under 21 years of age shall purchase, attempt to purchase, possess, or use any tobacco product, e-cigarette, device, or e-liquid [except-individuals who have been issued a registry identification card under RSA 126 X:4 may purchase, possess and use e-liquids containing cannabis and applicable devices as allowed under RSA 126-X].
- 28 14 Use of Cannabis for Therapeutic Purposes; Definitions. Amend RSA 126-X:1, VII(b) to read 29 as follows:
- 30 (b) For a visiting qualifying patient, "provider" means an individual licensed to prescribe
 31 drugs to humans in the state of the patient's residence and who possesses an active registration from
 32 the United States Drug Enforcement Administration to prescribe controlled substances. [Such
 33 visiting patient shall not be eligible to purchase or transfer cannabis from an eligible New
 34 Hampshire patient.]
- 35 Use of Cannabis for Therapeutic Purposes; Definitions. Amend RSA 126-X:1, XI to read as 36 follows:

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1	XI. "Registry identification card" means a document indicating the date issued, effective
2	date, and expiration date by the department pursuant to RSA 126-X:4 that identifies an individual
3	as a qualifying patient or a designated caregiver.
4	16 Use of Cannabis for Therapeutic Purposes; Definitions. Amend RSA 126-X:1, XVII to read as
5	follows:
6	XVII. "Written certification" means documentation of a qualifying medical condition by a
7	provider pursuant to rules adopted by the department pursuant to RSA 541-A for the purpose of
8	issuing registry identification cards, after having completed a full assessment of the patient's
9	medical history and current medical condition made in the course of a provider-patient relationship.
10	[The date of issuance and the patient's qualifying medical condition, symptoms or side effects, the
11	eertifying provider's name, medical specialty, and signature shall be specified on the written
12	eertification.]
13	17 New Paragraph; Use of Cannabis for Therapeutic Purposes; Protections. Amend RSA 126-
14	X:2 by inserting after paragraph XVI the following new paragraph:
15	XVII. Authorized employees of the department shall not be subject to arrest by state or local
16	law enforcement, prosecution, or penalty under state or municipal law, or search, when possessing,
17	transporting, delivering, or transferring cannabis and cannabis infused products for the purposes of
18	regulatory oversight related to this chapter.
19	18 Use of Cannabis for Therapeutic Purposes; Protections. Amend RSA 126-X:2, IX(c) to read as
20	follows:
21	(c) Deliver, transfer, supply, sell, or dispense cannabis and related supplies and
22	educational materials to qualifying patients [who have designated the alternative treatment center
23	to provide for them], to designated caregivers on behalf of the qualifying patients [who have
24	designated the alternative treatment center], or to other alternative treatment centers.
25	19 Use of Cannabis for Therapeutic Purposes; Prohibitions and Limitations on the Therapeutic
26	Use of Cannabis. Amend RSA 126-X:3, VII-VIII to read as follows:
27	VII. The department may revoke the registry identification card of a qualifying patient or
28	designated caregiver for violation of rules adopted by the department or for violation of any other
29	provision of this chapter, including for obtaining more than 2 ounces of cannabis in any 10-
30	day period in violation of RSA 126-X:8, XIII(b), and the qualifying patient or designated
31	caregiver shall be subject to any other penalties established in law for the violation.
32	VIII. A facility caregiver shall treat cannabis in a manner similar to controlled
33	prescription medications with respect to its storage, security, and administration when assisting
34	qualifying patients with the therapeutic use of cannabis.
35	20 Use of Cannabis for Therapeutic Purposes; Departmental Administration. Amend RSA 126-

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X:4, I(a)-(b) to read as follows:

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(a) Written certification [as defined in RSA 126-X:1] which includes the date of issuance, the patient's qualifying medical condition, symptoms, or side effects, and the certifying provider's name, medical specialty, and signature. If a written certification has been previously issued for fewer than 3 years, a provider may extend the written certification, provided that the written certification shall not exceed 3 years.

- (b) An application or a renewal application accompanied by the application or renewal fee. A renewal application and fee shall not be required if the applicant receives an extension to the written certification previously issued for fewer than 3 years.
- 9 21 Use of Cannabis for Therapeutic Purposes; Registry Identification Cards. Amend RSA 126-10 X:4, I(e) and the introductory paragraph of I(f) to read as follows:
 - (e) Name[, address, and telephone number] of the applicant's provider.
 - (f) Name[, address,] and date of birth of the applicant's designated caregiver, if any. A qualifying patient shall have only one designated caregiver, except as follows:
 - 22 Use of Cannabis for Therapeutic Purposes; Registry Identification Cards. Amend RSA 126-X:4, II(d) to read as follows:
 - (d) Name, residential and mailing address, and date of birth of each qualifying patient for whom the applicant will act as designated caregiver, except that if the qualifying patient is homeless, no residential address is required. [An applicant shall not act as a designated earegiver for more than 5 qualifying patients.]
 - 23 Use of Cannabis for Therapeutic Purposes; Registry Identification Cards. Amend the introductory paragraph in RSA 126-X:4, IV and RSA 126-X:4, IV(a)-(b) to read as follows:
 - IV. The department shall create and issue a registry identification card to a person applying as a qualifying patient or designated caregiver within 5 days of approving an application or renewal. Each registry identification card shall expire one year after the [date of issuance] effective date of the card, unless the provider states in the written certification that the certification should expire at an earlier [epecified date] or later effective date, not to exceed 3 years, then the registry identification card shall expire on that date. Registry identification cards shall contain all of the following:
 - (a) Name, mailing address, and date of birth of the qualifying patient or designated caregiver.
- 31 (b) The date of issuance, *effective date*, and expiration date of the registry 32 identification card.
 - 24 Use of Cannabis for Therapeutic Purposes; Registry Identification Cards. Amend RSA 126-X:4, VII(a) to read as follows:
 - VII.(a) The department shall track the number of qualifying patients [who have designated each alternative treatment center] and issue a weekly written statement to the alternative treatment center identifying the number of qualifying patients [who have designated that

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- alternative treatment center] along with the registry identification numbers of each qualifying 1 2 patient and each qualifying patient's designated caregiver. 3 25 Use of Cannabis for Therapeutic Purposes; Registry Identification Cards. Amend RSA 126-4 X:4. VIII to read as follows: 5 VIII. In addition to the weekly reports, the department shall also provide written notice to 6 an alternative treatment center which identifies the names and registration identification numbers 7 of a qualifying patient and his or her designated caregiver whenever [any] either of the following 8 events occur: 9 (a) A qualifying patient [designates the alternative treatment center to serve his or her 10 needs] is registered as a participating patient under this chapter; or 11 (b) [A qualifying patient revokes the designation of the alternative treatment center; or 12 (e) A qualifying patient [who has designated the alternative treatment center] loses his 13 or her status as a qualifying patient under this chapter. 14 26 Use of Cannabis for Therapeutic Purposes; Registry Identification Cards. Amend RSA 126-15 X:4, IX(a) to read as follows: 16 IX.(a) A qualifying patient shall notify the department before changing his or her designated 17 caregiver [or alternative treatment center]. 18 27 Use of Cannabis for Therapeutic Purposes; Registry Identification Cards. Amend RSA 126-19 X:4, XI(a) to read as follows: 20 XI.(a) The department shall create and maintain a confidential registry of each individual 21 who has applied for and received a registry identification card as a qualifying patient or a designated 22 caregiver in accordance with the provisions of this chapter. Each entry in the registry shall contain 23 the qualifying patient's or designated caregiver's name, mailing address, date of birth, date of 24 registry identification card issuance, effective date of registry identification, date of registry 25 identification card expiration, and random 10-digit identification number [, and registry 26 identification number of the qualifying patient's designated alternative treatment center, if any. 27 The confidential registry and the information contained in it shall be exempt from disclosure under 28 RSA 91-A. 29 28 Use of Cannabis for Therapeutic Purposes; Registry Identification Cards. Amend RSA 126-30 X:4, XI(b)(5) to read as follows: 31 (5) Counsel for the department may notify law enforcement officials about falsified
 - 29 Use of Cannabis for Therapeutic Purposes; Departmental Rules. Amend RSA 126-X:6, I(b) to read as follows:

determination that there is probable cause | reason to believe the information is false or falsified.

or fraudulent information submitted to the department where counsel has [made a legal

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(b) The form and content of providers' written certifications, including the administrative process for tracking extensions pursuant to RSA 126-X:4, I.

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1	30 Use of Cannabis for Therapeutic Purposes; Alternative Treatment Centers. Amend RSA 126-
2	X:8, VII(a) to read as follows:
3	(a) Records of the disposal of cannabis that is not distributed by the alternative
4	treatment center to qualifying patients [who have designated the alternative treatment center to
5	cultivate for them].
6	31 Use of Cannabis for Therapeutic Purposes; Alternative Treatment Centers. Amend RSA 126-
7	X:8, XV(a)-(b) to read as follows:
8	XV.(a) An alternative treatment center shall not possess or cultivate cannabis in excess of
9	the following quantities:
10	(1) Eighty cannabis plants, 160 seedlings, and 80 ounces of usable cannabis, or 6
11	ounces of usable cannabis per qualifying patient; and
12	(2) Three mature cannabis plants, 12 seedlings, and 6 ounces for each qualifying
13	patient [who has designated the alternative treatment center to provide him or her with cannabis for
14	therapeutic-use] registered as a qualifying patient under this chapter.
15	(b) An alternative treatment center or alternative treatment center agent shall not
16	dispense, deliver, or otherwise transfer cannabis to any person or entity other than:
17	(1) A qualifying patient [who has designated the relevant alternative treatment
18	center]; or
19	(2) Such patient's designated caregiver; or
19 20	(2) Such patient's designated caregiver; or(3) Another alternative treatment center.
20	(3) Another alternative treatment center.
20 21	(3) Another alternative treatment center. 32 Repeal. The following are repealed:
20 21 22	 (3) Another alternative treatment center. 32 Repeal. The following are repealed: I. RSA 126-X:4, I(g), relative to patients designating an alternative treatment center.
20 21 22 23	 (3) Another alternative treatment center. 32 Repeal. The following are repealed: I. RSA 126-X:4, I(g), relative to patients designating an alternative treatment center. II. RSA 126-X:4, II(e), relative to street address of the alternative treatment center.
20 21 22 23 24	 (3) Another alternative treatment center. 32 Repeal. The following are repealed: RSA 126-X:4, I(g), relative to patients designating an alternative treatment center. RSA 126-X:4, II(e), relative to street address of the alternative treatment center. RSA 126-X:4, IX(e), relative to failure of a qualifying patient or designated caregiver for
20 21 22 23 24 25	 (3) Another alternative treatment center. 32 Repeal. The following are repealed: RSA 126-X:4, I(g), relative to patients designating an alternative treatment center. RSA 126-X:4, II(e), relative to street address of the alternative treatment center. RSA 126-X:4, IX(e), relative to failure of a qualifying patient or designated caregiver for providing changes to name, address or designated caregiver.
20 21 22 23 24 25 26	 (3) Another alternative treatment center. 32 Repeal. The following are repealed: RSA 126-X:4, I(g), relative to patients designating an alternative treatment center. RSA 126-X:4, II(e), relative to street address of the alternative treatment center. RSA 126-X:4, IX(e), relative to failure of a qualifying patient or designated caregiver for providing changes to name, address or designated caregiver. RSA 126-X:6, I(e), relative to departmental rules regarding certain fines.
20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27	 (3) Another alternative treatment center. 32 Repeal. The following are repealed: RSA 126-X:4, I(g), relative to patients designating an alternative treatment center. RSA 126-X:4, II(e), relative to street address of the alternative treatment center. RSA 126-X:4, IX(e), relative to failure of a qualifying patient or designated caregiver for providing changes to name, address or designated caregiver. RSA 126-X:6, I(e), relative to departmental rules regarding certain fines. 33 New Hampshire Granite Advantage Health Care Trust Fund. Amend RSA 126-AA;3, I(e)-(f)
20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28	(3) Another alternative treatment center. 32 Repeal. The following are repealed: I. RSA 126-X:4, I(g), relative to patients designating an alternative treatment center. II. RSA 126-X:4, II(e), relative to street address of the alternative treatment center. III. RSA 126-X:4, IX(e), relative to failure of a qualifying patient or designated caregiver for providing changes to name, address or designated caregiver. IV. RSA 126-X:6, I(e), relative to departmental rules regarding certain fines. 33 New Hampshire Granite Advantage Health Care Trust Fund. Amend RSA 126-AA;3, I(e)-(f) to read as follows:
20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29	(3) Another alternative treatment center. 32 Repeal. The following are repealed: I. RSA 126-X:4, I(g), relative to patients designating an alternative treatment center. II. RSA 126-X:4, II(e), relative to street address of the alternative treatment center. III. RSA 126-X:4, IX(e), relative to failure of a qualifying patient or designated caregiver for providing changes to name, address or designated caregiver. IV. RSA 126-X:6, I(e), relative to departmental rules regarding certain fines. 33 New Hampshire Granite Advantage Health Care Trust Fund. Amend RSA 126-AA;3, I(e)-(f) to read as follows: (e) Funds received from the assessment under RSA 404-G; [and]
20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29	(3) Another alternative treatment center. 32 Repeal. The following are repealed: I. RSA 126-X:4, I(g), relative to patients designating an alternative treatment center. II. RSA 126-X:4, II(e), relative to street address of the alternative treatment center. III. RSA 126-X:4, IX(e), relative to failure of a qualifying patient or designated caregiver for providing changes to name, address or designated caregiver. IV. RSA 126-X:6, I(e), relative to departmental rules regarding certain fines. 33 New Hampshire Granite Advantage Health Care Trust Fund. Amend RSA 126-AA;3, I(e)-(f) to read as follows: (e) Funds received from the assessment under RSA 404-G; [and] (f) Revenue from the Medicaid enhancement tax to meet the requirements
20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30	(3) Another alternative treatment center. 32 Repeal. The following are repealed: I. RSA 126-X:4, I(g), relative to patients designating an alternative treatment center. II. RSA 126-X:4, II(e), relative to street address of the alternative treatment center. III. RSA 126-X:4, IX(e), relative to failure of a qualifying patient or designated caregiver for providing changes to name, address or designated caregiver. IV. RSA 126-X:6, I(e), relative to departmental rules regarding certain fines. 33 New Hampshire Granite Advantage Health Care Trust Fund. Amend RSA 126-AA;3, I(e)-(f) to read as follows: (e) Funds received from the assessment under RSA 404-G; [and] (f) Revenue from the Medicaid enhancement tax to meet the requirements provided in RSA 167:64; and
20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31	(3) Another alternative treatment center. 32 Repeal. The following are repealed: I. RSA 126-X:4, I(g), relative to patients designating an alternative treatment center. II. RSA 126-X:4, II(e), relative to street address of the alternative treatment center. III. RSA 126-X:4, IX(e), relative to failure of a qualifying patient or designated caregiver for providing changes to name, address or designated caregiver. IV. RSA 126-X:6, I(e), relative to departmental rules regarding certain fines. 33 New Hampshire Granite Advantage Health Care Trust Fund. Amend RSA 126-AA;3, I(e)-(f) to read as follows: (e) Funds received from the assessment under RSA 404-G; [and] (f) Revenue from the Medicaid enhancement tax to meet the requirements provided in RSA 167:64; and (g) Funds recovered or returnable to the fund that were originally spent on the cost of
20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33	(3) Another alternative treatment center. 32 Repeal. The following are repealed: I. RSA 126-X:4, I(g), relative to patients designating an alternative treatment center. II. RSA 126-X:4, II(e), relative to street address of the alternative treatment center. III. RSA 126-X:4, IX(e), relative to failure of a qualifying patient or designated caregiver for providing changes to name, address or designated caregiver. IV. RSA 126-X:6, I(e), relative to departmental rules regarding certain fines. 33 New Hampshire Granite Advantage Health Care Trust Fund. Amend RSA 126-AA;3, I(e)-(f) to read as follows: (e) Funds received from the assessment under RSA 404-G; [and] (f) Revenue from the Medicaid enhancement tax to meet the requirements provided in RSA 167:64; and (g) Funds recovered or returnable to the fund that were originally spent on the cost of coverage of the granite advantage health care program.

fund to assist cities, towns, and mosquito control districts by providing funding for the purpose of

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- offsetting the cost of mosquito control activities including, but not limited to, the purchase and application of chemical pesticides. The purpose of the fund is to provide financial assistance, when needed, to cities, towns, and mosquito control districts engaging in mosquito control and abatement activities in response to a declared threat to the public health. [Any balance remaining in the mosquito control fund at the close of the fiscal year ending June 30, 2009 shall lapse to the general fund.]
 - 36 Sanitary Production and Distribution of Food; Shellfish Certificate Fees. Amend RSA 143:11, III to read as follows:

