# Committee Report

#### CONSENT CALENDAR

January 28, 2020

#### HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

#### REPORT OF COMMITTEE

The Committee on Criminal Justice and Public Safety to which was referred HB 1614-FN,

AN ACT relative to the penalties for use or possession of a controlled drug. Having considered the same, report the same with the following resolution: RESOLVED, that it is INEXPEDIENT TO LEGISLATE.

Rep. Laura Pantelakos

FOR THE COMMITTEE

Original: House Clerk

#### COMMITTEE REPORT

Committee: Criminal Justice and Public Safety			
Bill Number:	HB 1614-FN		
Title:	relative to the penalties for use or possession of a controlled drug.		
Date:	January 28, 2020		
Consent Calendar:	CONSENT		
Recommendation:	INEXPEDIENT TO LEGISLATE		

#### STATEMENT OF INTENT

This is one of three bills that came before the committee concerning changes in the penalties for possession or use of a controlled substance. At the public hearing the sponsor recognized that there were some flaws in the bill. The committee will address changes in penalties for controlled substances in HB 1625 and HB 1641, and therefore voted to recommend that this bill be inexpedient to legislate.

Vote 20-0.

Rep. Laura Pantelakos FOR THE COMMITTEE

Original: House Clerk

#### CONSENT CALENDAR

Criminal Justice and Public Safety

HB 1614-FN, relative to the penalties for use or possession of a controlled drug. INEXPEDIENT TO LEGISLATE.

Rep. Laura Pantelakos for Criminal Justice and Public Safety. This is one of three bills that came before the committee concerning changes in the penalties for possession or use of a controlled substance. At the public hearing the sponsor recognized that there were some flaws in the bill. The committee will address changes in penalties for controlled substances in HB 1625 and HB 1641, and therefore voted to recommend that this bill be inexpedient to legislate. Vote 20-0.

Original: House Clerk

#### **COMMITTEE REPORT**

Committee:	Criminal Justice and Public Safety
Bill Number:	HB 1614-FN
Title:	relative to the penalties for use or possession of a controlled drug.
Date:	January 28, 2020
Consent Calendar:	CONSENT
Recommendation:	INEXPEDIENT TO LEGISLATE

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BR

Vote 20-0.

Rep. Laura Pantelakos FOR THE COMMITTEE

Original: House Clerk

# COMMITTEE REPORT

COMMITTEE:
BILL NUMBER: HB1614
TITLE: relative to penalties for for
the use or possession of totalklus
DATE: (/28/2020 CONSENT CALENDAR: YES) NO
OUGHT TO PASS
OUGHT TO PASS W/ AMENDMENT  Amendment No.
INEXPEDIENT TO LEGISLATE
INTERIM STUDY (Available only 2nd year of biennium)
STATEMENT OF INTENT:
The committee Telt this
till lower the senettly to far
and there evue other flaws in
the fell. The sponsor said he would
Asing a amendment in last fail to do
No.
COMMITTEE VOTE: 20 - 0
RESPECTFULLY SUBMITTED,
Copy to Committee Bill File Use Another Report for Minority Report  Rep. Autoback For the Committee

Rev. 02/01/07 - Yellow

# Voting Sheets

#### HOUSE COMMITTEE ON CRIMINAL JUSTICE AND PUBLIC SAFETY

#### EXECUTIVE SESSION on HB 1614-FN

BILL TITLE:

relative to the penalties for use or possession of a controlled drug.

DATE:

January 28, 2020

LOB ROOM:

204

MOTIONS:

INEXPEDIENT TO LEGISLATE

Moved by Rep. Pantelakos

Seconded by Rep. Wallace

Vote: 20-0

CONSENT CALENDAR: YES

Statement of Intent:

Refer to Committee Report

Respectfully submitted,

Rep Linda Harriott-Gathright Gerk

#### HOUSE COMMITTEE ON CRIMINAL JUSTICE AND PUBLIC SAFETY

#### **EXECUTIVE SESSION on HB 1614-FN**

· ,	alties for use or possession of a co	ontrolled drug.
DATE: //SE/SD		
LOB ROOM: 204		
· •••		- Address of American States of
MOTION: (Please check one box)		
□ OTP ØITL	□ Retain (1st year)	☐ Adoption of
Q 1 1 1 1 1	☐ Interim Study (2nd year)	Amendment #
Moved by Rep. TANTELAROS	Seconded by Rep. Mall	<u> </u>
MOTION: (Please check one box)		
□ OTP □ OTP/A □ ITL	☐ Retain (1st year)	Adoption of Amendment #
	☐ Interim Study (2nd year)	(if offered)
Moved by Rep	Seconded by Rep.	Vote:
MOTION: (Places shock one how)		
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□ OTP □ OTP/A □ ITL	☐ Retain (1st year)	Adoption of Amendment #
	☐ Interim Study (2nd year)	(if offered)
Moved by Rep.	Seconded by Rep.	Vote:
MOTION: (Please check one box)		
□ OTP □ OTP/A □ ITL	☐ Retain (1st year)	☐ Adoption of
	☐ Interim Study (2nd year)	Amendment#
Moved by Rep		
-		
4 - 100 - 10		
CONSENT CA	ALENDAR:YES	NO
Minority Report?Yes	No	Motion
Respectfully submitted		tt-Gathright, Clerk
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1/27/2020 4:25:39 PM Roll Call Committee Registers Report

#### 2020 SESSION

Criminal	Justice	and	Public	Safety

Bill #: #B/b/Y Motion:

PM AM#:

Exec Session Date: //28/6

<u>Members</u>	YEAS	<u>Nays</u>	<u>NV</u>
Cushing, Robert Renny Chairman			
Rodd, Beth Vice Chairman			
Pantelakos, Laura C.			
O'Hearne, Andrew S.			
Harriott-Gathright, Linda C. Clerk			
Opderbecke, Linn			
Bordenet, John			
Meuse, David			
Murphy, Nancy A.			
Newman, Ray E.			
Radhakrishnan, Julie	V		
Swinburne, Sandy L.			
Welch, David A.	✓		
Fields, Dennis H.			
Green, Dennis E.			
Testerman, Dave			
Wallace, Scott			
Abbas, Daryl A.			
Roy, Terry			
Ober, Lynne TOTAL VOTE:	$\sum_{i=1}^{N} v_i$	0	

# Hearing Minutes

#### HOUSE COMMITTEE ON CRIMINAL JUSTICE AND PUBLIC SAFETY

#### **PUBLIC HEARING ON HB 1614-FN**

BILL TITLE:

relative to the penalties for use or possession of a controlled drug.

DATE:

January 21, 2020

LOB ROOM:

204

Time Public Hearing Called to Order:

11:00 a.m.

Time Adjourned:

<<End

Time>>

<u>Committee Members</u>: Reps. Cushing, Rodd, Harriott-Gathright, Pantelakos, O'Hearne, Opderbecke, Bordenet, Meuse, Murphy, R. Newman, Swinburne, Welch, Green, Testerman and Roy

Bill Sponsors:

Rep. Abramson

Rep. Fowler

#### **TESTIMONY**

\* Use asterisk if written testimony and/or amendments are submitted.

#### Rep. Max Abramson, Sponsor

- Model after the Portugal approach
- decriminalize drug use
- Portugal drug issues 2001 decriminalize
- Portugal has a 98% lower death rate from heroin since decriminalizing drug issues.
- Reduce 30 years to 2 years.
- increase the fine increasing revenue for the state

#### Dr. Joe Hannon, NH Harm Reduction Coalition - supports

- rates of overdose and crime drop
- people are offered treatment (voluntarily and non voluntarily)
- •
- Sarah Blodgett, Judicial Council supports
- Indigent population
- in support of possession penalty reduction
- bill most

#### Josh Yokela - support

- support the effort in reducing the penalties
- support removing mandatory sentence and allows judges ???????

