

Bill as Introduced

SB 147-FN - AS INTRODUCED

2013 SESSION

13-0961
01/05

SENATE BILL

147-FN

AN ACT relative to prescription drugs in workers' compensation cases.

SPONSORS: Sen. D'Allesandro, Dist 20

COMMITTEE: Commerce

ANALYSIS

This bill requires pharmacies to substitute generic drugs or appropriate over-the-counter alternatives to prescription drugs unless the prescribing physician indicates that the brand name drug is medically necessary. The bill also requires the commissioner of the department of labor to establish a pharmacy closed formulary and an appeals process for drugs not included in the formulary.

Explanation: Matter added to current law appears in ***bold italics***.
Matter removed from current law appears [~~in brackets and struck through.~~]
Matter which is either (a) all new or (b) repealed and reenacted appears in regular type.

STATE OF NEW HAMPSHIRE

In the Year of Our Lord Two Thousand Thirteen

AN ACT relative to prescription drugs in workers' compensation cases.

Be it Enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Court convened:

1 1 New Paragraph; Workers' Compensation; Medical, Hospital, and Remedial Care. Amend
2 RSA 281-A:23 by inserting after paragraph VI the following new paragraph:

3 VII.(a) Pharmacies, including mail-order pharmacies, shall substitute generically equivalent
4 drug products or appropriate over-the-counter alternatives to prescription drugs for all legend and
5 non-legend prescriptions unless the prescribing practitioner handwrites "medically necessary" on
6 each paper prescription, uses electronic indications when transmitted electronically, or gives
7 instructions when transmitted orally that the brand name drug product is medically necessary.

8 (b) The commissioner shall establish, pursuant to rules adopted under RSA 541-A, a
9 pharmacy closed formulary and an appeals process for claims in which a treating health care
10 provider determines and documents that a drug not included in the formulary is necessary to treat
11 an employee's injury. The rules shall also address the prescription of opiates and other addictive
12 drugs, recordkeeping, and reporting requirements regarding the prescription of opiates and other
13 addictive drugs, including reporting regarding the duration and scope of opiate prescriptions.

14 2 New Subparagraph; Rulemaking Added. Amend RSA 281-A:60 by inserting after
15 subparagraph (aa) the following new subparagraph:

16 (bb) Establishing a pharmacy closed formulary and a corresponding appeals process
17 pursuant to RA 281-A:23, VII.

18 3 Effective Date. This act shall take effect January 1, 2014.

SB 147 FISCAL NOTE

AN ACT relative to prescription drugs in workers' compensation cases.

FISCAL IMPACT:

The Department of Labor states this bill, as introduced, will have an indeterminable fiscal impact on state, county, and local expenditures. There will be no fiscal impact on state, county, or local revenue.

METHODOLOGY:

The Department of Labor states this bill will require pharmacies to substitute generic drugs or appropriate over-the-counter alternatives unless the prescribing physician determines a brand name drug is medically necessary. It also requires the Labor Commissioner to establish a pharmacy closed formulary and an appeals process. The Department reports this bill may have a fiscal impact on state, county, and local expenditures but that impact is indeterminable. The Department indicates state expenditures will increase by \$38,388 in FY 2014, \$73,885 in FY 2015, \$77,828 in FY 2016, \$82,010 in FY 2017 because this bill would necessitate a new position to implement this bill and associated rules. The table below breaks down the expenditures related to this new position.

	<u>FY 2014</u>	<u>FY 2015</u>	<u>FY 2016</u>	<u>FY 2017</u>
Pharmaceutical Services Specialist				
Salary (Labor Grade 25, with				
annual steps)	(\$22,376)	(\$45,737)	(\$47,746)	(\$49,842)
Benefits	(\$12,512)	(\$26,648)	(\$28,582)	(\$30,668)
Current Expenses	<u>(\$3,500)</u>	<u>(\$1,500)</u>	<u>(\$1,500)</u>	<u>(\$1,500)</u>
TOTAL POSITION COSTS	<u>(\$38,388)</u>	<u>(\$73,885)</u>	<u>(\$77,828)</u>	<u>(\$82,010)</u>

This bill does not contain an appropriation or authorization for any new positions.

SB 147-FN - AS AMENDED BY THE SENATE

03/14/13 0758s

2013 SESSION

13-0961
01/05

SENATE BILL

147-FN

AN ACT

relative to prescription drugs in workers' compensation cases.