- III. There is hereby established in the state treasury the public health services special fund, which shall be kept separate and distinct from all other funds. The fund shall be nonlapsing and continually appropriated to the department of health and human services. All fees collected under this subdivision shall be forwarded to the state treasurer. The state treasurer who shall credit all [moneys received under this subdivision,] such moneys and interest received on such money, to [a special] the fund from which [he] the department of health and human services shall pay all the expenses of the department incident to the administration of this subdivision. [This fund shall not lapse.]
- 37 Sanitary Production and Distribution of Food; Shellfish Certificate Fees. Amend RSA 143:22-a to read as follows:
 - 143:22-a Shellfish Certificate Fees. The commissioner of the department of health and human services shall prescribe and collect fees for certificates for establishments which process or pack shellfish. Such fees shall be in accordance with rules adopted under RSA 541-A. All fees collected under this subdivision shall be forwarded to the state treasurer to be deposited in the [general fund] public health services special fund established in RSA 143:11. The department of health and human services shall use such funds to pay expenses of the department incident to the administration of this subdivision.
 - 38 Food Service Licensure; Application. Amend RSA 143-A:6, VI to read as follows:
 - VI. From the amounts collected by the commissioner under paragraph V, up to \$300,000 each fiscal year may be included in the state biennial operating budget as restricted revenue to support the activities required in this chapter. The state treasurer shall credit all moneys received under this paragraph, and interest received on such money, to the public health services special fund, established under RSA 143:11, from which the department shall pay expenses incident to the administration of this chapter.
 - 39 Nursing Home Administrators; Patient Accounts. Amend RSA 151-A:15, I to read as follows:
 - I. If within 30 days after the date of a testate or intestate patient's death in any nursing home no petition for probate has been filed under any section of RSA 553 and the gross value of the personal property remaining at the nursing home belonging to the deceased, including any amount left in a patient account, is no more than [\$5,000] \$10,000, the nursing home administrator shall file

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- 1 in the probate court in the county where the nursing home is located an affidavit for the purpose of
- 2 disposing of such deceased patient's estate. The form of the affidavit, and the rules governing
- 3 proceedings under this section, shall be provided by the probate court pursuant to RSA 547:33. The
- 4 nursing home administrator shall not file a death certificate with the probate court, but shall attest
- 5 to the death in the affidavit. If the nursing home patient died testate and if the nursing home
- 6 administrator has the will or a copy of the will, the nursing home administrator shall file the same
- 7 in the probate court in the county where the nursing home is located. The probate court shall waive
- 8 all filing fees.
- 9 40 Applicability. Section 39 of this act shall apply to affidavits filed on or after the effective date
- 10 of this section.
- 11 41 Repeal. RSA 151-E:11, II, relative to an annual report on the utilization of non-nursing home
- 12 services, is repealed.
- 13 42 Protective Services to Adults; Reports of Adult Abuse. Amend the introductory paragraph of
- 14 RSA 161-F:46 to read as follows:
- Any person, including, but not limited to, physicians, other health care professionals, social
- 16 workers, clergy, and law enforcement officials, suspecting or believing in good faith that any adult
- 17 who is or who is suspected to be vulnerable, at the time of the incident, has been subjected to
- abuse, neglect, self-neglect, or exploitation or is, or was living in hazardous conditions shall report
- 19 or cause a report to be made as follows:
- 20 43 Repeal. The following are repealed:
 - I. RSA 161-F:64, relative to an annual report on review of homemaker services.
- 22 II. RSA 161-I:4, VI, relative to reports regarding the home and community-based care
- 23 waiver for the elderly and chronically ill.
 - III. RSA 165:20-c, relative to liability for support and reimbursement from the state.
- 25 IV. RSA 165:35, relative to rulemaking for forms and claims for reimbursement from the
- 26 state.

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- V. RSA 167:3-j, III, relative to semi-annual reports on net savings realized for aid to the
- 28 permanently and totally disabled grants.
- 29 44 Aid to Assisted Persons; Expense of General Assistance. Amend RSA 165:2-a to read as
- 30 follows:
- 31 165:2-a Expense of General Assistance. The financial responsibility for general assistance for
- 32 assisted persons shall be the responsibility of the town or city in which the person making
- 33 application resides, except as otherwise provided in RSA 165:1-c [and 165:20-e].
- 34 45 Public Assistance; Financial Disclosure by Applicants and Recipients. Amend RSA 167:4-a,
- 35 VI to read as follows:
- 36 VI. The department, in coordination with financial institutions doing business in the state,
- 37 may develop and operate a data match system, using automated data exchanges to the maximum

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extent feasible, in which each financial institution is required to provide, when requested by the department and subject to reasonable reimbursement as set forth in Public Law 110-252, up to 5 years of information regarding the name, record address, social security number or other taxpayer identification number, monthly account balance, and other identifying information for each applicant or recipient who maintains an account at the financial institution, as identified by the department by name and social security number or other taxpayer identification number. The system shall be based on a cost-effective search algorithm and shall include means to assure compliance with the provisions of this section. [The department shall provide a status report regarding the implementation of the data match system to the oversight committee on health and human services. established in RSA 126 A:13, on or before November 1, 2010, and annually thereafter, until implementation has been fully completed. The report shall summarize the department's findings and recommendations to date, including savings generated by both incremental asset identification and the time and labor associated with the process, the feedback and reactions of applicants and recipients, any barriers to implementation, anticipated future actions, and the department's assessment of the relative success of the project.

46 New Section; Child Protection Act; Investigatory Interviews and Evaluations. Amend RSA 169-C by inserting after section 12-f the following new section:

169-C:12-g Investigatory Interviews and Evaluations. The court may order a parent, guardian, custodian, or other caregiver to produce a child for the purpose of an investigatory interview, including a multidisciplinary team interview in accordance with RSA 169-C:34-a or an interview or evaluation by any other expert necessary for the purpose of the investigation of suspected abuse or neglect.

47 Child Protection Act; Central Registry. Amend RSA 169-C:35, II to read as follows:

II. Upon receipt by the department of a written request and verified proof of identity, an individual shall be informed by the department whether that individual's name is listed in the founded reports maintained in the central registry. It shall be unlawful for any employer other than those providing services pursuant to RSA 169-B, RSA 169-C, RSA 169-D, and RSA 135-C, and those specified in RSA 170-E [and], RSA 170-G:8-c, and RSA 171-A to require as a condition of employment that the employee submit his or her name for review against the central registry of founded reports of abuse and neglect. Any violation of this provision shall be punishable as a violation.

48 Interstate Compact for the Placement of Children. RSA 170-A is repealed and reenacted to read as follows:

34 CHAPTER 170-A
35 INTERSTATE COMPACT
36 FOR THE PLACEMENT OF CHILDREN

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1	170-A:1 Interstate Compact for the Placement of Children. On the effective date of this chapter,
2	based upon the enactment of the Interstate Compact for the Placement of Children into law by the
3	thirty-fifth compacting state, the governor is authorized and directed to execute a compact on behalf
4	of this state with any other state or states legally joining therein in the form substantially as follows:
5	ARTICLE I
6	Purpose
7	The purpose of this Interstate Compact for the Placement of Children is to:
8	I. Provide a process through which children subject to this compact are placed in safe and
9	suitable homes in a timely manner.
10	II. Facilitate ongoing supervision of a placement, the delivery of services, and
11	communication between the states.
12	III. Provide operating procedures that will ensure that children are placed in safe and
13	suitable homes in a timely manner.
14	IV. Provide for the promulgation and enforcement of administrative rules implementing the
15	provisions of this compact and regulating the covered activities of the member states.
16	V. Provide for uniform data collection and information sharing between member states
17	under this compact.
18	VI. Promote coordination between this compact, the Interstate Compact for Juveniles, the
19	Interstate Compact on Adoption and Medical Assistance, and other compacts affecting the placement
20	of and which provide services to children otherwise subject to this compact.
21	VII. Provide for a state's continuing legal jurisdiction and responsibility for placement and
22	care of a child that it would have had if the placement were intrastate.
23	VIII. Provide for the promulgation of guidelines, in collaboration with Indian tribes, for
24	interstate cases involving Indian children as is or may be permitted by federal law.
25	ARTICLE II
26	Definitions
27	As used in this compact:
28	I. "Approved placement" means the public child-placing agency in the receiving state has
29	determined that the placement is both safe and suitable for the child.
30	II. "Assessment" means an evaluation of a prospective placement by a public child-placing
31	agency in the receiving state to determine if the placement meets the individualized needs of the
32	child, including, but not limited to, the child's safety and stability, health and well-being, and
33	mental, emotional, and physical development. An assessment is only applicable to a placement by a
34	public child-placing agency.
35	III. "Child" means an individual who has not attained the age of 18.
36	IV. "Certification" means to attest, declare, or swear to before a judge or notary public.

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V. "Default" means the failure of a member state to perform the obligations or responsibilities imposed upon it by this compact or the bylaws or rules of the Interstate Commission.

- VI. "Home study" means an evaluation of a home environment conducted in accordance with the applicable requirements of the state in which the home is located and that documents the preparation and the suitability of the placement resource for placement of a child in accordance with the laws and requirements of the state in which the home is located.
- VII. "Indian tribe" means any Indian tribe, band, nation, or other organized group or community of Indians recognized as eligible for services provided to Indians by the Secretary of the Interior because of their status as Indians, including any Alaskan native village as defined in section 3(c) of the Alaska Native Claims Settlement Act, 43 U.S.C. section 1602(c).
- VIII. "Interstate Commission for the Placement of Children" means the commission that is created under Article VIII of this compact and which is generally referred to as the "Interstate Commission."
 - IX. "Jurisdiction" means the power and authority of a court to hear and decide matters.
- X. "Legal risk placement" or "legal risk adoption" means a placement made preliminary to an adoption where the prospective adoptive parents acknowledge in writing that a child can be ordered returned to the sending state or the birth mother's state of residence, if different from the sending state, and a final decree of adoption shall not be entered in any jurisdiction until all required consents are obtained or are dispensed with in accordance with applicable law.
 - XI. "Member state" means a state that has enacted this compact,
- XII. "Noncustodial parent" means a person who, at the time of the commencement of court proceedings in the sending state, does not have sole legal custody of the child or has joint legal custody of a child, and who is not the subject of allegations or findings of child abuse or neglect.
 - XIII. "Nonmember state" means a state which has not enacted this compact.
- XIV. "Notice of residential placement" means information regarding a placement into a residential facility provided to the receiving state, including, but not limited to, the name, date, and place of birth of the child, the identity and address of the parent or legal guardian, evidence of authority to make the placement, and the name and address of the facility in which the child will be placed. Notice of residential placement shall also include information regarding a discharge and any unauthorized absence from the facility.
- XV. "Placement" means the act by a public or private child-placing agency intended to arrange for the care or custody of a child in another state.
- XVI. "Private child-placing agency" means any private corporation, agency, foundation, institution, or charitable organization, or any private person or attorney, that facilitates, causes, or is involved in the placement of a child from one state to another and that is not an instrumentality of the state or acting under color of state law.

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XVII. "Provisional placement" means a determination made by the public child-placing agency in the receiving state that the proposed placement is safe and suitable, and, to the extent allowable, the receiving state has temporarily waived its standards or requirements otherwise applicable to prospective foster or adoptive parents so as to not delay the placement. Completion of the receiving state requirements regarding training for prospective foster or adoptive parents shall not delay an otherwise safe and suitable placement.

XVIII. "Public child-placing agency" means any government child welfare agency or child protection agency or a private entity under contract with such an agency, regardless of whether the entity acts on behalf of a state, a county, a municipality, or another governmental unit, and which facilitates, causes, or is involved in the placement of a child from one state to another.

XIX. "Receiving state" means the state to which a child is sent, brought, or caused to be sent or brought.

XX. "Relative" means someone who is related to the child as a parent, stepparent, sibling by half or whole blood or by adoption, grandparent, aunt, uncle, or first cousin or a nonrelative with such significant ties to the child that the nonrelative may be regarded as a relative as determined by the court in the sending state.

XXI. "Residential facility" means a facility providing a level of care that is sufficient to substitute for parental responsibility or foster care and that is beyond what is needed for assessment or treatment of an acute condition. For purposes of the compact, the term "residential facility" does not include institutions primarily educational in character, hospitals, or other medical facilities.

XXII. "Rule" means a written directive, mandate, standard, or principle issued by the Interstate Commission promulgated pursuant to Article XI of this compact that is of general applicability and that implements, interprets, or prescribes a policy or provision of the compact. A rule has the force and effect of an administrative rule in a member state and includes the amendment, repeal, or suspension of an existing rule.

XXIII. "Sending state" means the state from which the placement of a child is initiated.

XXIV. "Service member's permanent duty station" means the military installation where an active duty United States Armed Services member is currently assigned and is physically located under competent orders that do not specify the duty as temporary.

XXV. "Service member's state of legal residence" means the state in which the active duty United States Armed Services member is considered a resident for tax and voting purposes.

XXVI. "State" means a state of the United States, the District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, the United States Virgin Islands, Guam, American Samoa, the Northern Mariana Islands, and any other territory of the United States.

XXVII. "State court" means a judicial body of a state that is vested by law with responsibility for adjudicating cases involving abuse, neglect, deprivation, delinquency, or status offenses of individuals who have not attained the age of 18.

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1	XXVIII. "Supervision" means monitoring provided by the receiving state once a child has
2	been placed in a receiving state pursuant to this compact.
3	ARTICLE III
4	Applicability
5	I. Except as otherwise provided in paragraph II, this compact shall apply to:
6	(a) The interstate placement of a child subject to ongoing court jurisdiction in the
7	sending state, due to allegations or findings that the child has been abused, neglected, or deprived as
8	defined by the laws of the sending state; provided, however, that the placement of such a child into a
9	residential facility shall only require notice of residential placement to the receiving state prior to
10	placement.
11	(b) The interstate placement of a child adjudicated delinquent or unmanageable based
12	on the laws of the sending state and subject to ongoing court jurisdiction of the sending state if:
13	(1) The child is being placed in a residential facility in another member state and is
14	not covered under another compact; or
15	(2) The child is being placed in another member state and the determination of
16	safety and suitability of the placement and services required is not provided through another
17	compact.
18	(c) The interstate placement of any child by a public child-placing agency or private
19	child-placing agency as a preliminary step to a possible adoption.
20	II. The provisions of this compact shall not apply to:
21	(a) The interstate placement of a child in a custody proceeding in which a public child-
22	placing agency is not a party; provided, however, that the placement is not intended to effectuate an
23	adoption.
24	(b) The interstate placement of a child with a nonrelative in a receiving state by a parent
25	with the legal authority to make such a placement; provided, however, that the placement is not
26	intended to effectuate an adoption.
27	(c) The interstate placement of a child by one relative with the lawful authority to make
28	such a placement directly with a relative in a receiving state.
29	(d) The placement of a child, not subject to paragraph I, into a residential facility by his
30	or her parent.
31	(e) The placement of a child with a noncustodial parent, provided that:
32	(1) The noncustodial parent proves to the satisfaction of a court in the sending state
33	a substantial relationship with the child;
34	(2) The court in the sending state makes a written finding that placement with the
35	noncustodial parent is in the best interests of the child; and
36	(3) The court in the sending state dismisses its jurisdiction in interstate placements
37	in which the public child-placing agency is a party to the proceeding.

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- (f) A child entering the United States from a foreign country for the purpose of adoption or leaving the United States to go to a foreign country for the purpose of adoption in that country.
- (g) Cases in which a child who is a United States citizen living overseas with his or her family, at least one of whom is in the United States Armed Services and stationed overseas, is removed and placed in a state.
- (h) The sending of a child by a public child-placing agency or a private child-placing agency for a visit as defined by the rules of the Interstate Commission.
- III. For purposes of determining the applicability of this compact to the placement of a child with a family member in the United States Armed Services, the public child-placing agency or private child-placing agency may choose the state of the service member's permanent duty station or the service member's declared legal residence.
- IV. Nothing in this compact shall be construed to prohibit the concurrent application of the provisions of this compact with other applicable interstate compacts, including the Interstate Compact for Juveniles and the Interstate Compact on Adoption and Medical Assistance. The Interstate Commission may, in cooperation with other interstate compact commissions having responsibility for the interstate movement, placement, or transfer of children, promulgate similar rules to ensure the coordination of services, timely placement of children, and reduction of unnecessary or duplicative administrative or procedural requirements.