Respectfully submitted,

Rép. Linda Harriott-Gathright, Clerk

#### HOUSE COMMITTEE ON CRIMINAL JUSTICE AND PUBLIC SAFETY

#### PUBLIC HEARING ON HB 1614-FN

BILL TITLE:	relative to the penalties for use or possession of a controlled drug.
DATE:	1/21/20
ROOM:	204 Time Public Hearing Called to Order: // O O
	Time Adjourned:
	(please circle if present)
Opderbecke, Bo	mbers: Reps. Cushing Rodd, Harriott-Gathright, Pantelakos, O'Hearne, ordenet, Meuse Murphy, R. Newman, Radhakrishnan, Swinburne, Welch, Festerman, Wallace, Abbas and Roy
Bill Sponsors: Rep. Abramson	Rep. Fowler
	TESTIMONY
* Use asterisk	if written testimony and/or amendments are submitted.
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1/21/20 Max abramson · Model after the Portugel approach
· Decremenalize drug use Potugel pag a 96 % lower deat Hom Keroin Dirice 10 increasing reserve on the State Non New Hampshire Harm Code Coole Cates of overdose and Creine drop

People are offered treatment (voluntarily (voluntarily and non villemetarily Sorah Blodgett Judicial Council e la support of possession penalty te Suppl alon fill- most · Support the effort in reducing the para support removing mandatory allows judges & Pro 5 against 2

# Testimony

## SIGN UP SHEET

To Register Opinion If Not Speaking

Bill#_	HB	1614	-FN	Date _	1	21	120	
Commi	ttee	Frimi	nou	Justice	ا			

### \*\* Please Print All Information \*\*

				(checl	k one)
Name	Address	Phone	Representing	Pro	Con
Tony Lekas F	Rep	Hi	15 37	/	
Tony Lekas F Alicia Lekas I	Rep	H	ils 37	/	
CHARLIE ST.C.	Wain REP	B2	LKNAP 9 HILLS 37	V	
REP BOB G	REEVE	H	HLLS 37	-	
TOM PRASO		NH Police	ASON		/
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### SIGN UP SHEET

To Register Opinion If Not Speaking

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# Fiscal Note

# Bill as Introduced

#### HB 1614-FN - AS INTRODUCED

#### 2020 SESSION

20-2369 04/08

HOUSE BILL

1614-FN

AN ACT

relative to the penalties for use or possession of a controlled drug.

SPONSORS:

Rep. Abramson, Rock. 20; Rep. Fowler, Rock. 20

COMMITTEE:

Criminal Justice and Public Safety

#### **ANALYSIS**

This bill provides penalties for controlled drugs in a quantity that would not be fatal.

......

Explanation:

Matter added to current law appears in bold italics.

Matter removed from current law appears [in brackets and struckthrough.]

Matter which is either (a) all new or (b) repealed and reenacted appears in regular type.

#### STATE OF NEW HAMPSHIRE

#### In the Year of Our Lord Two Thousand Twenty

AN ACT

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relative to the penalties for use or possession of a controlled drug.

Be it Enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Court convened:

Controlled Drug Act; Penalties. Amend RSA 318-B:26 to read as follows:
 318-B:26 Penalties.
 I. Any person who manufactures, sells, prescribes, administers, or transfer

- I. Any person who manufactures, sells, prescribes, administers, or transports or possesses with intent to sell, dispense, or compound any controlled drug, controlled drug analog or any preparation containing a controlled drug, except as authorized in this chapter; or manufactures, sells, or transports or possesses with intent to sell, dispense, compound, package or repackage (1) any substance which he represents to be a controlled drug, or controlled drug analog, or (2) any preparation containing a substance which he represents to be a controlled drug, or controlled drug analog, shall be sentenced as follows, except as otherwise provided in this section:
- (a) In the case of a violation involving any of the following, a person shall be sentenced to a maximum term of imprisonment of not more than [30] 2 years, a fine of not more than \$500,000, or both. If any person commits such a violation after one or more prior offenses as defined in RSA 318-B:27, such person may be sentenced to a maximum term of [life-imprisonment] not more than 10 years, a fine of not more than \$500,000, or both:
- (1) Five ounces or more of a mixture or substance containing any of the following, including any adulterants or dilutants:
- (A) Coca leaves, except coca leaves and extracts of coca leaves from which cocaine, ecgonine, and derivatives of ecgonine or their salts have been removed; or
- (B) Cocaine other than crack cocaine, its salts, optical and geometric isomers, and salts of isomers; or
  - (C) Ecgonine, its derivatives, their salts, isomers, and salts of isomers.
- (2) Lysergic acid diethylamide, or its analog, in a quantity of 100 milligrams or more including any adulterants or dilutants, or phencyclidine (PCP), or its analog, in a quantity of 10 grams or more including any adulterants or dilutants.
- (3) Heroin or its analog, crack cocaine, or a fentanyl class drug in a quantity of 5 grams or more, including any adulterants or dilutants.
- (4) Methamphetamine or its analog, in a quantity of 5 ounces or more, including adulterants or dilutants.
- (b) In the case of a violation involving any of the following, a person [may be sentenced to a maximum term of imprisonment of not more than 20 years, a fine of not more than \$300,000, or both] shall be guilty of a violation and may be fined not more than 5 times the street value