SPONSORS:

Sen. D'Allesandro, Dist 20

COMMITTEE:

Commerce

AMENDED ANALYSIS

This bill requires pharmacies to substitute generic drugs unless the prescribing physician indicates that the brand name drug is medically necessary, provided that in cases where the legend drug is less expensive, the legend drug shall be used.

.....

Explanation:

Matter added to current law appears in ***bold italics***.

Matter removed from current law appears [~~in brackets and struck through.~~]

Matter which is either (a) all new or (b) repealed and reenacted appears in regular type.

STATE OF NEW HAMPSHIRE

In the Year of Our Lord Two Thousand Thirteen

AN ACT relative to prescription drugs in workers' compensation cases.

Be it Enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Court convened:

1 1 New Paragraph; Workers' Compensation; Medical, Hospital, and Remedial Care. Amend
2 RSA 281-A:23 by inserting after paragraph VI the following new paragraph:

3 VII. Pharmacies, including mail-order pharmacies, shall substitute generically equivalent
4 drug products for all legend and non-legend prescriptions unless the prescribing practitioner
5 handwrites "medically necessary" on each paper prescription, uses electronic indications when
6 transmitted electronically, or gives instructions when transmitted orally that the brand name drug
7 product is medically necessary; provided that in cases where the legend drug is less expensive, the
8 legend drug shall be used. Prescription refills shall not require the reissuance of the "medically
9 necessary" indication.

10 2 Effective Date. This act shall take effect January 1, 2014.

SB 147 FISCAL NOTE

AN ACT relative to prescription drugs in workers' compensation cases.

FISCAL IMPACT:

The Department of Labor states this bill, as amended by the Senate (Amendment 2013-0758s), may decrease state, county, and local expenditures by an indeterminable amount in FY 2014 and each fiscal year thereafter. There will be no fiscal impact on state, county, and local revenues.

METHODOLOGY:

The Department of Labor states this bill will require pharmacies to substitute generically equivalent drugs for all legend and non-legend prescriptions, issued to treat injuries covered under worker's compensation claims, unless specified as medically necessary by the prescribing physician. The Department states to the extent the proposed legislation reduces the costs of worker's compensation payouts for medical benefits, self-insured entities including the state as well as some counties and cities would benefit. The Department is unable to estimate to what extent state, county, and local expenditures will decrease in FY 2014 and each fiscal year thereafter as a result of the proposed legislation.

CHAPTER 131
SB 147-FN - FINAL VERSION

03/14/13 0758s
05/23/13 1771EBA

2013 SESSION

13-0961
01/05

SENATE BILL ***147-FN***

AN ACT relative to prescription drugs in workers' compensation cases.

SPONSORS: Sen. D'Allesandro, Dist 20

COMMITTEE: Commerce

AMENDED ANALYSIS

This bill requires pharmacies to substitute generic drugs unless the prescribing physician indicates that the brand name drug is medically necessary, provided that in cases where the legend drug is less expensive, the legend drug shall be used.

Explanation: Matter added to current law appears in ***bold italics***.
 Matter removed from current law appears [~~in brackets and struck through.~~]
 Matter which is either (a) all new or (b) repealed and reenacted appears in regular type.

CHAPTER 131
SB 147-FN – FINAL VERSION

03/14/13 0758s
05/23/13 1771EBA

13-0961
01/05

STATE OF NEW HAMPSHIRE

In the Year of Our Lord Two Thousand Thirteen

AN ACT relative to prescription drugs in workers' compensation cases.

Be it Enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Court convened:

1 131:1 New Paragraph; Workers' Compensation; Medical, Hospital, and Remedial Care. Amend
2 RSA 281-A:23 by inserting after paragraph VI the following new paragraph:

3 VII. Pharmacies, including mail-order pharmacies, shall substitute generically equivalent
4 drug products for all legend and non-legend prescriptions unless the prescribing practitioner
5 handwrites "medically necessary" on each paper prescription, uses electronic indications when
6 transmitted electronically, or gives instructions when transmitted orally that the brand name drug
7 product is medically necessary; provided that in cases where the legend drug is less expensive, the
8 legend drug shall be used. Prescription refills shall not require the reissuance of the "medically
9 necessary" indication.

10 131:2 Contingent Renumbering. If SB 95 of the 2013 regular legislative session becomes law,
11 RSA 281-A:23, VII as inserted by section 1 of this act shall be renumbered as RSA 281-A:23, VIII.