19 ARTICLE IV

20 Jurisdiction

- I. Except as provided in Article IV, paragraph VIII, and Article V, subparagraph II(b) and (c), concerning private and independent adoptions, and in interstate placements in which the public child-placing agency is not a party to a custody proceeding, the sending state shall retain jurisdiction over a child with respect to all matters of custody and disposition of the child which it would have had if the child had remained in the sending state. Such jurisdiction shall also include the power to order the return of the child to the sending state.
- II. When an issue of child protection or custody is brought before a court in the receiving state, such court shall confer with the court of the sending state to determine the most appropriate forum for adjudication.
- III. In cases that are before courts and subject to this compact, the taking of testimony for hearings before any judicial officer may occur in person or by telephone, audio-video conference, or such other means as approved by the rules of the Interstate Commission, and judicial officers may communicate with other judicial officers and persons involved in the interstate process as may be permitted by their code of judicial conduct and any rules promulgated by the Interstate Commission.
- IV. In accordance with its own laws, the court in the sending state shall have authority to terminate its jurisdiction if:

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1	(a) The child is reunified with the parent in the receiving state who is the subject of
2	allegations or findings of abuse or neglect, only with the concurrence of the public child-placing
3	agency in the receiving state;
4	(b) The child is adopted;
5	(c) The child reaches the age of majority under the laws of the sending state;
6	(d) The child achieves legal independence pursuant to the laws of the sending state;
7	(e) A guardianship is created by a court in the receiving state with the concurrence of
8	the court in the sending state;
9	(f) An Indian tribe has petitioned for and received jurisdiction from the court in the
10	sending state; or
11	(g) The public child-placing agency of the sending state requests termination and has
12	obtained the concurrence of the public child-placing agency in the receiving state.
13	V. When a sending state court terminates its jurisdiction, the receiving state child-placing
14	agency shall be notified.
15	VI. Nothing in this article shall defeat a claim of jurisdiction by a receiving state court
16	sufficient to deal with an act of truancy, delinquency, crime, or behavior involving a child as defined
17	by the laws of the receiving state committed by the child in the receiving state which would be a
18	violation of its laws.
19	VII. Nothing in this article shall limit the receiving state's ability to take emergency
20	jurisdiction for the protection of the child.
21	VIII. The substantive laws of the state in which an adoption will be finalized shall solely
22	govern all issues relating to the adoption of the child, and the court in which the adoption proceeding
23	is filed shall have subject matter jurisdiction regarding all substantive issues relating to the
24	adoption, except:
25	(a) When the child is a ward of another court that established jurisdiction over the child
26	prior to the placement;
27	(b) When the child is in the legal custody of a public agency in the sending state; or
28	(c) When a court in the sending state has otherwise appropriately assumed jurisdiction
29	over the child prior to the submission of the request for approval of placement.
30	IX. A final decree of adoption shall not be entered in any jurisdiction until the placement is
31	authorized as an "approved placement" by the public child-placing agency in the receiving state.
32	ARTICLE V
33	Placement Evaluation
34	I. Prior to sending, bringing, or causing a child to be sent or brought into a receiving state,

II. For placements by a private child-placing agency, a child may be sent or brought, or caused to be sent or brought, into a receiving state upon receipt and immediate review of the

the public child-placing agency shall provide a written request for assessment to the receiving state.

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- required content in a request for approval of a placement in both the sending and receiving state public child-placing agencies. The required content to accompany a request for approval shall include all of the following:
 - (a) A request for approval identifying the child, the birth parents, the prospective adoptive parents, and the supervising agency, signed by the person requesting approval.
 - (b) The appropriate consents or relinquishments signed by the birth parents in accordance with the laws of the sending state or, where permitted, the laws of the state where the adoption will be finalized.
 - (c) Certification by a licensed attorney or authorized agent of a private adoption agency that the consent or relinquishment is in compliance with the applicable laws of the sending state or, where permitted, the laws of the state where finalization of the adoption will occur.
 - (d) A home study.

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- (e) An acknowledgment of legal risk signed by the prospective adoptive parents.
- III. The sending state and the receiving state may request additional information or documents prior to finalization of an approved placement, but they may not delay travel by the prospective adoptive parents with the child if the required content for approval has been submitted, received, and reviewed by the public child-placing agency in both the sending state and the receiving state.
- IV. Approval from the public child-placing agency in the receiving state for a provisional or approved placement is required as provided for in the rules of the Interstate Commission.
- V. The procedures for making the request for an assessment shall contain all information and be in such form as provided for in the rules of the Interstate Commission.
- VI. Upon receipt of a request from the public child-placing agency of the sending state, the receiving state shall initiate an assessment of the proposed placement to determine its safety and suitability. If the proposed placement is a placement with a relative, the public child-placing agency of the sending state may request a determination for a provisional placement.
- VII. The public child-placing agency in the receiving state may request from the public childplacing agency or the private child-placing agency in the sending state, and shall be entitled to receive, supporting or additional information necessary to complete the assessment or approve the placement.
- VIII. The public child-placing agency in the receiving state shall approve a provisional placement and complete or arrange for the completion of the assessment within the timeframes established by the rules of the Interstate Commission.
- IX. For a placement by a private child-placing agency, the sending state shall not impose any additional requirements to complete the home study that are not required by the receiving state, unless the adoption is finalized in the sending state.

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1	X. The Interstate Commission may develop uniform standards for the assessment of the
2	safety and suitability of interstate placements.
3	ARTICLE VI
4	Placement Authority
5	I. Except as otherwise provided in this compact, no child subject to this compact shall be
6	placed in a receiving state until approval for such placement is obtained.
7	II. If the public child-placing agency in the receiving state does not approve the proposed
8	placement, then the child shall not be placed. The receiving state shall provide written
9	documentation of any such determination in accordance with the rules promulgated by the
10	Interstate Commission. Such determination is not subject to judicial review in the sending state.
11	III. If the proposed placement is not approved, any interested party shall have standing to
12	seek an administrative review of the receiving state's determination.
13	(a) The administrative review and any further judicial review associated with the
14	determination shall be conducted in the receiving state pursuant to its applicable administrative
15	procedures act.
16	(b) If a determination not to approve the placement of the child in the receiving state is
17	overturned upon review, the placement shall be deemed approved; provided, however, that all
18	administrative or judicial remedies have been exhausted or the time for such remedies has passed.
19	ARTICLE VII
20	Placing Agency Responsibility
21	I. For the interstate placement of a child made by a public child-placing agency or state
22	court:
23	(a) The public child-placing agency in the sending state shall have financial
24	responsibility for:
25	(1) The ongoing support and maintenance for the child during the period of the
26	placement, unless otherwise provided for in the receiving state; and
27	(2) As determined by the public child-placing agency in the sending state, services
28	for the child beyond the public services for which the child is eligible in the receiving state.
29	(b) The receiving state shall only have financial responsibility for:
30	(1) Any assessment conducted by the receiving state; and
31	(2) Supervision conducted by the receiving state at the level necessary to support the
32	placement as agreed upon by the public child-placing agencies of the receiving and sending states.
33	(c) Nothing in this section shall prohibit public child-placing agencies in the sending
34	state from entering into agreements with licensed agencies or persons in the receiving state to
35	conduct assessments and provide supervision.
36	II. For the placement of a child by a private child-placing agency preliminary to a possible
37	adoption, the private child-placing agency shall be:

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1 (a) Legally responsible for the child during the period of placement as provided for in the 2 law of the sending state until the finalization of the adoption. 3 (b) Financially responsible for the child absent a contractual agreement to the contrary. 4 III. The public child-placing agency in the receiving state shall provide timely assessments, 5 as provided for in the rules of the Interstate Commission. 6 IV. The public child-placing agency in the receiving state shall provide, or arrange for the 7 provision of, supervision and services for the child, including timely reports, during the period of the 8 placement. 9 V. Nothing in this compact shall be construed to limit the authority of the public child-10 placing agency in the receiving state from contracting with a licensed agency or person in the 11 receiving state for an assessment or the provision of supervision or services for the child or otherwise 12 authorizing the provision of supervision or services by a licensed agency during the period of 13 placement. 14 VI. Each member state shall provide for coordination among its branches of government 15 concerning the state's participation in and compliance with the compact and Interstate Commission 16 activities through the creation of an advisory council or use of an existing body or board. 17 VII. Each member state shall establish a central state compact office which shall be 18 responsible for state compliance with the compact and the rules of the Interstate Commission. 19 VIII. The public child-placing agency in the sending state shall oversee compliance with the 20 provisions of the Indian Child Welfare Act, 25 U.S.C. section 1901 et seq., for placements subject to 21 the provisions of this compact, prior to placement. 22 With the consent of the Interstate Commission, states may enter into limited 23agreements that facilitate the timely assessment and provision of services and supervision of 24 placements under this compact. 25 ARTICLE VIII 26 Interstate Commission for the Placement of Children 27 The member states hereby establish, by way of this compact, a commission known as the "Interstate 28 Commission for the Placement of Children." The activities of the Interstate Commission are the 29 formation of public policy and are a discretionary state function. The Interstate Commission shall: 30 I. Be a joint commission of the member states and shall have the responsibilities, powers, 31 and duties set forth herein and such additional powers as may be conferred upon it by subsequent 32 concurrent action of the respective legislatures of the member states. 33 II. Consist of one commissioner from each member state who shall be appointed by the 34 executive head of the state human services administration with ultimate responsibility for the child 35 welfare program. The appointed commissioner shall have the legal authority to vote on policy-36 related matters governed by this compact binding the state.

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1 (a) Each member state represented at a meeting of the Interstate Commission is entitled 2 to one vote. 3 (b) A majority of the member states shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of 4 business, unless a larger quorum is required by the bylaws of the Interstate Commission. 5 (c) A representative shall not delegate a vote to another member state. 6 (d) A representative may delegate voting authority to another person from that state for 7 a specified meeting. 8 III. Include, in addition to the commissioners of each member state, persons who are 9 members of interested organizations as defined in the bylaws or rules of the Interstate Commission. 10 Such members shall be ex officio and shall not be entitled to vote on any matter before the Interstate 11 Commission. 12 IV. Establish an executive committee which shall have the authority to administer the dayto-day operations and administration of the Interstate Commission. The executive committee shall 13 14 not have the power to engage in rulemaking. 15 ARTICLE IX 16 Powers and Duties of the Interstate Commission 17 The Interstate Commission shall have the following powers: 18 I. To promulgate rules and take all necessary actions to effect the goals, purposes, and 19 obligations as enumerated in this compact. 20 II. To provide for dispute resolution among member states. 21 III. To issue, upon request of a member state, advisory opinions concerning the meaning or 22 interpretation of the interstate compact, its bylaws, rules, or actions. 23 IV. To enforce compliance with this compact or the bylaws or rules of the Interstate 24Commission pursuant to Article XII. 25 V. Collect standardized data concerning the interstate placement of children subject to this 26 compact as directed through its rules, which shall specify the data to be collected, the means of 27 collection and data exchange, and reporting requirements. 28 VI. To establish and maintain offices as may be necessary for the transacting of its business. 29 VII. To purchase and maintain insurance and bonds. VIII. To hire or contract for services of personnel or consultants as necessary to carry out its 30 functions under the compact and establish personnel qualification policies and rates of 31 32 compensation. 33 IX. To establish and appoint committees and officers, including, but not limited to, an 34 executive committee as required by Article X.

X. To accept any and all donations and grants of money, equipment, supplies, materials, and

services, and to receive, utilize, and dispose thereof.

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1	XI. To lease, purchase, accept contributions or donations of, or otherwise to own, hold,
2	improve, or use any property, real, personal, or mixed.
3	XII. To sell, convey, mortgage, pledge, lease, exchange, abandon, or otherwise dispose of any
4	property, real, personal, or mixed.
5	XIII. To establish a budget and make expenditures.
6	XIV. To adopt a seal and bylaws governing the management and operation of the Interstate
7	Commission.
8	XV. To report annually to the legislatures, the governors, the judiciary, and the state
9	advisory councils of the member states concerning the activities of the Interstate Commission during
10	the preceding year. Such reports shall also include any recommendations that may have been
11	adopted by the Interstate Commission.
12	XVI. To coordinate and provide education, training, and public awareness regarding the
13	interstate movement of children for officials involved in such activity.
14	XVII. To maintain books and records in accordance with the bylaws of the Interstate
15	Commission.
16	XVIII. To perform such functions as may be necessary or appropriate to achieve the
17	purposes of this compact.
18	ARTICLE X
19	Organization and Operation of the Interstate Commission
20	I. Organization.
21	(a) Within 12 months after the first Interstate Commission meeting, the Interstate
22	Commission shall adopt rules to govern its conduct as may be necessary or appropriate to carry out
23	the purposes of the compact.
24	(b) The Interstate Commission's rules shall establish conditions and procedures under
25	which the Interstate Commission shall make its information and official records available to the
26	public for inspection or copying.
27	II. Meetings.
28	(a) The Interstate Commission shall meet at least once each calendar year. The
29	chairperson may call additional meetings and, upon the request of a simple majority of the member
30	states, shall call additional meetings.
31	(b) Public notice shall be given by the Interstate Commission of all meetings, and all
32	meetings shall be open to the public.
33	(c) The bylaws may provide for meetings of the Interstate Commission to be conducted
34	by telecommunication or other electronic communication.
35	III. Officers and staff.

(a) The Interstate Commission may, through its executive committee, appoint or retain a

staff director for such period, upon such terms and conditions, and for such compensation as the

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- Interstate Commission may deem appropriate. The staff director shall serve as secretary to the Interstate Commission but shall not have a vote. The staff director may hire and supervise such other staff as may be authorized by the Interstate Commission.
- (b) The Interstate Commission shall elect, from among its members, a chairperson and a vice chairperson of the executive committee, and other necessary officers, each of whom shall have such authority and duties as may be specified in the bylaws.
 - IV. Qualified immunity, defense, and indemnification.

- (a) The Interstate Commission's staff director and its employees shall be immune from suit and liability, either personally or in their official capacity, for a claim for damage to or loss of property or personal injury or other civil liability caused or arising out of or relating to an actual or alleged act, error, or omission that occurred or that such person had a reasonable basis for believing occurred within the scope of Interstate Commission employment, duties, or responsibilities; provided, however, that such person shall not be protected from suit or liability for damage, loss, injury, or liability caused by a criminal act or the intentional or willful and wanton misconduct of such person.
- (b)(1) The liability of the Interstate Commission's staff director and employees or Interstate Commission representatives, acting within the scope of such person's employment or duties, for acts, errors, or omissions occurring within such person's state may not exceed the limits of liability set forth under the Constitution and laws of that state for state officials, employees, and agents. The Interstate Commission is considered to be an instrumentality of the states for the purposes of any such action. Nothing in this subsection shall be construed to protect such person from suit or liability for damage, loss, injury, or liability caused by a criminal act or the intentional or willful and wanton misconduct of such person.
- (2) The Interstate Commission shall defend the staff director and its employees and, subject to the approval of the attorney general or other appropriate legal counsel of the member state, shall defend the commissioner of a member state in a civil action seeking to impose liability arising out of an actual or alleged act, error, or omission that occurred within the scope of Interstate Commission employment, duties, or responsibilities, or that the defendant had a reasonable basis for believing occurred within the scope of Interstate Commission employment, duties, or responsibilities; provided, however, that the actual or alleged act, error, or omission did not result from intentional or willful and wanton misconduct on the part of such person.
- (3) To the extent not covered by the state involved, a member state, or the Interstate Commission, the representatives or employees of the Interstate Commission shall be held harmless in the amount of a settlement or judgment, including attorney's fees and costs, obtained against such persons arising out of an actual or alleged act, error, or omission that occurred within the scope of Interstate Commission employment, duties, or responsibilities, or that such persons had a reasonable basis for believing occurred within the scope of Interstate Commission employment,

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1 duties, or responsibilities; provided, however, that the actual or alleged act, error, or omission did 2 not result from intentional or willful and wanton misconduct on the part of such persons. 3 ARTICLE XI 4 Rulemaking Functions of the Interstate Commission 5 I. The Interstate Commission shall promulgate and publish rules in order to effectively and 6 efficiently achieve the purposes of the compact. 7 II. Rulemaking shall occur pursuant to the criteria set forth in this article and the bylaws 8 and rules adopted pursuant thereto. Such rulemaking shall substantially conform to the principles 9 of the "Model State Administrative Procedures Act," 1981 Act, Uniform Laws Annotated, Vol. 15, p. 1 10 (2000), or such other administrative procedure acts as the Interstate Commission deems 11 appropriate, consistent with due process requirements under the United States Constitution as now 12 or hereafter interpreted by the United States Supreme Court. All rules and amendments shall 13 become binding as of the date specified, as published with the final version of the rule as approved 14 by the Interstate Commission. 15 III. When promulgating a rule, the Interstate Commission shall, at a minimum: 16 (a) Publish the proposed rule's entire text stating the reasons for that proposed rule: 17 (b) Allow and invite any and all persons to submit written data, facts, opinions, and 18 arguments, which information shall be added to the record and made publicly available; and 19 (c) Promulgate a final rule and its effective date, if appropriate, based on input from 20 state or local officials or interested parties. 21IV. Rules promulgated by the Interstate Commission shall have the force and effect of 22 administrative rules and shall be binding in the compacting states to the extent and in the manner 23 provided for in this compact. 24 V. Not later than 60 days after a rule is promulgated, an interested person may file a 25 petition in the United States District Court for the District of Columbia or in the federal district 26 court where the Interstate Commission's principal office is located for judicial review of such rule. If 27 the court finds that the Interstate Commission's action is not supported by substantial evidence in 28 the rulemaking record, the court shall hold the rule unlawful and set it aside. VI. If a majority of the legislatures of the member states rejects a rule, those states may by 29 30 enactment of a statute or resolution in the same manner used to adopt the compact cause that such 31 rule shall have no further force and effect in any member state. 32 VII. The existing rules governing the operation of the Interstate Compact on the Placement 33 of Children superseded by this act shall be null and void no less than 12 months but no more than 24 34 months after the first meeting of the Interstate Commission created hereunder, as determined by 35 the members during the first meeting.