# HB 1614-FN - AS INTRODUCED - Page 2 -

1	of the controlled drug or controlled drug analog. If any person commits such a violation after
2	one or more prior offenses as defined in RSA 318-B:27, such person [may be sentenced to a term of
3	imprisonment of not more than 40 years, a fine of not more than \$500,000, or both] shall be guilty
4	of a class A misdemeanor:
5	(1) A substance or mixture referred to in subparagraph I(a)(1) of this section, other
6	than crack cocaine, in a quantity of 1/2 ounce or more, including any adulterants or dilutants;
7	(2) A substance classified in schedule I or II other than those specifically covered in
8	this section, or the analog of any such substance, in a quantity of one ounce or more including any
9	adulterants or dilutants;
10	(3) Lysergic acid diethylamide, or its analog, in a quantity of less than 100
11	milligrams including any adulterants or dilutants, or where the amount is undetermined, or
12	phencyclidine (PCP) or its analog, in a quantity of less than 10 grams, including any adulterants or
13	dilutants, or where the amount is undetermined;
14	(4) Heroin or its analog, crack cocaine, or a fentanyl class drug in a quantity of one
15	gram or more, including any adulterants or dilutants;
16	(5) Methamphetamine or its analog, in a quantity of one ounce or more including any
17	adulterants or dilutants;
18	(6) Marijuana in a quantity of 5 pounds or more including any adulterants or
19	dilutants, or hashish in a quantity of one pound or more including any adulterants and dilutants;
20	(7) Flunitrazepam in a quantity of 500 milligrams or more.
21	(c) In the case of a violation involving any of the following, a person may be sentenced to
22	a maximum term of imprisonment of not more than 7 years, a fine of not more than \$100,000, or
23	both. If any person commits such a violation after one or more prior offenses as defined in RSA 318-
24	B:27, such person may be sentenced to a maximum term of imprisonment of not more than 15 years,
25	a fine of not more than \$200,000, or both:
26	(1) A substance or mixture referred to in subparagraph I(a)(1) of this section, other
27	than crack cocaine, in a quantity less than 1/2 ounce including any adulterants or dilutants;
28	(2) A substance or mixture classified as a narcotic drug in schedule I or II other than
29	those specifically covered in this section, or the analog of any such substance, in a quantity of less
30	than one ounce including any adulterants or dilutants;
31	(3) Methamphetamine, or its analog in a quantity of less than one ounce including
32	any adulterants or dilutants;
33	(4) Heroin or its analog, crack cocaine, or a fentanyl class drug in a quantity of less
34	than one gram, including any adulterants or dilutants;
35	(5) Marijuana in a quantity of one ounce or more including any adulterants or
36	dilutants, or hashish in a quantity of 5 grams or more including any adulterants or dilutants;

(6) Flunitrazepam in a quantity of less than 500 milligrams;

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## HB 1614-FN - AS INTRODUCED - Page 3 -

- (7) Any other controlled drug or its analog, other than those specifically covered in this section, classified in schedules I, II, III or IV.
- (d) In the case of a violation involving any of the following, a person may be sentenced to a maximum term of imprisonment of not more than 3 years, a fine of not more than \$25,000, or both. If any person commits such a violation after one or more prior offenses as defined in RSA 318-B:27, such person may be sentenced to a maximum term of imprisonment of not more than 6 years, a fine of not more than \$50,000, or both:
- (1) Marijuana in a quantity of less than one ounce including any adulterants or dilutants, or hashish in a quantity of less than 5 grams including any adulterants or dilutants;
  - (2) Any schedule V substance or its analog.