12 131:3 Effective Date. This act shall take effect January 1, 2014.

13

14 Approved: June 25, 2013

15 Effective Date: January 1, 2014

Amendments



Sen. Pierce, Dist. 5
February 22, 2013
2013-0534s
01/09

Amendment to SB 147-FN

1 Amend the bill by replacing all after the enacting clause with the following:

2

3 1 New Paragraph; Workers' Compensation; Medical, Hospital, and Remedial Care. Amend
4 RSA 281-A:23 by inserting after paragraph VI the following new paragraph:

5 VII. Pharmacies, including mail-order pharmacies, shall substitute generically equivalent
6 drug products for all legend and non-legend prescriptions unless the prescribing practitioner
7 handwrites "medically necessary" on each paper prescription, uses electronic indications when
8 transmitted electronically, or gives instructions when transmitted orally that the brand name drug
9 product is medically necessary; provided that in cases where the legend drug is less expensive, the
10 legend drug shall be used. Prescription refills shall not require the reissuance of the "medically
11 necessary" indication.

12 2 Effective Date. This act shall take effect January 1, 2014.

Amendment to SB 147-FN
- Page 2 -



2013-0534s

AMENDED ANALYSIS

This bill requires pharmacies to substitute generic drugs unless the prescribing physician indicates that the brand name drug is medically necessary, provided that in cases where the legend drug is less expensive, the legend drug shall be used.

Committee Minutes

**SENATE CALENDAR NOTICE
COMMERCE**

Senator Andy Sanborn Chairman
 Senator Jeb Bradley V Chairman
 Senator Sam Cataldo
 Senator Andrew Hosmer
 Senator David Pierce

For Use by Senate Clerk's Office ONLY	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Bill Status
<input type="checkbox"/>	Docket
<input type="checkbox"/>	Calendar
Proof: <input type="checkbox"/>	Calendar <input type="checkbox"/> Bill Status

Date: January 30, 2013

HEARINGS

Tuesday

2/12/2013

COMMERCE

LOB 101

1:00 PM

(Name of Committee)

(Place)

(Time)

EXECUTIVE SESSION MAY FOLLOW

1:00 PM	SB114	regulating guaranteed price plans and prepaid contracts for heating oil, kerosene, or liquefied petroleum gas.
1:20 PM	SB143-FN	relative to benefits for unemployed persons who are attempting to establish a business.
1:40 PM	SB147-FN	relative to prescription drugs in workers' compensation cases.
2:00 PM	SB95	relative to choice of pharmacy under workers' compensation.
2:20 PM	SB117-FN	relative to pharmacy benefits managers.

Sponsors:

SB114

Sen. Molly Kelly
 Rep. Donna Schlachman

Sen. Martha Fuller Clark

Sen. David Boutin

Sen. Lou D'Allesandro

SB143-FN

Sen. Sylvia Larsen
 Sen. Andrew Hosmer
 Sen. Martha Fuller Clark
 Rep. Edward Butler

Sen. Jeff Woodburn
 Sen. Molly Kelly
 Sen. Lou D'Allesandro
 Rep. Jeffrey Goley

Sen. David Watters
 Sen. Peggy Gilmour
 Sen. Bob Odell
 Sen. David Boutin

Sen. David Pierce
 Sen. Bette Lasky
 Sen. Donna Soucy

SB147-FN

Sen. Lou D'Allesandro

SB95

Sen. Sharon Carson

Rep. Jeffrey Goley

Rep. Robert Theberge

Rep. Daniel Eaton

SB117-FN

Sen. Donna Soucy

Patrick Murphy 271-8631

Sen. Andy Sanborn

Chairman

SENATE COMMERCE COMMITTEE

Patrick Murphy, Legislative Aide

SB 147-FN relative to prescription drugs in workers' compensation cases.

Hearing Date: February 12, 2013

Time Opened: 2:22 P.M.

Time Closed: 2:44 P.M.

Members of the Committee Present: Senator Sanborn, Senator Bradley, Senator Cataldo, Senator Hosmer, Senator Pierce

Members of the Committee Absent: None

Bill Analysis: This bill requires pharmacies to substitute generic drugs or appropriate over-the-counter alternatives to prescription drugs unless the prescribing physician indicates that the brand name drug is medically necessary. The bill also requires the commissioner of the department of labor to establish a pharmacy closed formulary and an appeals process for drugs not included in the formulary.