VIII. Within the first 12 months of operation, the Interstate Commission shall promulgate rules addressing the following:

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1	(a) Transition rules.
2	(b) Forms and procedures.
3	(c) Timelines.
4	(d) Data collection and reporting.
5	(e) Rulemaking.
6	(f) Visitation.
7	(g) Progress reports and supervision.
8	(h) Sharing of information and confidentiality.
9	(i) Financing of the Interstate Commission.
10	(j) Mediation, arbitration, and dispute resolution.
11	(k) Education, training, and technical assistance.
12	(l) Enforcement.
13	(m) Coordination with other interstate compacts.
14	IX. Upon determination by a majority of the members of the Interstate Commission that an
15	emergency exists:
16	(a) The Interstate Commission may promulgate an emergency rule only if it is required
17	to:
18	(1) Protect the children covered by this compact from an imminent threat to their
19	health, safety, and well-being;
20	(2) Prevent loss of federal or state funds; or
21	(3) Meet a deadline for the promulgation of an administrative rule required by
22	federal law.
23	(b) An emergency rule shall become effective immediately upon adoption, provided that
24	the usual rulemaking procedures provided hereunder shall be retroactively applied to the emergency
25	rule as soon as reasonably possible, but no later than 90 days after the effective date of the
26	emergency rule.
27	(c) An emergency rule shall be promulgated as provided for in the rules of the Interstate
28	Commission.
29	ARTICLE XII
30	Oversight, Dispute Resolution, and Enforcement
31	I. Oversight.
32	(a) The Interstate Commission shall oversee the administration and operation of the
33	compact.
34	(b) The executive, legislative, and judicial branches of state government in each member
35	state shall enforce this compact and the rules of the Interstate Commission and shall take all actions
36	necessary and appropriate to effectuate the compact's purposes and intent. The compact and its

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rules shall be binding in the compacting states to the extent and in the manner provided for in this compact.

- (c) All courts shall take judicial notice of the compact and the rules in any judicial or administrative proceeding in a member state pertaining to the subject matter of this compact.
- (d) The Interstate Commission shall be entitled to receive service of process in any action in which the validity of a compact provision or rule is the issue for which a judicial determination has been sought and shall have standing to intervene in any proceedings. Failure to provide service of process to the Interstate Commission shall render any judgment, order, or other determination, however so captioned or classified, void as to this compact, its bylaws, or rules of the Interstate Commission.

II. Dispute resolution.

- (a) The Interstate Commission shall attempt, upon the request of a member state, to resolve disputes which are subject to the compact and which may arise among member states and between member and nonmember states.
- (b) The Interstate Commission shall promulgate a rule providing for both mediation and binding dispute resolution for disputes among compacting states. The costs of such mediation or dispute resolution shall be the responsibility of the parties to the dispute.
- III. Enforcement. If the Interstate Commission determines that a member state has defaulted in the performance of its obligations or responsibilities under this compact, its bylaws, or rules of the Interstate Commission, the Interstate Commission may:
 - (a) Provide remedial training and specific technical assistance;
- (b) Provide written notice to the defaulting state and other member states of the nature of the default and the means of curing the default. The Interstate Commission shall specify the conditions by which the defaulting state must cure its default;
- (c) By majority vote of the members, initiate against a defaulting member state legal action in the United States District Court for the District of Columbia or, at the discretion of the Interstate Commission, in the federal district where the Interstate Commission has its principal office, to enforce compliance with the provisions of the compact, its bylaws, or rules of the Interstate Commission. The relief sought may include both injunctive relief and damages. In the event judicial enforcement is necessary, the prevailing party shall be awarded all costs of such litigation including reasonable attorney's fees; or
- (d) Avail itself of any other remedies available under state law or the regulation of official or professional conduct.

34 ARTICLE XIII

35 Financing of the Commission

I. The Interstate Commission shall pay, or provide for the payment of, the reasonable expenses of its establishment, organization, and ongoing activities.

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1	II. The Interstate Commission may levy on and collect an annual assessment from each
2	member state to cover the cost of the operations and activities of the Interstate Commission and its
3	staff, which must be in a total amount sufficient to cover the Interstate Commission's annual budget
4	as approved by its members each year. The aggregate annual assessment amount shall be allocated
5	based upon a formula to be determined by the Interstate Commission, which shall promulgate a rule
6	binding upon all member states.
7	III. The Interstate Commission shall not incur obligations of any kind prior to securing the
8	funds adequate to meet those obligations, nor shall the Interstate Commission pledge the credit of
9	any of the member states, except by and with the authority of the member state.
10	IV. The Interstate Commission shall keep accurate accounts of all receipts and
11	disbursements. The receipts and disbursements of the Interstate Commission shall be subject to the
12	audit and accounting procedures established under its bylaws. However, all receipts and
13	disbursements of funds handled by the Interstate Commission shall be audited yearly by a certified
14	or licensed public accountant, and the report of the audit shall be included in and become part of the
15	annual report of the Interstate Commission.
16	ARTICLE XIV
17	Member States, Effective Date, and Amendment
18	I. Any state is eligible to become a member state.
19	II. The compact shall become effective and binding upon legislative enactment of the
20	compact into law by no less than 35 states. The effective date shall be the later of July 1, 2007, or
21	upon enactment of the compact into law by the thirty-fifth state. Thereafter, it shall become
22	effective and binding as to any other member state upon enactment of the compact into law by that
23	state. The executive heads of the state human services administration with ultimate responsibility
24	for the child welfare program of nonmember states or their designees shall be invited to participate
25	in the activities of the Interstate Commission on a nonvoting basis prior to adoption of the compact
26	by all states.
27	III. The Interstate Commission may propose amendments to the compact for enactment by
28	the member states. No amendment shall become effective and binding on the member states unless
29	and until it is enacted into law by unanimous consent of the member states.
30	ARTICLE XV
31	Withdrawal and Dissolution
32	I. Withdrawal.
33	(a) Once effective, the compact shall continue in force and remain binding upon each and
34	every member state, provided that a member state may withdraw from the compact by specifically
35	repealing the statute which enacted the compact into law.
36	(b) Withdrawal from this compact shall be by the enactment of a statute repealing the

(b) Withdrawal from this compact shall be by the enactment of a statute repealing the compact. The effective date of withdrawal shall be the effective date of the repeal of the statute.

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1	(c) The withdrawing state shall immediately notify the president of the Interstate
2	Commission in writing upon the introduction of legislation repealing this compact in the
3	withdrawing state. The Interstate Commission shall then notify the other member states of the
4	withdrawing state's intent to withdraw.
5	(d) The withdrawing state is responsible for all assessments, obligations, and liabilities
6	incurred through the effective date of withdrawal.
7	(e) Reinstatement following withdrawal of a member state shall occur upon the
8	withdrawing state reenacting the compact or upon such later date as determined by the members of
9	the Interstate Commission.
10	II. Dissolution of compact.
11	(a) This compact shall dissolve effective upon the date of the withdrawal or default of the
12	member state which reduces the membership in the compact to one member state.
13	(b) Upon the dissolution of this compact, the compact becomes null and void and shall be
14	of no further force or effect, and the business and affairs of the Interstate Commission shall be
15	concluded and surplus funds shall be distributed in accordance with the bylaws.
16	ARTICLE XVI
17	Severability and Construction
18	I. The provisions of this compact shall be severable, and, if any phrase, clause, sentence, or
19	provision is deemed unenforceable, the remaining provisions of the compact shall be enforceable.
20	II. The provisions of this compact shall be liberally construed to effectuate its purposes.
21	III. Nothing in this compact shall be construed to prohibit the concurrent applicability of
22	other interstate compacts to which the states are members.
23	ARTICLE XVII
24	Binding Effect of Compact and Other Laws
25	I. Other laws. Nothing in this compact prevents the enforcement of any other law of a
26	member state that is not inconsistent with this compact.
27	II. Binding effect of the compact.
28	(a) All lawful actions of the Interstate Commission are binding upon the member states.
29	(b) All agreements between the Interstate Commission and the member states are
30	binding in accordance with their terms.
31	(c) In the event any provision of this compact exceeds the constitutional limits imposed
32	on the legislature or executive branch of any member state, such provision shall be ineffective to the
33	extent of the conflict with the constitutional provision in question in that member state.
34	ARTICLE XVIII
35	Indian Tribes
36	Notwithstanding any other provision in this compact, the Interstate Commission may promulgate

guidelines to permit Indian tribes to utilize the compact to achieve any or all of the purposes of the

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compact as specified in Article I. The Interstate Commission shall make reasonable efforts to consult with Indian tribes in promulgating guidelines to reflect the diverse circumstances of the various Indian tribes.

49 Adoption; Assessment. Amend RSA 170-B:18, IV to read as follows:

- IV. The department or a licensed child-placing agency making the required assessment may request other departments or licensed child-placing agencies within or outside this state to make the assessment or designated portions thereof as may be appropriate. Where such written assessments are made, a written report shall be filed with the court; provided, however, said report shall not violate RSA 170-A, the interstate compact [en] for the placement of children.
- 50 Applicability Sections 48-49 of this act, relative to the 2009 edition of the Interstate Compact for the Placement of Children, shall take effect on the date that the commissioner of the department of health and human services certifies to the director of the office of legislative services and the secretary of state that 35 compacting states, including New Hampshire, have enacted the 2009 edition of the Interstate Compact for the Placement of Children.
- 51 Child Day Care Licensing; Definitions RSA 170-E:2, IV(g) is repealed and reenacted to read as follows:
- (g) "School-age program" means a child day care agency providing child day care before or after, or before and after, regular school hours, and all day any time school is not in session, for 6 or more children enrolled in school, who are 4 years and 8 months of age or older, and which is not licensed under RSA 170-E:56. The number of children shall include all children present during the period of the program, including those children related to the caregiver.
- 52 New Section; Residential Care and Child-Placing Agency Licensing; Deemed Licensed. Amend RSA 170-E by inserting after section 31 the following new section:
- 170-E:31-a Deemed Licensed. Any qualified residential treatment program accredited by organizations as specified in Title 42 of the Social Security Act, 42 U.S.C. section 672(k)(4)(G), as amended, shall submit a completed license application or renewal application. Such child care institutions and child care agencies defined as group homes, specialized care, or homeless youth programs, shall be deemed licensed under this subdivision and shall be exempt from inspections carried out under RSA 170-E:31, IV. This section shall only apply to the activities or portions of the facility or agency accredited under Title 42 of the Social Security Act, 42 U.S.C. section 672(k)(4)(G), as amended.
- 53 Recreation Camp Licensing; Availability of Epinephrine Auto-Injector. Amend RSA 170-E:61 to read as follows:
- 170-E:61 Availability of Epinephrine Auto-Injector. The recreational camp nurse or, if a nurse is not assigned to the camp, the recreational camp administrator shall maintain for the use of a child with severe allergies at least one epinephrine auto-injector, provided by the child or the child's parent or guardian, [in the nurse's office or in a similarly accessible location] which shall be

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1 readily accessible to the recreational camp staff caring for children requiring such 2 medications. 3 54 New Section; Recreation Camp Licensing; Availability of Asthma Inhalers. Amend RSA 170-4 E by inserting after section 63 the following new section: 5 170-E:63-a Availability of Asthma Inhalers. The recreational camp nurse or, if a nurse is not 6 assigned to the camp, the recreational camp administrator shall maintain for the use of a child with 7 asthma at least one metered dose inhaler or a dry powder inhaler, provided by the child or the child's 8 parent or guardian, which shall be readily accessible to the recreational camp staff caring for 9 children requiring such medications. 10 55 New Paragraph; Services for Children, Youth, and Families; Peer Support Program. Amend 11 RSA 170-G:3 by inserting after paragraph VII the following new paragraph: 12 VIII. The commissioner may establish a confidential peer support program for the purpose 13 of providing critical incident stress management and crisis intervention services for staff exposed to 14 critical incidents and trauma through the course of their employment. 15 (a) In this section: 16 (1) "Critical incident" means any incident that has a high emotional impact on the 17 responders, or is beyond the realm of a person's usual experience that overwhelms his or her sense of 18 vulnerability and/or lack of control over the situation. 19 (2) "Critical incident stress" means a normal reaction to an abnormal event that has 20 the potential to interfere with normal functioning and that results from the response to a critical 21 incident or long-term occupational exposure to a series of critical incident responses over a period of 22 time that are believed to be causing debilitating stress that is affecting an emergency service 23provider and his or her work performance or family situation. This may include, but is not limited 24 to, physical and emotional illness, failure of usual coping mechanisms, loss of interest in the job, 25 personality changes, or loss of ability to function. 26 (3) "Critical incident stress management" means a process of crisis intervention 27 designed to assist employees in coping with the psychological trauma resulting from response to a 28 critical incident. 29 (4) "Critical incident stress management and crisis intervention services" means

consultation, counseling, debriefing, defusing, intervention services, management, prevention, and

more trained volunteers, including members of peer support groups who offer critical incident stress

management and crisis intervention services following a critical incident or long term or continued,

debilitating stress being experienced by employees and affecting them or their family situation.

(5) "Critical incident stress management team" or "team" means the group of one or

referral provided by a critical incident stress management team member.

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1	(6) "Critical incident stress management team member" or "team member" means an
2	employee, including any specially trained to provide critical incident stress management and crisis
3	intervention services as a member of an organized team.
4	(7) "Debriefing" means a closed, confidential discussion of a critical incident relating
5	to the feelings and perceptions of those directly involved prior to, during, and after a stressful event.
6	It is intended to provide support, education, and an outlet for associated views and feelings.
7	Debriefings do not provide counseling or an operational critique of the incident.
8	(b)(1) Any information divulged to the team or a team member during the provision of
9	critical incident stress management and crisis intervention services shall be kept confidential and
10	shall not be disclosed to a third party or in a criminal, civil, or administrative proceeding. Records
11	kept by critical incident stress management team members are not subject to subpoena, discovery, or
12	introduction into evidence in a criminal, civil, or administrative action. Except as provided in
13	subparagraph (c), no person, whether critical incident stress management team member or team
14	leader providing or receiving critical incident stress management and crisis intervention services,
15	shall be required to testify or divulge any information obtained solely through such crisis
16	intervention.
17	(2) In any civil action against any individual, or the department, including the state
18	of New Hampshire, arising out of the conduct of a member of such team, this section is not intended
19	and shall not be admissible to establish negligence in any instance where requirements herein are
20	higher than the standard of care that would otherwise have been applicable in such action under
21	state law.
22	(c) A communication shall not be deemed confidential pursuant to this section if:
23	(1) The communication indicates the existence of a danger to the individual who
24	receives critical incident stress management and crisis intervention services or to any other person
25	or persons;
26	(2) The communication indicates the existence of past child abuse or neglect of the
27	individual, abuse of an adult as defined by law, or family violence as defined by law; or
28	(3) The communication indicates the existence of a danger to the individual who
29	receives critical incident stress management and crisis intervention services or to any other person
30	or persons.
31	56 New Paragraph; Services for Children, Youth, and Families; Procurement Model for Services.
3 2	Amend RSA 170-G:4-d by inserting after paragraph I the following new paragraph:
33	I-a. The commissioner shall employ a procurement model for administering the provision of
34	therapeutic-based residential behavioral health treatment services provided pursuant to RSA 170-G

and RSA 135-F. All contracts shall incorporate the use of trauma-focused models of care. In cases

where the unique needs of a juvenile or the capacity of a contracted provider prevent the use of a contracted provider, the commissioner may approve and shall pay for placement with another

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- 1 certified provider on a temporary basis if the commissioner determines that the placement is 2 necessary to meet the juvenile's immediate treatment needs.
 - 57 Repeal. RSA 170-G:8-b. IV. relative to an annual report of informational materials relating to missing children issues and matters, is repealed.
- 5 58 Services for the Developmentally Disabled; Funding for Wait List. Amend the introductory paragraph of RSA 171-A:1-a, I to read as follows:
 - I. The department of health and human services and area agencies shall provide services to eligible persons under this chapter and persons eligible for the brain injury program under RSA 137-K in a timely manner. The department and area agencies shall provide funding for services in such a manner that:
- 11 59 Committee Established to Study Gaps in Developmental Services for Individuals Still in 12 School.
 - I. There is established a committee to study gaps in developmental services for individuals still in school.
 - II. (a) The members of the committee shall be as follows:

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- (1) Two members of the senate, one of whom shall be from the majority party and one of whom shall be from the minority party, appointed by the president of the senate.
- (2) Three members of the house of representatives, appointed by the speaker of the house of representatives.
- (b) Members of the committee shall receive mileage at the legislative rate when attending to the duties of the committee.
- III. The committee shall study gaps in developmental services for individuals still in school including, but not limited to, barriers to successful partnership with the mental health services system for individuals with co-occurring mental health diagnoses; the protections provided to individuals receiving services pursuant to RSA 171-A; and other gaps identified by the governor's commission on disability; analysis and report required by 2019, 346:242.
- IV. The committee shall solicit information and assistance from any governmental entity, organization or person as the committee determines necessary in carrying out its duties including, but not limited to, the university of New Hampshire institute on disability, the department of health and human services, the New Hampshire council on developmental disabilities, Granite State Independent Living, Community Support Network, Inc., Disability Rights Center-NH, the developmental services quality council of the department of health and human services, the governor's commission on disability, and any other relevant stakeholders including individuals with developmental disabilities and their families and/or guardians.
- V. The members of the study committee shall elect a chairperson from among the members. The first meeting of the committee shall be called by the senate member. The first meeting of the

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committee shall be held within 45 days of the effective date of this section. Three members of the committee shall constitute a quorum.