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- II. Any person who knowingly or purposely obtains, purchases, transports, or possesses actually or constructively, or has under his or her control, any controlled drug or controlled drug analog, or any preparation containing a controlled drug or controlled drug analog, except as authorized in this chapter, shall be sentenced as follows, except as otherwise provided in this section:
- (a) In the case of a controlled drug or its analog, classified in schedules I, II, III, or IV, other than those specifically covered in this section, the person shall be guilty of a class B [felony] misdemeanor, except that notwithstanding the provisions of RSA 651:2, IV(a), a fine of not more than \$25,000 may be imposed. If any person commits such a violation after one or more prior offenses as defined in RSA 318-B:27, such person shall be guilty of a class A [felony] misdemeanor, except that notwithstanding the provisions of RSA 651:2, IV(a), a fine of up to \$50,000 may be imposed.
- (b) [In the case of a controlled drug or its analog classified in schedule V, the person shall be sentenced to a maximum term of imprisonment of not more than 3 years, a fine of not more than \$15,000, or both. If a person commits any such violation after one or more prior offenses as defined in RSA 318 B:27, such person shall be guilty of a class B felony, except that notwithstanding the provisions of RSA 651:2, IV(a), a fine of not more than \$25,000 may be imposed.
- (e) In the case of more than 3/4 ounce of marijuana or more than 5 grams of hashish, including any adulterants or dilutants, the person shall be guilty of a [misdemeaner] violation. In the case of marijuana-infused products possessed by persons under the age of 21 or marijuana-infused products as defined in RSA 318-B:2-e, other than a personal-use amount of a regulated marijuana-infused product as defined in RSA 318-B:2-c, I(b), that are possessed by a person 21 years of age or older, the person shall be guilty of a [misdemeaner] violation.
- [(d)] (c) In the case of 3/4 ounce or less of marijuana or 5 grams or less of hashish, including any adulterants or dilutants, the person shall be guilty of a violation pursuant to RSA 318-B:2-c. In the case of a person 21 years of age or older who possesses a personal-use amount of a

## HB 1614-FN - AS INTRODUCED - Page 4 -

regulated marijuana-infused product as defined in RSA 318-B:2-c, I(b), the person shall be guilty of a violation pursuant to RSA 318-B:2-c.

- [(e) In the case of a residual amount of a controlled substance, as defined in RSA 318-B:1, XXIX-a, a person shall be guilty of a misdemeanor if the person is not part of a service syringe program under RSA 318-B:43.]
  - III. A person shall be guilty of a class B misdemeanor who:
- (a) Except as provided in RSA 318-B:2-c, controls any premises or vehicle where he or she knows a controlled drug or its analog is illegally kept or deposited;
- (b) Aids, assists or abets a person in his presence in the perpetration of a crime punishable under paragraph II of this section, knowing that such person is illegally in possession of a controlled drug or its analog.
- (c) [Manufactures with the intent to deliver, delivers or possesses with the intent to deliver any drug paraphernalia when such paraphernalia is knowingly manufactured, delivered or possessed for one or more of the uses set forth in RSA 318-B:2, II.
  - (d) Places an advertisement in violation of RSA 318-B:2, III.
- III-a. [Repealed.]

- IV. Any person who attempts or conspires to commit any offense defined in this chapter is punishable by imprisonment or a fine or both, which may not exceed the maximum punishment prescribed for the offense, the commission of which was the object of the attempt or conspiracy.
- V. Any person who violates this chapter by manufacturing, selling, prescribing, administering, dispensing, or possessing with intent to sell, dispense, or compound any controlled drug or its analog, in or on or within 1,000 feet of the real property comprising a public or private elementary, secondary, or secondary vocational-technical school, may be sentenced to a term of imprisonment or fine, or both, up to twice that otherwise authorized by this section. Except to the extent a greater minimum sentence is otherwise provided by this chapter, a sentence imposed under this paragraph shall include a mandatory minimum term of imprisonment of not less than one year. [Neither the whole nor any part of the mandatory minimum sentence imposed under this paragraph shall be suspended or reduced.]
- VI. Except as otherwise provided in this paragraph, a person convicted under RSA 318-B:2, XII as a drug enterprise leader [shall] may be sentenced to a [mandatory-minimum-term of not less than] maximum term of 25 years and may be sentenced to a maximum term of not more than life imprisonment. The court may also impose a fine not to exceed \$500,000 or 5 times the street value of the controlled drug or controlled drug analog involved, whichever is greater. Upon conviction, the court shall impose the mandatory sentence unless the defendant has pleaded guilty pursuant to a negotiated agreement or, in cases resulting in trial, the defendant and the state have entered into a post-conviction agreement which provides for a lesser sentence. The negotiated plea or post-conviction agreement may provide for a specified term of imprisonment within the range of ordinary

## HB 1614-FN - AS INTRODUCED - Page 5 -

or extended sentences authorized by law, a specified fine, or other disposition. In that event, the court at sentencing shall not impose a lesser term of imprisonment or fine than that expressly provided for under the terms of the plea or post-conviction agreement.