Sponsors: Sen. D'Allesandro, Dist 20

Who supports the bill: Senator D'Allesandro, Dist 20; Rick Newman, NHIPA; Chris Nicolopoulos, CNA Insurance; Ryan Hale, NH Auto Dealers Association; George Roussos, NH Association of Domestic Insurance Companies

Who opposes the bill: Tom Prasol and Clement Cypra, PhRMA

Neutral: Martin Jenkins, NH Department of Labor; Deb Stone, NH Insurance Department

Summary of testimony presented in support:

Senator D'Allesandro, Dist 20

- This bill requires pharmacies to substitute generic drugs or appropriate over-the-counter alternatives to prescription drugs unless the prescribing physician indicates that the brand name drug is medically necessary. The bill also requires the commissioner of the department of labor to establish a pharmacy closed formulary and an appeals process for drugs not included in the formulary.

Chris Nicolopoulos, CNA Insurance

- The section of the bill addressing generic medications is different than the section dealing with the formulary.
- This would allow the Department of Labor to approve what drugs are covered under workers compensation.
- The fiscal note is a small cost now to save a lot of money later.

George Roussos, NH Association of Domestic Insurance Companies

- Supports SB 147-FN as an effort to reduce workers compensation costs.

Summary of testimony presented in opposition:

Clement Cypra, PhRMA

- Opposed to SB 147-FN because it allows pharmacists to substitute a nonequivalent over-the-counter product, going beyond the FDA's definition of therapeutic equivalence that allows for generic substitution. This bill also jeopardizes the health of patients by not requiring a physician's consent before a change to a non-prescribed medicine.
- Allowing pharmacists to disregard a physician's instructions and recommending an over-the-counter therapeutic interchange infringes upon the physician-patient relationship. Appropriate prescription-drug therapy enhances the quality and cost-effectiveness of medical treatment.
- The Texas results look attractive because they also put in access restrictions and it still hasn't solved their problems.

Neutral testimony:

Martin Jenkins, NH Department of Labor

- Due to the formulary, the Department will need to contract with someone for the additional work. The funding to pay for that additional work however would not be state funds. Funding would be through the workers compensation participants. It will take some time for the Department to accomplish this due to the fact that it would be a new role for the Department.
- Other, larger states have done this and it's worked well. This would be under the Department of Labor because it's dealing with workers compensation which is regulated by the Department of Labor.

Deb Stone, NH Insurance Department

- Formularies are available in ways other than going through the Department of Labor. Supports the generic prescription drug portion of the bill. State agencies may not be the best way to develop a formulary.

Fiscal Note:

FISCAL IMPACT:

The Department of Labor states this bill, as introduced, will have an indeterminable fiscal impact on state, county, and local expenditures. There will be no fiscal impact on state, county, or local revenue.

METHODOLOGY:

The Department of Labor states this bill will require pharmacies to substitute generic drugs or appropriate over-the-counter alternatives unless the prescribing physician determines a brand name drug is medically necessary. It also requires the Labor Commissioner to establish a pharmacy closed formulary and an appeals process. The Department reports this bill may have a fiscal impact on state, county, and local expenditures but that impact is indeterminable. The Department indicates state expenditures will increase by \$38,388 in FY 2014, \$73,885 in FY 2015, \$77,828 in FY 2016, \$82,010 in FY 2017 because this bill would necessitate a new position to implement this bill and associated rules. The table below breaks down the expenditures related to this new position.

FY 2014 FY 2015 FY 2016 FY 2017

Pharmaceutical Services Specialist

Salary (Labor Grade 25, with annual steps) (\$22,376) (\$45,737) (\$47,746) (\$49,842)

Benefits (\$12,512) (\$26,648) (\$28,582) (\$30,668)

Current Expenses (\$3,500) (\$1,500) (\$1,500) (\$1,500)

TOTAL POSITION COSTS (\$38,388) (\$73,885) (\$77,828) (\$82,010)

This bill does not contain an appropriation or authorization for any new positions.

Future Action: Pending.

Speakers

Testimony

Statement



In Opposition to New Hampshire SB 147-FN

February 8, 2013

Position: PhRMA respectfully opposes New Hampshire SB 147-FN as written because it allows pharmacists to substitute a nonequivalent over-the-counter product—going beyond the Food and Drug Administration’s definition of therapeutic equivalence that allows for generic substitution. SB 147-FN also jeopardizes the health of patients by not requiring a physician’s consent before a change to a non-prescribed medicine for a prescription is made.