VI. The committee shall report its findings and any recommendations for proposed legislation to the president of the senate, the speaker of the house of representatives, the senate clerk, the house clerk, the governor, and the state library on or before November 1, 2021.

- 60 Services for the Developmentally Disabled; Wait List. Amend RSA 171-A:1-a, II to read as follows:
- II. [Beginning with the fiscal year ending June 30, 2010, and thereafter,] The department of health and human services shall incorporate in its appropriation requests the cost of fully funding services to eligible persons, in accordance with the requirements of paragraph I, and as otherwise required under RSA 171-A, and the legislature shall appropriate sufficient funds to meet such costs and requirements.
 - 61 Fund for Domestic Violence Grant Program. Amend RSA 173-B:15 to read as follows:
- 173-B:15 Fund for Domestic Violence Grant Program. A special fund for domestic violence programs is established. The sole purpose of the fund shall be to provide revenues for the domestic violence program established in RSA 173-B:16, and shall not be available for any other purpose. The state treasurer shall deposit all fees received by the department under RSA 457:29, 457:32-b, and 631:2-b, V in the fund. All moneys deposited in the fund shall be continually appropriated for the purposes of the domestic violence grant program and shall not lapse.
- 62 Granite Workforce Program. Amend 2018, 342:9, as amended by 2019, 346:158, to read as follows:
- 342:9 Termination of Granite Workforce Program.

- I. The commissioner of the department of health and human services shall be responsible for determining, every 3 months commencing no later than December 31, 2018, whether available TANF reserve funds total at least \$5,000,000. If at any time the commissioner determines that available TANF reserve funds have fallen below \$5,000,000, the commissioners of the departments of health and human services and employment security shall, within 20 business days of such determination, terminate the granite workforce program. The commissioners shall notify the governor, the speaker of the house of representatives, the president of the senate, the chairperson of the fiscal committee of the general court, and granite workforce participants of the program's pending termination. The commissioners shall have the discretion to limit granite workforce program services based on the availability of appropriated, available, or reserve funds.
- II. If at any time the New Hampshire granite advantage health care program, established under RSA 126-AA, terminates, the commissioners of the departments of health and human services and employment security shall terminate the granite workforce program. The date of the granite workforce program's termination shall align with that of the New Hampshire granite advantage health care program.

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1	III. If the work and community engagement waiver is held invalid, or is not
2	approved, or is withdrawn by the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services, the granite
3	workforce program shall be suspended until such time that the work and community
4	engagement waiver is approved or revalidated.
5	63 Health Facility Licensure; Effective Dates Amended. Amend 2020, 39:72, V-VI to read as
6	follows:
7	V. Sections 55-57[, 64-67, and 69] and 64 of this act shall take effect July 1, 2020.
8	VI. Sections 5[7] and 60[7, and 68] of this act shall take effect July 1, 2021.
9	64 Milk Sanitation Code; Terms Defined. Amend RSA 184:79, XIII to read as follows:
10	XIII. The term "milk plant" means any place, premises, or establishment where milk or milk
11	products are collected, handled, processed, stored, pasteurized, bottled, packaged, or prepared for
12	distribution, except an establishment where milk or milk products are sold at retail only. This term
13	shall include wash stations where milk tank trucks are cleaned and sanitized.
14	65 Milk Sanitation Code; License Fees. Amend RSA 184:85, IV to read as follows:
15	IV. All fees collected under this section shall be forwarded to the state treasurer. The state
16	treasurer shall credit all moneys received under this section, and interest received on such money, to
17	[a] the public health services special fund established in RSA 143:11, from which [he] the
18	department shall pay all the expenses of the department incident to the licensing and regulation of
19	milk plants, milk distributors and milk producer-distributors. [This fund shall not lapse.]
20	66 New Subdivision; Administration of Epinephrine. Amend RSA 329 by inserting after section
21	1-g the following new subdivision:
22	Administration of Epinephrine
23	329:1-h Administration of Epinephrine.
24	I. In this section:
25	(a) "Administer" means the direct application of an epinephrine auto-injector to the body
26	of an individual.
27	(b) "Authorized entity" means any entity or organization in which allergens capable of
28	causing anaphylaxis may be present, including recreation camps and day care facilities. Authorized
29	entity shall not include an elementary or secondary school or a postsecondary educational institution
30	eligible to establish policies and guidelines for the emergency administration of epinephrine under
31	RSA 200-N.
32	(c) "Epinephrine auto-injector" means a single-use device used for the automatic
33	injection of a premeasured dose of epinephrine into the human body.
34	(d) "Health care practitioner" means a person who is lawfully entitled to prescribe,
35	administer, dispense, or distribute controlled drugs.

(e) "Provide" means to furnish one or more epinephrine auto-injectors to an individual.

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II. A health care practitioner may prescribe epinephrine auto-injectors in the name of an authorized entity for use in accordance with this section, and pharmacists and health care practitioners may dispense epinephrine auto-injectors pursuant to a prescription issued in the name of an authorized entity.

- III. An authorized entity may acquire and maintain a supply of epinephrine auto-injectors pursuant to a prescription issued in accordance with this section. Such epinephrine auto-injectors shall be stored in a location readily accessible in an emergency and in accordance with the instructions for use, and any additional requirements that may be established by board of medicine. An authorized entity shall designate employees or agents who have completed the training required by paragraph V to be responsible for the storage, maintenance, control, and general oversight of epinephrine auto-injectors acquired by the authorized entity.
- IV. An employee or agent of an authorized entity, or other individual, who has completed the training required by paragraph V may use epinephrine auto-injectors prescribed pursuant to this section to:
- (a) Provide an epinephrine auto-injector to any individual who the employee agent or other individual believes in good faith is experiencing anaphylaxis, or the parent, guardian, or caregiver of such individual, for immediate administration, regardless of whether the individual has a prescription for an epinephrine auto-injector or has previously been diagnosed with an allergy.
- (b) Administer an epinephrine auto-injector to any individual who the employee, agent, or other individual believes in good faith is experiencing anaphylaxis, regardless of whether the individual has a prescription for an epinephrine auto-injector or has previously been diagnosed with an allergy.
- V.(a) An employee, agent, or other individual described in paragraph IV shall complete an anaphylaxis training program at least every 2 years, following completion of the initial anaphylaxis training program. Such training shall be conducted by a nationally-recognized organization experienced in training unlicensed persons in emergency health care treatment or an entity or individual approved by the board of medicine. Training may be conducted online or in person and, at a minimum, shall cover:
- (1) How to recognize signs and symptoms of severe allergic reactions, including anaphylaxis;
- (2) Standards and procedures for the storage and administration of an epinephrine auto-injector; and
 - (3) Emergency follow-up procedures.
- (b) The entity or individual that conducts the training shall issue a certificate, on a form developed or approved by the board of medicine to each person who successfully completes the anaphylaxis training program.

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VI. No authorized entity that possesses and makes available epinephrine auto-injectors and its employees, agents, and other individuals, or health care practitioner that prescribes or dispenses epinephrine auto-injectors to an authorized entity, or pharmacist or health care practitioner that dispenses epinephrine auto-injectors to an authorized entity, or individual or entity that conducts the training described in paragraph V, shall be liable for any injuries or related damages that result from any act or omission pursuant to this section, unless such injury or damage is the result of willful or wanton misconduct. The administration of an epinephrine auto-injector in accordance with this section shall not be considered to be the practice of medicine or any other profession that otherwise requires licensure. This section shall not be construed to eliminate, limit, or reduce any other immunity or defense that may be available under state law. An entity located in this state shall not be liable for any injuries or related damages that result from the provision or administration of an epinephrine auto-injector outside of this state if the entity would not have been liable for such injuries or related damages had the provision or administration occurred within this state, or is not liable for such injuries or related damages under the law of the state in which such provision or administration occurred.

67 Guardians and Conservators; Termination of Guardianship. Amend RSA 464-A:40, V(a) to read as follows:

V.(a) If, within 30 days after the date of a testate or intestate ward's death, no petition for probate has been filed under any section of RSA 553 and the gross value of the personal property remaining in the possession of the guardian belonging to the deceased, including any amount left in designated accounts for the ward, is no more than [\$5,000] \$10,000, the guardian may file in the probate court in the county having jurisdiction over the guardianship an affidavit for the purpose of disposing of such deceased ward's estate. Once approved by the court, the guardian shall be authorized to dispose of the ward's accounts in a manner consistent with the court's order. The form of the affidavit, and the rules governing proceedings under this section, shall be provided by the probate court pursuant to RSA 547:33.

- 68 Custody and Escheat of Unclaimed or Abandoned Property; Filing of Claim. Amend RSA 471-C:26, I(c)(2)-(3) to read as follows:
- (2) Except as provided in subparagraphs (5)-(7), in the case of a closed estate where the unclaimed property is valued at less than [\$5,000] \$10,000 and does not include securities in share form, in accordance with the final distribution of assets as approved by the probate court.
- (3) Except as provided in subparagraphs (5)-(7), in the absence of an open estate or probate court decree of final distribution, and the unclaimed property is valued at less than [\$5,000] \$10,000 and does not include securities in share form, by the surviving spouse of the deceased owner, or, if there is no surviving spouse, then to the next of kin in accordance with the provisions of RSA 561:1.

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1 69 Applicability. Sections 67-68 of this act shall apply to affidavits or claims filed on or after the 2 effective date of this section. 3 70 New Subparagraph; New Hampshire Retirement System; Definitions. Amend RSA 100-A:1, 4 VII by inserting after subparagraph (g) the following new subparagraph: (h) The bureau chief for emergency preparedness and response with the department of 5 6 health and human services, division of health public services who: 7 (1) Has the authority and responsibility to engage in the prevention and control of 8 public health incidents or emergencies; 9 (2) As a job requirement is fully certified as an emergency preparedness official 10 qualified to administer emergency planning, response and recovery activities in the event of natural 11 disasters, public health crises or similar incidents; and 12 (3) As a job requirement shall meet all physical, mental, educational, and other 13 qualifications for continuing certification as an emergency preparedness official that may be 14 established by the certifying authority. 15 71 Effective Date. 16 I. Sections 48-49 of this act shall take effect as provided in section 50 of this act. 17 II. Sections 3-4, 6, 10, 12-32, and 70 of this act shall take effect 60 days after its passage. 18 III. Sections 39-40 and 67-69 of this act shall take effect July 1, 2021. 19 IV. The remainder of this act shall take effect upon its passage.

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2021-0778s

AMENDED ANALYSIS

This bill makes numerous revisions to funds, positions, and programs within the department of health and human services, including the therapeutic cannabis program; youth tobacco use; the interstate compact for the placement of children; residential care and child placement licensing procedures; availability of epinephrine auto-injectors and asthma inhalers at recreation camps; the developmentally disabled wait list; the New Hampshire granite workforce program; and child protection investigations. The bill also establishes a public health services special fund and directs certain fees to that fund to be used by the department for program oversight.

Sen. Bradley, Dist 3 Sen. Avard, Dist 12 Sen. Sherman, Dist 24 Sen. Whitley, Dist 15 March 16, 2021 2021-0850s 04/05

Floor Amendment to SB 162-FN

Amend the bill by replacing section 59 with the following:

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59 Coverage Plan for Services to Individuals with Developmental Disabilities. The department of health and human services in collaboration with the department of education, the Disability Rights Center-New Hampshire, and the representatives of the 10 area agencies shall develop a plan by October 1, 2021 that provides coverage for services to individuals with developmental disabilities aged 18-21 enrolled in school and determined eligible for developmental services that are not the responsibility of the local education agency, another state agency, or another division of the department. Such a plan shall estimate the number of eligible individuals likely to need such services, the costs of providing such services, and reimbursement mechanisms for service providers.

Sen. Bradley, Dist 3 Sen. Rosenwald, Dist 13 March 23, 2021 2021-0962s 04/08

Amendment to SB 162-FN

Amend the bill by inserting after section 70 the following and renumbering the original section 71 to read as 72:

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71 Department of Health and Human Services; Plan for Legislation. The department of health and human services shall consult with representatives of case management agencies and providers to discuss potential licensure of case managers and present a plan for draft legislation to the speaker of the house of representatives and the senate president by November 1, 2021.

Senate Finance March 30, 2021 2021-1054s 04/11

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Amendment to SB 162-FN

1	Amend the bill by inserting after section	on 70 the following and renumbering the original section 71	te
2	read as 72:	•	

71 Department of Health and Human Services; Plan for Legislation. The department of health and human services shall consult with representatives of case management agencies and providers to discuss potential licensure of case managers and present a plan for draft legislation to the speaker of the house of representatives and the senate president by November 1, 2021.

Committee Minutes

SENATE CALENDAR NOTICE Health and Human Services

Sen Jeb Bradley, Chair Sen James Gray, Vice Chair Sen Kevin Avard, Member Sen Tom Sherman, Member Sen Rebecca Whitley, Member

Date: February 10, 2021

HEARINGS

	Wednesday	02/17/20	02/17/2021		
	(Day)	(Date)			
Health an	nd Human Services	REMOTE 000	8:30 a.m.		
(Name of	Committee)	(Place)	(Time)		
8:30 a.m.	SB 152-FN-A	relative to affordable housing program funding	ş.		
8:45 a.m.	SB 140-FN-A	adopting omnibus legislation making appropriations to the department of health and human services.			
9:00 a.m.	SB 157-FN-A	relative to funding of children's mental health services and making an appropriation to fund positions in the department of health and human services contracts and procurement unit.			
9:15 a.m.	SB 162-FN	relative to the department of health and human services, the New Hampshire granite advantage health care trust fund, and health facility licensure.			
9:30 a.m.	SB 150-FN	establishing a dental benefit under the state M	Iedicaid program.		

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- 1. Link to Zoom Webinar: https://www.zoom.us/j/95743420850
- 2. To listen via telephone: Dial(for higher quality, dial a number based on your current location):
- 1-301-715-8592, or 1-312-626-6799 or 1-929-205-6099, or 1-253-215-8782, or 1-346-248-7799, or 1-669-900-
- 3. Or iPhone one-tap: 13126266799, 95743420850# or 16465588656, 95743420850#
- 4. Webinar ID: 957 4342 0850

5. To view/listen to this hearing on YouTube, use this link:

https://www.youtube.com/channel/UCiBZdtrjRnQdmg-2MPMiWrA

Rep. Wallner

6. To sign in to speak, register your position on a bill and/or submit testimony, use this link: http://gencourt.state.nh.us/remotecommittee/senate.aspx

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EXECUTIVE SESSION MAY FOLLOW

Sponsors: SB 152-FN-A Sen. Gray SB 140-FN-A			
Sen. Rosenwald			
SB 157-FN-A			
Sen. Whitley	Sen. Bradley	Sen. Rosenwald	Sen. Carson
Sen. Sherman	Rep. Wallner	Rep. Cornell	Rep. Mullen
Rep. Long	<u>-</u>		
SB 162-FN	•		
Sen. Bradley			
SB 150-FN			
Sen. Rosenwald	Sen. Whitley	Sen. Watters	Sen. Cavanaugl
Sen. D'Allesandro	Sen. Kahn	Sen. Sherman	Sen. Prentiss
Sen. Soucy	Sen. Perkins Kwoka	Sen. Bradley	Sen. Giuda

Kirsten Koch 271-3266

Rep. Nordgren

Jeb Bradley Chairman

Rep. Langley

Rep. Marsh

Senate Health and Human Services Committee

Kirsten Koch 271-3266

SB 162-FN, relative to the department of health and human services, the New Hampshire granite advantage health care trust fund, and health facility licensure.