VII. Any person who violates RSA 318-B:2, XI may be sentenced to a maximum term of imprisonment of not more than 20 years, a fine of not more than \$300,000, or both. If any person commits such a violation after one or more prior offenses, as defined in RSA 318-B:27, such person may be sentenced to a term of imprisonment of not more than 40 years, a fine of not more than \$500,000, or both.

VIII. Any person who knowingly or purposely obtains or purchases (1) any substance which he represents to be a controlled drug or controlled drug analog, or (2) any preparation containing a substance which he represents to be a controlled drug or controlled drug analog, except as authorized in this chapter, shall be guilty of a [misdemeaner] violation. If any person commits such a violation after one or more prior offenses as defined in RSA 318-B:27, such person shall be guilty of a class B [feleny] misdemeaner.

IX. Any person who manufactures, sells, or dispenses methamphetamine, lysergic acid, diethylamide phencyclidine (PCP) or any other controlled drug classified in schedules I or II, or any controlled drug analog thereof, in violation of RSA 318-B:2, I or I-a, is strictly liable for a death which results from the injection, inhalation or ingestion of that substance, and may be sentenced to imprisonment for life or for such term as the court may order. For purposes of this section, the person's act of manufacturing, dispensing, or selling a substance is the cause of a death when:

- (a) The injection, inhalation or ingestion of the substance is an antecedent but for which the death would not have occurred; and
  - (b) The death was not:

- (1) Too remote in its occurrence as to have just bearing on the person's liability; or
- (2) Too dependent upon conduct of another person which was unrelated to the injection, inhalation or ingestion of the substance or its effect, as to have a just bearing on the person's liability. It shall not be a defense to a prosecution under this section that the decedent contributed to his own death by his purposeful, knowing, reckless or negligent injection, inhalation or ingestion of the substance or by his consenting to the administration of the substance by another. Nothing in this section shall be construed to preclude or limit any prosecution for homicide. A conviction arising under this section shall not merge with a conviction of one as a drug enterprise leader or for any other offense defined in this chapter.

[IX-a. A qualifying patient or designated earegiver as defined in RSA 126 X:1 who sells cannabis to a person who is not a qualifying patient or a designated earegiver shall be guilty of a class B follow and shall be sentenced to a maximum term of imprisonment of not more than 7 years, a fine of not more than \$300,000, or both.]

# HB 1614-FN - AS INTRODUCED - Page 6 -

1	X. Any penalty imposed for violation of this chapter shall be in addition to, and not in lieu of,
2	any civil or administrative penalty or sanction authorized by law.
3	XI. Any person who violates any provision of this chapter for which a penalty is not provided
4	by paragraphs I through IX shall be guilty of a class B felony [if a natural person, or guilty of a
5	$\textcolor{red}{\textbf{felony-if any other-person}} \ \textit{misdemeanor, or guilty of a class B felony if the maximum penalty}$
6	provided is a term of imprisonment in excess of 2 years.
7	XII. The penalty categories set forth in this section based upon the weight of the drug
8	involved are material elements of the offense; however, the culpability requirement shall not apply
9	to that element of the offense.
10	XIII. [Any person who violates any provision of this chapter shall be fined a minimum of
11	\$350 for a first-offense and \$500 for a second or subsequent offense, except-that-any-person who
12	violates the provisions of RSA-318-B:26, II(c) or RSA-318-B:26, II(d) shall be fined \$350. This
13	paragraph shall not apply to violations of RSA-318-B:2-c] Any person currently incarcerated for
14	a conviction under this chapter may petition the court or the parole board for a reduction
15	in sentence to the maximum sentence listed under this section.
16	2 Use of Cannabis for Therapeutic Purposes; Prohibitions and Limitations.
17	Amend RSA 126-X:3, VI to read as follows:
18	VI. Any qualifying patient or designated caregiver who sells cannabis to another person who
19	is not a qualifying patient or designated caregiver under this chapter [shall be subject to the
20	ponalties specified in RSA 318-B:26, IX a,] shall have his or her registry identification card
21	revoked[7] and shall be subject to [other] the penalties [as] provided in RSA 318-B:26.
22	3 Annulment of Criminal Offenses. Amend RSA 651:5, III(i) to read as follows:
23	(i) For a [elass-A-misdomeanor or felony] misdemeanor offense under RSA 318-B:26, II,

4 Effective Date. This act shall take effect January 1, 2021.

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2 years.