SB 147-FN (SB 147-FN) would allow pharmacists in New Hampshire to recommend a different over-the-counter product in place of a medicine a physician may prescribe to a patient receiving workers’ compensation. PhRMA opposes SB 147-FN because it allows for a method of therapeutic interchange—the changing of chemical entities or dosing regimens of similar therapeutic classification and mechanism of action with the same anticipated action—that reaches beyond the Food and Drug Administration’s (FDA’s) requirements. Therapeutic interchange, as defined by this bill, is not consistent with the FDA’s definition of therapeutic equivalence (21 CFR 320.1 (c))—drug products in identical dosage forms that contain identical amounts of the identical active drug ingredient.

SB 147-FN does not require pharmacists to notify the health care provider issuing the prescription before therapeutically interchanging a patient’s prescription medicine for an over-the-counter product. Pharmacists’ therapeutic discretion can lead to unintended patient health outcomes, which could result in additional health care expenditures such as added physician visits or hospitalizations. Specifically, Medicaid patients often suffer from multiple chronic conditions; therefore, a disruption in the intended drug therapy caused by a pharmacist could dramatically upset the stability of their treatment plan.

Allowing pharmacists to disregard a physician’s instructions and recommending an over-the-counter therapeutic interchange infringes upon the physician-patient relationship. Appropriate prescription-drug therapy enhances the quality and cost-effectiveness of medical treatment. The decision as to what constitutes appropriate therapy requires not only a thorough understanding of pharmacology, but also detailed knowledge of an individual’s unique condition and medical history. The difference in active and inactive ingredients in a chemically dissimilar product can affect the action of other drugs and disease states, thus undermining the patient’s entire therapeutic regime. Accordingly, a treating physician, not a pharmacist who is unaware of the patient’s current medical condition, should make the important medical decision of which drug the patient should ultimately take. Furthermore, patients who do not get the right medicine may not only suffer medically, but may also require more costly treatment in the short and long term. For elderly or other patients who take several medicines at the same time, therapeutic interchange can have particularly adverse consequences.

For these reasons, PhRMA encourages New Hampshire legislators to oppose SB 147-FN.

Commerce

March 6, 2013

2013-0758s

01/05

Amendment to SB 147-FN

Amend the bill by replacing all after the enacting clause with the following:

1 New Paragraph; Workers' Compensation; Medical, Hospital, and Remedial Care. Amend RSA 281-A:23 by inserting after paragraph VI the following new paragraph:

VII. Pharmacies, including mail-order pharmacies, shall substitute generically equivalent drug products for all legend and non-legend prescriptions unless the prescribing practitioner handwrites "medically necessary" on each paper prescription, uses electronic indications when transmitted electronically, or gives instructions when transmitted orally that the brand name drug product is medically necessary; provided that in cases where the legend drug is less expensive, the legend drug shall be used. Prescription refills shall not require the reissuance of the "medically necessary" indication.

2 Effective Date. This act shall take effect January 1, 2014.

2013-0758s

AMENDED ANALYSIS

This bill requires pharmacies to substitute generic drugs unless the prescribing physician indicates that the brand name drug is medically necessary, provided that in cases where the legend drug is less expensive, the legend drug shall be use

Committee Report

STATE OF NEW HAMPSHIRE
SENATE
REPORT OF THE COMMITTEE
FOR THE CONSENT CALENDAR

Date: March 6, 2013

THE COMMITTEE ON Commerce

to which was referred Senate Bill 147-FN

AN ACT relative to prescription drugs in workers' compensation cases.

Having considered the same, the committee recommends that the Bill:

OUGHT TO PASS WITH AMENDMENT

BY A VOTE OF: 5-0

AMENDMENT # 0758s

CONSENT CALENDAR VOTE: 5-0

Senator Sam Cataldo for the Committee

This bill, as amended by the Committee, requires pharmacies to substitute generic drugs when possible unless the prescribing physician indicates that the brand name drug is medically necessary, provided that in cases where the legend drug is less expensive, the legend drug shall be used.

Patrick Murphy 271-8631

Docket of SB147

Bill Title: relative to prescription drugs in workers' compensation cases.