Hearing Date:

February 17, 2021

Time Opened:

11:30 a.m.

Time Closed:

12:30 p.m.

Members of the Committee Present: Senators Bradley, Gray, Avard, Sherman and Whitley

Members of the Committee Absent: None

Bill Analysis: This bill makes numerous revisions to funds, positions, and programs within the department of health and human services, including the therapeutic cannabis program; community mental health and behavioral health programs; youth tobacco use; the interstate compact for the placement of children; residential care and child placement licensing procedures; availability of epinephrine auto-injectors and asthma inhalers at recreation camps; the developmentally disabled wait list; the New Hampshire granite workforce program; and child protection investigations. The bill also establishes a public health services special fund and directs certain fees to that fund to be used by the department for program oversight.

Sponsors:

Sen. Bradley

Who supports the bill: Senator Bradley, District 3; John Williams, DHHS; Melissa St. Cyr, DHHS.

Who opposes the bill: Jay Couture, NH Community Behavioral Health Association; Paula Minnehan, NH Hospital Association; Elizabeth Sargent, NH Association of Chiefs of Police.

Who is neutral on the bill: None.

Summary of testimony presented in support:

Senator Bradley, District 3

- Senator Bradley said the Department of Health and Human Services requested for him to submit this bill.
- Senator Bradly yielded his time to DHHS.

Department of Health and Human Services (DHHS)

The DHHS provided testimony by several individuals on the various sections of the bill.
 These individuals detailed significant sections of the bill and explained the suggested changes.

John Williams, Director of Legislative Affairs, DHHS; Melissa St. Cyr, Chief Legal Officer, DHHS; Molly Lynch, DHHS; Elliot Berry, NH Legal Assistance.

- SB 162 contains 34 initiatives by the Department, approximately two-thirds were bills that were tabled in the Senate last session that either passed or were in the process of passage. The bill has 76 sections with 34 different provisions.
- Sections 1 and 2 are about a cleanup around dedicated funds around a treasury account that needed linkages for the money to go into. This specifically creates clarity on line 3 for marriage officiant and marriage licenses to fund the Domestic Violence Coalition (DVC) Fund. This cleans up provisions from the Treasury fund and allows the DVC fund to receive funds. RSA 631(2)(b) is reflective of Josh's Law. Certain court fees, or fees from the sentencing of a defendant convicted under Domestic Violence are collected under that fund.
 - o There are 10 or so sections relevant to the clean-up of dedicated funds.
- Sections 3 and 4 are human resource items. These changes align the working titles and legal titles reflected in statutes for DHHS employees. There are also changes about the structure of the department, giving flexibility to what the commissioners can do. There are three commissioners in the department and there is an error that lists the existence of an additional two commissioners, which are duplicates by title.
- Section 5 is about the licensing statute, RSA 151, for emergency services. We added the definition of emergency services to include both physical and behavioral health. This way behavioral services are included in emergency services. This makes an adjustment for something we are working on for the future to provide emergency mental health services.
- Section 6 on the NH Retirement System, during the pandemic, we identified a need for Bureau Chief for Emergency Preparedness. We need flexibility for hiring, because as it is now, there are disincentives that include losing retirement status if we were to hire someone already in the state employment system. They would lose their Group 2 retirement if we did not fix this.
- Section 7 relates to public health and correcting funding routes. This does not create any additional expenditures.
- Section 8 relates to the Office of the Ombudsman. There is a provision there that relates to employees, there is currently a due process and the option to go through HR. There is confusion and we want to create clarity for going through HR.
- Section 10, again, is on recruitment for the Chief of the Bureau of Emergency Preparedness.
- Section 11 relative to NH Housing Services. We do not want to end these services; we just want to change how we administrate them. Navigating these services has been administratively difficult for clients applying, the agencies administering, and for the DHHS to track. We made changes to make it easier for individuals to apply for housing stability services.
- Sections 12-14. Senator Sherman has worked on a bill in the House on this subject matter on HB 157. We can either mirror this language or remove these three sections.

Michael Holt, Administrator of the Therapeutic Cannabis Program, DHHS

- Sections 15-34 can be summarized by four policy proposals. Most of these proposals were tabled last session. These suggested changes are a result of an audit of the program. There are also a number of technical edits.
 - O (1) Allow medical providers to certify patients for the Therapeutic Cannabis Program for up to 3 years of use at a time. Currently medical providers can only certify patients for 1 year at a time. This bill would not mandate a 3-year certification but would allow medical providers to utilize more of their discretion when issuing the appropriate time lines for certifications.
 - o (2) Increased patient access to the state's alternative treatment access anywhere in the state. There are currently only five ATC locations in NH. Currently patients are restricted to only utilizing one ATC.
 - o (3) Would allow authorized employees of DHHS to transport cannabis products to be inspected, identified, and legally transport cannabis products to a testing laboratory for regulatory compliance. Currently DHHS employees cannot transport cannabis products with the ATC's maintaining control of the product being inspected.
 - o (4) A technical change to better align two chapters of state law. This is a new proposal this year. It would create an exception in RSA 126(k) so that youth tobacco law does not apply to registered patients and caregivers of therapeutic cannabis program, or state licensed alterative treatment centers. The program allows for patients under 21 years-old to be a part of the program. This causes an overlap of products included in the youth tobacco law.

Henry Lipman, Director of Medicaid, DHHS

- Section 35. John Williams said the department worked on this piece with the NH Hospital Association.
 - o This is based on RSA 167:64, documented from HB 1817. Agreement that proceeds would support to hospitals. The purpose of this edit to fulfill an obligation in 2018, when it was anticipated that the monies would not just need to fund DISH, and there were would need to be funds to pay directed payments, rates and, other options. It is now needed.
 - o Under the Granite Advantage Program RSA 126:(A)(a)(3). There are specific sources of funds that can be used. To fulfill obligations under RSA 167:64, DHHS needs the flexibility to use proceeds that would normally fund DISH. We can no longer put all that money in DISH because of federal changes.
 - o Lastly, on line 8, after RSA 167, there is an extraneous (f) that needs to be removed.
 - o John Williams offered to get that mistake resolved and said that he is keeping track of any other mistakes or proposed changes that need to be made.

Melissa St. Cyr, DHHS

• Section 36 speaks to DHHS contracting with community mental health centers and programs. This amendment asks for housing and other services to be provided in the continuum of care to be included in that contract. It is essential that the continuum of

care is provided for patients. Appropriate housing is necessary for the release of a patient and we want to ensure it is provided for.

John Williams, DHHS

- Section 37 is legislation around dedicated funds, updating language.
- Sections 39. Non-lapsing fund clean-up.
- Section 40. Food licensure.
- Section 41 relates to the nursing home administration account. Look at changing the jurisdictional amount for states that have minimal amounts from \$5,000 to \$10,000. This will help folks going through the probate process.
- Sections 43. The DHHS is going through the process of removing outdated or duplicate reporting processes.
- Section 44. The interpretation was that this reporting only applies to vulnerable adults alive at the time of this reporting. This does not include when the patients die due to their own reckless behaviors. Mr. Williams shared an anecdote about a patient who passed away. This clarified reporting for nursing home services on whether the vulnerable adult is alive at the time of the reporting.
- Section 45 addresses duplicate reporting requirements.
- Section 46 deals with (inaudible speaking). Line 23 we had to make corresponding deletion for the above sections to work.
- Section 47 we had to remove unnecessary and redundant reporting requirements.
- Section 48 contains language the same as SB 143. It is part of an omnibus bill already. At the Senators' discretion, we can either remove this section, and have it go forward in SB 143 Part II, or make sure any amendments made in SB 143 are mirror in this legislation.

Rebecca Ross, esq., Division of Children, Youth, and Families (DCYF)

- Section 49 has language that appears the same in Section 64 dealing with the interstate compact in dealing with children, specifically investigatory interviews with children under the Child Protection Act. We plan to work with NH legal assistance on language they want. The way it is written now, DCYF must go to court to seek an interview or evaluation when there is suspected neglect or abuse. Right now, we only have the ability to enter a home without a court order, but not to evaluate the child. This is even more important with COVID, because we are unable to interview children in school or a public setting.
- Section 50 of the bill relates to the central registry of the abuse and neglect findings. Last year we added a section 171(a) to allow providers in the Developmental Disability category to check their employees also serving a vulnerable population.
- Section 51 is the Interstate Compact for the Placement of Children (ICPC). It needs 35 states to support this to pass federally, there is not even 20 states that have joined yet, but NH could join. This would enhance fact sharing and provide accountability from other states in providing timely reports.

John Williams and Melissa St. Cyr, DHHS

- Please note that all the provisions Attorney Ross spoke about were all tabled provisions that were on their way to pass, but just didn't make it into omnibus legislation before the end of session. We are now on page 29.
- Section 54 relates to the RSA 170(e) childcare licensing. The definition of school age program limits to 5 hours of less (inaudible speaking) then it is not considered for a license. We have asked that the 5 hours or less requirement to be removed, so that if it is a school-aged program for children that is over 5 hours, for example, when it is a snow day, the program can still be classified as such. Right now, we have granted over 120 waivers that waive for this provision that allows for more than 5 hours. We would like to give these programs a flexibility is that appropriate for the children in their care.
 - o John Williams said, on Page 29, on line 28, there is an error that needs to be corrected. It says, "4 years and eleven months," when it should be "4 years and 8 months." This adjustment is for children going into kindergarten who should be able to enroll into a school age program before going into kindergarten.
- Section 55 relative to residential care and child-placing agency licensing. Also, under RSA 170(e) we would like to add an accredited licensing program. If an agency is accredited under title 42, then they can be deemed licensed. Then they are subject to multiple inspections. They would just have one inspection with heightened standards. Then they would only have licensing inspections every three years.
- Sections 56 and 57 allow for asthma inhalers and epinephrine pens to be in the nurse's office at a recreation camp for children. This requirement takes away the requirement that this medicine needs to be in the nurse's office and instead allows for the medicine to be in another location that is immediately accessible with the recreation camp staff. This is important for then the campers are doing activities further away from the nurse's office. The medicine will be immediately accessible.
- Section 58 provides confidentiality.
- Section 59 deals with the procurement model within the department. This is an item from last Session.
- Section 60 is a repeal that allows for clean ups.
- Sections 61, 62, and 63. RSA 171(a) details funding mechanisms for wait lists for developmentally disabled clients. Allows funding for individuals 18-21 years old that are still in school to receiving funding for developmental services, such as housing.
- Section 64 is the duplicate discussed earlier in Section 49. We recommend just deleting Section 64 and keeping Section 49.
- Section 65. We have again a department clean-up on dedicated non-lapsing accounts. The Granite Workforce Program was implemented around the same time as granite work requirement were implemented. This is linking the two programs together.
- Section 67 provides a clean-up. The legislation passed this session on health care licensing replacing an old provisions effective July 1, 2020. Due to an error on the effective date, it keeps the new law effective while keeping the old law effective too. This change puts an end to the old law while keeping the new law.
- Section 68. Sanitation of milk sanitation.

- Section 70. Legislation brought last session; DHHS charged with providing guidance to recreation camps on the administration of epinephrine. This should be a task for the Board of Medicine and Office of Professional Licensure and Certification (OPLC).
- Section 71. This relates to the same provision as Section 70 and the new law deals with the OPLC language.
- Section 72 relates to, as mentioned earlier, the jurisdiction changes in probate from \$5,000 to \$10,000.
- Section 73 makes the same change as well but applies it to the abandon property law. We have applicability dates built into that action, so it is very clear for the courts when each action is triggered.
- Section 75 this houses the final change regarding the addition of the Bureau Chief of Emergency Preparedness.
- Section 76 contains effective dates.

Summary of testimony presented in opposition:

Senator Avard, District 12

Senator Avard said he opposes Section 51 of the bill.

Paula Minnehan, NH Hospital Association

- Ms. Minnehan said we are concerned about one sentence. There was an addition made on Page 2, on lines 1,2,3 on health facility licensing that would have significant implications. She requested the senators to please remove this sentence.
- Ms. Minnehan said she was not consulted about adding this sentence. The sentence is not
 appropriate, the Association does not understand it, and it is not an applicable reference.
- Emergency Medical Treatment Act is a federal law that all hospitals adhere to.

Jay Couture, NH Community Behavioral Health Association

- Ms. Couture said she has concerns about the language on Page 8 in Section 36, which adds housing as a minimum required service of a community mental health program pertaining to RSA 135(c)(7).
- Ms. Couture said we have some concerns pertaining to the language here.
- The community mental health centers are already working with the state on issues of housing. Many programs already provide housing through community housing or other residences. We need clarity on funding before anything can be enacted. Existing requirements already outline required housing. Adding the proposed language raises questions: will programs that already have housing meet the standard? What type of housing is the state looking for? How will this be funded?
- Ms. Couture said, the broader issue of a lack of affordable housing will not be solved by adding this language into statute.

Neutral Information Presented: None.

SENATE CALENDAR NOTICE Finance

Sen Gary Daniels, Chair Sen John Reagan, Vice Chair Sen Bob Giuda, Member Sen Erin Hennessey, Member Sen Chuck Morse, Member Sen Lou D'Allesandro, Member Sen Cindy Rosenwald, Member

Date: March 25, 2021

EXECUTIVE SESSION

Tuesday	03/30/209	03/30/2021		
(Day)	(Date)			
Finance	REMOTE 000	1:00 p.m.		
(Name of Committee)	(Place)	(Time)		
1:00 p.m. EXECUTIVE/SESSION/ON	RENDINGLEGISLATION			

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- 3. Or iPhone one-tap: 13126266799, 92066815028# or 19292056099, 92066815028#
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- 5. To view on YouTube, click here: https://www.youtube.com/channel/UCjBZdtrjRnQdmg-2MPMiWrA

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Deb Martone 271-4980

Gary L. Daniels Chairman

Speakers

Name	Title	Representing	Position	Testifin
Williams John	State Agency Staff	DHHS	Support	Yes
St. Cyr Melissa	State Agency Staff	DHHS	Support	Yes
Couture Jay	A Member of the Public	NH Community Behavioral Health Association	Oppose	Yes
Minnehan Paula	A Lobbyist	NH Hospital Association	Oppose	Yes
Bradley Jeb	An Elected Official	Myself SD 3 Jeb Bradley	Support	Yes
Sargent Elizabeth	A Lobbyist	NH Association of Chiefs of Police	Oppose	No

Testimony



1 Pillsbury Street, Suite 200 Concord, NH 03301 603.225.6633 www.nhcbha.org

February 17, 2021

Senator Jeb Bradley, Chair Senate Health & Human Services Committee State House Room 100 Concord NH 03301

Via email: Jeb.Bradley@leg.state.nh.us
James.Gray@leg.state.nh.us
kevin.avard@leg.state.nh.us
tom.sherman@leg.state.nh.us
becky.whitley@leg.state.nh.us
kirsten.koch@leg.state.nh.us

RE: SB 162 – relative to the department of health and human services, the New Hampshire granite advantage health care trust fund, and health facility licensure.

Dear Chairman Bradley and members of the Committee:

As the President and CEO of Seacoast Mental Health Center and the Board President for the NH Community Behavioral Health Association, I am writing regarding section 36 of SB 162, which adds housing as a minimum required service of a community mental health program in RSA 135-C:7.

Our Association and community mental health center members have concerns, and we are requesting that your Committee carefully consider several points before proceeding with this section of the omnibus bill. The community mental health centers (CMHCs) are already working with the State on the issue of housing for individuals served by the state's mental health system of care; many of the ten regions currently do provide housing in the form of community residences and/or supportive housing. (In fact, we recently sent a letter to the Commissioner of the Department of Health and Human Services with a specific request to discuss and partner with DHHS on this very issue.) But we need clarity – particularly regarding funding - before there is any new statutory requirement for community mental health programs enacted.

Currently He-M 403 outlines the requirements of a community mental health program/provider (CMHP) in NH. He-M 403.06(10) states: Collaboration with state and local housing agencies and providers to promote access to existing housing and the development of housing for persons with mental illness, including home ownership and rental options. Adding the proposed language in SB 162 to the law - housing, and other supports in the continuum of care as necessary to



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meet the needs of each patient in the state mental health services system – raises a number of questions: Does a region with existing housing of any type meet the standard? How will this be funded? What types of housing are expected to be developed?

Collaborating with State and local agencies and promoting access to housing and other social determinants of health happens every day in every region of this state, as the CMHCs work with the State and with local housing agencies and CMHC staff facilitate the state's Housing Bridge Subsidy Program in their regions. The broader issues of the lack of affordable housing and the low housing vacancy rate were front page news in yesterday's <u>Portsmouth Herald</u>. Simply adding language to the statute will not make housing available. This new requirement requires both clarity and permanent sustainable funding that has not yet been identified.