#### HB 1614-FN- FISCAL NOTE AS INTRODUCED

AN ACT

relative to the penalties for use or possession of a controlled drug.

FISCAL IMPACT:

[X] State

[X] County

[ ] Local

[ ] None

	Estimated Increase / (Decrease)			
STATE:	FY 2020	FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023
Appropriation	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Revenue	\$0	Indeterminable Decrease	Indeterminable Decrease	Indeterminable Decrease
Expenditures	\$0	Indeterminable Decrease	Indeterminable Decrease	Indeterminable Decrease
Funding Source:	[X] General	Education [	] Highway	Other

#### COUNTY:

Revenue	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Expenditures	\$0	Indeterminable	Indeterminable	Indeterminable
		Decrease	Decrease	Decrease

#### METHODOLOGY:

This bill reduces the charge level, fines and sanctions for various controlled drug violations. This bill affects penalties that may have an impact on the New Hampshire judicial and correctional systems. There is no method to determine how many fewer charges would be brought as a result of the changes contained in this bill to determine the fiscal impact on expenditures. However, the entities impacted have provided the potential costs associated with these penalties below.

Judicial Branch	FY 2021	FY 2022
Violation Level Offense	\$52	\$54
Class B Misdemeanor	\$54	\$56
Class A Misdemeanor	\$77	\$79
Simple Criminal Case	\$300	\$314
Routine Criminal Felony Case	\$484	\$498
Appeals	Varies	Varies

It should be noted that average case cost estimates for FY 2021 and FY 2022 are based on data that is more than ten years old and does not reflect changes to the courts over that same period of time or the impact these changes may have on processing the various case types. An unspecified misdemeanor can be either class A or class B, with the presumption being a class B misdemeanor.

Judicial Council		
Public Defender Program	Has contract with State to provide services.	Has contract with State to provide services.
Contract Attorney – Felony	\$825/Case	\$825/Case
Contract Attorney – Misdemeanor	\$300/Case	\$300/Case
Assigned Counsel – Felony	\$60/Hour up to \$4,100	\$60/Hour up to \$4,100
Assigned Counsel – Misdemeanor	\$60/Hour up to \$1,400	\$60/Hour up to \$1,400

It should be noted that a person needs to be found indigent and have the potential of being incarcerated to be eligible for indigent defense services. The majority of indigent cases (approximately 85%) are handled by the public defender program, with the remaining cases going to contract attorneys (14%) or assigned counsel (1%).

Department of Corrections		
FY 2019 Average Cost of Incarcerating an Individual	\$44,400	\$44,400
FY 2019 Annual Marginal Cost of a General Population Inmate	\$5,071	\$5,071
FY 2019 Average Cost of Supervising an Individual on Parole/Probation	\$576	\$576
NH Association of Counties		
County Prosecution Costs	Indeterminable	Indeterminable
Estimated Average Daily Cost of Incarcerating an Individual	\$105 to \$120	\$105 to \$120

The Judicial Council indicates this bill has a potential for a significant impact on indigent defense costs. Since the indigent defense system does not provide representation to defendants charged with class B misdemeanors, first-time possession charges would no longer require legal representation. In 2018, the Public Defender Program handled 2,877 straight possession cases. It is not possible to determine what percentage of these cases would be charged as class B misdemeanors under the proposed law.

Many offenses are prosecuted by local and county prosecutors. When the Department of Justice has investigative and prosecutorial responsibility or is involved in an appeal, the Department would likely absorb the cost within its existing budget. This bill would not impact the budget of the Department of Justice.

#### AGENCIES CONTACTED:

Judicial Branch, Departments of Corrections and Justice, Judicial Council, and New Hampshire Association of Counties