Official Docket of SB147:

Date	Body	Description
1/3/2013	S	<u>Introduced</u> and Referred to Commerce; <u>SJ 4</u>
1/30/2013	S	Hearing: 2/12/13, Room 101, LOB, 1:40 p.m.; <u>SC7</u>
3/7/2013	S	Committee Report: Ought to Pass with Amendment <u>#2013-0758s</u> , 3/14/13; Vote 5-0; CC; <u>SC11</u>
3/14/2013	S	Committee Amendment 0758s, AA, VV;
3/14/2013	S	<u>Ought to Pass with Amendment</u> 0758s, MA, VV; Refer to Finance Rule 4-5;
3/21/2013	S	Committee Report: Ought to Pass, 3/28/13; <u>SC13</u>
3/28/2013	S	<u>Ought to Pass:</u> MA, VV; OT3rdg;
4/3/2013	H	Introduced and Referred to Labor, Industrial and Rehabilitative Services; <u>HJ35</u> , PG.1191
4/9/2013	H	Public Hearing: 4/23/2013 1:00 PM LOB 307
4/12/2013	H	Executive Session: 4/24/2013 1:00 PM LOB 303 ==Or After the End of House Session==
5/1/2013	H	Committee Report: Ought to Pass for May 8 (Vote 18-0; CC); <u>HC36</u> , PG.1197
5/8/2013	H	<u>Ought to Pass:</u> MA VV
5/8/2013	H	Enrolled Bill Amendment #1771e Adopted; <u>HJ41</u> , PG.1425
5/23/2013	S	Enrolled Bill Amendment <u>#2013-1771e</u> Adopted
5/29/2013	H	Enrolled; <u>HJ45</u> , PG.1527
5/30/2013	S	Enrolled
6/27/2013	S	Signed by the Governor on 06/25/2013; Chapter 0131; Effective 01/01/2014

Other Referrals

ENROLLED BILL AMENDMENT TO

- Page -

May 16, 2013

2013-1771-EBA

06/09

Enrolled Bill Amendment to SB 147-FN

The Committee on Enrolled Bills to which was referred SB 147-FN

AN ACT relative to prescription drugs in workers' compensation cases.

Having considered the same, report the same with the following amendment, and the recommendation that the bill as amended ought to pass.

FOR THE COMMITTEE

Explanation to Enrolled Bill Amendment to SB 147-FN

This enrolled bill amendment inserts a contingency provision to resolve a numbering conflict with SB 95.

Enrolled Bill Amendment to SB 147-FN

Amend the bill by inserting after section 1 the following and renumbering the original section 2 to read as 3:

2 Contingent Renumbering. If SB 95 of the 2013 regular legislative session becomes law, RSA 281-A:23, VII as inserted by section 1 of this act shall be renumbered as RSA 281-A:23, VIII.

COMMITTEE REPORT FILE INVENTORY

SB 147-FN ORIGINAL REFERRAL _____ RE-REFERRAL

1. THIS INVENTORY IS TO BE SIGNED AND DATED BY THE COMMITTEE AIDE AND PLACED INSIDE THE FOLDER AS THE FIRST ITEM IN THE COMMITTEE FILE.
2. PLACE ALL DOCUMENTS IN THE FOLDER FOLLOWING THE INVENTORY IN THE ORDER LISTED.
3. THE DOCUMENTS WHICH HAVE AN "X" BESIDE THEM ARE CONFIRMED AS BEING IN THE FOLDER.
4. THE COMPLETED FILE IS THEN DELIVERED TO THE CALENDAR CLERK.

- DOCKET (Submit only the latest docket found in Bill Status)
- COMMITTEE REPORT
- CALENDAR NOTICE
- HEARING REPORT
- HANDOUTS FROM THE PUBLIC HEARING
- PREPARED TESTIMONY AND OTHER SUBMISSIONS
- SIGN-UP SHEET(S)

ALL AMENDMENTS (passed or not) CONSIDERED BY COMMITTEE:

- AMENDMENT # 0534s _____ - AMENDMENT # _____
- AMENDMENT # 0758s _____ - AMENDMENT # _____

ALL AVAILABLE VERSIONS OF THE BILL:

- AS INTRODUCED _____ AS AMENDED BY THE HOUSE
- FINAL VERSION AS AMENDED BY THE SENATE

- OTHER (Anything else deemed important but not listed above, such as amended fiscal notes): Enrolled Bill Amendment 1771-ERA

DATE DELIVERED TO SENATE CLERK 7-17-13

PM
By COMMITTEE AIDE