CBHA and the CMHCs stand ready to work with you as policymakers, the Governor's office and the Department of Health and Human Services on housing for the population we serve. Thank you for your consideration and I am available to answer any questions you may have.

Sincerely,

Jay Couture, President

¹ https://www.seacoastonline.com/story/news/local/2021/02/16/nh-short-20-000-housing-units-seacoast-senator-gov-sununu-have-plan-nh-hb-586/6703972002/

64 North Main Street, Suite 2, Concord, NH 03301-4913 • mail@drcnh.org • drcnh.org (603) 228-0432 • (800) 834-1721 voice or TTY • FAX: (603) 225-2077

March 3, 2021

New Hampshire Senate Health and Human Services Committee State House, Room 100 107 North Main Street Concord, NH 03301

BY ELECTRONIC TRANSMISSION ONLY

RE: Senate Bill 162, relative to the department of health and human services, the New Hampshire granite advantage health care trust fund, and health facility licensure

Dear Chairman Bradley and Members of the Committee:

I am writing to follow up on 2 areas related to my comments to you earlier today about SB 162. I spoke to you about section 62 of the bill, the section which would make it clear that young people with developmental disabilities who remain in school until age 21 are eligible for developmental services on the same terms as their peers that have left school before that age.

First, as Senator Whitley requested, I am attaching the court order I referred to during my comments. It is an order in a case that my office is handling on behalf of a 19-year-old student who was found eligible by an area agency for "home and community-based services," a category of developmental services that have historically been denied to students under 21. Those services were denied by the department based on its interpretation of RSA 171-A:1-a, the statute that is the subject of section 62. The order is from the Merrimack County Superior Court and was issued earlier this week in response to motions for summary judgement. It found that the existing statutory language of Chapter 171-A provides for service eligibility of school-attending persons between ages 18 and 21.

The pertinent language in 171-A:1-a provides that "[t]he department of health and human services and area agencies shall provide services to eligible persons . . . in a timely manner. The department and area agencies shall provide services in such a manner that . . . (a) For persons in school and <u>already eligible</u> for services from the area

agencies, funds shall be allocated to them 90 days prior to their graduating or exiting the school system or earlier so that <u>any new or modified</u> services needed are available and provided upon such school graduation or exit. . ." (emphasis added).

The court's order is in part based on its interpretation of this language. Judge Kissinger put it this way:

The inclusion of the word "modified" necessarily implies that at least some persons with developmental disabilities are both enrolled in school and receiving services subject to adjustment after their studies come to an end. . . The Court's reading of the word "modify" is further buttressed by earlier language limiting application of the provision to "persons in school" who are "already eligible for services."

Although the court's order uses an interpretation of the statute that my office has repeatedly urged the department to adopt, there is no way to know if this is the final word on the issue. Judge Kissinger's order is subject to motions to reconsider and modification or reversal on appeal. If it is modified or reversed, the service needs of young people attending school will remain unmet even though they should be addressed on the same terms as their peers who have exited school. As I mentioned earlier today, the interpretation of the statute used by the department up to now has created an incentive for young adults and their families to abandon beneficial school enrollment to trigger eligibility for the developmental services they need. Of course, this incentive may actually put more demands on the state's service delivery system, as when a family terminates school enrollment before their child reaches age 21, that system becomes solely responsible for the service needs of the person, and the local school district no longer shares any responsibility for meeting those needs.

In addition, it is important to emphasize that even if Judge Kissinger's order remains in force, the statute -- and the service system -- would still benefit from the language of section 62. The adoption of its changes to the statute would make it clear that persons under 21 attending school are entitled to the same 90-day time limit for provision of services as other eligible persons. Leaving the statute unchanged, even when it is applied according to Judge Kissinger's decision, will create a risk that young people in school would be eligible for services but not have the benefit of the statutory 90-day deadline for beginning of those services. That circumstance would itself create a risk that some young people would leave school to trigger the service deadlines that apply to former students under 21.

The second issue I am writing to follow up on is Senator Bradley's request that I speak with Sarah Aiken of Community Bridges to determine if an agreed course forward on this issue could be found. I had that conversation this afternoon and we did not reach agreement. I will let Sarah describe her position to you herself, but my assessment of the impasse is that our objective to have the service needs of this population met without further delay is seen by the area agencies as inconsistent with their concern that monetary and infrastructure resources are inadequate to meet those needs.

Regarding concerns about resources, I think it is important to point out a few things. First, to the extent that there are concerns that <u>appropriation levels</u> will be insufficient if sections 62 and 63 become law, the statute will require that "[t]he department of health and human services . . . incorporate in its appropriation requests the cost of fully funding services to eligible persons," and that obligation would extend to the cost of funding services for persons with developmental disabilities who still attend school and would be clearly eligible under the amended statute.

Second, to the extent that there are concerns that the system lacks the <u>types</u> of services that young adults with developmental disabilities require, those services exist, as the need for and undisputed eligibility for them are in place for <u>former</u> students under 21. The service needs of a young adult under 21 who has continued to attend school are not significantly different from a similar person who has left school (and may be lower due to the service contribution of the local school district), or from the services that a 22-year-old in the current system receives.

Finally, there is significant and relevant skill, training, and experience among the staff of the state's array of developmental service providers, the staff and administrators at the department, and special education providers and administrators. The Committee can reasonably expect that those resources will be tapped by the department to understand the service needs of the state's young adults and take steps to ensure that funding is included in future budget requests to provide for those needs.

Thank you for considering the views of the Disability Rights Center. Please contact me if you have further questions or concerns about Senate Bill 162.

Sincerely,

/S/

Michael Skibbie Policy Director mikes@drcnh.org 603.568.5093

cc: Melissa St. Cyr, Department of Health and Human Services Sarah Aiken, Community Bridges

The State of New Hampshire

MERRIMACK COUNTY

SUPERIOR COURT

JANESSA VERRILL, by and through her guardian, LISA VERRIL

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COMMISSIONER LORI SHIBINETTE, and the NEW HAMPSHIRE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

Docket No.: 217-2020-CV-00382

ORDER

The petitioner, Janessa Verrill ("Ms. Verrill"), by and through her guardian, Lisa Verrill, has brought an action seeking declaratory judgment, injunctive relief, and attorney's fees, for violations of RSA 171-A. The respondents, Lori Shibinette and the New Hampshire Department of Health and Human Services (collectively, the "Department"), have moved for summary judgment. Ms. Verrill objects and has submitted a cross motion for summary judgment. On November 24, 2020, the Court held a telephonic structuring conference soliciting pleadings solely on the statutory interpretation question raised by Count II of Ms. Verrill's Complaint. For the following reasons, Ms. Verrill's Motion for Summary Judgment on Count II of her Complaint is GRANTED, while the Department's Motion for Summary Judgment on the same is DENIED.

I. Background

The following facts are not in dispute at this stage of the proceedings. Ms. Verrill

¹ The Court will address Count I of the Complaint, which requests declaratory relief that the Department's "failure to provide developmental services to [Ms. Verrill] violates RSA 171-A" as individually applied, at a later stage of the proceedings. (Compl. at 5, 8.)

is a high school student in Gilford over the age of 18 who suffers from a developmental disability. (Resp't's Mot. Summ. J. ¶ 9; Compl. ¶¶ 10–11; Pet'r's Mot. Summ. J. ¶ 3.)²

Though she currently lives with her family, Ms. Verrill "can no longer be supported in her family's home." (Resp't's Mot. Summ. J. ¶ 9; Compl. ¶ 12.) As a result, Ms. Verrill applied for "home and community-based services" pursuant to RSA 171-A. (Resp't's Mot. Summ. J. ¶ 9; Compl. ¶¶ 13, 17.) Lakes Region Community Services, an "area agency" for purposes of the statute, determined that Ms. Verrill is "eligible for and in need of developmental services," including "home and community-based services," pursuant to RSA 171-A and administrative rules He-M 503.03, 503.05, and 517. (Resp't's Mot. Summ. J. ¶ 9; Compl. ¶ 18.) The Department, however, disagreed with the agency's assessment, noting that Ms. Verrill is still in high school and "home and community-based services are not available to anyone who is still in school." (Resp't's Mot. Summ. J. ¶ 9; Compl. ¶ 19.)

II. Standard

To prevail on a motion for summary judgment, the moving party must establish that there is "no genuine issue as to any material fact" and that it is "entitled to judgment as a matter of law." <u>Sabato v. Fed. Nat'l Mortg. Ass'n</u>, 172 N.H. 128, 131 (2019). The Court looks to the "affidavits and other evidence" and to "all inferences properly drawn from them, in the light most favorable to the nonmoving party." <u>Clark v. N.H. Dep't of Emp. Sec.</u>, 171 N.H. 639, 650 (2019). In deciding the motion, the Court assesses "the pleadings, depositions, answers to interrogatories, and admissions on file, together with

² Neither party filed a separate statement of material facts pursuant to Superior Court Civil Rule 12(g). However, the Department assumes, for purposes of its Motion for Summary Judgment, the truth of Ms. Verrill's allegations in the underlying Complaint. (See Resp't's Mot. Summ. J. at 5 n.3.)

the affidavits filed by the parties." RSA 491:8-a, III. "The adverse party may not rest upon mere allegations or denials of his [or her] pleadings, but his [or her] response, by affidavits or by reference to depositions, answers to interrogatories, or admissions, must set forth specific facts showing that there is a genuine issue for trial." RSA 491:8-a, IV.

III. Analysis

In Count II of her Complaint, Ms. Verrill seeks declaratory judgment that "the purported practice [of] denying [her] benefits because she is still in school interferes with or impairs legal rights and privileges to which she is entitled under RSA 171-A."

(Compl. at 8.) The Department counters that school students are "not entitled to the services [Ms. Verrill] seeks under the express language of RSA 171-A:1-a, I(a)."

(Resp't's Mot. Summ. J. at 7–14.).

A declaratory judgment provides a means "to question the validity" or application of a law, rule, or regulation, "without proof of a wrong committed by one party against the other." Avery v. N.H. Dep't of Educ., 162 N.H. 604, 607 (2011). The petitioner must, however, assert a right "inherently adverse" to the respondent's and show that the respondent is at least "likely to overburden or otherwise interfere with [the petitioner]'s right." Carlson, Tr. v. Latvian Lutheran Exile Church of Boston and Vicinity Patrons, 170 N.H. 299, 303 (2017). That is, the Court will only award declaratory judgment where the parties have "personal legal or equitable rights that are adverse to one another, with regard to an actual, not hypothetical, dispute, which is capable of judicial redress."

Censabella v. Hillsborough County Atty., 171 N.H. 424, 427 (2018).

Here, Ms. Verrill has the requisite standing to seek declaratory relief. The parties' positions are adverse; if either party is correct in its interpretation of the statute,

the other must necessarily be incorrect. <u>Censabella</u>, 171 N.H. at 427. The parties have an actual dispute, as Ms. Verrill's ability to access services depends on whether the Department's interpretation of the statute is correct as a matter of law. <u>Id</u>. Finally, the parties' dispute is "capable of judicial redress," since the judiciary is "the final arbiter[] of the intent of the legislature as expressed in the words of" RSA 171-A. <u>Id.; State v. Surrell</u>, 171 N.H. 82, 85 (2018). The Court proceeds, therefore, to consider on the merits the parties' cross motions for summary judgment on Count II of Ms. Verrill's Complaint.

In interpreting a statute, the Court "first look[s] to the language of the statute itself, and, if possible, construe[s] that language according to its plain and ordinary meaning." Appeal of Town of Lincoln, 172 N.H. 244, 247–48 (2019). The Court "interpret[s] legislative intent from [a] statute as written and will not consider what the legislature might have said or add language that the legislature did not see fit to include." Id. at 248. "The legislature is not presumed to waste words or enact redundant provisions and[,] whenever possible, every word of a statute should be given effect." Id. Accordingly, the Court "construe[s] all parts of a statute together to effectuate its overall purpose and avoid an absurd or unjust result." Id. The Court "do[es] not consider words and phrases in isolation, but rather within the context of the statute as a whole," which "enables [the Court] to better discern the legislature's intent and to interpret statutory language in light of the policy or purpose sought to be advanced by the statutory scheme." Id.

The express purpose of the statute at issue is to "establish, maintain, implement and coordinate a comprehensive service delivery system for developmentally disabled

persons." RSA 171-A:1. "Such services must be based upon the participation of disabled individuals 'and their families in decisions concerning necessary, desirable, and appropriate services, recognizing that they are best able to determine their own needs." Petition of Guillemette, 171 N.H. 565, 569 (2018) (citing RSA 171-A:1, I). "They must also be 'based on individual choice, satisfaction, safety, and positive outcomes' . . . [and] be 'relevant to the individual's age, abilities, and life goals." Id. at 570 (citing RSA 171-A:1, IV-V). The statute makes it the explicit "policy of this state . . . for persons with developmental disabilities and their families [to] be provided services that emphasize community living and programs to support individuals and families, beginning with early intervention." RSA 171-A:1 (emphasis added). The specific provision of RSA 171-A here at issue reads as follows:

For persons in school and <u>already eligible</u> for services from the area agencies, funds shall be allocated to them 90 days prior to their graduating or exiting the school system or earlier so that <u>any new or modified</u> services needed are available and provided upon such school graduation or exit.

RSA 171-A:1-a, I(a) (emphasis added).

The Court concludes Ms. Verrill is entitled to judgment as a matter of law on Count II of her Complaint, as nothing in the language of RSA 171-A:1-a, I(a) bars the provision of services to otherwise eligible individuals on account of their enrollment in school. On the contrary, pursuant to the plain and ordinary meaning of the statutory language, all that RSA 171-A:1-a, I(a) requires is for the Department to timely set aside funds sufficient to provide "any new or modified services" an eligible student may need once they no longer attend school. The inclusion of the word "modified" necessarily implies that at least some persons with developmental disabilities are both enrolled in school and receiving services subject to adjustment after their studies come to an end.

See Black's Law Dictionary 1155 (revised 4th ed. 1968) (defining "modify" as "[t]o alter; to change in incidental or subordinate features; enlarge, extend; limit, reduce.") The Court's reading of the word "modify" is further buttressed by earlier language limiting application of the provision to "persons in school" who are "already eligible for services." RSA 171-A:1-a, I(a). If attendance in school prevented eligibility for services pursuant to the statute, then no students could be simultaneously "in school" and "eligible for services." Id.; Lincoln, 172 N.H. at 248 ("[E]very word of a statute should be given effect.") Moreover, a later provision of the statute envisions the existence of qualifying applicants "under the age of 18," most of whom are presumably enrolled in school. See RSA 171-A:5, I; see also RSA 193:1, I (providing that, in general, a parent has a duty to ensure his or her "child[ren] at least 6 years of age and under 18 years of age shall . . . attend [school] full time when such school is in session.") To read RSA 171-A:1-a, I(a) to impose a blanket denial of services to developmentally disabled students pursuing an education would encourage students in need of statutory services to abandon any hope of earning a high school diploma once they reach the age of 18, a result that runs contrary to the legislature's stated policies of providing care "relevant to the individual's age, abilities, and life goals," supportive of "community living," and cognizant of the fact that applicants and their families are "best able to determine their own needs." RSA 171-A:1 (emphasis provided).

The legislative history of RSA 171-A:1-a, I(a) further supports the Court's reading of the statute. The bill was originally introduced "in part as a result of a piece of litigation the Disability Rights Center handled with regard to a young man who is between the ages of 18 and 21, and was enrolled in school." (Pet'r's Mem. L. in Supp.

Mot. Summ. J., Ex. A ("Hearing Before the Senate Finance Committee 2020 SB714-FN").) Its Statement of Purpose indicated that the bill was designed to increase the availability of services by addressing "[u]ndue delays in providing services to eligible persons," not to create a funding gap for individuals who are still in school but whose families are unable to provide support. (Id., Ex. B ("SB-138-FN-A—Final Version").)

Moreover, nothing in the regulations cited by the parties prevents the provision of statutory services on account of school attendance. In fact, the Department's own regulations envision the provision of disability services to individuals of school-going age. Rule He-M 503.03 provides that "[p]ersons who are age 3 to 21 and have a developmental disability shall be eligible" for all "services available . . . that are needed as determined [by the Department] in accordance with He-M 503.05." N.H. Code Admin. R. He-M 503.03(c)(3). Rule He-M 503.05 merely describes the procedure to follow for the Department to determine eligibility. It directs the applicable "area agency" to "perform a comprehensive screening evaluation" of applicants for services, "make a decision on the eligibility of [each] applicant," and, if it determines an applicant is entitled to services, "apply to the [Department] for an eligibility determination." N.H. Code Admin. R. He-M 503.05(a, d, i). The Department must then independently "review [the] application[s] submitted" and "make a decision" on each applicant's eligibility "within 15 business days" of the agency's application. N.H. Code Admin. R. He-M 503.05(j). Further, "[b]ased on [the] availability of funds," individuals properly "found to be eligible for services by an area agency pursuant to He-M 503.05" "shall be" entitled to "home and community-based care," the very care Ms. Verrill now seeks. N.H. Code Admin, R. He-M 517.03 (emphasis added). To ensure the availability of such funds, the

Department "shall incorporate the cost of fully funding services to eligible persons, in accordance with [RSA 171-A:1-a, I], and as otherwise required under RSA 171-A, and the legislature shall appropriate sufficient funds to meet such costs and requirements." RSA 171-A:1-a, II. As a matter of law, therefore, Ms. Verrill is entitled to judgment on Count II of the Complaint.

IV. Conclusion

For the foregoing reasons, Ms. Verrill's Motion for Summary Judgment is GRANTED in part, and the Department's Motion for Summary Judgment is DENIED in part.

SO ORDERED.

Data

John C. Kissinger, J Presiding Justice

Clerk's Notice of Decision Document Sent to Parties on 03/02/2021

Kirsten Koch

From:

Alex Koutroubas <alex@dennehybouley.com>

Sent:

Thursday, February 25, 2021 7:53 AM

To: Cc: Kirsten Koch Nemeth, Melissa

Subject:

SB 162- Letter to Senate

Hi Kirsten,

CSNI missed the hearing on this bill but we have some feedback on one section (see letter below)

Senator Bradley is aware of our concerns.

I'm copying DHHS and they are also aware of our concerns.

I'm sending this on behalf of a client, Jonathan Routhier of CSNI.

Thank you,

Alex

Dear Senator Bradley:

Re: Opposition to SB 162 section 63

The Community Support Network, Inc. (CSNI) is the association of the 10 Area Agencies that provide community-based services and supports to over 13,000 individuals with developmental disabilities and acquired brain disorders throughout NH.

CSNI is writing to express our opposition to section 61-63 of SB 162.

About seven months ago, the Area Agencies opposed this exact same language which was contained in HB 578 of the 2020 Legislative Session. We thank the Senate for not passing this language seven months ago and we ask you to reject it once again.

For over 15 years, adult DD service eligibility has consisted of the following groups of people:

- a) Students graduating or exiting school
- b) New residents to NH or current residents but new to the service system
- Individuals currently receiving services who experience a significant life change
- d) Individuals age 18-21 who are currently in school (Proposed in SB 162)

SB 162 seeks to amend the "DD wait list law" (RSA 171-A:1-a) by creating a new age restricted category of service. Specifically, the language calls for a new Medicaid entitlement for individuals between the ages of 18-21 who are currently receiving special education services through their local school district.

In addition to special education, it is important to note that the individuals described in SB 162 are already entitled to receive services under the In-Home Support Waiver and the Family Support program. The Area Agencies help to administer these services and we fully support those programs as we have for many years.

The Department of Health and Human Services has already recently clarified the service eligibility portal for individuals under the age of 21. In 2019, the department instituted a rule amendment that made it crystal clear: any individual regardless of age or graduation status, is entitled to receive any services from the Area Agencies that they are deemed eligible to receive once they graduate or exit school.

Even though the Area Agencies had some concerns and questions, we did not object to the DHHS rule update in 2019. Now, however, the goal post is being shifted even further.

SB 138 which was passed almost unanimously in 2007 was predicated on the seamless transition from special education services to adult services. This proposed language throws confusion into a process that has worked very well for a longtime.

We have been told that the purpose of this bill is to provide housing. There are already many programs providing housing through community housing or other residences. The department of Health and Human Services has an entire bureau called "Homeless and Housing Services."

Before this language can be passed, the Area Agencies need more clarity on its implications. This proposed change to current law needs more discussion and analysis.

In conclusion, we believe that this bill would be a major expansion of service eligibility that may have severe and unintended consequences for providers and the state of NH.

We ask that you delete this language from SB 162 and leave RSA 171a intact and working successfully as it has since 2007.

Alex Koutroubas www.DennehyBouley.com alex@dennehybouley.com Office: 603-228-1601 ext 2003

Cell: 603-440-5113

Voting Sheets

Senate Health and Human Services Committee

EXECUTIVE SESSION RECORD

2021-2022 Session

Hearing Date: 2/17/21		Bill#	B 162-F1	<u>N</u>		
Executive Session Date: 3/10/21						
Motion: Committee Amendmen	7-	Vo	te: <u>5</u> -6)		
Committee Member Sen. Bradley, Chair Sen. Gray, Vice Chair Sen. Avard Sen. Sherman Sen. Whitley	Present \times \times	Made by	Second	Yes No		
Motion: Amendmen + ac98		Vo	te: <u>5</u> -6			
Committee Member Sen. Bradley, Chair Sen. Gray, Vice Chair Sen. Avard Sen. Sherman Sen. Whitley	Present	Made by	Second	Yes No		
Motion:OTPA		Vo	te: <u>5</u> -0			
Committee Member Sen. Bradley, Chair Sen. Gray, Vice Chair Sen. Avard Sen. Sherman Sen. Whitley	Present	Made by	Second	Yes No D D D D D D D D D D D D D		
Motion:		Vo	te:			
Committee Member Sen. Bradley, Chair Sen. Gray, Vice Chair Sen. Avard Sen. Sherman Sen. Whitley Reported out by: Sen. Bradley	Present	Made by	Second	Yes No		
Notes: Committee amendment is a small language change						
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Senate Finance Committee EXECUTIVE SESSION

/ .	Bill # 5B 162-FN
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Senator Daniels, Chairman	
Senator Reagan, Vice-Chair	the state of the s
Senator Giuda 🕝 🖂 🗆	
Senator Hennessey	
Senator Rosenwald	
Senator Morse	
Senator D'Allesandro	
Amendments:	
Notes:	

Committee Report

STATE OF NEW HAMPSHIRE

SENATE

REPORT OF THE COMMITTEE

Wednesday, March 10, 2021

THE COMMITTEE ON Health and Human Services

to which was referred SB 162-FN

AN ACT

relative to the department of health and human services, the New Hampshire granite advantage health care trust fund, and health facility licensure.

Having considered the same, the committee recommends that the Bill

OUGHT TO PASS WITH AMENDMENT

BY A VOTE OF: 5-0

AMENDMENT # 0778s

Senator Jeb Bradley For the Committee

Kirsten Koch 271-3266

HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

SB 162-FN, relative to the department of health and human services, the New Hampshire granite advantage health care trust fund, and health facility licensure.

Ought to Pass with Amendment, Vote 5-0.

Senator Jeb Bradley for the committee.

STATE OF NEW HAMPSHIRE

SENATE

REPORT OF THE COMMITTEE

Tuesday, March 30, 2021

THE COMMITTEE ON Finance

to which was referred SB 162-FN

AN ACT

relative to the department of health and human services, the New Hampshire granite advantage health care trust fund, and health facility licensure.

Having considered the same, the committee recommends that the Bill

OUGHT TO PASS WITH AMENDMENT

BY A VOTE OF: 7-0

AMENDMENT # 1054s

Senator Cindy Rosenwald For the Committee

Deb Martone 271-4980

General Court of New Hampshire - Bill Status System

Docket of SB162

Docket Abbreviations

Bill Title: relative to the department of health and human services, the New Hampshire granite advantage health care trust fund, and health facility licensure.

Official Docket of SB162.:

Date	Body	Description
2/9/2021	S	Introduced 02/04/2021 and Referred to Health and Human Services; SJ 4
2/10/2021	S	Remote Hearing: 02/17/2021, 09:15 am; Links to join the hearing can be found in the Senate Calendar; SC 11
3/10/2021	S	Committee Report: Ought to Pass with Amendment #2021-0778s, 03/18/2021; SC 15
3/18/2021	Ś	Committee Amendment #2021-0778s , RC 23Y-1N, AA; 03/18/2021; SJ 8
3/18/2021	S	Sen. Bradley Floor Amendment #2021-0850s , RC 24Y-0N, AA; 03/18/2021; SJ 8
3/18/2021	. S	Ought to Pass with Amendments 2021-0778s, and 2021-0850s, RC 24Y-0N, MA; Refer to Finance Rule 4-5; 03/18/2021; SJ 8
3/30/2021	S	Committee Report: Ought to Pass with Amendment #2021-1054s, 04/01/2021; SC 17A
4/1/2021	S	Committee Amendment #2021-1054s , RC 24Y-0N, AA; 04/01/2021; SJ 10
4/1/2021	S	Ought to Pass with Amendment 2021-1054s, RC 24Y-0N, MA; OT3rdg; 04/01/2021; SJ 10
4/13/2021	Н	Introduced (in recess of) 04/09/2021 and referred to Health, Human Services and Elderly Affairs HJ 7 P. 100
4/20/2021	Н	Public Hearing: 05/03/2021 01:30 pm Members of the public may attend using the following link: To join the webinar: https://www.zoom.us/j/91978983838 / Executive session on pending legislation may be held throughout the day (time permitting) from the time the committee is initially convened.
5/5/2021	н	Executive Session: 05/17/2021 09:00 am Members of the public may attend using the following link: To join the webinar: https://www.zoom.us/j/95933161404
5/24/2021	н	Majority Committee Report: Ought to Pass with Amendment #2021-1402h (Vote 19-2; RC) HC 26 P. 24
5/24/2021	Н	Minority Committee Report: Inexpedient to Legislate
6/3/2021	Н	Amendment #2021-1402h: AA VV 06/03/2021 HJ 8 P. 159
6/3/2021	Н	FLAM #2021-1763h (Rep. Cushman): AA VV 06/03/2021 HJ 8 P. 161
6/3/2021	Н	Lay on Table (Rep. Torosian): MF DV 157-219 06/03/2021 HJ 8 P. 161
6/3/2021	н	Ought to Pass with Amendment 2021-1402h and 2021-1763h: MA RC 240-136 06/03/2021 HJ 8 P. 161
6/10/2021	S	Sen. Bradley Moved to Concur with the House Amendment, MA, VV; 06/10/2021; SJ 19
7/1/2021	н	Enrolled (in recess of) 06/24/2021
7/1/2021	S	Enrolled Adopted, VV, (In recess 06/24/2021); SJ 20
7/13/2021	S	Signed by the Governor on 07/09/2021; Chapter 0122
7/13/2021	s	I. Sections 3-4; 6; 10; 12-32 & 67 Effective 09/07/2021

Bill_Status

9/21/21, 8:38 AM

7/13/2021 S II. Sections 39-40 & 64-66 Effective 07/01/2021 7/13/2021 S III. Remainder Effective 07/09/2021

NH House NH Senate

Docket of SB162

Docket Abbreviations

Bill Title: relative to the department of health and human services, the New Hampshire granite advantage health care trust fund, and health facility licensure.

Official Docket of SB162.:

Date	Body	Description
2/9/2021	S	<pre>Introduced 02/04/2021 and Referred to Health and Human Services; SJ 4</pre>
2/10/2021	S	Remote Hearing: 02/17/2021, 09:15 am; Links to join the hearing can be found in the Senate Calendar; SC 11
3/10/2021	S	Committee Report: Ought to Pass with Amendment #2021-0778s, 03/18/2021; SC 15
3/18/2021	S	Committee Amendment #2021-0778s , RC 23Y-1N, AA; 03/18/2021; SJ 8
3/18/2021	S	Sen. Bradley Floor Amendment #2021-0850s , RC 24Y-0N, AA; 03/18/2021; SJ 8
3/18/2021	S	Ought to Pass with Amendments 2021-0778s, and 2021-0850s, RC 24Y-0N, MA; Refer to Finance Rule 4-5; 03/18/2021; SJ 8
3/30/2021	S .	Committee Report: Ought to Pass with Amendment #2021-1054s, 04/01/2021; SC 17A
4/1/2021	S	Committee Amendment #2021-1054s , RC 24Y-0N, AA; 04/01/2021; SJ 10
4/1/2021	S	Ought to Pass with Amendment 2021-1054s, RC 24Y-0N, MA; OT3rdg; 04/01/2021; SJ 10
4/13/2021	Н	Introduced (in recess of) 04/09/2021 and referred to Health, Human Services and Elderly Affairs HJ 7 P. 100
4/20/2021	н	Public Hearing: 05/03/2021 01:30 pm Members of the public may attend using the following link: To join the webinar: https://www.zoom.us/j/91978983838 / Executive session on pending legislation may be held throughout the day (time permitting) from the time the committee is initially convened.
5/5/2021	Н	Executive Session: 05/17/2021 09:00 am Members of the public may attend using the following link: To join the webinar: https://www.zoom.us/j/95933161404
5/24/2021	Н	Majority Committee Report: Ought to Pass with Amendment #2021-1402h (Vote 19-2; RC) HC 26 P. 24
5/24/2021	Н	Minority Committee Report: Inexpedient to Legislate
6/3/2021	Н	Amendment #2021-1402h: AA VV 06/03/2021
6/3/2021	Н	FLAM #2021-1763h (Rep. Cushman): AA VV 06/03/2021
6/3/2021	н	Lay on Table (Rep. Torosian): MF DV 157-219 06/03/2021
6/3/2021	Н	Ought to Pass with Amendment 2021-1402h and 2021-1763h: MA RC 240-136 06/03/2021
6/10/2021	S	Sen. Bradley Moved to Concur with the House Amendment, MA, VV; 06/10/2021; SJ 19
7/1/2021	Н	Enrolled (in recess of) 06/24/2021
7/1/2021	S	Enrolled Adopted, VV, (In recess 06/24/2021); SJ 20
7/13/2021	S	Signed by the Governor on 07/09/2021; Chapter 0122
7/13/2021	S	I. Sections 3-4; 6; 10; 12-32 & 67 Effective 09/07/2021

7/13/2021	S	II. Sections 39-40 & 64-66 Effective 07/01/2021	· • ·
7/13/2021	S	III. Remainder Effective 07/09/2021	

NH House NH Senate

Other Referrals

Senate Inventory Checklist for Archives Bill Number: 58 162- FN Senate Committee: FINANCE - 2ND CommiTTEE Please include all documents in the order listed below and indicate the documents which have been included with an "X" beside Final docket found on Bill Status Bill Hearing Documents: {Legislative Aides} Bill version as it came to the committee All Calendar Notices Hearing Sign-up sheet(s) Prepared testimony, presentations, & other submissions handed in at the public hearing Hearing Report Revised/Amended Fiscal Notes provided by the Senate Clerk's Office Committee Action Documents: {Legislative Aides} All amendments considered in committee (including those not adopted): X - amendment # 09625 ____ - amendment # ______

Y - amendment # 10545 ____ - amendment # _____ **Executive Session Sheet** Committee Report Floor Action Documents: {Clerk's Office} All floor amendments considered by the body during session (only if they are offered to the senate): ____ - amendment # _____ - amendment # _____ ____ - amendment # _____ - amendment # Post Floor Action: (if applicable) {Clerk's Office} Committee of Conference Report (if signed off by all members. Include any new language proposed by the committee of conference): Enrolled Bill Amendment(s) Governor's Veto Message All available versions of the bill: {Clerk's Office} as amended by the senate as amended by the house final version Completed Committee Report File Delivered to the Senate Clerk's Office By: 07/20/21 Date Deb Martone Committee Aide

Senate Clerk's Office

Senate Inventory Checklist for Archives

Bill Number: Senate Committee: MHS
Please include all documents in the order listed below and indicate the documents which have been included with an "X" beside
Final docket found on Bill Status
Bill Hearing Documents: {Legislative Aides}
Bill version as it came to the committee
All Calendar Notices
Hearing Sign-up sheet(s)
Prepared testimony, presentations, & other submissions handed in at the public hearing
Bill version as it came to the committee All Calendar Notices Hearing Sign-up sheet(s) Prepared testimony, presentations, & other submissions handed in at the public hearing Hearing Report
Revised/Amended Fiscal Notes provided by the Senate Clerk's Office
Committee Action Documents: {Legislative Aides}
All amendments considered in committee (including those not adopted):
amendment#X - amendment#_2021-0778S amendment#X - amendment#_2021-0098S Broadley
- amendment # \times - amendment # 2071-06985 Bradley
Executive Session Sheet
Committee Report
Floor Action Documents: {Clerk's Office}
All floor amendments considered by the body during session (only if they are offered to the senate):
\propto - amendment # 0850 amendment #
amendment # amendment #
Post Floor Action: (if applicable) {Clerk's Office}
Committee of Conference Report (if signed off by all members. Include any new language proposed by the committee of conference):
Enrolled Bill Amendment(s)
Governor's Veto Message
All available versions of the bill: {Clerk's Office}
as amended by the senate as amended by the house
final version
Completed Committee Report File Delivered to the Senate Clerk's Office By:
Kircley Vach 7/20/21
Committee Aide Date
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Senate Clerk's Office